

# Democratic Sentinel

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 28 1888

Entered at the post office at Rensselaer, Ind., as second-class matter.



## Democratic

NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,  
GROVER CLEVELAND.

For Vice President,  
ALLEN G. THURMAN.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
First District: Samuel B. Vance, Vanderburgh.  
Second District: Sutler S. Dobbins, Martin.  
Third District: Charles S. Jewett, Floyd.  
Fourth District: Nicholas Connett, Ripley.  
Fifth District: John R. East, Monroe.  
Sixth District: Thomas J. Study, Wayne.  
Seventh District: John W. Black, Hancock.  
Eighth District: J. D. Prust, Parke.  
Ninth District: J. F. McHugh, Tippecanoe.  
Tenth District: D. D. Dykeman, Cass.  
Eleventh District: J. M. Turner, Grant.  
Twelfth District: John B. Bass, Allen.  
Thirteenth District: M. A. O. Packard, Marshall.

AT LARGE.  
John E. Lamb, Nigo; Thomas R. Cobb, Knex.

### STATE TICKET.

Governor.

C. C. MATSON.

Lieutenant Governor.

WM. R. MYERS.

Secretary of State.

ROBERT W. MIERS.

Auditor of State,

CHARLES A. MUNSON.

Treasurer of State.

TEOMAS. B. BYRNES.

Reporter of Supreme Court.

JOHN W. KERN.

Attorney General,

JOHN R. WILSON.

Sup't Public Instruction,

E. E. GRIFFITH.

Judges of Supreme Court

1st Dist.—WM. E. NIBLACK,  
2d " GEO. V. HOWK.  
3d " ALLAN ZOLLARS:

Representative - 10th Dist.,  
VALENTINE ZIMMERMAN.

### COUNTY TICKET.

Treasurer,

JOHN T. FORD.

Sheriff,

JOHN C. CHILCOTE.

Coroner,

VICTOR E. LOUGHBRIDGE.

Surveyor,

AUSTIN N. LAKIN.

Commissioners.

1st Dist.—DAN H. TURNER.

2d " JAS. T. RANDLE

3d " ED. W. CULP.

THE CAMPAIGN TEXT BOOK for 1888 is now ready, and will be furnished on application to the National Democratic Committee, 10 West 29th St., New York City. Price \$1. In quantities of five or more 50 cents each.

"We favor the entire repeal of the internal taxes (on whisky and tobacco) rather than the surrender of any part of our protective system."—Chicago platform.

"The platform is in entire harmony with my views."—Ben Harrison.

"Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation."—President Cleveland in his letter of acceptance.

"Trusts are private affairs with which President Cleveland and the people have no right to interfere."—Blaine in the interest of "Trusts."

"Such combinations have always been condemned by the Democratic party. The declaration of its national convention is sincerely made, and no member of our party will be found excusing the existence or belittling the pernicious results of these devices to wrong the people. Under various names they have been punished by common law for hundreds of years; and they have lost none of their hateful features because they have assumed the name of 'Trusts' instead of 'Conspiracies.' We believe that these Trusts are the natural offspring of a market artificially restricted; that an inordinately high tariff, besides furnishing the temptation for their existence, enlarges the limit within which they may operate against the people, and thus increases the extent of their power for wrong."

doing. With an unalterable hatred for all such schemes, we count the checking of their baleful operations among the good results promised by revenue reform."—President Cleveland in his letter of acceptance.

"Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation!"

Down with the war taxes!

Free raw material!

Open the markets of the world!

Increased consumption!

Increased production!

Create demand for labor!

Gives steady employment!

And more remunerative wages!

Stop the surplus!

By reducing taxes on the necessities of life!

Leaving the money with the people!

And in the channels of trade!

Is the Democratic theory.

The Republican theory is:

Increase taxation!

Pile up the surplus!

Give the bondholders big premiums for the bonds!

Untaxed whiskey and untaxed tobacco!

Cheapening those stimulants!

Increasing their consumption!

Untaxed gaming cards!

Taxed Bibles!

Untaxed poker!

Taxed religion!

Foster monopolies and trusts!

Favor Chinese and contract labor!

At the expense and distress of our wage-workers!

When we take into account the amount of money expended, and the extraordinary exertions made by our Republican friends to insure a success of their rally today, we must say they have met with a signal failure. Flaming posters had been scattered far and wide; excursion rates secured on railroads; prizes offered to delegations and a general drumming up of adjoining counties, yet it failed to draw more than about 2,500, all told—men, women and children—Republicans, Prohibitionists and Democrats. Compared with the meeting called to hear Mr. Porter eight years ago it is a fizzle! General comment this afternoon on the efforts of Messrs. Porter and Harvey, the latter posing in the character of a laboring man, is that of disappointment on the part of their friends.

The republican speakers to-day in their efforts to convince their hearers that they did not feel the burdens of the war taxes, and that the Mills bill is sectional in its features, proved a dismal failure.

Some of the delegations at the meeting to day contained a number of Democrats, hired and paid for the occasion. The prizes offered was the impelling motive that inspired the projectors of the scheme. The g. o. p. is on its last legs.

Read the speeches of Speaker Carlisle and Gen. Stevenson on another page in this SENTINEL.

Bring your poultry and eggs to me on the 8th of October and get the highest market price paid, in cash.

J. W. KING.

Eld. R. S. Dwiggins will hold services at the Church of God next Sunday morning at 10 $\frac{1}{2}$  o'clock. His subject will be the seven golden candlesticks mentioned in the first chapter of Revelations. Go and hear him.

On October the 8th—Show Day—I will pay cash for poultry and eggs. Let them come.

J. W. KING.

THE 'TALL SYCAMORE,'

at Rensselaer, Oct. 24th.

### A Review of the Trusts.

Here is a list of some of the trusts that exist in the United States in consequence of high tariff.

1. The Steel rail trust, buttressed by a tariff tax of \$17 per ton.

2. The Nail trust, by a tariff tax of \$1.25 per 100 pounds.

3. The Iron nail and washer trust, by a tax of \$2 per 100 lbs.

4. The Barbed fence wire trust, by a tax of 60 cents per 100 pounds.

5. The Copper trust, by a tax of \$2.50 per 100 pounds.

6. The Lead trust, by a tax of \$1.50 per 100 pounds.

7. The Slate pencil trust, by a tax of 30 per cent.

8. The Nickel trust, by a tax of \$15 per 100 pounds.

9. The Zinc trust, by a tax of \$2.50 per 100 pounds.

10. The Sugar trust, by a tax of \$2 per 100 pounds.

11. The Oilcloth trust, by a tax of 40 per cent.

12. The Jute bag trust, by a tax of 40 per cent.

13. The Cordage trust, by a tax of 30 per cent.

14. The Paper envelope trust, by a tax of 25 per cent.

15. The Gutta percha trust, by a tax of 35 per cent.

16. The Castor oil trust, by a tax of 80 cents per gallon.

17. The Linseed oil trust, by a tax of 25 cents per gallon.

18. The Cottonseed oil trust, by a tax of 25 cents per gallon.

19. The Borax trust, by a tax of \$5 per 100 pounds on borax and boracic acid, \$8 per 100 pounds on crude borax and borate lime, and \$4 per 100 pounds on commercial boracic acid.

12. The Ultramarine trust, by a tax of \$5 per 100 pounds.

### Mt. Ayr Correspondence.

We are needing rain badly.

The farmers are mostly all through with their fall seeding.

Quite a number from this vicinity are attending the State Fair.

Mrs. Carpenter with her daughter Blanche will start in a few days for Northern Dakota, where they will visit with relatives for a short time.

Congressman Lamb, of Terre Haute, addressed a large gathering of Democrats at Morocco on Monday evening of last week. The arguments put forth by the gentleman were so plain and honest that it caused the Republicans present to marvel greatly, but none durst answer him.

We know a gentleman in this neighborhood who has voted the Republican ticket all his life, but who, next November, will vote for Cleveland and Thurman. We could easily give his name but have no authority to do so.

Mrs. Handley, from Warren County, visited last week with her nephew Charles Handley of this place.

We have been about the country some during the past week and from what we have seen and heard we honestly believe that the Democratic party never had so much cause for feeling confident of success as they have at the present time. Go where we will we hear the cry for Cleveland, Thurman and reform, showing beyond doubt that the people are awaking to the truth, and consequently taking no stock in the rot dished up to them by the disciples of the g. o. p.

CAPTAIN JACK.

Mt. Ayr, Sept. 24, 1888.

### Disciples of Christ Take Notice!

The third quarterly convention of the 7th district is to meet at Rensselaer, Tues. Oct. 2d. The following is the program adopted at the last convention.

TUESDAY EVENING:—7 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY MORNING:—Devotional service, followed by appointment of committees, reports from churches, reports of Evangelist, Treasurer and Board, and consideration of work for the future, 11 o'clock sermon.

AFTERNOON.—Unfinished business; reports of committees.

EVENING.—Address on work of the Christian Women's Board of Missions.

L. L. Carpenter and J. H. O. Smith have signified their intention to be present. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

E. A. PARDEE,

District Evangelist.

### ADVERTISED LETTERS

C. F. Hascall, W. H. Kelley, Sallie A. Livingston, G. W. Porter, A. R. Rushing, Mills Robling

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

N. S. BATES.

# VOORHEES,

AT

RENSSELAER, OCTOBER 24.

### JAMES A. GARFIELD.

"In 1860 the burdens of national taxation were light. All our revenues, including loans, amounted to only \$76,000,000. Our expenditures were \$77,000,000, and our whole public debt but \$65,000,000. In the year 1860 the tonnage of our ships upon the seas was 5,353,868 tons, which was more by 140,000 tons than in any other year of our history before or since. Two-thirds of our imports were then carried in American bottoms, as were also more than two-thirds of our exports.

Our exports that year reached the aggregate value of \$400,000,000, which was forty-three and one-half millions more than during any previous year. Our imports were \$362,000,000, decidedly more than any other year. And I make this statement on the authority of David A. Wells, that in 1860 we were exporting to foreign countries more American manufactures than in any other year of our history.

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The fact is, Mr. Chairman, the decade from 1850 to 1860 was one of peace and general prosperity.

—Extracts from speech of James A. Garfield in the House March 6, 1878.

The Republic candidates for Auditor of State and Sup't of Public Instruction are looking after their fences in Jasper to-day.

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