

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. MC EWEN, PUBLISHED

NUGGETS OF GOLD.

IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE.

The Latest Intelligence Received by Wire from Distant Lands and at Home—The Cream of the News Gathered from All Quarters of the World.

THE MILLS BILL.

After Much Discussion It Is Referred to a Committee.

The Speaker laid before the House on the 26th inst. the Mills tariff bill, with the Senate's substitute therefor, together with the request of the Senate for a conference. A lengthy debate resulted. Statements were made in the debate that the bill should be reported back from the committee, but there was no recorded or direct agreement with respect to the disposition of the bill. The decision of Speaker Carlisle was that the bill as a matter of course, under the rules, must be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means unless unanimous consent could be obtained to dispose of it in some other way; that the question of high privilege did not attach to the measure until it had been referred to a conference committee, and that the same by the unanimous consent of the Senate could not be granted until the bill had been referred to a committee. The unanimous consent could not, of course, be had for the proposition to concur, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

BOULANGER IS ELECTED.

The French General Has a Great Victory Over M. Jacques.

A PARIS telegram says: The most exciting election that ever took place in the Department of the Seine closed with the election

STRICKEN IN THE HOUSE.

Congressman Burns Attacked by Paralysis, and Dies in a Few Hours.

Representative James N. Burns of Missouri was stricken with paralysis at the National Capitol. The first symptom of the approaching attack was experienced when Mr. Butterworth, in the House, called Mr. Burns' attention to a passage of the sundry civil bill then under consideration. Mr. Burns remarked that his tongue appeared to be affected so that he had great difficulty in speaking.

JAMES N. BURNS. Notice that his face appeared to be somewhat drawn on the left side. Mr. Butterworth assisted Mr. Burns into the fresh air. Mr. Burns in a short time felt better and lay down upon a sofa. He soon began to breathe in a labored manner and to lose consciousness. Physicians were called and he was removed to his hotel. His condition grew worse rapidly, and about midnight he died. His son, D. B. Burns, was at his bedside. Another son, who lives at St. Joseph, Mo., was notified. Mrs. Burns, an invalid, was at her Missouri home. Joseph Nelson Burns was born in Indiana in 1832, and at the age of five years he was taken to Platte County, Missouri, where he received a common and high school education. He afterward studied law at the Harvard Law School, and graduated with the class of '53. After graduation he practiced actively for twenty years. In 1856 he was a Presidential elector and voted for Buchanan and Breckinridge. From 1863 to 1872 he was Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He was elected to the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses as a Democrat, receiving 14,451 votes, against 11,964 for Dunn, his Republican opponent.

THE PULLMAN MONOPOLY.

The Control of Over 150,000 Miles of Road for Palace Car Service.

The negotiations between the officials of the Pullman Palace Car Company and the Union Palace Car Company, which absorbed the Mann Boudoir Car Company and the Woodruff Palace Car Company, have closed at New York City, and an agreement executed by which the Pullman Company obtained control of the opposition corporations. The purchase involved the expenditure of about \$2,500,000, and leaves the Pullman in control of over one hundred and fifty thousand miles of road for palace-car service. As soon as the agreement was signed the holders of the Union Palace Car Company stock delivered their certificates and received checks at once. President Pullman says no increase of stock is necessitated by the purchase. After the consummation of the deal the following officers for the Pullman Palace Car Company were elected: George M. Pullman, President; T. H. Wickes, Vice President, and E. D. Adams, John H. Inman, John G. Moore, Edward Lauterbach, John P. Marquand, G. M. Dodge, C. Lattnerbury, Job H. Jackson, John Jay White, and Howard Mansfield Directors. The purchase of the Union Palace Car Company leaves the Pullman Company with only one competitor—the Wagner Company—in the field. That company has its ears on the Vanderbilt roads and is owned by the Vanderbilts.

DULLNESS IN TRADE.

The Transactions, Though, Are Unusually Large, According to Dun & Co.'s Report.

The review of trade for last week, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., is as follows:

The state of trade is unusually perplexing, for with general complaint of dullness there are evidences that the volume of transactions is large. The imports during the week last week were 25 per cent larger than for the corresponding week last year at New York, and 16 per cent larger at all other cities. Railroad earnings also show that the traffic is large. The demand for money is sufficiently active at nearly all interior points, moreover, to indicate that a large business is in progress. Yet it is undeniable that the prevailing temper is one of disappointment at the result of the new year, which is wholly explained by the steadily declining prices of products. At Southern points, after some depression, trade appears to be improving. In the Northwest trade is fully equal to that of last year and at some points clearly larger. The supply of money seems to be everywhere ample for legitimate demands. There are no indications of general unsoundness or overstraining of commercial credits. In the great iron industry consumption for all other purposes appears to be larger than ever, but here is serious disturbance. The decline in the price of coke is considered probable, and the anthracite coal market continues weak. The decline in wheat continues, the price having fallen 2% cents for the week. Corn has fallen a cent, and oats are lower. Pork products have also declined, meat about 50 cents per barrel, lard 20, and hogs 10 cents per 100 pounds. Cotton is a little lower, with sales of \$21,000 bales, and coffee 2% cents higher, with sales of \$23,000 bags. There is little change in other groceries, but the sugar market favors holders. The exports of merchandise from New York show a fall of 1% per cent for three weeks. The stock market is nevertheless so firmly sustained that the average decline in prices has been only 60 cents per \$100 for the week. The business failures numbered 342, against a total of 387 the previous week.

VICTIMS OF THE GALLows.

Southern Murderers Expiate Their Crimes on the Scaffold.

Ed Fry, alias Ed Williams (colored), was hanged in Marietta, Ga., for the murder of his wife.

A negro named James Seames was hanged at Eutaw, Ala., for murdering Deputy Sheriff Autrey of Tuscaloosa about six months ago.

Charles McGill was hanged at Cameron, Texas, for the murder of Willie Leonard. It was the first legal hanging in Milian County in thirty years.

John Yancey, colored, was hanged at Yanceyville, N. C., for murdering Bob Oliver, colored. Two thousand people witnessed the execution. Yancey confessed the crime and said his punishment was just.

Charles Blackman (colored) was hanged in the presence of an immense crowd, at Ellsboro, Ga., for murdering Stonewall Tondee (white) in 1885. Blackman had been convicted of the murder three times, and each time his lawyer secured a new trial. The people of Seney County were so afraid

GENERAL BOULANGER.

tion of Gen. Boulanger by a plurality of 81,550 over Jacques, and a clear majority over all of 54,432. The complete vote is:

Boulanger..... 244,070

Jacques..... 162,520

Boule..... 16,764

Other candidates..... 10,388

The Boulangerists predict the immediate fall of the Flequet ministry, the dissolution of Parliament, and a general election in March. They also forecast a rupture in the Radical-party, and express the belief that forty Radical Deputies will join the Boulangerists and thus give the General a following of sixty members in the present Chamber. Bets are freely offered that the ministry will resign. The members of the government are astounded at the result.

A BATTLE IN EAST AFRICA.

The Position of Captured Missionaries One of Great Danger.

A Zanzibar special says: An engagement took place at Dar-es-Salam, resulting in the defeat of the Arabs, many of whom were killed. During the fight the First Lieutenant of the German warship Sophie was killed by a sunstroke. The defeat of the Arabs renders the position of the captured missionaries still more dangerous. It is reported that the manager of the German Vitu Company assembled the friendly natives and read an autograph letter from the Emperor thanking each native by name for his good-will and assistance, and promising protection and rewards. The British consul is trying to arrange for the dispatch of a caravan to bring away the missionaries at Upwawa and Mamboyo, their position being extremely dangerous.

FEARFUL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed and Three Fatally Injured Near Poplar Bluffs, Mo.

A terrible boiler explosion occurred in Perkins' mill, five miles east of Poplar Bluffs, Mo. Just before the explosion Judge Shambert, of that city, and a farmer named Robins were passing. The explosion wrecked the mill and 100 feet of shed attached to it. Judge Shambert, John Moore and John Chronister were instantly killed; W. H. Perkins, Mr. Robins and a young man named Malcolm were so badly burned and injured that they died. Two brothers named Spenser, employed in the mill, were badly scalded.

DEATH OF A PLAYWRIGHT.

A. R. Cazauran Passes Away in New York City from Dropsy.

Playwright A. R. Cazauran died in New York City, after sickness of two years, from dropsy. For the last six months he had been confined to his bed.

Mr. Cazauran was born in Bordeaux, France, in October, 1841. He came to America in 1845-6, going to Louisville, Ky. He served on the *Courier-Journal*, reporter, dramatic critic. He was Supreme Court Reporter in Washington before the war, when he became a newspaper agent. He afterward went to New York City. W. H. Bronson Howard wrote the "Banker's Daughter." He is the author of "The Fatal Letter," and composed and adapted "A Celebrated Case," "Mother and Son," "French Flats," etc.

Died from Blood Poisoning.

Dr. Walter Stillman, a prominent physician of Council Bluffs, Iowa, died of blood poisoning resulting from treating a case of erysipelas.

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Governor Gordon would interfere and stay Blackman's execution that the telegraph wires were cut in order to prevent the transmission of a message from Atlanta, the State capital.

DOING PENANCE FOR SINS.

Strange Story of an Old Man Who Must Travel 2,000 Miles on Foot.

An old man halted in Louisville, Ky., recently, to get a shave. While the stranger was undergoing the operation he told a very remarkable story about himself. He said that five months ago he started out from a distant point in Eastern Canada to walk to the Abbey of Gethsemane, near Bardstown. So far he had safely accomplished his journey, which, he said, was a distance of 2,000 miles. In his long tramp he had worn out nine pairs of shoes. "I am very weary," he said, "and wish I were at my journey's end, where I will find sweet rest for the remainder of my already numbered days." These words, spoken in a very earnest and pious tone, aroused the curiosity of the barber naturally. "Why did you not ride?" "I belong to a certain holy order of the Catholics, and this is the penance imposed upon me for my sins."

SOME FIGURES ON CORN.

The Illinois Crop of 1888 Valued at Nearly \$80,000,000—Acreage and Prices.

The Illinois corn crop of 1888 has been reported to the State Board of Agriculture as yielding in the aggregate 277,726,451 bushels, valued at \$79,241,114. The acreage for 1888, reported by the assessors, is 7,470,813 acres. The statistics are not all prepared for the crop report of the Board, but from the tables as far as completed it is ascertained that the average yield per acre is thirty-nine bushels. Greene County reports the largest average yield, fifty-nine bushels to the acre, and the yield of fifteen bushels per acre in Jefferson County is the smallest. The average price of corn where raised was 28 cents per bushel. Cook and Alexander Counties report the highest average price of 36 cents per bushel, and the lowest price is 24 cents, which is the value of corn in Lawrence County.

HARRISON HOGAN ARRESTED.

The Aged Indiana Desperado Finally Captured by a Sheriff's Posse.

Sheriff Hay and posse, of Jeffersonville, Ind., went to Bull Creek and arrested Harrison Hogan. They ran the steamer Minnie Bay up to his shanty and threw the electric-light rays upon it. Hogan went out to give battle, but seeing the odds retreated inside. The excitement among the Bay's fifty passengers was intense. Hogan's hired man begged him to surrender. The old man then bared his breast and asked the Sheriff to shoot him. He had no friends, had been beaten out of his wealth, and did not want to be further abused. Finally he surrendered. The arrest caused a sensation. Hogan had hitherto successfully resisted arrest, giving battle a number of times and putting the officers to flight, though he is seventy-five years old.

OHIO ADOPTS A NEW LAW.

Executions Will Be by Electricity After Jan. 1, 1890—Disposition of the Remains.

The General Assembly of Ohio, at Columbus, has passed the Rannels bill, providing that after Jan. 1, 1890, all criminals in Ohio sentenced to death, shall be executed by electricity at the Ohio Penitentiary. The bodies are to be immediately destroyed by the quick lime process, unless friends make a demand upon the authorities for the remains.

POLITICAL DOINGS.

The Senate deadlock has been broken at Charleston, W. Va., by the election of R. S. Carr, Union Labor Senator from Charleston, as President of the Senate, on the 126th ballot. He received sixteen votes, nine of them being cast by the Democrats, who claim that it was their victory.

The New Jersey Democratic legislative caucus nominated Senator McPherson for United States Senator. The Republican caucus nominated Hon. William J. Sewell, of Camden.

The Arkansas Senate has passed the House resolution instructing Senators and requesting Representatives from Arkansas in Congress to use their utmost efforts to defeat the Blair educational bill.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Pennsylvania Constitution prohibiting the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors has been passed by the Legislature by a vote of 132 to 55.

The Hudson bill creating a labor bureau has been recommended for passage in the Indiana Senate.

The Kansas House has passed the Senate resolution favoring the opening of Oklahoma for settlement.

The Arkansas Senate has denied to grant C. M. Norwood's petition for permission to contest the election of Gov. E. G. Angel. Until he gives a sufficient bond for costs.

Arizona Politics.

A Prescott, Arizona, telegram says that the deadlock in the House has been broken by Mr. Jordan (Dem.) joining the Republicans, who elected J. T. T. Smith, of Phoenix, Speaker. The Governor's message was presented. He advocated memorializing Congress for admission as a State. The bill to remove the capital from Prescott to Phoenix passed the House.

IN RELIGIOUS CIRCLES.

The Rev. Milton Merle Smith, associate pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Cleveland, Ohio, has accepted a call to the Central Presbyterian Church of New York; salary, \$7,000. The Rev. L. A. Crandall, of the Twenty-third Baptist Church of New York, has been called to the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church of Cleveland; salary, \$5,000.

HE WAS INSANE.

Thomas Conway, of New Suffolk, L. I., who disappeared Jan. 2, the day he was to have been married, was found in a barn near that city. He was insane and nearly starved, having lived in the shed without food since his disappearance. On receiving

medical treatment he recovered. He can give no explanation of his action.

WOMEN ELECT OFFICERS.

The Woman's Suffrage Association at Washington, D. C., elected the following officers for 1889: President, Elizabeth C. Stanton; Vice President-at-large, Susan B. Anthony; Secretary, Rachael F. Avery; Treasurer, Mrs. Jane H. Spofford; Chairman of the Executive Committee, Mrs. Mary W. Sowell.

WANTS TO BE GOVERNOR.

A petition has been filed by C. M. Norwood in the General Assembly of Arkansas preliminary to contesting the election of James P. Eagle as Governor. Norwood, the Labor candidate, charges fraud, and claims that a fair count will elect him by over 5,000 majority.

HE ASSISTED LINCOLN.

Samuel M. Felton, President of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, died in his residence at Philadelphia, aged 79 years. He will chiefly be remembered as having enabled President Lincoln to pass unrecog-nized through Baltimore on his way to Washington.

HEADLESS BODIES FOUND.

Two headless bodies were found on the beach near Scituate, Mass., by James Ward, of the United States Life-Saving Station. They are evidently the remains of sailors of the wrecked schooner Norton, which went down in a recent gale.

SOLD TO THE VANDERBLITS.

It is stated that all of the interests of the late Dr. Hostetter in the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad have been sold to the Vanderbilts, and that some important changes in the management of the road will soon take place.

A NEW TRIAL REFUSED.

At Geneva, Ill., Judge Wilson has refused a new trial to Bauereisen, the alleged Q dynamiter, who was recently sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. His friends were much disappointed, and Bauereisen paled when the Judge read his decision.

A LARGE JUDGMENT.

Judge Wheeler, in the United States Circuit Court at New York, decided that the car trust was entitled to a judgment in its suit against the Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad for \$890,000 for breach of contract.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Thomas Pritchard and Sydney Murray, well-known citizens of Jonesboro, Tenn., are charged with causing the death of William Patton, of Telford Depot, Tenn., by forcing a large quantity of croton oil down his throat.

STEEL WORKS CLOSE DOWN.

The Glasgow Iron Company has closed down its steel plant near Pottstown, Pa., discharging 250 workmen. There was no demand for the kind of steel manufactured at the works.

PROBABLY ONLY A RUMOR.

Information comes from Nebraska that John M. Thurston, the prominent railroad attorney, has been tendered and has accepted the position of Secretary of the Interior.