

Democratic Sentinel

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19 1894

Entered at the post office at Rensselaer, Ind., as second-class matter.

MONON ROUTE.

RENSSELAER TIME TABLE

SOUTH BOUND.	
No. 5—Mail and Ex., Daily.	11:10 A. M.
No. 39—Milk & Accom.,	6:21 P. M.
No. 3—Night Express,	11:23 P. M.
No. 45—Way Freight,	2:47 P. M.
NORTH BOUND.	
No. 46—Milk Accom., Daily.	7:37 A. M.
No. 6—Mail and Ex.,	3:25 P. M.
No. 16—Way Freight,	9:20 A. M.

MONON ROUTE

ALWAYS GIVES ITS PATRONS the full worth of their money by giving them the most reliable and quickest service between Chicago, Lafayette, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, ELEGANT PARLOR CARS, ALL TRAINS RUN THROUGH SOLID Tickets Sold and Baggage Checked to Destination.

Democratic Ticket.

STATE TICKET.
Judge of Supreme Court, First District, GEORGE L. REINHARD.
Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth District, JOSEPH S. DAILY.
Secretary of State, WILLIAM R. MYERS.
Auditor of State, JOSEPH T. FANNING.
Treasurer of State, MORGAN CHANDLER.
Attorney General, FRANCIS M. GRIFFITH.
Clerk of the Supreme Court, C. W. WELMAN.
Superintendent of Public Instruction, CHARLES W. THOMAS.
State Statistician, ALEXANDER FULTON.
State Geologist, E. T. J. JORDAN.

DISTRICT TICKET.
For Congress, VALENTINE ZIMMERMAN, of Fulton County.
For State Senator, PERRY WASHBURN, of Benton County.
For Prosecuting Attorney, FRANK A. COMBUST, of New County.
For Joint Representative, DAVID B. NOWLES, of Jasper County.

County Ticket.
For County Clerk, JOHN A. MCFARLAND, of Jordan Township.
For County Auditor, THOMAS H. ROBINSON, of Gillam Township.
For County Treasurer, JOHN L. NICHOLS, of Barkley Township.
For County Sheriff, ELLIS JONES, of Carpenter Township.
For County Surveyor, WALTER HARRINGTON, of Union Township.
For County Coroner, MARTIN Y. SLAUGHTER, of Marion Township.
For Commissioner, 1st District, JOEL F. SPRIGGS, of Walker Township.
For Commissioner, 2nd District, JOSEPH A. ROBINSON, of Marion Township.
For Commissioner, 3rd District, GEORGE G. THOMPSON, of Carpenter Township.

MARION TOWNSHIP TICKET.
For Township Trustee, WILLIAM M. HOOVER.
For Township Assessor, WILLIAM R. NOWLES.
For Justice of the Peace, JOHN EGER.
For Constable, ED. PHEGLEY.

Notice of Change of Voting Place.

An affidavit of Trustee of Kankakee Township having been presented to the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, showing that the room in which elections in said Township have been heretofore held is not procurable for such use, "It is therefore ordered by the Board that elections in said Township of Kankakee be hereafter held in the South Room of the School Building in the Town of Unionville, in said Township, and that proper notice thereof be published and posted."

By Order of said Board, HENRY B. MURRAY, Auditor Jasper Co., Ind.

Smiley N. Chambers returned to Indianapolis mad as a March hare. He told Gowdy and the committee that they had started out wrong—that times were rapidly brightening up, the people were far more intelligent than they had supposed, and laughed to scorn their calamity howl.

Read synopsis of Mr. Voorhees' great speech on another page.

BUSINESS MEN TALK.

EFFECTS OF THE NEW TARIFF LAW ON PRICES.

The General Tendency Is Toward Lower Prices or a Better Quality of Goods For Prices Formerly Paid For Inferior Goods.

[Peru (Ind.) Sentinel.] Four years ago The Sentinel laid before its readers statements of a number of our leading merchants as to the effect of the McKinley law upon the prices of merchandise and upon trade generally. That law having been repealed, and a new tariff law enacted by the last congress to take its place, we have thought proper to interview the same merchants as to the effect of the new law on prices and upon trade in their various lines. We herewith publish the statements of 1890 and 1894, in parallel columns, and submit them to our readers without comment, leaving them to make their own deductions from the statements of the persons interviewed, all of whom are well known as leading business men of our city:

1890 John S. Lenhart, of the firm of Lenhart & Sons, said: "I have been in business with which I do business have sent out notification that owing to the passage of the McKinley bill many goods in our line have been advanced from 10 to 25 per cent. All kinds of upholstered goods are demanded at 25 per cent. increased price on account of the increased price of the material used in upholstering. Upholstered goods have also been placed up a notch. I have noticed that the number of building manufacturers has increased, but it will have a tendency to make furniture and other goods cheaper. There is general satisfaction all over the country over the business men with the effects produced on trade."

1894 J. W. Ellis, of the firm of Ellis, Sells & Co., said: "There has been an advance in all kinds of material going into the manufacture of carriages and harnesses. Manufacturers in this country have advanced their prices. The cloth and finishing have all been advanced. Axes and steel tires are higher than the same material was a year ago. An increased price for material means an increased price for the finished product, which means fewer sales. Fewer sales means the employment of fewer hands. I regard it as a most unjust measure. It affects all classes and the consumer has to pay it all in the long run. When will the people have the sense and moral courage to rectify the wrongs that are being heaped upon them?"

1890 Beck & Kelly, when approached on the question, said: "There has been an advance in many things handled by us and nearly all kinds of hardware have already advanced since the passage of the bill. Tin was advanced from \$10.50 per box to \$12.50 per box, and solder from 15 cents to 18 cents per pound. The course the man who now has a tin roof put on his house or barn will have to pay for the tin will be a very un-just measure, and it will fall heavily upon the consumer."

1894 Ed T. Gray, when approached on the question, said: "I have been investigating the subject very much, but from notices received from wholesale houses I have been informed that leather has been increased from 10 to 15 per cent. I am certain that all kinds of cloth will be higher, especially in plush goods. Horse blankets will be higher, but as I bought all my goods in that line before the bill took effect, prices will not be materially changed for the present at least."

1890 Julius Falk, said: "My goods in my line that are bought from this time on will be very much dearer, especially in plush goods. I have been keeping an eye on the market of late, and I find that prices for goods which I now have on my shelves and over \$50 worth of goods for next summer. I have now lying in Chicago more

worsted goods than any retailer in Chicago have, which I bought before the bill was passed. It will be hard on the fellows who buy now."

1894 Felix Levy of the French Bazaar said: "I have received many circulars from wholesale houses in which they refuse to fill orders at the old prices. Plushes have advanced from 30 to 35 per cent, and those that cost \$5 per yard before the enactment of the law are now selling at from \$6.50 to \$8.75 per yard. The goods affected most are of a cheaper nature, those selling from 15 to 50 cents per yard. I think prices of the cheaper grades of goods will fall 25 per cent and of the finer grades about 15 per cent. The general tendency of prices on all goods in this city is toward a reduction. There is no question about it. The passage of the bill is a hard blow to the merchants, as it will be a difficult matter for them to make their customers believe that the advance made necessary by the new law will work great hardship."

1890 Hugh McCaffrey, when asked what goods handled by him would be affected most, said: "I have not had time to investigate all the phases of the bill, but from what I have learned from word sent out from the large wholesale houses, I can say, however, that goods received from home manufacturers, glassware, cutlery and tinware will be reduced in price. I have reference to our advertisement in this issue of The Sentinel, your readers can see for themselves what we are doing in the way of cutting prices. There is no question about our statements in our advertisement. They are the prices we are offering our customers. There are many phases of the grocery business which would require much space to speak of in detail. A list of the prices at which we are offering goods tells the story."

1894 George C. Miller, of the firm of Shirk & Miller, said: "Business is considerably better than it was last year, but the general tendency of the new tariff bill is to increase the prices of many lines of goods. Especially is this true in worsted goods, tin, cutlery, glassware and boots and shoes. I do not think that the bill is brought to bear so heavily on cheaper goods as it is on other classes. The tariff on the raw material of many goods has been greatly enhanced. I am in favor of free raw material for the manufacturer. Most of our merchants made their purchases before the bill went into effect, and its effects will not be felt until the merchants go to restock."

1890 John H. Beck, hardware stores and tinware: "Prices of foreign cutlery will be much lower than under the McKinley law by reason of the reduction of import duties on the same. Tin and many other hardware will also be lower for the same reason. Builders' hardware will probably remain about the same as at present. Nails will be cheaper. Paints will tend downward, as will nearly all goods in my line. Builders will notice quite a difference in the cost of tin roofing from the rates that we have been compelled to charge for the past three or four years. They will be doubly benefited by the new law, as they will be able to buy a much better quality of roofing tin for less money than they have heretofore had to pay for poor tin."

1894 Ed T. Gray, dealer in vehicles, harness, robes, horse furnishings, etc.: "The new tariff law tends to make all goods in my line cheaper. I bought a bill of goods last week 33 1/2 per cent less than was compelled to pay for the same class of goods under the McKinley law. In fact, the bill I laid in last week is a better grade of goods than we were offered under the old system of high tariff. My customers will be benefited by the new law, as they will be able to buy a much better quality of goods for less money than they have heretofore had to pay for poor tin."

1890 Julius Falk, the clothier and gent's furnisher: "My business for the month of August and September of this year has been much heavier than during the same period of last year, but not up to the mark of 1892. I am selling woollen suits, overcoats, hats, caps and underwear lower than ever before, and the demand seems to be for the better grades of goods. The 100 seasons why custom-ers are buying the higher grades of goods this year is because

they can get the best in the market for about the same prices as they were paying for inferior goods heretofore. There is no question about the removal of the duties from raw wool will have the effect of lowering prices and of improving the quality of woollen fabrics at the same time. There is a marked tendency toward a reduction in the style, quality and finish of all kinds of clothing. The sharp competition among manufacturers has naturally brought this about. Footwear and rubber goods have changed but little in price, but the same rule of better values for the same money applies to them as well as to all others in which I deal."

complete control of the government, and especially if Congressman Cooper had not secured its repeal by his persistent efforts. The repeal of this law will save on an average \$20,000 in legitimate taxes annually.—Columbus Herald.

The attempt of Mr. Phares personal organ, the Era, to belittle his opponent for the senate, Perry Washburn, is certainly very small business. Mr. Washburn is too well known in Benton, Newton and Jasper counties to be injuriously affected by such political work. He is known as a plain representative man of the people. His honesty and capability are well known and acknowledged and there is little doubt that if elected he would know fully as well how to vote on all important questions as would his opponent, who seeks to make light of his candidacy. The fact is Mr. Washburn's popularity with the people is giving Mr. Phares more earnest now than anything else and he seeks to counteract the effect which this popularity may have with the voters of the district by an attempt to point out some imaginary points of weakness.—Benton Review.

If 'he Miss Nancy' republican senatorial candidate is engaged in such work it simply goes to show that he does not believe his name—P-h-a-r-e-s Fairness.

To make the hair grow a natural color, prevent baldness, and keep the scalp healthy, Hall's Hair Renewer was invented, and has proved itself successful.

Pills and squills furnishes the following information to the readers of the Republican:

"The Louisiana ex-Democrats want Gov. McKinley to visit their state and make some speeches. Quite a change in that state."

Yes, we believe about 578 Louisianians have kicked and flopped on account of the repeal of the sugar bounty law.

Pills and squills says: "The Populists have * * * John Nichols, who wants office." We have yet to learn that John ever found it necessary to leave his native heath in order to secure the coveted prize.

Confusion as to the choice of a blood-purifier is unnecessary. There is but one best Sarsaparilla, and that is Ayer's. This important fact was recognized at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, being the only blood-purifier admitted to be placed on exhibition.

The best speech delivered this campaign so far, in this locality, was that of ex-congressman B. F. Shively. Everybody should have heard it.

It is said that Pullman has contributed \$250,000 to the republican campaign fund, and of course other monopolies proportionally. The calamity howlers now perambulating the country are well paid for their howlings. Can the people be deluded into the selection of congressmen and legislators who will do the bidding of the Haves-meyers, Carnegies, Pullmans, railway and other corporations?

If you desire to have big trusts and corporations pay their proportionate share of the taxes, you will vote for Democratic members to represent the people in the state Senate and House of Representatives.

If you want shoddy goods at woolen prices you will vote for Hatch.
If you want woolen goods at shoddy prices you will vote for Zimmerman.

WANTED—An agent to sell good and reliable Nursery stock at Rensselaer and vicinity. Address F. A. WOODIN, Foreman, Newton Co., Ind.

TRUSTEE'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I will be at my office at John A. Knowlton's, in Joun-town, on the Fourth Saturday of each month or the transaction of business connected with the duties of Trustee.

MORDECAI F. CHILCOTE, Attorney-at-Law, Rensselaer, Indiana. Practices in the Courts of Jasper and adjoining counties. Makes collections a specialty. Office on north side of Washington street, opposite Court House.

ARION L. SPITLER, Collector and Abstractor. We pay particular attention to paying taxes and leasing lands.

JAMES W. DOUTHITT, Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public. Office in rear of Rensselaer Bank. Rensselaer, Indiana. Practices in all the Courts.

J. H. LOUGHRIDGE & SON, Physicians and Surgeons. Office in the new Lehigh Block, second floor second door right-hand side of hall. Ten per cent interest will be added to all accounts running unsettled longer than three months.

Dk. A. B. WASHBURN, Physician & Surgeon, Rensselaer, Ind. Attention given to the treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and Diseases of Women. Tests eyes for glasses.

JOHN MAKEEVER, President, JAY WILLIAMS, Cashier, FARMERS' BANK, RENSSELAER, INDIANA. Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell Exchange Collections made and promptly remitted.

J. W. HORTON, DENTIST.

All diseases of teeth and gums carefully treated. Filling and Crowns a specialty. Over Lukens' Grocery. Rensselaer, Ind.

MAMMOTH FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS.

JAY W. WILLIAMS, DEALER IN FURNITURE, WILLIAMS-STOCKTON BLOCK, THIRD DOOR WEST OF MAKEEVER HOUSE, RENSSELAER, IND.

Rensselaer Marble House. The Best Shoes for the Least Money. W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

MACKEY & BARCUS, Dealers in American and Italian Marble, MONUMENTS, TABLETS, HEADSTONE, SLABS, SLATE AND MARBLE MANTELS, URNS AND VASE. Front Street, Rensselaer, Indiana.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. \$2.50, \$2 for Workingmen. \$2 and \$1.75 for Boys. LADIES AND MISSES, \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75. LUTION.—If any dealer offers you W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without the name stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas's name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advised above. Catalogue free upon application. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

ELLIS & MURRAY.

ARE YOU A HUNTER? Send Postal Card for illustrated Catalogue of

Winchester Rifles. Repeating Shot Guns. Ammunition. WINCHESTER MODEL 1873. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

ALL FOR 55 CENTS. The Monon Route has added to its already splendid equipment, two brand new dining cars, which are now in daily service on the fast day trains between Chicago and Louisville. These cars are models of convenience, comfort and beauty, and are operated on the same route, which means that a passenger can get any thing he wants and pay only for what he gets. An elegant with bread, butter, coffee or tea. Watch for the Monon's only 55 cents.

right, UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER. RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

CLIMAX BAKING POWDER. PUREST AND BEST. LESS THAN HALF THE PRICE OF OTHER BRANDS. 4 POUNDS, 20¢. 4 HALVES, 10¢. 4 QUARTERS, 5¢. SOLD IN CANS ONLY.

THE CLIMAX W. ASHER. THE BEST SELLER EVER HANDLED BY A DEALER. Will wash anything from a cambric handkerchief to a rug or carpet. Bottom removable. Write for particulars. THE STEARNS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Cantonville, Ind. (Mention this paper)

MARLIN SAFETY REPEATING RIFLES. Made in all styles and sizes. Lightest, strongest, easiest working, safest, simplest, most accurate, most compact, and most modern. For sale by all dealers in arms. Catalogue mailed free by The Marlin Fire Arms Co., NEW HAVEN, CONN., U.S.A.

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE. WARRANTED 5 YEARS.

Has a Large High Arm. Has a Self-setting Needle. Has a Self-threading Shuttle. Has No Equal in Construction. Has a Mechanical Appearance. Has a Perfect Adjustment. Has a Positive Take-up. Has a Stylish Finish. Has a More Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World. Examine the ROYAL for points of excellence; and you will buy no other. ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME. The Best is the Cheapest. Send 10 cents to Union Sq., N. Y., for our prize game. Buy a New Home Sewing Machine. The New Home Sewing Machine Co., ORANGE, N.H. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. FOR SALE BY J. W. WILLIAMS, Agt.