The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. McEWEN, - - - - PUBLISHER.

A NEWSY MELANGE.

DOINGS OF OUR NEIGHBORS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Events of Interest and Importance in Every Quarter of the Globe, Religious Intelligence, Crimes and Casualties, Industrial Notes, Personal Mention.

OFFICIAL CROP REPORT.

The Condition Generally Favorable for Spring Work.

The Signal Office weather and crop report is as follows:

The week ended March 9 was colder than usual in the South, and warmer than usual in the Eastern, Central, and Northern States. There has been an unusually heavy rainfall in the Dakotas and in Northern Minnesota, while in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Southern Michigan about 60 per cent. of the normal rainfall is reported. Notwithstanding the deficiency of moisture in the winter-wheat region the reports indicate that the weather in that section has affected this crop favorably. In the spring-wheat section the ground is reported in fine condition, and sowing is in progress in the Dakotas and Nebraska. Reports from Tennessee, Arkansas and the Gulf States show that the weather has been favorable for farm work, which is well advanced, and crops are in good condition. The season is a few days later than usual in the South Atlantic States, where the weather has been cool and the ground moist. The ground is covered with snow over the greater portion of New England and New York, while the crops have been exposed in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, but reports indicate that wheat in these States has not been materially injured.

MASKS AND REVOLVERS.

They Clean Out a Store at Forbes, Mo., in Which Were Several Men.

A sensation was created at the small town of Forbes, Mo., thirty miles north of St. Joe, by the bold robbery of the principal store in town. Three men, their faces hidden by heavy false beards, with drawn revolvers, entered the store of Young & Co., in which were fifteen or twenty citizens talking and playing checkers. They were ordered to throw up their hands, and promptly obeyed. Two of the thieves kept their revolvers on the crowd while the third went through the cash-drawer. Then, turning to the crowd, each man was ordered to deliver his valuables on penalty of death. The robbers only secured $50 in cash, with many watches and other goods. They then warned the crowd not to move for ten minutes, went outside and disappeared before the alarm was given.

OKLAHOMA BOOMERS.

Harry Hill Outlines a Vigorous Plan to Get Them Across the Line.

The latest information in regard to the movements of the Oklahoma boomers is to the effect that Harry Hill, in an interview, said he had formulated his plan of action. The boomers are to be massed at Caldwell and Hunnewell, Kan. These he will lead in person, while a company from the west will be in command of Col. Cole, and the people from the south will be under a competent leader. He says in thirty days he can cross the line with a larger force than Payne ever had. If pursued, he says he will cut every wire fence in the Cherokee strip and burn the grass to the Chickasaw line. Col. Crocker writes to Col. Hill that the 30,000 people in the Chickasaw Nation are wild, and that he can not restrain them.

BUTCHERY IN HAYTI.

Capt. Frazer Brings Word of a Bloody Massacre by Legitime's Men.

The steamship Coban has arrived at New York from Port de Paix, Hayti. Capt. Frazer said: "We arrived at Port de Paix from Santiago de Cuba on Feb. 21. We found the natives almost destitute, their chief article of food being raw sugar-cane. Little food was to be had in the town, and pork was offered at $35 a barrel. Flour was $18 a barrel. The natives had relapsed almost to a condition of savagery. A terrible battle took place in the interior in which 200 or 300 were killed. Legitime's army attacked the Hippolyte forces at Grand Saline, and after several repulses succeeded in carrying the outposts and were soon masters of the city, when the prisoners were butchered and their bodies horribly mutilated."

CHOSE AN ILLINOISAN.

George C. Tichenor Selected as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Secretary Windom has begun the reorganization of the Treasury Department by the selection of George C. Tichenor, of Illinois, as Assistant Secretary in place of Judge Maynard, resigned. Mr. Tichenor has been a special agent of the department for a number of years, and has performed many important and delicate services in connection with the customs administration. He is particularly well known in New York City, having assisted in nearly all the investigations of customs business of that port in recent years. He is regarded as an authority on tariff matters, and in his new position will have direct supervision of the customs service.

Death of Mrs. Rosa M. Leland.

Mrs. Rosa M. Leland, widely known as a theatrical manageress, died in Albany, N. Y., of nervous prostration. She acquired celebrity as Rosa St. Clair at Daly's and Booth's Theaters, in New York City, in 1872 and 1873. In 1882 she married Charles E. Leland of the hotel family. Since 1881 she was proprietress of the Leland Opera-House in Albany.

Sparks from the Wires.

William Munzenmaler was killed by O. Weir at Charleston, S. C., during a fight in a bar-room.

James McCormick, residing in Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, has commenced suit in Youngstown, Ohio, against the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, asking a judgment of $40,000 for the death of his son, William McCormick, an employ of the road, who was killed.

THAT GREAT BALL.

It Proves a Grand Success and Is Largely Attended.

The shifting scenes of the great inaugural panorama culminated on the evening of the 4th inst., in the brilliant ball at the new pension building. No more glorious pageant ever marked the momentous transfer of the destinies of a nation into new and honored hands, says a Washington special, and then continues:

Aside from all the patriotic sentiment which clothes such an event as this in national importance, the eye feasted on a scene unparalleled in magnificence, splendor, and social eclat. The richly decorated galleries and corridors and apartments made artistic background for the notable assemblage of men and women from all parts of the country, who promenaded the stately length of the vast hall or watched the gay scene from the galleries. Aside from the radiant pleasure of such a picture, and forgetful of the decorations that seemed so well a harmonious part of it, there was an atmosphere of refinement and of beauty that marked with an indelible touch the progress of a great nation in those subtle arts that wealth cannot evince without cultivation and taste. The decorations of the ball-room were very elaborate and rich. The Presidential party entered the hall when the brilliant scene was at its height. Looking down from the galleries it seemed as if every inch of space in the diamond-tiled floor was filled with people. A sea of upturned faces watched their entrance and accompanied with longing looks the disappearance of the procession up the stairway. The President looked pale and a trifle careworn, and gave a sigh of pleasant relief when the doors of his reception-room were thrown open and the little party had a few minutes to themselves while they were divested of their wraps by the maids in attendance. President Harrison stood about the center of the room. His manner was decidedly cordial. He repeated, quietly but clearly, the name of each person introduced with "I am glad to see you." Mrs. Harrison took no part in the reception. She stood an intent and almost breathless watcher of the passing line. The Presidential party, Mrs. Harrison escorted by ex-Senator Boutwell, made a circuit of the vast hall, the President bowing and smiling in every direction, and then returned to the reception-room. Then began the inauguration ball. Every nook and corner was alive with well-dressed humanity. Fully fifteen thousand persons were present, and when the ball closed at 3 o'clock a. m. another great social and historical event in the nation's record had been accomplished. The supper was a magnificent triumph of the culinary art, and was partaken of by thousands. Mrs. Harrison's gown was a strikingly elaborate one, the fabric being an exquisite brocade of purely American manufacture. It was a combination of two materials, brocade and apricot faille. The brocade had a groundwork of French gray satin of fine, smooth texture, and the figures which covered its surface were oak leaves and burrs. The petticoat was of smooth apricot faille. A magnificent flounce of point was laid lengthwise from the hem to the belt line. Broad panels of the brocade lined with the faille covered the sides of the front. The design gracefully lessened in width as it reached the waist line. A deep insertion of lace edged the panels, with a short fringe of gold and silver over the point flounce at the foot. The bodice was cut V shaped and like the train was made of the faille. The opening at the neck was filled in quite up to the throat with a beaded network of small gold and silver beads and the elbow sleeves were finished with passementerie in gold and silver. The train was very long and fell away from the waist-line with a thickly plaited panel. Diamonds in a handsome pendant were worn. The gloves were pale-gray Suede, just reaching the elbow sleeve. Her hair was worn in a fluffy bang over the forehead and smoothly coiled low on the neck.

NOMINATIONS NOT CONFIRMED.

List of Those Made by President Cleveland Before His Term Expired.

The following Postmasters nominated by President Cleveland during the last two months of his administration failed to secure confirmation:

Dakota—William Hope, Minot; George W. Pratt, Sturgis; John J. Fitzgerald, Madison; George L. Baker, Britton; Ole Shager, Parker.

Idaho—Lewis T. Brock, Bellevieu; Herman Krause, Hailey.

Illinois—Levi Booth, Chillicothe; Charles W. Jones, Griggsville; Lewis H. O'Connor, Austin; Harry M. Rolston, Kensington; Mrs. Kittie L. Scott, Galena; Samuel P. Topts, Centralia; Samuel C. Skemp, Maywood; Frances J. Wusmantic, Naperville; George W. Smith, Flora; Rebecca Snape, Petersburg; Charles H. Manning, Grand Crossing.

Indiana—Norman Fisher, Huntingburg; Benjamin F. Price, Seymour; Lotta E. Smith, Union City.

Iowa—John J. Brennan, Correctionville; Geo. A. Enright, Marcus; Peter Johnson, Estherville; R. E. Kearney, Sheldon; Nicholas C. Stanton, West Liberty; John B. Wilson, Corning; Frank A. Glass, Cresco; James E. Latchum, Montezuma; Seth Smith, Manning; Samuel W. Summers, Clarion; James A. Totten, Griswold; Mollie G. Moffit, Tipton; Celestine Gibbons, Keokuk.

Kansas—Harriet L. Vedder, Washington; John M. Barnes, Lyndon; Henry C. Carter, Baldwin; Dennis Foley, Coolidge; John A. Simons, Greenleaf; Alphonso Bichel, Florence; Charles L. Burns, Argentine; Samuel Clark, Baxter Springs; Mrs. Clara L. Nichols, Fort Leavenworth; Henry C. Miller, Horton.

Michigan—Josiah G. Miller, Bangor; L. Loana Stacey, Tecumseh; George F. Kelley, Ironwood; Daniel E. Soper, Newaygo; Myron B. Brooks, Nashville; Eugene W. Burkhart, Fowlerville; Jeremiah Drennan, Wyandotte; Frank G. Rice, Benton Harbor; Henry S. Wymer, Morenci; Frank McMahon, Au Sable; Albert P. McIntyre, Warren.

Minnesota—Almond B. Davis, Winnebago City.

Wisconsin—Myron Reed, Waupaca; William C. Brawley, Mauston; Charles Chaffee, Rhinelander; George A. Loth, Rice Lake; Alexander J. McRae, West Superior; James W. McCabe, Clinton; Frederick B. Phelps, Lancaster; John M. Hibbard, Stoughton.

Colorado—Nels Kellerup, Black Hawk; Joseph B. Morton, Yuma.

NOT SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT.

A List of the Bills Which Failed to Become Laws.

The following is a list of the bills which did not receive the President's signature before the adjournment of Congress, and failed to become laws:

The act for a bridge across the Arkansas River, near Cummings Landing, Ark.; the act to require the United States Circuit and District Judges to instruct the jury in writing in certain cases; the act to make Port Angeles, W. T., a port of delivery; the act granting the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company the right of way through the Indian Territory; the act granting the right of way through the Indian Territory to the Leavenworth and Rio Grande Railroad Company, and acts granting pensions and other relief to Wesley Montgomery, Daniel M. Maulding, Noah W. Yoder, A. J. McCreary, Minnie A. Bailey, John Gallagher, Mary Murphy, Cyrus Tuttle, Ruth Ames, Levi B. Smith, Andrew J. Faust, Elizabeth E. Groff, Rosalie Junk, William Taylor, John Mann, Catharine Hayes, John B. Whitfield, John R. Trenton, D. M. Sprague, W. Tilton, Mary Horning, Sarah A. Harrison, Lavinia Wright, Ann E. Mussman, Elizabeth Jones, and Louisa V. A. Kilpatrick, widow of Major General Kilpatrick.

FIREWORKS AT WASHINGTON.

A Grand Exhibition Illuminating the Capital City.

The display of the deferred fireworks from the monument grounds at Washington, D. C., on the evening of the 6th inst., was undoubtedly the most brilliant ever witnessed in the Capital City. The exhibition began with an illumination of Pennsylvania avenue from the Treasury Department to the Capitol, a distance of over one mile, by means of magnesium suns, and for the space of five minutes the entire avenue glowed with a rich and varied light. At the conclusion of this illumination the display at the monument began. First a Presidential salute of pyrotechnic bombs fired from mortars and exploding with heavy reports high in the air, then a bewildering flight of rockets. The night was uncommonly dark, and the great white shaft of the Washington monument afforded a background the peer of which can hardly be found in the world. The first set-piece displayed was large portraits of President Harrison and Vice President Morton, framed in brilliant colors, resting upon an easel. So life-like were these portraits that at the distance of a mile each was readily recognized. The display was grand and was witnessed by thousands of people.

DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

A Big Iron Failure Tends to Unsettle Business—Trade Improving.

In their review of trade for the last week, R. G. Dun & Co. say:

The failure of an important iron establishment has checked, at least for the moment, a feeling of increasing confidence which seems to have been due less to any increase in demand than to a decrease in pressure to sell. At Pittsburgh prices were a little better, and at Philadelphia and New York more firm without advance. But the Reading failure has so changed the feeling that buyers are likely to be conservative. The coal market is despondent, but actual sales are reported about 50 cents below the schedule. The market for bituminous coal is dull. Lead is inactive at 3.7 cents. Oil has risen a fraction, but coffee has again been advanced nearly 1 cent to 19, and the market for pork products is stronger, with mess pork 50 cents higher at $12.50. After declining sharply to 94¾ cents, a fall of 3 cents, wheat rose to 96 cents, but declined ½ cent. The decline was due to further information of the large stocks remaining. Dakota alone, according to the latest figures, having about 11,000,000 bushels. Corn and oats have risen ½ cent each, with but moderate transactions. The price of cotton has been maintained. Reports from Cuba helped an advance of 3-16 on raw sugar; but leather is again a shade weaker for some grades, and the tone of the wool market is depressed by conservative demands of manufacturers and reports that the spring clip is likely to show an increase of 20 per cent. The dry goods market has been irregular. Reports from interior towns generally indicate improvement in the volume of business and in the demand for money. The reports of slow collections continue. During the week the Treasury took in only $600,000 more than it disbursed, and the outgo to the interior continued. The general average of prices for commodities declined during the week about one-third of 1 per cent. Business failures numbered 281 as compared with a total of 282 the previous week.

A STARTLING RUMOR CURRENT.

The Nipsic Said to Have Been Blown Up by the German Olga.

A San Francisco, Cal., special of the 8th inst. is as follows:

One of the most sanguinary naval battles in American history has taken place on the Pacific Ocean, a United States ship with all on board being blown out of the water by a German frigate. The catastrophe followed a plucky attack by the American vessel on the frigate, which at the time was engaged in an inhuman bombardment of the practically defenseless Samoans under Mataafa. The Germans had treated a protest from the Americans with contempt. All this at least is currently believed in San Francisco. The ground for this belief is the fact that private advices are received here to the following effect: The New York *Herald* is in receipt of a telegram from James Gordon Bennett, at Paris, confirming the Breslau dispatch about the Samoan trouble. Also that the *Herald* has a dispatch direct from Auckland, on Samoan affairs; also that a naval officer in Washington telegraphed to a naval officer at Mare Island here confirming the Breslau dispatch. The Breslau dispatch referred to is as follows: The *Schlesische Zeitung* prints the following sensational private telegram from Samoa: "The German frigate Olga has bombarded Mataafa's camp. The Captain of the American man-of-war protested, but, seeing his protest disregarded, he opened fire on the Olga. A shell burst between decks, doing much damage. The Olga then directed a torpedo at the American ship, blowing her up, with all hands."

POLITICAL POINTERS.

Interesting Happenings of More or Less Importance in the World of Politics.

It is stated that President Harrison desires the persons whom he shall appoint to the important offices shall receive the support of the majority of the delegation in Congress from their respective States.

A delegation of Arizona citizens visited Washington to urge President Harrison to make an early change in the Governorship of that Territory in order to break the deadlock existing between the executive and the Legislature.

Robert S. Chilton, a clerk in the State Department, has been appointed Private Secretary to Vice President Morton.

All the members of the Cabinet have received their commissions and have been formally inducted into office.

West Virginia is well supplied with Governors, having three ostensible ones—the old and present incumbent, E. W. Wilson, Gen. Goff and President Carr of the Senate. The muddle will have to be settled by the Supreme Court. Mr. Wilson yet acts as chief executive, though proceedings have been commenced to unseat him by both Goff and Carr.

Ex-President Cleveland has been elected an honorary member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, also of the St. Nicholas Society of that city.

The Minnesota House—59 to 39—has refused to submit to a vote of the people a prohibition amendment.

JOHN ERICSSON IS DEAD.

The Famous Inventor of the Monitor Passes Away.

Capt. John Ericsson, the noted engineer and builder of the ironclad Monitor, which saved the United States fleet from total destruction by the rebel ram Merrimac at Hampton Roads, died at his residence in New York City. He was in the 86th year of his age, and death resulted from cystitis after a short illness.

SIDNEY BARTLETT GONE.

An Associate of Webster and Choate Passes Away.

Sidney Bartlett, the veteran lawyer, long the acknowledged leader of the Suffolk bar, died at his home in Boston, Mass. He is said to have been the oldest practicing lawyer in the United States. He observed his 90th birthday Feb. 13 by attending to his professional duties. Among his associates were Daniel Webster and Rufus Choate.

KING MILAN ABDICATES.

His Son Alexander Now Ruler of Servia—Regents Appointed.

A Belgrade special says: King Milan has issued a decree formally abdicating the throne of Servia in favor of his son Alexander, who will reign under the title of Alexander I. The decree appoints M. Iovan Ristitch and Gens. Frotiton and Balimarkovic Regents during the minority of Alexander, who is 13 years old. King Milan will remain commander-in-chief of the army during his son's minority. The abdication is due to the poor health of King Milan, who is suffering from a nervous malady, causing mental prostration and insomnia. He declares that he cannot continue to govern without danger to his reason and peril to his life. The regents have intrusted the radical leader, M. Tauschanovitch, with the formation of a new cabinet, the new Protitch cabinet having resigned on two of its members being appointed regents. The foreign minister, in an interview, declared that the events of the day were a complete victory for Russian diplomacy. A rumor is current that ex-Queen Natalie will return to Servia and take up her residence at Kraguyevat.

President Harrison Explains.

President Harrison says that he would have been pleased to appoint in his Cabinet some one from California, and at an early date he requested the people of the Pacific Slope to unite upon two or three names from which he might select. But they neglected to do so until quite late, and finally when they did present some names they stated specifically that no other position in the Cabinet would be acceptable to them but the Secretaryship of the Interior or Attorney Generalship. These offices President Harrison had decided upon. This, he says, is the reason why the Pacific Slope did not have a representative in the Cabinet.

The Drama.

Miss Helen Barry, the charming English comedienne, will remain another week at McVicker's Theater, Chicago. Louis James and Marie Wainwright will appear in a round of comedies at McVicker's after Miss Barry's engagement. "The Two Sisters," Denman Thompson's new play, is booked for two weeks at McVicker's.

Bad Fire at Louisville.

Fire at Louisville, Ky., destroyed three buildings, belonging to Kleinhaus & Simonson, H. Victor Newcomb of New York, and the estate of W. P. Churchill, together with Kleinhaus & Simonson's stock of clothing and Strauss & Co.'s stock of dry goods. The loss is estimated at $435,400, with insurance of $255,277.

The Reading Iron Works.

At a meeting of the creditors of the insolvent Reading Iron Works at Reading, Pa., the liabilities were reported at $1,927,783, and the assets at $2,439,595. A committee of three was appointed to continue the works in operation, and another committee was appointed to prepare a plan of reorganization.

A Railroad to Oklahoma.

A charter has been filed with the Secretary of State of Kansas for a new railroad to Oklahoma, to be known as the Hutchinson, Oklahoma and Gulf. It is to start at Beloit and run directly south through Central Kansas to Oklahoma and to the Gulf of Mexico. The capital stock is $3,000,000.

Mistaken Identity.

In the case of Kuhl vs. the officials of Milwaukee, Wis., a verdict has been rendered giving the plaintiff $4,750. Kuhl was arrested on the charge of murder, and narrowly escaped lynching. It turned out to a case of mistaken identity, and he sued for damages.

Expected Death of a King.

A Berlin telegram of the 5th inst. says: The latest news from The Hague is that the death of the King of Holland is imminent. There are acute symptoms of blood poisoning. The King experiences terrible suffering and what cessation from pain is obtained is due to the use of morphine.

A Fatal Mistake.

—As Joseph McHenry was setting a musk-rat trap in Riley Creek, near Lima, Ohio, James Lewis, who was hunting, saw the top of McHenry's hat, and, thinking it was a musk-rat, fired, blowing off the top of McHenry's head.

A Cure for Rabies.

It is announced that the discovery has been made in Peru that the juice, or sap of pauca or maguey leaves will cure hydrophobia.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Prime	$4.00	@	4.50
Good	3.00	@	3.50
Common	2.50	@	3.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades	4.00	@	5.00
SHEEP	4.00	@	4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.98	@	.99
CORN—No. 2	.34	@	.35
OATS—No. 2	.25	@	.25½
RYE—No. 2	.42	@	.43
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.25	@	.27
CHEESE—Full Cream, flat	.10½	@	.11½
EGGS—Fresh	.12	@	.13
POTATOES—Car-loads, per bu	.28	@	.30
PORK—Mess	12.00	@	12.25
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—Cash	.90	@	.91
CORN—No. 3	.30½	@	.31½
OATS—No. 2 White	.27	@	.28
RYE—No. 1	.43	@	.44
BARLEY—No. 2	.55	@	.57
PORK—Mess	12.00	@	12.25
DETROIT.			
CATTLE	3.50	@	5.00
HOGS	4.50	@	5.00
SHEEP	3.50	@	4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.03	@	1.04
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.33	@	.34
OATS—No. 2 White	.27½	@	.28
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.99	@	.99½
CORN—Cash	.34	@	.34½
OATS—Cash	.26	@	.26½
NEW YORK.			
CATTLE	5.50	@	6.50
HOGS	4.75	@	5.50
SHEEP	4.00	@	5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.96	@	.98
CORN—No. 2	.44	@	.45
OATS—White	.35	@	.40
PORK—New Mess	13.00	@	13.50
ST. LOUIS.			
CATTLE	3.75	@	4.50
HOGS	4.25	@	5.00
WHEAT—No. 2	.98	@	.98½
CORN—No. 2	.29	@	.29½
OATS—No. 2	.24	@	.24½
BARLEY—Canada	.77	@	.78
INDIANAPOLIS.			
CATTLE	3.00	@	4.75
HOGS	4.25	@	4.75
SHEEP	3.00	@	4.50
LAMBS	4.00	@	5.50
CINCINNATI.			
HOGS—Light	4.00	@	5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.99	@	.99½
CORN—No. 2	.33	@	.33½
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	.27	@	.27½
RYE—No. 2	.53½	@	.54½
PORK—Moss	11.50	@	12.00
KANSAS CITY.			
CATTLE—Good	3.75	@	4.25
Common	3.00	@	3.75
Stockers	2.00	@	3.25
HOGS—Choice	4.40	@	4.60
Medium	4.25	@	4.50
SHEEP	4.00	@	4.75

THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS AND WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

Proceedings of the Senate and House of Representatives — Important Measures Discussed and Acted On — Gist of the Business.

A CONFERENCE report upon the bill to settle all land grants in the State of Michigan by forfeiting what are known as the "unearned lands" was agreed to by the Senate on the 4th inst. The following resolution was unanimously agreed to: *Resolved*, That the thanks of the Senate are due, and are hereby tendered, to the Hon. John J. Ingalls, President pro tempore of the Senate, for the uniformly able, courteous, and impartial manner in which he has presided over its deliberations. After thanking the Senate for the commendatory resolution, Mr. Ingalls declared the Senate adjourned sine die. In the House, the conference report was agreed to on the bill forfeiting the lands granted to the State of Michigan to aid in the construction of a railroad from Marquette to Ontonagon. The following resolution was adopted by a rising vote: *Resolved*, That the thanks of Congress are tendered to the Hon. John G. Carlisle, the Speaker, for the courtesy, ability and fairness with which he has presided over the deliberations of the Fiftieth Congress. Mr. Carlisle courteously acknowledged the compliment, and then declared the House adjourned sine die.

IN the opening prayer in the Senate, on the 5th inst., allusions were made to the peaceful and hopeful change in the administration of the Government. After reading the journal, Mr. Edmunds reported that the committee which had been appointed to wait on the President of the United States and inform him of the meeting of the Senate in extraordinary session had performed that duty, and had been informed by the President that he would at an early hour communicate with the Senate in writing. The credentials of Mr. Marston, appointed by the Governor of New Hampshire to fill the vacancy caused by the termination of Mr. Chandler's term, and by the failure of the Legislature to elect a Senator, were read, after which the oath of office was administered to him by the Vice President and he took his seat as Senator. Mr. Pruden, one of the President's secretaries, then delivered a message in writing (being the Cabinet appointments), and on motion of Mr. Hale the Senate proceeded to consider them with closed doors. The Senate promptly confirmed the appointments, and then adjourned.

THE Senate met on the 6th inst., but adjourned immediately. The Republican Senators then held a caucus, and considered the reorganization of committees. A committee was appointed to confer with the Democrats regarding minority representation.

VICE PRESIDENT MORTON was not present at the session of the Senate on the 7th inst. The only business transacted was the election of Mr. Ingalls as President pro tem. An amendment substituting the name of Mr. Voorhees for Mr. Ingalls was defeated by a vote of—yeas, 27; nays, 29. The Democratic Senators afterward held a caucus and appointed Messrs. Gorman, Cockrell, Voorhees, Harris, Ransom, Walthall, and Blackburn a committee to confer with the Republican caucus committee respecting the reorganization of committees. Senator Gorman was elected Chairman of the caucus. There is a movement looking to the abolishment of certain useless Senate committees.

Quaint Philosophy.

I've notised thet all fools is egotists, but all egotists is not fools.

I reckon it 'ud make a heep o' hard feelin's ef we cood "see ourselves as others see us;" but ef others cood see us as we see ourselves, it 'ud be the biggest surprise party that ever was knowed.

The feller thet's ashamed of his relidjun, don't need to be, fur he haint generally got enuff of it for to be ashamed of.

I've notised thet them that asks the most questchuns hain't allus the best informed.

I reckon it 'ud be a heep easyer fur to "find a needle in a haystack" than it 'ud be to find two human bein's eggsact mates.

I've notised that them that thinks that there haint no hell is ginerally the ones thet haf the most reesen to be afeard thet there is.

I reckon there's more surprizes at heaven's gate than ennywhere else in the hull unyverse.

I've notised that when a feller finds out thet his opinyun conflicts with his interests he changes either one or tother mitey quick.

I reckon ef we'd never find fault with a man's work when he's done it better than we cood do it our own selves, there 'ud be a heep less fault findin' in this world.

I've notised that there's mighty few men thet's sharp enuff to diskiver a hole in a feller's shoe, ef the shoe's well blacked an' polished.

I reckon ef everybody 'ud get what they think they deserve in this world, yo' cood find standin' room on the top o' the Washin'ton Monument fur all the poor fokes yo' cood scrape up; and ef nobody 'ud git no more'n they ackshully deserve, the rich fokes woodn't be no ways crowded in the same place.
—*Oil City Derrick.*

Random Sentences from a Story by Saltus.

An elenchicism such as this.

As clairvoyant as a nyctalope.

Some echo of ghuzlas and cithars.

The coverlet smooth as an anapest.

The first suspicion; the affected cecity.

One of Renan's melodious fumisteries.

Brings the strophium to the conqueror.

He could wield an epigram like a glaive.

The momentary malaise of some stranger.

There was also an assortment of neurosthenes.

The akosmism into which Berkeley had led him.

He was conscious of her emollient mouth on his.

It was Jane, the housemaid, angular as a hendecagon.

An exegete and eschatologist of more than passing note.

Dropped from colorless ether into some dank moraine.

Her skin was eburnean in its clarity, her eyes of iserine.

Betraying an obsession of which no sign should be conveyed.

His eyes were of that green-black which is noticeable in dysodile coal.

He was distraught at the intususception of a presence more terrible than that which Luther outfaced in his cell.