

Facts for the Traveling Public.  
Emigrants, commercial men, tourists, mariners and miners relating to the preservation of health under conditions unfavorable to it, may be gleaned with profit from the oft published testimony of such persons relating to the protective and remedial qualities of Hostetter's Stomach Bitter, a very valuable remedy to those who traverse "the briny deep," or are subjected to malarial influences or out door exposure. With as much certainty as Dr. Koch's celebrated lymph destroys the organic microbe, the Bitters counteracts unhealthy germs in malarial-tainted air and brackish water. It prevents and removes disorders caused by poor and unaccustomed food, and restores tranquility to worn out nerves and weary brains. Prescriptions, kidney and liver complaints, cramps, colic and dyspepsia are among the ailments that it subdues.

Passing of Ephraiah's Sisterhood.  
The death of Sarah Bowman at Ephraiah, Pa., almost ends the existence of a peculiar sisterhood. It was organized at Ephraiah 150 years ago on a communal theory, and was for a long time a flourishing institution. The sisters gradually strayed into the outer world, however. Some married, some died, until Sister Bowman, in her old age, found herself the eldest member, with only two companions.—New York Sun.

BRECHAM'S PILLS stimulate the pyloric in the saliva, remove depression, give appetite and make the sick well.

THE soldierly Duke d'Eperney became sick for hours if he saw a hare, and once kept his bed for a week because one leaped on him.

W. H. GRIFFIN, Jackson, Michigan, writes: "suffered with catarrh for fifteen years. Dr. Catarrh Cure cured me." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE total number of families in the United States in 1890 was 12,690,152.

YOUNG GIRLS entering womanhood ought to have just the special help that Dr. Pierce's Female Prescription can give.

They need to be started right. The Female Prescription, which promotes the proper functions, corrects the delicate weaknesses and derangements that might become chronic, establishes regularity and health, lessens pain.

They want a nourishing, supporting, strengthening tonic, such as an experienced physician has especially prepared for the female system, in the "Female Prescription."

In every "female complaint" and weakness, and in all nervous conditions, it does not benefit or cure, the money will be returned.

MISS MAGGIE JACKSON, of Barre, Vt., writes: "I was lying sick for some time with female complaints, and all the medicine my friends gave me did me no good. Death was approaching. All my friends had given me up to die. I heard of your wonderful medicine, and I bought two bottles of it, and before I had taken the last, I got entirely well. I am still enjoying good health, and I feel free to praise your medicine everywhere I go."

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA  
The greatest Liver, Stomach, Blood and Kidney Remedy. Made of Roots, Barks and Herbs, and is Absolutely Free from All Minerals. Other Malarial Infections. Kickapoos, Indian Agents, New Haven, Ct.

KNOWLEDGE  
Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, a refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLOKER  
The Best Waterproof Coat in the World!  
The FISH BRAND SLOKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest rain. The new POMMEL SLOKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire outfit. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if it's not the FISH BRAND. See Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"  
MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.  
Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1890.—My wife used MOTHERS' FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.

SENT BY EXPRESS on receipt of price, \$1.00 per box. See Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

WANTED MEN TO TRAVEL. We pay \$50 per month to \$100 a month to experienced men to sell our goods in all parts of the country. STONE & WELLINGTON, MAINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR  
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs of all kinds, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It is not bad to take. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.



The World's Fair is about to be Pulled out of the Financial Mire.—N. Y. Advertiser.

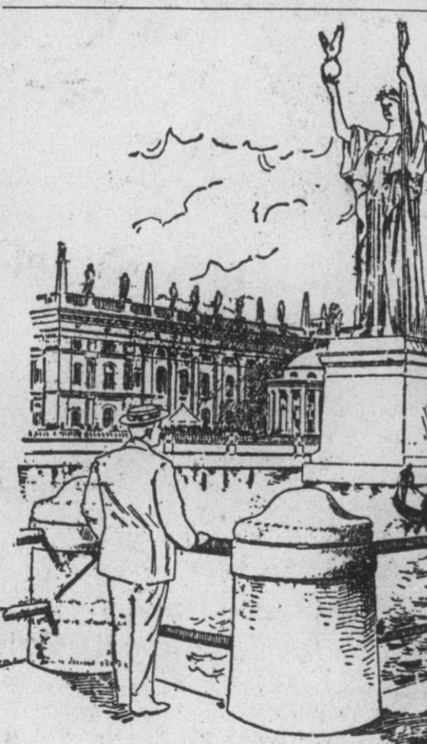
### SOME FAIR STORIES.

HAUNTED WITH THE MEMORY OF THE CENTENNIAL.

Wisdom in the Art Gallery—"The Fairies' Wheel"—The Gondolas and Lagoons—Many Are the Amusing Incidents in the White City.

At the Big Show.

Down on the lake front during the fireworks in the evening an oldish man, with a deep ringing rim of gray whiskers under his chin and up to his ears, gave me a chance to sit down on the end of the bench where he was watching the display. "Every inch of room counts here. Set right down," said he. "I found Her a place back up yonder. I was glad She got a chance to set down." Having thus established his trustworthiness as the head of a household the good old fellow proceeded to "visit" with me, needing very few questions to unfold his history and interests while the rockets were being prepared. "We came yesterday," he said, "so this is only our second day. She asked me did I think it came up to the Centennial. You see I went to Philadelphia in '76 and saw it through; stayed a week. Well, I said the Centennial was the best. Well, of course, that needs some explanation. But I maintain, and his fist came out heroically in a gesture, "I maintain that for artisticness of taste, for magnificence of beauty, and for the wonderfulness of the thing to a certain extent, the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876 was ahead of this. You see it was this way. Of course the main building wasn't as big as this, but it appeared better. They were twenty-three acres in that, and they're thirty-two in this, nine acres more. But when you come into that one, there you'd see letters of living light, shining right up there before you, and when you'd come up to 'em they'd be made of pistols. Yes, letters made of pistols, and looking like jewels. You don't see that in this main



ADMIRING THE STATUE OF THE REPUBLIC.

building. And when I think over things like that, I say the Centennial was the best. She says I just got the Centennial so fixed in my mind I can't seem to consider this.

"How about the buildings here?" "Well, as for buildings and right down up and down beauty to look at them, why, of course, these buildings go right off and leave Philadelphia sticking there."

The gratuitous information people give each other in the White City is exhaustive. For instance: "Who is this picture by?" asked one woman of another in the Art Gallery, and the answer came promptly, "By Gerome. He is an author, too. He wrote that book called 'Three Men in a Boat,' to say nothing of the dog."

Two Great Men.

Two men stood the other morning before the Bartholdi figures near the lagoon entrance of the Art Gallery. Their eyes were glistening with admiration, and one of them spoke to the other thus: "I should know it for Washington, though the comb-back of his hair ain't real natural; the other is Deo Lafayette—two great men together, greatest men ever lived in this country." His voice took on a splendid tone of conception of historical relation, and he repeated: "Yes, sir, they were the greatest men ever lived in this country. Talk about Cleveland! Talk about Harrison!"

The lagoons still give Fair visitors a deal of trouble. At the illumination one evening just after some sort of water procession had passed, a number of electric launches swung into line in the grand basin from the direction of the north lagoons. And a woman who had been trying to define the features of the appearance of the familiar launches

with a sigh of relief and the words, "Well, now here come the lagoons." It was another well-meaning woman who advised a friend not to leave the Fair without taking a gondola ride "on the lagoons."

"The Fairies' wheel" is the astonishing name given to the big swing by a young person who must have thought it named by the law of contraries, for how could Titania and her train claim the Ferris for the fairies' wheel?

The environments of the Fair have their irresistible attractions for every body, and nobody comes from a distance to Chicago without some very definite intention concerning other sights besides those in Jackson Park. Here is a striking example. At the door of a famous preacher's church, on a recent Sunday, a great crowd was struggling in vain for admittance, and numbers were being turned away. One man refused to go. "I've got to get in here," he protested. "Plenty of others feel the same way," said a good-natured bystander. "Yes, but I've got to get in," said the man of determination, with the ring in his voice of a great and irresistible longing that must be appeased at any cost. I've got to get in I made up my mind when I came to Chicago that after I had seen the Fair I couldn't and wouldn't leave town without seeing three other sights, Buffalo William, America, and Dr. Gun-saulus. He got in.

Importance of the Fair.

But, turning aside from the amusing features of the Fair, there is, as Harper's Weekly says, one melancholy thought that troubles the mind of the beholder of all this magnificence—that it will be among us in its bodily existence only so short a time. Like a gorgeous dream of human genius it has arisen, and like a vision it will pass away. It will live, however, as a glorious memory and long be spoken of by this and coming generations as one of the greatest marvels of the closing nineteenth century. Everyone who has seen it will cherish the remembrance of what he saw as a precious treasure which no one will be willing to part with for any price while those who now miss this great opportunity will never cease to deplore the irreparable loss caused by their



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Mobile Ties a Cyclone.

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### LIVES BLOWN OUT.

Terrible Tornado Ravages New Orleans and the Vicinity.

A terrific tornado struck New Orleans the other night from the northeast, sweeping to the south along the line of the Mississippi River through the parish of Plaquemine to the Gulf. The storm was one of the worst that ever visited that part of the country as far as can be learned it killed not less than twenty-four persons and wounded probably three times as many, some of them fatally, besides destroying a large amount of property at New Orleans. The wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour.

The remnant levee on Lake Pontchartrain, which protects New Orleans from overflow on the rear, was washed away and the water swept over it fifteen feet or more. Many of the yachts there were sunk or injured. In the Mississippi the coal fleet was scattered, the transfer boat of the Texas and Pacific Railroad badly damaged and several wharves carried away. The New Orleans and Northeast had its track flooded for seven miles and so badly washed that it can run no trains. The track of the Louisville and Nashville was almost wholly washed out in fifteen miles. Three persons were killed and one wounded severely, if not fatally, by the storm in the city of New Orleans itself. Below the city it was far worse, especially in Plaquemine Parish. Here the wind reached a velocity of between 100 and 125 miles an hour and carried everything before it. The parish east of justice Pointe a la Hache, a town of 2,000 people, was the worst sufferer. In that town not a single house escaped injury. The Court House and Roman Catholic Church, the principal buildings of the town, the parish east of justice Pointe a la Hache and several children, how many is not exactly known. In the immediate vicinity of Pointe a la Hache other deaths are reported and thirteen more in the country below. Gov. Warmoth said that this storm was the worst experienced in Louisiana since 1811. The hurricane of 1888 was not half so violent and destructive.

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### PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Recapitulation of the Condition of the United States Treasury.

Washington dispatch: The public debt statement shows the net increase of the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during the month of September, to have been \$834,793. The interest-bearing debt increased \$150. The debt on which interest has ceased since maturity decreased \$94,770, and the debt bearing no interest increased \$487,136. There was a reduction of \$14,408,277 in the cash balance of the treasury. The interest-bearing debt is \$555,037,740, the debt on which interest has ceased since maturity is \$94,770, and the debt bearing no interest is \$374,264, a total debt of \$660,069,775. The certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, amount to \$570,225,363, an increase during the month of \$4,610,462. The gold reserve stands at \$63,582,172, and the net cash balance at \$13,263,461, the total cash balance in the treasury, Sept. 30, being \$106,875,633, against \$107,283,910 the 31st of August.

The comparative statement of receipts and expenditures of the United States shows the total receipts for September, 1893, to have been \$24,582,756, and the expenditures \$25,478,016. Since July 1 the receipts have been \$79,379,417 and the expenditures \$80,450,127. The total increase in the circulation of national bank notes since Sept. 30, 1892, has been \$35,911,251, and the increase during the month of September \$9,710,281. The total outstanding on Sept. 30 was \$208,592,172. The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department aggregated 420,000 ounces at from 74 to 75 cents per ounce. All the offers were declined and 744 cents per ounce tendered.

The Standard Oil Company's refinery at Louisville, Ky., burned, with a loss of \$40,000.

### A Matter of Health.

Housekeepers faintly realize the danger of an indiscriminate use of the numerous baking powders nowadays found upon every hand, and which are urged upon consumers with such persistency by peddlers and many grocers on account of the big profits made in their sale. Most of these powders are made from sharp and caustic acids and alkalies which burn and inflame the alimentary organs and cause indigestion, heartburn, diarrhoeal diseases, etc. Such substances as tartaric potash, burnt alum, all are used as gas-producing agents in such baking powders. Most housekeepers are aware of the painful effects produced when these chemicals are applied to the external flesh. How much more acute must be the action upon the delicate internal membranes! Yet unscrupulous manufacturers do not hesitate to use them, because they make a very low-cost powder, nor to urge the use of their powders so makes, by all kinds of alluring advertisements and false representations. All the low-priced or so-called cheap baking powders, and all powders sold with a gift or prize, belong to this class.

Baking powders made from chemically pure cream of tartar and bicarbonate of soda are among the most useful of modern culinary devices. They not only make the preparation of finer and more delicious cookery possible, but they have added to the digestibility and wholesomeness of our food. But baking powders must be composed of such pure and wholesome ingredients or they must be tabooed entirely.

Dr. Egan, Commissioner of Health of New York, in an article in the "Doctor of Hygiene," indicates that the advantages of a good baking powder and the exemption from the dangers of bad ones in which the harsh and caustic chemicals are used, are to be secured by the use of Royal Baking Powder exclusively, and he recommends this to all consumers. "The Royal," he says, "contains nothing but cream of tartar and soda refined to a chemical purity, which when combined under the influence of heat and moisture produce pure carbonic acid gas, or leavening gas. The two materials used, cream of tartar and soda, are perfectly harmless even when eaten, but in this preparation they are combined in exact compensating weights, so that when the powder is mixed between them in the dough they practically disappear, the substance of both having been taken to form carbonic acid gas." Hence it is, he says, that the Royal Baking Powder is the most perfect of all conceivable agents for leavening purposes.

It seems almost incredible that any manufacturer or dealer should urge the sale of baking powders containing injurious chemicals in place of those of a well-known, pure, and wholesome character, simply for the sake of a few cents a pound greater profit; but since they do, a few words of warning seem to be necessary.

### Cure for Warts.

Moehan's Monthly: In almost all country gardens in Pennsylvania there are patches of the milkweed, known to botany as *Euphorbia cyparissias*. It has no particular beauty, and it has been a subject of some interest why it was so universally planted. One fact is who inquired was made to believe that it was generally used in the olden time, when people used the herbs of the garden for medicine instead of calling in the family physician for every trifling ailment. This plant was used to cure warts. It is said that the milk from the broken stem placed on the surface of the wart will cause it to disappear within a week or two, without pain or suffering. The plant is curious although not showy, and in the olden times curious folk were planted in gardens as well as those which had an interest solely from their gay color. It may be that the plant had an interest in this line, although not particularly showy.

"There are dictionaries and dictionaries, but the oldest Roman of them all is Webster's." This was said of the latest "Unabridged" by prominent critics. It was true of that work, how much more applicable the statement is to its successor, the "International," which after a vast outlay has been brought to completion and placed upon the market. This new Webster, by natural right, has taken a warm place in the hearts of all the English-speaking people. It is recognized as the standard authority. While compact, it is sufficiently comprehensive, and while attesting its value by its popularity, it is rich and substantial in binding. It is still within the reach of about all who wish to possess a work of this kind. In these days of sensational publishing and of the most unrelenting effort to attract attention, it is refreshing to observe with what conscientious scholarship labor this new Webster has been produced, and to find that the methods by which it is being prepared by the well-known Merriam publishing house of Springfield, Mass.

The solar system is well illustrated by the following statements: Let the sun be represented by a globe two feet in diameter. A grain of mustard seed at the circumference of a circle 164 feet in diameter, will adequately represent the size and distance of Mercury. The earth will be represented by a pea on the circumference of a circle 284 feet across, and Venus by another pea, on the outside of a 430-foot circle. Mars will be adequately represented by a pin-head at 654 feet, and the Asteroid by grains of sand 1,000 to 2,000 feet away. An orange at the distance of half a mile will stand for Jupiter, a very small apple at four-fifths of a mile will answer for Saturn, and a cherry on the circumference of a circle a mile and a half across will represent Uranus.

### Origin of the Word "Yankees."

The word Yankees, by which the natives of New England are designated, had its origin in a mispronunciation. Yongs being the name of the Indian tongue could come to, enunciating the word English.

At the beginning of this year (says the Revue Scientifique) there were 1,168 submarine cables in existence, of which 890 belonged to different dominions, and 288 to private companies. The former possessed a length of 10,632 miles, and the latter had a length of 144,743 miles, thus the total length was 155,375 miles.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

"I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for some time, and every dose helps me. My skin has been so itchy, and I had sores on my feet, and he could not wear any shoes. Wherever the skin cracked bad sores would form, presumably on account of the blood having been poisoned by it. Many remedies failed to do him any good. Finally I gave him

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

and after a week the sores healed and disappeared. After taking two bottles he was entirely cured and his general health was greatly benefited." Mrs. C. S. Titus, South Gibson, Pa. N. B. If you decide to get Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

### HE IS A KING, BUT STILL A BOY.

He Wanted Fun and He Slipped Out of the Palace and Got It.

Not long ago there was terrible excitement at the royal court of Anam. The King, Thuan-fai, who is now 14 years old, was missing. Etiquette requires that the Anamese King should never leave the royal grounds. He is a kingly prisoner. And that the