

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. McEWEN, PUBLISHER.

SHOW FOR JUSTICE.

CHETLAIN LOSES CONTROL OF PRENDERGAST.

Exaggerated Reports of Pennsylvania Floods—To Look into Armor Plate Frauds—Frenzied Action of Georgia Lynching Mob—Disastrous Explosions.

Away from Chetlain. Some judge other than Judge Chetlain, of Chicago, will preside at Prendergast's insanity trial. The lawyers for the State have made every move that legal ingenuity could suggest in the direction of getting the case transferred from Judge Chetlain's court to some other court. Every stratagem failed but one; that one was to apply for a continuance extending beyond the date which would mark the termination of Judge Chetlain's term in the Criminal Court. The State desired, if a continuance was to be granted at all, that it should be until June 18. There was stubbornness on both sides. An agreement was finally reached and June 11 was entered on the record. In signing that date Judge Chetlain signed the death sentence of his connection with the case. A subsequent show, Judge Chetlain was not fully conscious of this at the time.

READS OF HIS MURDER.

John Crow Will Free the Man Sentenced for Life for Murder.

John Crow left Muncie, Ind., for Jackson, Mich., the other evening on an important mission. He said: "I am going to free a man who has been in the penitentiary nine years and is innocent. I am supposed to be dead. In the eye of the public I was murdered nine years ago this month near Eliz. Rapids, Mich., and now a man named John Van Nimmans is serving a life sentence in the Michigan State penitentiary. My name is John Crow. Since that time I have not been aware that anything was wrong until a few days ago, when I picked up a Detroit paper and read an article about an attempt being made to secure the pardon of John Van Nimmans, who is in the penitentiary on the charge of murdering me."

DEATH ALONE NOT ENOUGH.

Georgia Lynchers Fire 500 Bullets Into a Hunged Negro.

Near Arlington, Ga., last Friday evening, the 14-year-old daughter of William Smith was assaulted by a negro while returning from school. Mrs. Smith came up on horseback and the negro fired three bullets into his body and fled. Mr. Smith died Sunday morning and the daughter is not expected to live. Sheriff W. L. Wiggins captured the negro Sunday afternoon and placed him under a strong guard in the Miller County jail. At 3 o'clock Monday morning an armed band of seventy-five men stormed the jail and took the negro to an oak tree in the public square. They hanged him to a tree and fired 500 bullets to be known for several days.

FINED FOR CONTEMPT.

Chicago Election Commissioners Assessed \$1,000 Each for Their Contempt.

To pay a fine of \$1,000 and to remain in jail until such fine be paid was the penalty imposed by Judge Chetlain on Election Commissioners P. H. Keegan, A. W. Hutchings, and Henry Schomer for refusing to obey the court's order to submit to inspection by the grand jury the ballots cast at the April election in the twenty-second precinct of the Twenty-ninth Ward, Chicago. The proceedings were dismissed as to Chief Clerk W. A. Taylor, because it had been shown that he had no authority over the ballots. The respondents were not in court and an order of commitment was at once issued and sent to Sheriff Gilbert, instructing him to arrest the contumacious Commissioners and lock them in jail. The action of the Commissioners on the court-room was intentional. They did not appear before the court and voted an unfavorable decision and wanted to be arrested. By this procedure they could at once make application for release on a writ of habeas corpus and thus bring their cases before the Court of Appeals.

ROYAL COMMISSION COMMANDS.

A London dispatch says: The British Royal Commission to the World's Fair at Chicago has just issued its report. It is decidedly favorable to the exhibition. It gives an excellent description of the exhibits and concludes by saying: "It's impossible for the world not to visit the exhibition to understand the enthusiasm which pervaded it and the genuineness of its character. It would be an easy matter to criticize its shortcomings, but it is undeniable that it was a courageous inception, splendid in execution and successful in its results." In all previous exhibitions the exhibits have been almost the sole attraction, and it has sufficed if the buildings furnished suitable shelter. The great feature of the Chicago fair was the unique arrangement of the frame of the picture. Enormous sums were lavished upon the splendid temporary palaces. Concerning the part taken in the fair by Great Britain, the report says that Great Britain had less to gain in the exhibition than any of her rivals, yet if she had not taken a prominent part it would have been extremely disastrous to her trade.

SEVEN WERE INJURED.

Bolter Explodes at New York and Crushes Through a Building.

Seven persons were injured, two seriously, by the explosion of a bolter at 156th street and Eagle avenue, New York. The bolter, which weighed three tons, was buried twenty-five feet into the air and landed in a stable in Ann street, seventy-five feet away. It crashed through the roof and through the floor, landing among thirty horses. The bolter is said to have been defective and to have been reported as such to the bolter inspector a week ago. The bolter was used to run a drill in blasting rocks for the foundation of a mansion to be built by Ebling, the brewer.

TO INVESTIGATE A SCANDAL.

ARMOR-PLATE INQUIRY TO BE LEFT TO THE HOUSE NAVAL COMMITTEE.

The House Committee on Rules reported back a substitute for the Dunphy resolution. The substitute authorizes the House Committee on Naval Affairs to investigate the armor-plate scandal. A great mass of information has been collected by the special committee, and it is expected that this will be called for by Chairman Cummings, and that all the persons connected with the manufacture of the defective plate will be summoned before the committee.

BIMETALLISTS IN CONVENTION.

Delegates Present from South and Central America and Mexico.

The Pan-American Bimetallic Association, composed of representatives from the United States, South and Central America, and Old Mexico, met in Congress in Grand Army Hall at Washington, D. C., under the guidance of Col. A. C. Fisk of Denver, Colo., president of the association. The purpose of the congress was to memorialize Congress to restore silver to its ancient right at a ratio not to exceed sixteen to one.

William to Be a Guest of the Czar.

The Moscow Gazette says that Emperor William will probably be the Czar's guest at the northern armistice maneuvers, which will be held around Smolensk.

Judge Jenkins Condemned.

Judge Jenkins was condemned by the House Judiciary Committee by the adoption of the Boaster report. The result will be the introduction of bills to correct the law so as to prevent a duplication of the Jenkins injunctions and the offering of a resolution condemning his course.

Julia Marlowe to Wed.

Miss Julia Marlowe, the actress, is soon to marry Robert Tabor, her former leading man. A story to this effect was confirmed by Miss Marlowe herself in an interview.

Killed by the Cars.

Judge T. S. Wilson Dead. At Dubuque, Iowa, Judge T. S. Wilson died Wednesday. He was born in Ohio 51 years ago. Wilson was appointed Judge by President Van Buren. He declined the Democratic nomination for United States Senator in 1858.

Killed by a Thug.

Officer James Hartnett was shot and fatally wounded while trying to arrest a negro thug at St. Louis, Mo.

Awful Fate of Seven Men.

Possibly the worst wreck the Chesapeake and Ohio and Southern Railroad had for years occurred in Standing Rock tunnel, ten miles east of Princeton, Ky., Saturday

DOWN TO THE BOTTOM.

Never Before Was the Wheat Trade So Paralyzed.

Never in the memory of the oldest traders on the Chicago Board of Trade has the wheat market been so paralyzed as it is now. The bears have all the grain. Traders dare not buy and the feeling of uncertainty is so strong in the ring at the wheat pit as to make the body of them feverish and wild. There seems no hope of reaction—no prospects for a permanent bracing of the market, and there is not an expert on the floor, bull or bear, that has the hardihood or the courage to predict. The market is as it would be in the head with the grain in the tunnel. Conductor Hill, Midway in the tunnel Conductor Hill and six gravel men were killed outright and several slightly injured. Engineer Jones, of the extra freight, saw the danger just in time to jump and save his life. The cause of the wreck was due to either the carelessness of the man of the work train or to Conductor Hill, who was killed. The flagman was left at Dawson, two miles away, to stop trains until the work train could make the sidings, and he claims he gave orders as he was directed. When struck the work train was backing through the tunnel to make siding a few yards beyond. The extra freight, running twenty-five miles an hour, had a car, it completed demolition, four or five cars of the work train and the engine and several cars of coal of the freight. Many of the trainmen had miraculous escapes from death, and the accident happened so quickly that no one save the engineer and his fireman left their train. They were on the train before they saw it, and their escape seems miraculous.

TONI ORDER ASSIGNS.

Liabilities Up in the Millions, and Said to Have \$1,200,000 in Assets.

The Order of Toni has gone the way of the Iron Hall, the Earliest Workers, and other bubbles. The executive committee of the order assigned at Philadelphia to the Land Title and Trust Company and Francis Shunk Brown, the order's attorney. Although the assets are estimated to be in the neighborhood of \$1,200,000, the liabilities cannot be approximated. President Clausen had expected the blow, when, upon his election to the presidency, he began to examine the flimsy state of the bubble. He found that there were \$829,000 of matured certificates outstanding, with others rapidly approaching maturity, and with no cash to pay them without a draft on the reserve fund. He saw that in two years the order would be called upon to pay out \$7,000,000, and that the very best it could do would be to have \$3,000,000 to meet the demand. The order's attorney said a large assessment could not stand the test of law, and so the Supreme officers decided that the only thing to do was to make the assignment.

PERISH IN THE SEAS.

STOUT-VESSELS and CREWS SUCCEM TO THE FURY OF THE GALE.

Up to nightfall yesterday the furious gale had driven eight vessels to the beach at Chicago, and ten sailors were lost, and were perished. The vessels were the schooners Evening Star, C. G. Mixer, Mystery, Lincoln Dell, Jack Thompson, J. Loomis McLaren, Mercury, and Rainbow. The gale alone lost six men. At Milwaukee the M. J. Cummings went ashore and seven men were lost. The C. C. Barnes was lost, but her crew escaped. At other points, from Milwaukee around to Ashtabula, Ohio, twelve vessels were driven ashore, but there was not great loss of life. The gale was furious and long continued, and every harbor held boats which had put in for shelter, while out each port there were many at anchor, the attempt to enter being too dangerous. Still others went up or down the lakes under bare poles before the screaming winds, their crews knowing no rest or safety. The catastrophes of Chicago and Milwaukee were due to the fury of the gale, which was known to thousands of people, and some of the sailors perished within a few feet of shore. This was the worst storm known on the lake in years, and it came with a suddenness that caught many unprepared, and with no warning from the Government signal service. The full list of casualties will not be known for several days.

STRIKE DEPRESS IT.

TRADE SHOWS REMARKABLE SOUNDNESS IN SPITE OF THEM.

G. D. DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE SAYS:

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