

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

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NUGGETS OF GOLD

FROM EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE.

The Latest Intelligence Received by Wire from Distant Lands and at Home—The Cream of the News Gathered from All Quarters of the World.

THE SENATE ADOPTS RECIPROCITY.

Mr. Aldrich's Amendment Adopted To by a Vote of 37 to 28.

After a debate that has lasted practically without intermission since July 22 the tariff bill was read a third time in the Senate on the 9th inst., and is now ready for its passage. The Senate met at 10 o'clock and resumed consideration of the tariff bill. A number of amendments were proposed and rejected, after which Mr. Aldrich moved to insert a proviso that imported merchandise deposited in any public or private bonded warehouse prior to Aug. 1, 1890, may be withdrawn for consumption at any time prior to Nov. 1, 1890, on payment of the duties in force prior to the passage of the act. Agreed to—yeas, 32; nays, 27. Mr. Aldrich's amendment authorizing the President to remit under certain conditions taxes on sugars, molasses, coffee and tea, imported from foreign countries where duties are imposed on the principal agricultural products of the United States was adopted—yeas, 37; nays, 28. All the Democrats and two Republicans (Edmunds and Evarts) voted against the reciprocity amendment. The next vote was on the amendment to paragraph 703, lowering the sugar standard to be admitted free of duty from No. 16 to No. 13. It was agreed to—yeas, 39; nays, 24. The bill was then reported to the Senate and all the amendments that had been adopted in committee of the whole were agreed to in the Senate except those on which separate votes were demanded. The first of these was Mr. Plum's amendment for a customs commission on which Mr. Gurney demanded a separate vote. The amendment was agreed to—yeas, 31; nays, 29. The commission is to be composed of five disinterested persons, to be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commissioners are to continue in office six years, but any of them may be removed by the President for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office. No more than three of them are to be appointed from the same political party. By a vote of 38 to 25—strat party vote—the Senate ordered the tariff bill to a third reading and engrossment. The bill was ordered printed with the amendments, and the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned. The House wasted the day in an ineffectual attempt to call up the Virginia election case of Langston against Venable.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

How the Clubs in the Base-Ball Leagues Stand.

Players.	W.	L.	W.	L.	W.	L.
Boston.....72	42	63	Brooklyn....77	74	40	65
New York....68	48	58	Boston....72	44	62	
Brooklyn....70	50	68	Philadelphia....70	46	63	
Philadelphia....62	47	55	Philadelphia....65	47	54	
Pittsburgh....59	60	45	Cincinnati....65	47	59	
Cleveland....44	68	39	Cleveland....33	77	300	
Buffalo....30	61	270	Pittsburgh....20	97	172	

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

A Batch of Presidential Nominations Agreed To.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations:

John H. B. Aldrich, special examiner of drags at Philadelphia; George L. Dohson of Norvel, Iowa, register of land office at Buffalo, Oklahoma; W. T. Walker, of Harper, Kan., receiver of public moneys at Buffalo, Oklahoma; Thomas P. Hawley, United States judge for the district of Nevada; John W. Ross, commissioner of the District of Columbia; Collectors of Customs—John Goffion at Cherrytree, Va.; James Brady, Jr. at Fall River, Mass.; William E. Blunt, Boston and Charlestown, Mass.

Named for Congress.

Among the recent Congressional nominations are the following:

In the Twenty-third Pennsylvania District, the Hon. A. Stone, Republican; for the Sixth Pennsylvania District, John B. Robinson, Republican; for the Fifth Indiana District, Major Dunbar, Union Labor; for the Sixth Wisconsin District, Charles B. Clark, Republican; for the Fourth Iowa District, Walter H. Butler, Democrat; for the Third Kansas District, the Hon. B. W. Perkins, Republican; for the Eighth Michigan District, A. T. Bliss, Republican.

BIG BLAZE AT OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

An Ogdensburg (N. Y.) dispatch says: A fire broke out in No. 10 elevator, owned by the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railroad, and was soon entirely beyond control. The elevator was full of corn and oats, about 450,000 bushels, all of which was destroyed. The loss on building and contents is estimated at \$500,000. On the building there was an insurance of about \$150,000. The grain was well insured.

REGULAR DIVIDEND DECLARED.

The directors of the Manhattan Elevated Railroad have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent. The Executive Committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company recommended that the directors declare the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent.

FRANCIS MURPHY WEDDED.

Francis Murphy, the temperance advocate, and Mrs. Rebecca Fisher, President of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Council Bluffs, were married in Rock Island, Ill., at the residence of the bride's father, J. R. Johnston. Mrs. Murphy is a handsome woman, many years her husband's junior. She will henceforth add him to her name.

ANOTHER FAILURE AT BOSTON.

William Blom & Co., dealers in woolens 51 Chauncey street, Boston, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors to Henry A. Gowling, of Gowling, Sawyer & Co. Their liabilities are stated to be \$90,000 and assets nominally \$80,000.

MINNESOTA DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Minnesota Democratic Convention at St. Paul nominated the following ticket: Governor, Thomas Wilson; Lieutenant Governor, E. G. Pahl; Secretary of State, A. T. Lindholm; Auditor, Adolph Bierman; Treasurer, Charles M. Foote; Attorney General, David T. Calhoun; Clerk of Supreme Court, T. F. O'Hare.

THE DUAL SIGHT RETAINED.

The World's Fair Directory met at Chicago and on the first formal ballot unanimously reaffirmed its original choice of the combined Lake Front-Jackson Park site as the location for the Exposition.

FIVE KILLED, THIRTY-SEVEN HURT. FEARFUL RESULT OF A REAR-END COLLISION IN COLORADO.

The most serious accident which has happened on the Rio Grande Railway for years occurred four miles east of Florence, Col. Sections 1 and 2 of freight 61 left Pueblo at 3 o'clock for the West. The first section had attached a passenger coach loaded with forty-seven laborers. The first section had either stopped in the cut near Florence or had greatly reduced speed when the second section, the engine of which was *pre-é en* from the rear, struck the rear of the coach in the cut, dashed into the car, tearing it into a thousand pieces and throwing the debris and the men, wounded and dead, into the San's a Men river. Two men were killed, and the engine was completely wrecked. Of the 47 men known to have been sleeping on the car 5 were killed instantly and 37 wounded. The names of the dead are: H. L. Winters, Idaho Springs, Col.; Jonathan Falks, Pueblo; A. M. Meyer, Pueblo; James Donovan, Pueblo; C. B. Williams, Leadville. It is not yet known who was responsible for the accident, and an investigation will be made at once. The damage to the company's property will be in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

A SURVEYOR OF CUSTOMS AND MEMBERS OF A COMMISSION ANNOUNCED.

A dispatch from Cresson Springs, Pa., announces that the President has sent a budget to Washington containing the nomination of Mr. Charles Scoville, of Indiana, a Surveyor of Customs for the Port of Evansville, Ind. He has also issued an executive order in pursuance of a section of the national appropriation bill providing for the appointment of a commission to select a suitable site for a dry-dock on the Pacific coast north of the northern boundary of California. The members of the commission are: Capt. T. O. Selfridge, United States navy, President; Col. George H. Mendell, Corps of Engineers, United States army; the Hon. Thomas C. Platt of New York, the Hon. Richard W. Thompson of Indiana, and Lieut. Andrew R. Wyckoff, United States navy.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

THE SITUATION THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY IS GOOD.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: Another large failure—that of Sawyer, Wallace & Co.—comes at a time when the effects of the Potter-Lovell failure at Boston prove more disturbing than was expected. The prospect of speedy action on the tariff bill in the Senate, and considerably better sales by clothing dealers have made the wool manufacturers more hopeful, and purchases of wool are larger at Boston than at any time during the last year. The accounts of trade from most parts of the country are encouraging this week. At Boston the money market is quiet still, which affects some trades; leather is more quiet and hides firm. Chicago reports small receipts of grain than last year, except of barley; a decrease of half in dressed beef, because of the Stock Yards strike; and a large decrease in butter; but an increase of 36 per cent. in cured meats, 200 per cent. in lard, and a heavy increase in cheese and wool, while sales of merchandise, and especially dry goods, must exceed last year's.

THEY THREATEN MIZNER.

The Citizens of Guatemala Incensed at Our Representative.

A Guatemala dispatch to the authorities at Washington says:

"Death to Yankees!" was the cry of an angry and excited mob that surrounded the United States Legation to-day. Threats of stoning the building and mobbing the inmates were freely uttered, but no overt act was committed in the face of the strong force of police that guards the premises day and night. Every visitor is closely questioned before being admitted to the offices, and is more or less under surveillance while inside. Whenever Mr. Mizner has occasion to leave the Legation he is surrounded by a bodyguard of armed police. Rumor has it that these are to be superseded by blue jackets from the Thetis, who also form a cordon of safety about the Legation. Sympathy grows for Gen. Barrundia's daughter, who is kept a close prisoner for her attempt upon Mr. Mizner's life.

A SUDDEN SUMMONS.

A PREMATURE EXPLOSION RESULTS IN THE DEATH OF SIXTEEN WORKMEN.

A Spokane Falls (Wash.) dispatch says:

A premature blast killed sixteen men and possibly more. The full extent of the disaster is unknown at the time of this writing. It was just before the hour of quitting work, and a large force of men were engaged in the task of blasting out a huge rock pile in the eastern part of that city. From forty to seventy-five men were at work in a cut at the time. Fifteen have been taken out dead; a number are injured, and still others have come out alive. One blast had been prepared, and in putting it in exploded a second, the jar also touching the first. Twenty-five thousand cubic feet of rock was thrown up over the unsuspecting mass of humanity, with terrible results.

TO INVESTIGATE THE WIND.

WHAT CAUSES THE HOT BLASTS THAT SWEEP OVER KANSAS.

Some time ago Senator Plumb brought to the attention of the Signal Service Bureau the phenomenon of the hot winds that occasionally sweep over Kansas, destroying or damaging the vegetation. They occur irregularly, and the theories of their origin are many and diverse. This year the winds extended into Iowa, Nebraska, and Dakota. Senator Plumb has been advised by Gen. Greely, Chief of the Signal Service, that an investigation into the causes which produce the winds would be made, and an effort made to ascertain whether or not the disastrous effects of their presence can be averted.

PURCHASES OF SILVER.

How Secretary Windom Will Interpret the New Law.

Secretary Windom and the Director of the Mint have had a consultation in regard to the new silver law, one result of which was a decision that the department will purchase 4,500,000 ounces each month, reckoning from Aug. 13, the date when the law took effect. It was suggested that the department purchase 54,000,000 ounces a year, and merely average the monthly purchases. But this plan was thought to be open to objection, and it was decided to adhere strictly to the letter of the law.

SIX MORE DUELS IN PROSPECT.

M. MERMIX GAINS A VICTORY IN THE FIRST OF HIS SEVEN DUELS.

M. Mermix, who was recently assaulted by friends of Gen. Boulanger because he published alleged revelations concerning the General, has fought one of the seven duels which he has on his hands. Labrayer, who was Mermix's adversary, was slightly wounded.

TO HELP THE NEEDY.

The Oklahoma Council has passed a bill providing for the distribution of aid for those in a destitute condition. The capital question is still the all-absorbing topic.

The bill for its removal has been reported back to the Council favorably and it will soon come up for passage.

A NEW YORK FAILURE.

Three concerns in New York run by Karelson Bros. were closed by the Sheriff. Liabilities \$100,000.

TICKET FORGERS NABBED.

At Chicago two men were captured by detectives charged with forging and counterfeiting \$1,500 worth of tickets of admission to the place given at Ogden's Grove by

Kearse, now at New York, to proceed at once to Aspinwall. It is supposed that this action is based upon rumors of a threatened railroad strike at that place. Information to that effect has been received at the State Department from Consul General Adamson at Panama. The latter said he heard the rumors through the Consul at Aspinwall, and that he had requested the Colombian authorities to protect American interests in the event of trouble, and had been assured that it would be done.

FATAL HURRICANE IN ITALY.

Twenty-two Lives Lost in the Zolda Valley.

A fatally destructive hurricane in the north of Italy did much damage at Belluno and destroyed bridges and houses in the New York Central was done at the instigation of one high in the councils of the Knights of Labor.

OHIO'S CORN CROP.

A bulletin issued by the State Board of Agriculture at Columbus, Ohio, shows that the present condition of the corn crop in Ohio is only 54 per cent. of an average crop and that of potatoes 45 per cent.

A PRICE ON FIFTEEN LIVES.

Damage suits aggregating \$250,000 have been brought at Baltimore against the Bay Line and Colchester Steamboat Companies by relatives of the fifteen victims of the Louise-Virginia collision.

SURVIVED TWICE KENNEDY'S DOSE.

Herbert Burns, a San Francisco electrician, received a shock of 2,000 volts of electricity and was picked up for dead. He gradually regained consciousness, however, and will recover.

DIAMOND SMUGGLER CAPTURED.

A young Englishman, a passenger on the steamer Tower Hill, from London, attempted to smuggle in \$20,000 worth of diamonds at New York, but was detected and the gems seized by the customs officers.

STRIKE OF FREIGHT BRAKEMEN.

The freight brake men and switchmen in the employ of the Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad have gone out on a strike for an advance in wage from \$1.75 to \$2.

TOO MUCH WORK AND WORRY.

Adam Amalung, of the firm of A. & W. Amalung, hosiery manufacturers at Cincinnati, committed suicide by shooting. The cause was overwork and worry.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Near Delano, S. D., Peter Peterson was killed by lightning while standing on a haystack in which the bolt made a hole from top to bottom.

TWELVE THOUSAND HOUSES BURNED.

Fire broke out almost simultaneously in four different parts of Salonica, in Turkey and destroyed 12,000 houses and most of the public buildings.

AMERICAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual convention of the American Bankers' Association is in session at Saratoga. A large number of the representative financial men of the country are present.

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DODGE LABORERS STRIKE.

The dock laborers, coal porters, sailors and firemen at Southampton, England, have struck against the employment of non-union men.

A KENTUCKY ABSCONDER CAPTURED.

Hume Clay, of Paris, Ky., who absconded after forging the names of his father and grandfather to the extent of \$75,000, has returned to her home, where she died.

AMERICAN STATEMENT OF THE WABASH.

In the Supreme Court at Buffalo, N. Y., Judge Lewis affirmed the order for the imprisonment of Emma K. Touree for contempt of court in failing to appear before a referee in Jamestown to answer as to the financial relations existing between her husband, Judge Albion W. Touree, the author, and herself, thus disobeying the order of Judge Butts, of Chautauque County. Mrs. Touree was sentenced to pay \$35 fine and spend thirty-five days in jail. The prosecution, failing to discover any available funds, claimed that Touree turned over the receipts from his lectures and books to his wife.