

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. McEWEEN, PUBLISHER.

THE WORLD OVER.

A MIRROR OF THE IMPORTANT OCCURRENCES OF A WEEK.

Things That Do Happen—A Complete Record of Interesting Events the World Over—Shocking Accidents, Startling Crimes, Other Topics.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

The Agricultural Bureau's Weekly Crop Bulletin.

The weekly weather crop bulletin issued by the Signal Office says:

The weather has been favorable for all growing crops throughout the central valleys and Northwest, except in Dakota, where drought has caused some injury to wheat, oats, and barley, but corn is reported fine and growing rapidly in this State and generally throughout the corn belt. From Minnesota reports show that the crops are improved, but more rain is needed in the Red River Valley country. Reports from Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky, and Arkansas show the conditions for the week especially favorable for corn, which has made rapid growth. Harvesting is in progress as far north as the fourth parallel in the central valleys. Thrashing is in progress in Tennessee, and the damage to wheat from excessive rains has been overestimated. Reports from the tobacco regions of Kentucky, Tennessee and North Carolina show that the crop is doing well. Favorable rains occurred over the cotton region. In Alabama, Northern Louisiana, Arkansas and South Carolina the cotton crop is improved by seasonable weather and well distributed rains. In Mississippi the crop was not injuriously affected. In Southern Louisiana the rice and sugar crops are improved by abundant rains, but a week's dry weather would still further improve the crops. In the Middle Atlantic States, New England and Ohio some injury resulted from continuous rains and the absence of sunshine, although the crop prospects continue good in these sections. Reports from Southern New England show all crops, including tobacco, improved and in fine condition.

NORTHERN PACIFIC PLANS.

A Combination with the Grand Trunk to Be Undertaken.

T. F. Oakes, President of the Northern Pacific, in an interview in St. Paul, denies emphatically that his company proposes to withdraw from its Canadian relations, and admits that negotiations are under way looking to the purchase of the Northwest Central Railway. The great inducement to buy the Wisconsin Central, he added, was because his road would thereby be able to affiliate with the Grand Trunk and thus secure a through route to the Atlantic. The Northwest Central Road will be completed through Manitoba to Edmonton, and then extended to the Pacific coast over what is known as the "Mackenzie route," terminating at Skeena Bay.

FOUGHT WITH THE POLICE.

William O'Brien's Arrest at Cork Followed by a Riot.

The government's proclamation forbidding the holding of a Nationalist meeting at Cork, Ireland, was disregarded, scattered meetings being held at several places in that city and vicinity. The result was that William O'Brien, member of Parliament, and other speakers were arrested. After the arrest of Mr. O'Brien the crowd stoned the police, who in turn charged upon the people with drawn batons. Several persons were injured, including Patrick O'Brien, a member of Parliament, who shook hands with William O'Brien after the latter was arrested.

AROUND THE DIAMOND.

Base-Ballists Competing for the League Championship.

The official standing of the ball clubs that are in the race for the championship of the associations named is given below:

National W. L.	American W. L.	Pe. W. L.
Boston.....34 15	St. Louis.....40 21	666
Cleveland.....34 21	Athletic.....35 21	625
New York.....29 19	Brooklyn.....35 23	603
Philadelphia.....27 25	Baltimore.....33 25	568
Chicago.....24 29	Cincinnati.....31 27	534
Pittsburg.....23 29	Kansas City.....25 32	488
Indianapolis.....19 31	Columbus.....23 35	396
Washington.....13 34	Louisville.....10 51	163

Western W. L.	Pe. Interstate W. L.	Pe. W. L.
Omaha.....34 15	Quincy.....27 23	540
St. Paul.....34 15	Springfield.....26 23	530
St. Louis.....34 15	Davenport.....23 25	509
Minneapolis.....23 25	Kansas City.....25 32	488
Denver.....23 25	Portland.....23 30	480
Des Moines.....23 25	Burlington.....23 30	433
St. Joseph.....15 31		333
Milwaukee.....12 34		230

NAMED FOR CONSULS.

Selections to Represent Us in Cities of Other Lands.

The President has made the following consular appointments:

William T. Sorsby, of Mississippi, at Guyana; Edward C. Goodenow, of Maine, at St. Thomas, N. B.; Daniel E. Hubbard, at Annaberg, Germany; Hugo M. Starkloff, of Missouri, at Bremen; William F. Gunnell, of New York, at Manchester; John A. Tibbits, of Connecticut, at Bradford; Robert W. Turner, of Kansas, at Cadix; M. D. Sampson, of Kansas, at St. Johns, N. B.

FITTING END FOR A BRUTE.

After Beating His Family He Throws Himself Beneath a Railroad Train.

At Baltimore John S. Brommell, 50 years old, who had been drinking heavily, returned to his home and made a savage attack on his wife and nine children, all of whom were brutally beaten. Brommell was finally ejected and went to the track of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. When a train appeared he deliberately threw himself in front of the locomotive and was cut to pieces.

FIRE CAUSED BY LIGHTNING.

Heavy Loss at Worcester Caused by the Destruction of a Warehouse.

At Worcester, Mass., during a heavy shower, the storehouse of the Paul Whitin Manufacturing Company at Rockdale, North Bridge, was struck by lightning and set on fire. The storehouse contained more than \$40,000 worth of goods, and the fire burned for three hours, causing a heavy loss, which is covered by insurance.

ENCOURAGING PROSPECTS.

The Crop Outlook Favorable and Trade Active.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

It has been a week of considerable excitement in speculative circles, all of heavy general trade without material change in conditions. As all depends in a large measure at this season upon crop prospects, it is most encouraging to find the reports in this particular unusually favorable, the only noteworthy exception being that some damage to cotton and grain from frequent rains is reported at Galveston. In the Northwest the grain outlook is particularly fine, great improvement being reported in quarters where there had been some apprehension. With crops of unusual magnitude highly probable, and with the general volume of business so maintained that an increase of 30 percent, over last year's output in the clearing-house returns, the prospect is not gloomy. Detroit notes quiet business and Kansas City and Omaha report fair activity. At Milwaukee improvement is seen, with greater activity, and at Cleveland and Pittsburgh the iron and other trades continue to mend. Collections are still slow at Milwaukee, but at Detroit there is a visible improvement. The money markets continue amply supplied. In the iron business there is a stronger feeling at all points, with quotable improvement in mill iron. The money market has stiffened to some extent here, as is natural after the heavy exports of gold. There is nowhere observable any actual stringency, nor is apprehension noticeably influential. The business failures number 215, as compared with 221 the week previous. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 201.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Those Who Have Been Successful in Their Aspirations.

The President has appointed Frederick Douglass to be Minister Resident and Consul General to Hayti. Secretary Windom has appointed Capt. William M. Meredith, of Chicago, to be Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Other appointments are as follows:

John G. Watts, of Virginia, to be United States Marshal for the Western District of Virginia; James A. Connelly, of Illinois, to be United States Attorney for the Southern District of Illinois; A. McKinney, of Missouri, Special Agent of the General Land Office; Fred H. Newall, of Pennsylvania, Assistant Hydraulic Engineer of the Geological Survey; D. M. Randall, of Indiana, to be Marshal of the District of Columbia; J. G. Wright, of Dakota, to be Indian Agent at Rosebud Agency, Dak.; Harry McL. Huse, to be Lieutenant, junior grade, in navy.

Henry H. Lawrence, to be Assayer of the Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Cal.; Michael E. Smith, to be Assayer of the Mint of the United States at Denver, Colo.; James E. Fitch, of the District of Columbia, to be Trustee of the Reform School of the District of Columbia; C. C. James, of New York, was appointed Post-Notary at New York City, vice C. Z. G. Halpin, removed.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—John J. Hutchinson, District of Connecticut; Isaac Morfett, First District of New Jersey; Elihu A. White, Fourth District of North Carolina; C. W. Arnold, District of Georgia; Marcus Bogg, Eleventh District of Ohio; J. C. Graves, Sixth District of Indiana; Judas C. Starr, Fifth District of Illinois. Collectors of Customs—William J. Mora, for the district of Buffalo Creek, N. Y.; Enos J. Pennybacker, for the district of Wilmington, N. C.; Philip M. Smith, to be Surveyor of Customs for the Port of Indianapolis.

THE LAST RITES.

Simple Ceremonies at the Burial of Mrs. Hayes.

The body of Mrs. B. B. Hayes, the late wife of the ex-President, was buried in Oakwood Cemetery, at Fremont, Ohio. All business in Fremont was suspended, and during the funeral services at Spiegel Grove the fine grounds of the house were crowded with the friends and neighbors of Mr. Hayes. Fully six thousand people were present, and every carriage or other wheeled vehicle in the city was pressed into service in carrying the throngs. The burial services were simple and impressive, opening with the reading of Psalm xxiii, by the Rev. J. M. Mills, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to which Mrs. Hayes belonged. A quartette choir then sang the hymn, "My Jesus as Thou Wilt," after which the Rev. Dr. James W. Bashford, President of Ohio Wesleyan University, offered prayer. The choir then sang the hymn "When Peace, Like a River, Attendeth My Way," after which L. D. McCabe, who had known the dead from childhood, spoke a brief eulogy.

ITS RECORDS GONE.

Camp 20 of the Clan-na-Gael Suddenly Disbanded.

Camp 20 of the Clan-na-Gael, at Chicago, has been disbanded. This camp is the one to which Dr. Cronin belonged, and which, it is thought, contained many—if not all—of his brutal murderers. The story is that it was Edward Spellman, acting in his capacity of District Officer of Illinois and Michigan, who disbanded it. When this information came upon the State's Attorney and the investigating committee it was a complete surprise. They were interested in preserving the camp intact for the present, their purpose being to obtain possession of all its records. The disbanding of the camp means the destruction of the records and the further thwarting of the authorities in their endeavor to investigate the secret doings of the notorious club. The State's Attorney has now a strong suspicion that Spellman disbanded the camp for the sole purpose of having its records destroyed.

PROTEST FROM THE CLAN-NA-GAEL.

A Manifesto Issued Relating to Dr. Cronin's Death.

The Executive Committee of the Clan-na-Gael have issued a manifesto to the public in which they say that the organization should not be held responsible for Dr. Cronin's death. In the course of the manifesto they say:

While we hold that a certain amount of privacy is justifiable and even necessary in conducting the proceedings of an organization like the Clan-na-Gael we distinctly and emphatically disclaim any right or intention to pledge, bind, order or authorize any one to commit any act forbidden by the laws of the United States, or to conceal knowledge which he may possess of any crime when summoned to testify before court or jury, or questioned in the confessional.

WENT THROUGH A BRIDGE.

A Train Wrecked and Two Persons Fatally Injured.

A terrible storm which swept over Southern Ohio was the cause of a terrible accident which occurred just south of Batavia, where the water undermined the foundations of a thirty-foot bridge. The south-bound mail train on the Ohio and Northwestern Road ran into it, and the whole train, consisting of three coaches, the mail coach, and the engine went into the water. Col. Sam Hunt, receiver of the road, and

W. O. Kain, the conductor, were both probably fatally hurt.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

Gov. Foraker Again Put at the Head of the Ticket.

The Ohio Republican State Convention, at Columbus, nominated the following ticket:

Governor, Joseph B. Foraker; Lieutenant Governor, E. L. Leamon; State Auditor, J. C. Dickman; Treasurer, John C. Brown; Secretary, Attorney General, D. K. Watson; Franklin, member of Board of Public Works, William Hahn of Richmond; School Commissioner, John Hancock, of Ross County, for long and short terms; Clerk of Supreme Court, U. H. Hesler of Van Wert.

Horse-Thieves Form a "Combine."

Many horses have been stolen from farmers living near the Lyon County (Kansas) line. It now appears that a gigantic conspiracy was hatched by several persons to steal all the stock that could be found and make away with it to the Indian Territory. When the time came for executing the plans dissensions arose among the conspirators and two of them—Triggs and Moore—broke away from the others and determined to act on their own hook. They have been arrested.

Three Men Meet Death in a Sewer.

At Kansas City, Mo., Thomas Lindquist, John Best, J. H. Winter, Otto Albach, and George Schultze, laborers, were making a sewer connection, when by mistake Lindquist knocked a hole in the sewer vault. The escaping gas overcame him, and he died almost instantly. Winter and Albach jumped into the ditch to rescue him, and were overcome by the foul gas. Schultze finally recovered the bodies of all from the ditch. Winter died soon after, and Albach is in a precarious condition.

Will Learn to Be Soldiers.

The President has made the following cadet appointments to the military academy from "at large":

Hugh D. Wise, son of Gen. John S. Wise, to fill the vacancy caused by the rejection of Cadet Dixon at the June examination, and John G. Gilmore, son of Capt. John C. Gilmore, Twenty-fourth Infantry, as alternate. David S. Stanley, son of Gen. D. B. Stanley, is appointed to fill the vacancy to occur June, 1890, by the graduation of Cadet Ruggles.

A Queer Case.

Charles Johnson, of Marshalltown, died at Spirit Lake, Iowa. His wife, who went after the body, says that she was not permitted to see the body, being told that her husband had died of small-pox, and that some one had set fire to the building and burned it body and all. She charges the attending physician with the deed.

Death of a Home-Ruler.

Walter Rice Howell Powell, member of Parliament for West Carmarthenshire, England, is dead. Mr. Powell was a Liberal, and was in favor of home rule for Ireland.

Union Pacific Engineers Successful.

The Board of Arbitration agreed upon between the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the engineers at Omaha has rendered a decision in favor of the engineers.

Manhattan College Commencement.

The commencement exercises of Manhattan College, New York, took place at the Metropolitan Opera House before a large audience. Archbishop Corrigan presided.

Six Persons Found Dead.

Four women and two men, all of disreputable character, were discovered dead in a low house at 47 Ely avenue, Paterson, N. J. Death was caused by asphyxiation.

Population of the Twin Cities.

The population of St. Paul and Minneapolis is, according to the new directories, close to half a million.

Weavers Strike.

The weavers of the Narragansett mills, at Fall River, Mass., have struck because of trouble with an overseer.

Death of a Noted Songstress.

Carlotta Patti, the well-known singer and sister of Adeline Patti, died in Paris, aged 49.

Commissioner Fink Released.

At the meeting of the trunk-line presidents in New York the resignation of Commissioner Fink was accepted.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime.....	\$4.25 @ 4.50
Good.....	3.50 @ 4.00
Common.....	2.50 @ 3.50
HOGS—Packing Grades.....	4.00 @ 4.75
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.83 @ .84
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .36
OATS—No. 2.....	.22 1/2 @ .23
RYE—No. 2.....	.40 1/2 @ .42 1/2
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.15 @ .16
CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....	.07 1/2 @ .08
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .12 1/2
POTATOES—Choice new, per brl.....	1.50 @ 2.25
PORK—Mess.....	11.50 @ 12.00
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—Cash.....	.79 @ .80
CORN—No. 3.....	.35 @ .36
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.27 1/2 @ .28 1/2
RYE—No. 1.....	.43 @ .44
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.50 @ .52
PORK—Mess.....	11.50 @ 12.00
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.....	3.50 @ 4.25
HOGS.....	4.25 @ 4.75
SHEEP.....	3.25 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.86 @ .87
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.35 @ .36 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.30 @ .31
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.87 @ .88 1/2
CORN—Cash.....	.36 @ .36 1/2
OATS—Cash.....	.24 @ .25
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.....	3.50 @ 4.50
HOGS.....	4.50 @ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.75 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.80 @ .89
CORN—No. 2.....	.42 @ .44
OATS—Mixed Western.....	.27 @ .30
PORK—New Mess.....	13.00 @ 13.50
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.....	3.50 @ 4.50
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.84 1/2 @ .85 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.31 1/2 @ .32
OATS.....	.22 1/2 @ .23 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.37 @ .40
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE.....	2.75 @ 4.25
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 4.25
LANBS.....	4.00 @ 5.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.85 @ .87
CORN—No. 2.....	.37 @ .38
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.25 @ .26
RYE—No. 2.....	.44 @ .46
PORK—Mess.....	12.00 @ 12.25
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Good.....	3.50 @ 4.00
Medium.....	3.00 @ 3.75
Butchers.....	2.00 @ 3.25
HOGS—Choice.....	4.00 @ 4.30
Medium.....	3.75 @ 4.15
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 4.25

END OF A WORTHY LIFE.

THE WIFE OF THE EX-PRESIDENT PASSES AWAY.

A Stroke of Paralysis Prostrated Her, and She Never Rallied—Brief Sketch of the Life of a Noble and Accomplished Woman.

A Fremont (Ohio) dispatch of the 25th says: Mrs. Hayes died at 6:30 o'clock this morning of paralysis, with which she was stricken down the previous Friday.

Mrs. Hayes' maiden name was Lucy Ware Webb. She was born Aug. 28, 1831, at Chillicothe, Ohio, and was the youngest child and only daughter of Dr. James Webb and Maria Cook. Her grandfather, Judge Isaac Cook, came from Connecticut in 1781, and he, together with all of her great-grandfathers, served in the revolution.



MRS. R. B. HAYES.

tionary war. Her father served in the war of 1812, and during the cholera scourge in Lexington, Ky., in 1833.

Her mother, Maria Cook Webb, was a woman of great force of character and deep religious convictions. She removed to Delaware to have her son educated at the Ohio Wesleyan university, and her daughter received the benefit of the same instruction and was afterward graduated at the Wesleyan Female seminary at Cincinnati in 1852. Mrs. Hayes was married Dec. 13, 1852. At the breaking out of the rebellion her husband and both of her brothers immediately entered the army, and from that time until the close of the war her home was a refuge for wounded, sick, and furloughed soldiers, going to or returning from the front. She spent two winters in camp with her husband in Virginia, and after the battle of South Mountain, where he was badly wounded, she hastened east and joined him at Middletown, Md., and later spent much time in the hospital near Frederick City.

After the close of the war she accompanied her husband to Washington while he was a member of Congress. She was one of the originators of the Ohio Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' home, and was on its board of directors before it passed into the hands of the State. While her husband was Governor of Ohio she took an active interest in all the charitable institutions of the State. During the four years of her life at the White House she was distinguished by the graceful cordiality with which she received all who came to her. Since the retirement of her husband from public life she has been an ardent interested member of the Woman's Relief corps, and has served during successive years as president of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church. She has been an honorary member of the Society of the Army of West Virginia.

POISONED AT A PICNIC.

Fifty Prostrated, Fourteen Beyond Recovery.

TORONTO, Ont., June 26.—Through the parsimony of a Woodstock druggist, who is now hiding in the woods in fear of his life, fifty people were poisoned at a picnic near there and it is thought that fourteen of them may die. Woodstock is a small village in the township of Zorra. On Saturday the farmers of that county gave a monster picnic in Willitt's grove, about two miles from the town. All was jollity until the picnicers were about to start for home, when suddenly a Miss Shaw, who was dancing on one of the platforms, fell in a fit. Friends had hardly started to apply restoratives when two other young ladies were similarly seized. The sudden interruption of the festivities caused very general alarm, which was intensified to horror when almost immediately others of the gathering to the number of fifty were stricken.

Several doctors were with the picnicers, and these, with others who were hastily summoned from the town, attended the sufferers. Noting the symptoms, the doctors at once pronounced it a case of poisoning. An investigation proved that only those who had partaken freely of the lemonade had been attacked, and the poisoning was readily traced to this source. It was discovered that the confectioner who had furnished the drink, in order to save lemons, had used in its concoction what he believed to be tartaric acid. Some of the powder which he had purchased from the new druggist remained, and on examination it was found to be sugar of lead, which had been sold in mistake for the harmless ingredient. The rage of the people almost amounted to madness, which they determined to vent upon Druggist Alexander, who was a stranger. A crowd quickly gathered and marched to his store. The shop was locked. A plank was torn from the sidewalk and used as a battering ram. The door was quickly broken down and the maddened men entered. There was no one in the store, but this did not decrease their rage, and in a few minutes the stock in trade of the druggist was scattered all over the street.

Although the majority of those poisoned are slowly recovering from the effects of the deadly mineral, fourteen of the number are reported to be dying, all being in a state of collapse, from which efforts of the physicians have so far failed to revive them.

ORDERED BY CAMP 20.

THUS WAS THE "REMOVAL" OF DR. CRONIN ACCOMPLISHED.

A Clan-na-Gael Man Said to Have Made a Full Confession to the State's Attorney Regarding the Brutal Butchery of the Irish Doctor—A Sensational Tale.

A Chicago dispatch of June 24 says: Camp 20 of the Clan-na-Gael and its methods will be thoroughly investigated by the grand jury, and it is more than probable that ten or more of its members will be indicted for the murder of Dr. Cronin. The State's attorney has already in his possession enough evidence to hang at least half of that number, and before the grand jury resumes consideration of the Cronin case Wednesday he expects to have a complete chain of evidence encircling the camp, or at least the guilty members of it.

Shortly after the finding of the body the State's attorney received an anonymous letter which set forth the details of a meeting of camp 20, which was held on a Friday in the latter part of February. John F. Beggs, the No. 1, and senior guardian of the camp, presided at this meeting, which was attended only by what is known as the inner circle of the camp, and the purpose for which the meeting was called was the trial of Dr. Cronin as a British spy. He was found guilty, the letter went on to state, and the punishment was fixed at death. Death was always the penalty which traitors paid, and Cronin was to be no exception to the rule.

The preliminaries having been disposed of, the question of who should be the executioners was taken up. Lots were drawn. The names of every man present were put on separate slips of paper and the lottery of murder was carried out in all its details. Who were the ones to whom the fearful deed was committed was not made known at the meeting. No one knew the names of the men who were to "remove" Dr. Cronin, except the man who was to notify them that they had been selected for the act of blood and were expected to begin at once. This man, the letter went on to state, was John F. Beggs.

At once every power of the police was put forth to find the author of the letter giving information which was so valuable if true. But without success. In vain the officers sought for some one who would admit that such a meeting had been held. All were obstinate in asserting that they never heard of such a meeting or such action by camp 20. In vain Coroner Hertz questioned every Clan-na-Gael man who was before the Coroner's jury as to the proceedings of the camp at its meetings since the 1st of January. Every one was ignorant.

To-day the light broke on the darkness which overcame camp 20. Detective Palmer had a long interview with Judge Longenecker early this morning, and about an hour later a flurried-looking man was admitted to the judge's office by the side door. He was a Clan-na-Gael man, and he corroborated the contents of the letter in every detail. Who he is could not be learned, but so satisfactory was the information he gave the judge and so complete the proof of the planning and premeditation of the Cronin murder in camp 20, that he said an hour later: "I've got evidence enough now to hang half a dozen."

It is claimed that State's Attorney Longenecker has a list of the names of all the men who attended the secret meeting at which Dr. Cronin's removal was ordered.

This man further revealed, it is said, that the trial, condemnation, and execution of Dr. Cronin was entirely in accordance with the usages of the clan as practiced in other cases, notably that of the informer Carey, who was tried by the same process under which Dr. Cronin suffered death.

All that could be learned of the mysterious visitor to Judge Longenecker was that he was a Clan-na-Gael man, a former member of camp 20, who had been present at the meeting, but had taken no part in the deliberations, which ended in the order for Cronin's assassination. He will be carefully guarded by the police to prevent anyone from tampering with him, but he will not be arrested and no sign will be made by the officers that would indicate to the conspirators that he was under the protection of the police.

There is a growing belief on the part of the authorities that Dan Coughlin was the chosen chief executioner of the tribunal's sentence, and that, knowing his fellow camp members thoroughly, it was an easy matter to select the prisoner, Burke, and the suspect, Cooney, or "Simons," and it was no hard work for him to secure the permission of O'Sullivan to the fixing of the neat job by which Dr. Cronin was lured away to the place of assassination.

Senior Guardian John F. Beggs was found by a reporter in the company of Harry Jordan. Mr. Beggs declared that the latest story about camp 20 of the Clan-na-Gael was a monstrous fib, and said:

"I only hope some Clan-na-Gael man is 'quealing,' as they call it, for then I will be set right. I have been getting the worst of it all along in this case. If I have made some mistakes I have been struggling hard to get a good footing, and just when I see the light of day this thing comes upon me. Of course I am senior guardian of camp 20, but such things as they charge against that or any other camp of the Clan-na-Gael are absurd and impossible. If anyone can tell me the object of the order I would like to learn it. For two years it has had no purpose. You just went to the meetings, paid 50 cents for monthly dues, heard some fellow sing a song, some other fellow make a speech, and then went home convinced that another great step had been taken in the cause of Ireland. That's all there has been to the Clan-na-Gael."

"How about the alleged trial of Cronin before the 'inner circle' of camp 20?"

"It's bosh. There's no such thing as an 'inner circle.' Anybody can prefer a charge against any member of the order and the member will be tried before a committee of seven. The man charged is always notified and is given the benefit of counsel. There never was any trial of Cronin in camp 20. It is true that Cooney, Burke, Coughlin, and Sullivan were members of the camp, and that three of them are behind the bars, while the other ran away from town. Two-thirds of the members of the camp were warm friends of Dr. Cronin, and I was always his friend."