

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. McEWEEN, PUBLISHER.

AROUND THE WORLD.

INTELLIGENCE FROM EVERY PART OF THE GLOBE.

News from Foreign Shores—Domestic Happenings—Personal Pointers—Labor Notes—Political Occurrences, Fires, Accidents, Crimes, Etc.

REGULATORS CONVICTED.

Two of a Party of Louisiana White Caps Found Guilty.

An Opelousas (La.) dispatch reports that the jury in the case of The State vs. Arville Beaud and Charles Arabi, two of the Coulo Croche regulators, has returned a verdict of guilty without capital punishment. This is the first conviction of regulators in that State. The offense committed by these regulators was substantially as follows: About four months ago a colored woman living on Mr. Dupleichin's place, on Coulo Croche, sued a white man in the neighborhood and obtained a judgment. Not wishing to appeal the case the party sued concluded to have the woman regulated. A gang of mounted men went to Dupleichin's place after midnight, called the woman up, and were taking her away forcibly when she appealed to her employer for protection. Dupleichin fired on the regulators, severely wounding one of them, and was in turn shot by the regulators and severely wounded. The woman was released and the regulators hastily retreated, but the wounded man led to the identity of the party, two of whom have just been convicted as stated above.

BRAZIL BLESSED BY THE CHURCH.

The New Republic Sustained by the Whole Population of Every Province.

Senor Valente, the Brazilian Minister at Washington, has received the following important cablegram, which shows that the republic has been accepted by all the provinces of Brazil:

RIO DE JANEIRO.—I inform you that all the provinces have signified their adherence to the Republic and Provisional Government without any resistance or protest. The Government has extended the right to vote to all citizens, except those unable to read or write. The Archbishop, head of the church in Brazil, has conferred to-day his solemn benediction upon the Government and the Republic.

ROY BARBOZA, Minister of Finance.

In reply to a suggestion that cable dispatches from Germany stated that there was danger of a division of Brazil into three parts, Minister Valente said that the above telegram was a complete refutation of all such reports. It showed that Brazil was united, and that the sentiment of every province was in favor of a republic.

KELLY IS WITH THE BOYS.

He Signs a Contract with the Boston Brotherhood Club.

A New York dispatch says: It is learned that Mike Kelly has signed a three-years' contract to play ball with the brotherhood club of Boston at a salary not made public. Al Johnson, of Cleveland, and Ned Hanlon, of Pittsburgh, came to New York, expressly to sign Kelly, reasoning that his signing would have a great weight in influencing other players to stick by the brotherhood. A meeting of the brotherhood has been called at the Fifth Avenue Hotel for Dec. 10.

ALL QUIET AT HAYTI.

Hippolyte Enjoying a Peaceful Rule, and Joy Is Unconfined.

The American schooner Lackawanna has arrived at New York from Port au Prince, Capt. Ford reports all quiet there. There is plenty of logwood there awaiting shipment. Hippolyte is having no trouble whatever, but the continued celebration by the people in honor of the new government makes it very hard to get any work done. Minister Douglass, it is said, will not remain long on the island, and will return to the States in the course of a few months.

MISSOURI CHARTERS FORFEITED.

Over 1,000 Charters Annulled by the State Anti-Trust Law.

A Jefferson City, Mo., dispatch says: The Secretary of State has issued a proclamation declaring forfeited the charters of about 1,000 Missouri corporations which have failed to comply with the terms of the State anti-trust law. Most of the charters forfeited are those of corporations whose charters have already lapsed. Only one corporation of note has lost its charter.

BRUTAL DOUBLE MURDER.

Husband and Wife Shot Down in Cold Blood and the Assassin Escaped.

At Pine City, Minn., William Brown committed a double murder, shooting down in cold blood William P. Coombs and wife. After committing the atrocious deed he visited a neighbor and sat with his rifle across his knees conversing coolly about the heartless deed. Coombs left two small children. The murderer is still at liberty.

ANOTHER TRAIN ROBBERY.

A Missouri, Kansas & Texas Express Plundered in Indian Territory.

A Kansas City, Mo., dispatch says: The north-bound passenger train on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad was held up at Pryor Creek, near Perry Station, I. T. The express and mail cars were robbed. The passengers were not molested. The amount secured by the robbers is unknown.

Embezzled His Company's Funds.

Wine and women caused Richard K. Kyle to embezzle \$25,000 from the Anderson & Harrison Carriage Company of Cincinnati, of which he was Vice President and book-keeper.

Edison's Latest Invention.

Edison, the inventor, has just perfected and patented a device by which one battery cell will do duty for a score of wires at once.

R. G. DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

Business in All Lines Fairly Prosperous—Coffee Only Fractionally Higher.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

The Brazilian revolution has had surprisingly little influence on the markets as yet; coffee is only an eighth higher for the week, and the new Government appears to be so generally sustained that apprehensions of closing of ports or interruption of trade has almost ceased. But it is possible that the money markets were indirectly affected to some extent through Europe, where the uncertainty continues. Here money has been scarce and dear at times, tight at Philadelphia, and decidedly close at Boston. The heavy exports of domestic products give strong assurance that the money market will hardly be disturbed by demands from abroad. The marketing of crops and movement of money from New York to pay for them have produced an easier situation at Western and Southern centers. The great industries are making steady progress. Iron and steel are strong. The cotton manufacture has been doing a steady business, with firm prices. The woolen goods business does not appear at Boston to be improving to any great extent, but there has been more activity in the wool market. Montevideo hides have sold at the lowest price for thirty-five years, but more demand for leather is noticed at Boston. Hardware is also selling well, and lumber is in good demand. Wheat has risen $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢, and corn $\frac{1}{4}$ ¢. Oats rose $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢, and pork products advanced. The general course of prices has been upward, however, the advance since Nov. 1 having averaged about $\frac{1}{16}$ ¢ per cent. on all commodities. At Chicago the dressed beef receipts are double those of last year, and of provisions more than double, while the dry goods trade still shows satisfactory results, with payments easy in the country. The Minneapolis market is active, trade is satisfactory there with improving collections and business is improving at Kansas City. On the whole the outlook remains favorable. The business failures number 277, as compared with 255 the previous week, and 267 the week before that. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 206.

WASHINGTON'S SENATORS.

John B. Allen and Watson C. Squire Chosen at Seattle.

A Seattle, Wash., dispatch says John B. Allen, ex-Delegate to Congress, was elected Senator on the first ballot and ex-Gov. Watson C. Squire was elected on the second ballot. On Allen's election the vote in the House stood: John B. Allen, 46; George Turner, 14; T. H. Brents, 1; Charles S. Voorhees, 8. In the Senate: Allen, 26; Turner, 6.

John Beard Allen, United States Senator from Washington, was born at Crawfordsville, Montgomery County, Ind., in May, 1845. At this place he lived until 1864, when he entered the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Indiana Volunteers. Upon his return from the service he removed to Rochester, Minn. In 1869 he was admitted to the bar, and the following year Mr. Allen emigrated to the Pacific coast, settling in Olympia. In 1871 he was married to Miss M. Cecilia Bateman, of Lamont, Mich. They have a family of five children—three girls and two boys. Mr. Allen was appointed United States Attorney for Washington Territory in 1875. In this position he served for ten years. He was elected Delegate to Congress by the Republicans, but the admission of the State precluded his taking his seat.

Watson C. Squire, Junior United States Senator from Washington, was born at Cape Vincent, N. Y., in 1838. After graduating at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1859, he read law at Cleveland, Ohio. He entered the army at the outbreak of the war and commanded the First Battalion of Ohio Sharpshooters. At its close he was Judge Advocate of the District of Tennessee. He succeeded William A. Newell as Governor of Washington Territory.

NEW OFFICEHOLDERS.

Names of Recent Appointees in Uncle Sam's Service.

The following appointments have been announced:

Alonso J. Edgerton, to be United States District Judge for the District of South Dakota; Willis Sweet, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Idaho; William E. Sterling, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of South Dakota.

John D. Sloane, of Minnesota, to be supervising inspector of steam vessels for the Fifth District (St. Paul, Minn.); Dennis Egan, of Florida, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of Florida; Ross Griffin, of Missouri, to be Surveyor of Customs for the port of Kansas City; May Augustus Shaw, of Indian, to be deputy third auditor of the Treasury; John M. Glaser, of Pennsylvania, to be Collector of Customs at Erie, Pa.; James E. French, of New Hampshire, to be Collector of Internal Revenue; Charles F. Kimball, of Michigan, to be Appraiser of Merchandise for the District of Detroit; Joseph C. Biglin, of New York, to be Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise for the District of New York.

Thomas Clay McDowell, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Seventh Kentucky District (McDowell is Col. Goodloe's son-in-law); James H. Beatty, Chief Justice of Idaho; James H. Devaux, Collector of Customs for the Brunswick (Ga.) District, United States Attorneys—Lewis Mills, Southern District of Iowa; Joseph H. Wilson, Eastern District of Texas; David B. Miller, United States Marshal for the Southern District of Iowa.

TOOK MURDEROUS OATHS.

Men and Women Sworn to Avenge the Blood of the Smiths.

In the investigation at Salt Lake, Utah, recently, the spirit of the Mormon Church toward the Government, and as to the oaths taken by Mormons in the Endowment House, for the purpose of determining whether membership in that church is compatible with citizenship, a Mrs. Gilmore testified that she went through the Endowment House seventeen years ago with a number of others, and all were called upon to swear that they would avenge the blood of Joseph and Hiram Smith upon the American nation, and teach it to their children and their children's children down to the fourth generation. Any one who violated the oaths or revealed the secrets of the house should be killed. Henry W. Lawrence, President of the Chamber of Commerce, and one of the most prominent business men of the Territory, testified that he officiated in the Endowment House in Salt Lake for several years. In the ceremony persons going through always took the following oath:

You, each and all of you, agree to avenge the blood of the prophets, Joseph and Hiram, who have sealed their testimony with their blood; and that you will teach this to your children and your children's children to the third and fourth generation. This you do in the presence of God and his ministering angels.

Witness said there was another covenant to obey the priesthood in all things, and the penalty of death was attached to the violation of the covenants, and for revealing the secrets of the house.

GOV. TOOLE'S BOLD STROKE.

The Montana Legislature Will Be Organized by Democrats.

A Helena (Mont.) dispatch says: Gov. Toole has decided to admit to the legislative halls only such members-elect as hold certificates from county clerks, and has ordered that the Legislature convene in the court house. This will result in the admission of ten Democrats from Silver Bow County and give the Democrats control of the House, the Senate being a tie. The Governor's proclamation to this effect

caused consternation among the Republicans. The United States Marshal recently appointed by President Harrison has sworn in a lot of special deputies, and it is feared there will be blood shed over the organization of the Legislature.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

Its Docket Contains Cases Involving a Hundred Million Dollars.

There are now on the docket of the United States Court of Claims upward of 6,000 cases, in which are involved claims for about \$100,000,000. A well-known attorney of Washington says: "The Court of Claims has become not only an important tribunal but it stands high in the estimation of the legal profession because of the soundness of its decisions and the great ability with which it handles intricate and difficult questions of law and fact. A few years ago it was quite a common thing for the Supreme Court upon appeal to reverse decisions rendered by the Court of Claims, but recently the reversal of the latter's decisions by the highest court in the land is comparatively rare."

THE BRAZILIAN REVOLUTION.

Immediate Cause of the Revolt Told for the First Time.

A Rio Janeiro cable says: Two battalions stationed in this city were ordered from Rio to distant provinces. The military officers in a secret meeting resolved to resist. The Government, on attempting to enforce the order, was abandoned by the garrison. The Minister of the Navy resisted arrest and was shot. The Ministry, deeming resistance useless, submitted, and the triumphant army proclaimed a federative republic and appointed a provisional government, which promises to respect national obligations, the life, property, and rights of citizens. There is no opposition to the revolution and tranquillity is restored.

WILL ENFORCE THE ANTI-TRUST LAW.

Missouri Officials to Proceed Against Recalcitrant Corporations in That State.

Attorney General John M. Wood and Secretary of State Lesueur, of Missouri, have had a conference with Circuit Attorney Glover relative to the prosecution of the St. Louis corporations that failed to comply with the anti-trust law. "There are 500 Missouri corporations that have ignored the law," said Gen. Wood, "and two foreign companies. The charters of the Missouri companies have all been revoked, and now we propose to proceed against foreign and local corporations by information."

STANLEY HEARD FROM.

He Expects Soon to Be at Zanzibar—An Important Discovery.

A London dispatch of the 21st says: Mr. McKinnon, head of the Emlin Pasha relief committee, has received a cable dispatch from Henry M. Stanley announcing his arrival at Mpwapwa, and stating that he expects to reach Zanzibar in four or five days. Mr. Stanley's dispatch also states that he has made the important discovery that there is an extension of Lake Nyanza.

UTAH SOUTHERN EXTENSION.

Contracts Let for Its Completion to the Pacific Coast.

A contract has been let for the extension of the Utah Southern to Pioche, Nev., and contracts for the remainder of the line will be ready very soon. The expectation is that the road will be completed within two years. Redondo is to be the seaboard terminus, and extensive preparations for shipping are to be made.

A FATHER'S AWFUL CRIME.

Joseph Smith, a New York Letter-Carrier, Fatally Wounds His Two Children.

A New York dispatch says: Two babies were shot by their father, Joseph Smith, a letter-carrier, at East Ninth street. Elizabeth, aged 2 years, is dead with a bullet in her stomach. Mary, aged 11 months, was shot in the heart and cannot live. Smith has been arrested.

Wants Sullivan and Jackson to Fight.

The California Athletic Club of San Francisco have decided to offer a purse of \$10,000 for a fight for the world's championship between John L. Sullivan and Peter Jackson. In the club-room Billy McCarthy, the Australian middle-weight, knocked out Denny Kelleher, of Boston, in twenty-one rounds.

A Cable to Hayti.

Secretary of State Blaine has authorized the French Cable Company to land cables at Charleston, S. C., which will place the United States in direct telegraphic connection with Hayti, San Domingo, and Cuba, and also with the republics of Central and South America.

Cabinet Crisis in Uruguay.

A Montevideo dispatch says: The members of the ministry have tendered their resignations. It is reported that this action is due to a dispute which has arisen between the President and the Minister of War.

Missouri's New Election Law.

The new Missouri election law will prevent the Prohibition and Union Labor parties from nominating candidates at the next election, because they did not poll 3 per cent. of all the votes cast at the last election.

Architects in Convention.

At Cincinnati the Western Association of American Architects consolidated with the National Institute of American Architects, and R. M. Hunt has been chosen temporary chairman of the new organization, with N. S. Patton as Secretary.

Cavalryman Thomas Dead.

J. D. Thomas, aged 48 years, a cavalryman from Pennsylvania during the entire war, and on Kilpatrick's staff during Sherman's march to the sea, is dead at Bellefontaine. He was made a postmaster in New Jersey by President Hayes.

Important Life Insurance Decision.

At New York a jury has returned a verdict for \$11,100 against the Savings Life Assurance Society in favor of the widow of a

man who was murdered in Mexico. The company had refused to pay the insurance on the ground that, by going out of the United States the insured became liable for an extra premium.

Justus H. Rathbone Dying.

J. H. Rathbone, of Washington, founder of the order of the Knights of Pythias, is prostrated at a hotel in Lima, Ohio, with an immense carbuncle. He is not expected to live, and his family has been telegraphed for.

The Pope and the Irish Question.

The Cologne Volks Zeitung, a Catholic paper, says that the Pope is willing to arbitrate the Irish question if asked to do so by the English Government or the Parnellites.

An Expert Counterfeiter in Jail.

Robert Crockett, a noted counterfeiter, is in prison at St. Joseph, Mo., for passing \$5 bills of such expert workmanship as to deceive the bank cashiers. Uncle Sam's detectives are on the track of his accomplice.

Generous Gifts for the Poor.

Mr. Edward Guinness, of London, has given \$200,000 as a fund for the improving of the homes of the poorest of the poor of London and £50,000 for the same class in Dublin.

To Consolidate Two Railway Systems.

President Adams says that a new company—to be controlled by the Union Pacific Road—is to be formed to control the Fort Worth and Colorado systems of the Union Pacific, but no papers have yet been passed.

Will Admit Brazil's Delegates.

The All-American Conference Committee on Credentials has considered the credentials of the Brazilian delegation at Washington, and favors its admission.

An Agricultural Party in France.

Several members of the French Chamber of Deputies, led by Leon Say, have formed an Agricultural party, irrespective of politics or the policy of protection.

A Kansas Insurance Company Closed.

The Topeka (Kan.) Insurance Company has been closed by the State Superintendent of Insurance on account of violation of the law by the company.

Narrow Escape from Flames.

Fire at Baldwinville, N. Y., destroyed the Seneca Hotel and the buildings adjoining. Loss, about \$250,000. The guests at the hotel had a narrow escape.

Proposed Northern Pacific Extension.

A Winnipeg, Man., dispatch says: The Northern Pacific Railroad has decided to build into the Souris district at once. About forty-five miles will be built this year.

Must Bury the Wires.

The Cincinnati Board of Public Works has ordered the electric-light wires to be buried. The order awaits the approval of Council.

Jeff Davis Out of Danger.

A New Orleans dispatch reports that Jefferson Davis has considerably improved and is entirely free of fever, with the indications that he will recover.

Five Sailors Drowned.

Five men have been drowned off Empire City, Oregon, by the wrecking of the tug Fearless, owned by the Simpson Lumber Company.

Jurisdiction Over No Man's Land.

A decision has been rendered that the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas has jurisdiction over No Man's Land.

The Grangers' Next Meeting Place.

At Sacramento, Cal., the National Grange decided upon Atlanta, Ga., as the place for holding the next annual meeting.

More Men for the Brotherhood.

Thompson and Farrar, of the Philadelphia Base-ball Club, are reported to have signed Brotherhood contracts.

Boulanger's Election Invalidated.

The French Election Bureau, by a vote of 13 to 12, has invalidated the election of M. Naquet and Gen. Boulanger.

Death of a Confederate Senator.

W. T. Dorch, 65 years old, a prominent member of the Confederate States Senate, is dead at Goldsboro, N. C.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime.....	4.50 @ 5.25
Good.....	3.50 @ 4.50
Common.....	2.50 @ 3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50 @ 4.00
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.80 @ .80 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.32 1/2 @ .33
OATS—No. 2.....	.20 @ .21
RYE—No. 2.....	.45 @ .45
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.22 @ .25
CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....	.09 1/2 @ .09 3/4
EGGS—Fresh.....	.21 @ .22
POTATOES—Choice new, per bu.....	.30 @ .35
PORK—Mess.....	9.50 @ 10.00
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—Cash.....	.82 @ .82 1/2
CORN—No. 3.....	.30 1/2 @ .31 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.22 1/2 @ .23 1/2
RYE—No. 1.....	.47 @ .48
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.48 @ .49
PORK—Mess.....	9.50 @ 10.00
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 4.00
HOGS.....	3.25 @ 3.75
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.82 @ .83 1/2
CORN—No. 3 White.....	.33 @ .34
OATS—No. 2.....	.24 @ .24 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.83 @ .83 1/2
CORN—Cash.....	.34 1/2 @ .35 1/2
OATS—No. 1 White.....	.20 @ .21
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.....	3.50 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	3.75 @ 4.25
SHEEP.....	4.00 @ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.85 @ .87
CORN—No. 2.....	.42 @ .43
OATS—No. 2.....	.25 @ .26
RYE—No. 2.....	.40 @ .41
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.....	4.25 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
SHEEP.....	.78 1/2 @ .79
CORN—No. 2.....	.30 1/2 @ .31 1/2
OATS.....	.19 1/2 @ .20
RYE—No. 2.....	.40 @ .41
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers.....	3.50 @ 4.75
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.25 @ 4.00
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.76 1/2 @ .77 1/2
CORN—No. 1 White.....	.34 1/2 @ .35 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.22 1/2 @ .23 1/2
CINCINNATI.	
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.77 @ .78
CORN—No. 2.....	.37 @ .38
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.22 @ .22 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.45 @ .46
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Good to Prime.....	4.00 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.91 @ .92
CORN—No. 2.....	.38 @ .38 1/2

POPULAR GOVERNMENT.

PARTICULARS OF THE SOUTH AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Gen. Da Fonseca Provisional President and Dom Pedro Forced to Abdicate—The Articles of Federation of the Provisional Government.

A Rio Janeiro cable says: The city awoke last Friday to hear the republic proclaimed. Gen. Da Fonseca, Senator Constant, and others, proceeded to Petropolis in the morning and informed the Emperor that he had been deposed. Dom Pedro, surrounded by his family, received the deputation with absolute composure. Gen. Da Fonseca was the spokesman. He said that Brazil had advanced far enough in the path of civilization to dispense with the monarchy. The country, while grateful to the Emperor for his patriotic services, was firmly resolved to recognize only the republic. Dom Pedro made a dignified reply. He declined to abdicate, but said he would yield to force.

The imperial family was allowed one hour to prepare for their departure. Carriages escorted by soldiers were waiting to take them to the outer harbor, where a man-of-war was lying under steam. The captain had been instructed to sail as soon as the imperial family had embarked. He had received sealed orders instructing him what route to take. It is supposed that Lisbon is the destination of the vessel. The republic will allow the deposed Emperor 500 contos de reis per annum during his life.

The denomination adopted by the government for the republic is the United States of Brazil. The Governors named by the provisional government are all military men. The province of Bahia has proclaimed for the republic. Peace and quietness reign.

The five articles of the government decree are:

1. The republic is proclaimed.
2. The provinces of Brazil, united by federation, compose the United States of Brazil.
3. Each State will form its own local government.
4. Each State will send a representative to the Congress, which will convene shortly, and the final decision of which the provisional government will await.
5. Meantime the Governors of the States will adopt means to maintain order and protect the citizens' rights. The nation's internal relations will be presented meanwhile by the provisional Government.

Senor Patrocinio has been imprisoned for conspiring against the republic. Peace and quietness reign.

A London dispatch says: Dr. Barboza, the new Brazilian minister of finance, has telegraphed to the Brazilian minister here to the following effect:

"The government is constituted as the United States of Brazil. The monarchy is deposed and Dom Pedro and his family have left the country. The provinces have signified their adherence to the government. Tranquillity and general satisfaction prevail. The republic will strictly respect all State engagements, obligations, and contracts."

The Brazilian minister is directed to notify the stock exchange that all financial engagements entered into by the imperial government will be faithfully observed by the republic.

A long cablegram has been received at Washington, by the Brazilian minister, containing a complete official confirmation of the report of the revolution already published.

The communication states officially that the empire is abolished and the Emperor sent out of the country; that a republic has been established under the name of the United States of Brazil; that a provisional government has been formed with the officers already named in the public dispatches; that all the provinces have assented to the new government; that peace and order prevail, and that the new government will carry out all the contracts and agreements of the old one. This information the minister laid officially before the State department. The cablegram does not state whether the minister and other representatives of the former government here will be recalled or directed to continue their relations as before, nor does it refer to the delegates to the marine conference or the pan-American congress now in session here. It is presumed by the officials themselves that the matter will not be determined until the new government has had time and opportunity to shape its policy and determine with reference to its officers to carry out the same. The minister desires it to be stated that he has not resigned and has not been recalled.

Just before the marine conference rose for the noon recess Admiral Viel, of Chili, announced that he had been requested by Capt. Gama and Maurity, the delegates from Brazil, to say that in view of the present condition of affairs in that country they would no longer sit in the conference.

London special: The Brazilian minister at Vienna has received a cable briefly detailing the facts of the revolution. His information is to the effect that Fonseca, now provisional president of Brazil, secured the treachery of the garrison to the imperial government by promises of pay. The army seized Rio Janeiro on Thursday. A committee with a detachment of military proceeded on Friday morning to the imperial palace at Petropolis and informed the Emperor in the presence of his family that he had been deposed. Dom Pedro received the news with composure. Within an hour he was placed on a mail steamer to sail for Lisbon.