

The Democratic Sentinel.

A FIRM ADHERENCE TO CORRECT PRINCIPLES.

VOLUME XIV

RENSSELAER JASPER COUNTY, INDIANA FRIDAY OCTOBER 31. 1890.

NUMBER 4

Democratic Sentinel

DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

BY JAS. W. McEWEN,

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year	\$1.50
Six Months	75
Three months	50

Laws of Newspapers.

Except at the option of the publisher no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Any person who receives or takes a newspaper from a post-office, whether he has ordered it or not, or whether it is in his name or another's, is held in law to be a subscriber and is responsible for the pay.

Subscribers move to other places without notifying the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that subscribers, in arrears, who refuse to take papers from the post-office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed, for it, is prima facie evidence of intention to pay, and may be dealt with in the same as the courts.

If any person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay to the publisher the amount due and continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until payment is made in full.

THE NEW MAKEEVER HOUSE, RENSSELAER, IND.

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Practices in the Courts of Jasper and adjoining counties. Makes collections a specialty. Office on north side of Washington street, opposite Court House. vnu

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Attorney-at-Law. Notary Public.
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Practice in all the Courts.

ARION L. SPITLER,
Collector and Abstractor
We pay particular attention to paying tax
"selling and leasing lands." vnu

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
REEDSBELD, INDIANA.
Money to loan on long time at low interest.
Sept. 10, '86.

JAMES W. DOUTHIT,
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HAMMOND & AUSTIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
RENSSELAER, INDIANA

Office on second floor of Leopold's Block, corner of Washington and VanRensselaer streets.
William B. Austin purchases, sells and leases real estate, pays taxes and deans in negotiable instruments. May 27, '86.

IRA W. YEOMAN,
Attorney at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and Collecting Agent,
REMINGTON, INDIANA.
Will practice in all the Courts of Newton, Benton and Jasper counties.

J. H. LOUGHBRIDGE, VICTOR E. LOUGHBRIDGE,
J. H. LOUGHBRIDGE & SON,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in the new Leopold Block, second floor,
second door right-hand side of hall.

Ten per cent. interest will be added to all accounts running unsettled longer than three months. vnu

DR. I. B. WASHBURN
Physician & Surgeon
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Call promptly attended. Will give special attention to the treatment of Chronic Diseases.

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HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
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Chronic Diseases a Specialty.
OFFICE in Makeever's New Block. Residence at Makeever House. July 11, 1884.

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CITIZENS' STATE BANK
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DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS:
Certificates bearing interest issued; Exchange bought and sold; Money loaned on farms at lowest rates and on most favorable terms. Jan. 8, 88.

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Deposits Buy and Sell Exchange
Collections made and promptly remitted.
Money Loaned. Do a general Banking Business.
August 7, 88.

J. W. HORTON,
DENTIST.
All diseases of teeth and gums carefully treated.
Filling and Crowns a specialty.
Over LaRue's Grocery Store
12-14 Re

Good Dinner and Supper at Chas. A. Roberts' Implement wareroom, on election day, by the W. R. C., for 25 cts. a meal.

There is an earnest movement on foot to secure the c. b. furniture and specialties factory for Rensselaer. Many of our citizens have subscribed liberally.

Everybody come to the W. R. C. Dinner and Supper on election day. These meals will cost no more than elsewhere, and the proceeds will be devoted to a good purpose. Only 25 cts. each.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Board of Commissioners of Jasper county, Indiana, this 25th day of September, A. D. 1890.

GEORGE M. ROBINSON,
Auditor Jasper County, Ind.

OUTCOME OF TARIFF ROBBERY.

[Chicago Globe.]

That lower wages should follow higher tariff is no surprise.

Look at this proposition:

Increased cost of goods decreases their consumption.

Decreased consumption lessens the demand.

A lessened demand diminishes the production.

Diminished production means less labor.

Less labor causes a reduction of operations.

The discharged employees become surplus skill.

A surplus of unemployed labor is a competitor against labor employed, and bidding against it lowers wages.

Is not this proposition tenable?

And can the fact be gotten around that the McKinley law not only increases the cost of living in this country, but also decreases the earnings of laborer?

Vote the straight Democratic ticket—Stamp the square on the left side of the title—"Democratic Ticket."

WHY EVERYTHING GOES UP.

[Interview with Senator Carlisle.]

Correspondent—A newspaper cited yesterday an instance where a shopkeeper put up the price of an article on the ground of the passage of the tariff bill, and it was discovered, on examination of the law, that the duty had been reduced instead of increased.

Mr. Carlisle—There is nothing very strange in that, because, in the first place, it is the natural disposition of every man in trade to take advantage of the general rise in the price of commodities, and in the next place he is compelled to do so to a certain extent because the prices of a great many things which he is compelled to buy and to use for himself and family will be actually increased by the new tariff law; and he must also increase if he can the prices of the articles he has to sell in order to compensate himself for his additional expenditures. In other words, what I mean to say is that when you increase the prices of the commodities which the people are compelled to have, the almost inevitable effect is to raise to some extent the prices of all other articles.—All the products of labor except such as we produce in greater quantities than we need for domestic consumption, as is the case with agricultural products generally, will thus rise in price, but the wages of laborers and the compensation of persons with fixed salaries will not rise. They are always the last to feel the effect of a general increase of prices. No tariff can possibly affect the wages of labor in this country, because wages always depend on the law of supply and demand, and no artificial arrangement can affect them beneficially. All the effect that such arrangement can have is to increase the cost of the thing which the laborer has to buy with his wages—which is precisely the same thing to him as if his wages were actually reduced.

For the candidate for whom you desire to vote you will stamp the little square on the left and in line with his name.

A PROTECTIONIST DENUNCIATION

[Philadelphia Telegraph (Rep.)]

A justly protective tariff, one which protects the American workman in his better wages against the worse wages of his Old World competitor, and which stops short at that, and does not foster trusts and monopolies, or which does not decrease work and wages while increasing the cost of living, would require no defense.

The whole country would approve it; but the McKinley act is not a protective tariff, it never was intended to be; it is a betrayal of the wholesome and judicious policy of real protection; it is, as it was intended to be, repayment of a political debt due to the manufacturers, and a bid for the incurrence of another similar debt in the future. It represents a vast fund returned to the manufacturers in acquisition of the most gigantic corruption fund ever used in American politics. It is a measure which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer. It increases no man's wages; it increases every man's living expenses.

You stamp what you vote.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

If you wish to vote the straight Democratic ticket stamp as above—on the square left side of the title—then if there is a candidate on any of the other tickets you may wish to vote for stamp the square left side of his name in like manner, and your ticket will be counted all right.

Stamp on what you vote.

RENSSELAER JASPER COUNTY, INDIANA

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