

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

Important Happenings in Every Quarter of the Civilized Globe.

The Very Latest Intelligence Flashed Over the Telegraphic Wires.

THE FISHERIES TREATY.

Discussed in the Senate—Passage of the Mills Tariff Bill.

In the Senate the bill to reimburse the depositors of the Freedman's Bank was discussed and passed the 21st. It appropriates \$1,000,000. The conference report on the river and harbor bill was received from the House, and it was ordered printed. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the fisheries treaty in open executive session. The final vote on the Mills tariff bill was taken by the House and the bill passed. The majority for the bill was 13, the total vote being 311. When an occasional member voted, apparently against his political faith, the announcement was uproariously received by the side favored. When the figures were declared by the Speaker—yeas, 162; nays, 149—Democratic cheers and shouts echoed throughout the chamber. A dozen members leaped to their feet, waving handkerchiefs and flags. Messrs. Blaine, Meritt, and Greenman of New York, Nelson of Minnesota, and Brower of North Carolina, Republicans, voted in favor of its passage. Messrs. Anderson of Iowa, Hopkins of Virginia, and Smith of Wisconsin, Independents, voted for the bill. The following pairs were announced: Randall with Hogg, West Virginia; Helander with Fitch, New York; Michigan; Belmont, New York, with Davenport, New York; Perry, South Carolina, with Spooner, Rhode Island; Glover, Missouri, with Brown, Indiana; Granger, Connecticut, with Woodburn, Nevada. Before the free list was taken the debate on the bill was closed by Mr. Mills. Maj. McKinley demanded a separate vote on the cotton-tie amendment, but the Republicans refused to follow his lead, and the amendment stood. It put the free list of cotton ties on hoops used for baling hay and hoops used for baling cotton, but left a tariff on the same material used for baling hay and hoops used for baling cotton.

CROP REPORTS.

The Weather Favorable to the Growing Cereals of the Northwest.

The weather-forecast bulletin for the week ended Saturday, July 21, issued by the Signal Office at Washington, shows that the week has been cooler than usual in all districts except in Dakota and on the Pacific coast, where it has been warmer. It says:

There has been an excess of rainfall during the week generally throughout the central valleys in northern portions of Minnesota and Dakota, and in western portions of Kansas, Nebraska, and New York. There was almost a total absence of rain in Michigan, Northern Indiana, and North-eastern Illinois. The weather during the week has been favorable for the growing crops in the wheat and corn regions of the Northwest. The recent heavy rains, followed by excess of sunshine, have greatly improved the condition of corn and oats, which are generally reported in excellent condition, but more rain is needed in portions of Michigan for these crops. Reports from Kansas indicate that crops have been considerably damaged by hail. Reports from Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Alabama and Mississippi show that the crops conditions have been improved by the favorable weather during the last week. More rain is needed in North and South Carolina, although in the latter State the weather was favorable for cotton. In New Jersey and Pennsylvania the wheat, rye and hay harvests have been about completed during the favorable weather of the last week. The weather conditions in these two States have been unusually favorable for staple crops.

BASE-BALL BATTERS.

How the Various Clubs Stand That Are Competing for First Place.

The relative standing of the clubs that are competing for the championship of the associations named is shown by the annexed table:

League.	Won.	Lost.	Western.	Won.	Lost.
Chicago	41	25	St. Paul	39	18
Detroit	43	25	Des Moines	32	21
New York	40	27	Omaha	28	26
Philadelphia	34	34	Chicago	28	29
Boston	36	35	Kansas City	26	28
Pittsburgh	28	35	Memphis	28	32
Indianapolis	25	45	St. Louis	8	10
Washington	23	45	Minneapolis	21	35
American.					
St. Louis	40	26	Interstate	40	15
Brooklyn	43	26	Penn.	37	17
Cincinnati	44	27	Terre Haute	26	26
Athletic	41	28	Bloomington	22	24
Baltimore	33	38			
Cleveland	26	44			
Louisville	25	47			
Kansas City	21	48			

TEN MEN CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Disastrous Crash on the Norfolk and Western Railroad Near Lynchburg.

A terrible accident occurred on the Norfolk and Western Railroad about eight miles from Lynchburg, Va. Ten men were killed. A freight collided at a cut near Forest Depot with an east-bound material train, causing a complete wreck of both trains. Engineers Henry and Harris, Darnley, fireman of the material train, and seven colored train men whose names are unknown were killed. Fireman Mays, of the freight train, was fatally injured. The conductor escaped with light bruises. The accident was caused by the conductor of the material train misunderstanding orders.

MR. RANDALL HAS A CANCER.

Drs. Lincoln and Mallan Pronounce the Ex-Speaker's Malady Incurable.

Dr. Nathan S. Lincoln, the eminent physician of Washington, was called in consultation by Dr. Mallan to see Mr. Randall. After careful examination of their patient both united in deciding that the disease is without question cancer of the stomach. Mr. Randall himself had previously had no suspicion of the fact, but bears its revelation with characteristic fortitude. His case is considered incurable, and Mr. Randall's public career is practically ended.

Hanged for a Double Murder.

At Blackfoot, Idaho, Frank Williams was hanged for the murder of Charles Reed and Capt. Winn near Caribou Dec. 17, 1886. He was indifferent about his fate, and when the time came for the drop he called out "All ready." He broke jail twice during the twenty months he was confined there. Owing to his long confinement he was too weak to travel, and was captured in about three hours.

FULLER IS CONFIRMED.

The Selection of the Eminent Chicago Jurist for Chief Justice Approved by the Senate.

Melville W. Fuller, of Chicago, when he shall have subscribed to the oath of office and entered his name in the big book in the office of the Clerk at Washington, will be the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was confirmed by a vote of 41 yeas to 20 nays, after an executive



session three hours in length. This time was occupied by five Senators, who were the only ones who spoke upon the nomination. These Senators were Edmunds and Everts, members of the Committee on the Judiciary, and Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, who opposed the confirmation, and by Senators Cullom and Farwell, of Illinois, who favored it. No Democratic Senator spoke on either side. Ten Republicans voted for Mr. Fuller's confirmation, and they were as follows:

Cullom and Farwell of Illinois, Cameron and Quay of Pennsylvania, Hale and Frye of Maine, Davis of Minnesota, Jones of Nevada, Mitchell of Oregon, and Kiddleberger of Virginia.

All of the Democrats present voted for confirmation. The twenty Republicans voting against confirmation were:

Blair, Bowen, Chandler, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Everts, Hawley, Hoar, Ingalls, Mendenhall, Palmer, Platt, Sabin, Sawyer, Sherman, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, and Wilson of Iowa.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Kansas Prohibitionists Nominate a State Ticket.

The Prohibition State Convention of Kansas has nominated the following ticket:

For Governor—The Rev. J. D. Botkin of Wichita.

For Lieutenant-Governor—R. J. Freely of Abilene.

For Secretary of State—L. V. McIntyre of Dodge City.

For State Treasurer—R. M. Sionaker of Anderson County.

For Auditor—The Rev. Gabriel Burdett (colored), Marshall County.

For Attorney-General—Stanton A. Hyer of McPherson County.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Miss S. A. Brown of Lawrence.

For Associate Justice Supreme Court—J. O. Pickering of Olathe.

The platform, which was read by John P. St. John, advocates woman suffrage, government control of the telegraphs and railroads, reduction of the surplus, repeal of tariff laws, and absolute prohibition of the liquor traffic.

NEGOTIATING WITH INDIANS.

A Commission Appointed to Confer with Them to Modify Their Treaty.

The Secretary of the Interior has appointed the Rev. T. S. Childs of Washington, D. C., Maj. R. B. Weaver of Arkansas and J. Montgomery Smith of Wisconsin as a commission to negotiate with the band of Ute Indians in Southern Colorado for such modification of their treaty and other rights and such exchange of their reservation as may be deemed advisable by the Indians and the Secretary of the Interior. The Commission is authorized, if the result of the negotiations shall make it necessary, to negotiate with any other tribe of Indians for such portion of their reservation as may be necessary for the Utes if they shall determine to remove from their present location. The Commission will leave for the West in a few days.

A GREAT LOCKOUT ENDED.

The Association of Iron Manufacturers Dissolved.

The Western Iron Association has dissolved. The Conference Committee of the association met at Pittsburgh, Pa., and after a long sitting came to the conclusion that it was better to dissolve. The withdrawal of several firms which had vowed allegiance to the association caused the dissolution of the organization. The committee adopted the following:

"Resolved, That the conference committee of manufacturers be dissolved, and that all members of the Association of Manufacturers of Iron and Steel Mills who have not signed the Amalgamated scale will be absolved from all pledges, written or otherwise, and are authorized to act in their individual capacity regarding the starting of their works."

A general resumption is now looked for in a few days. Up to date thirty-eight firms employing 25,000 men have signed the scale.

BIG GOLD DISCOVERIES.

One Blast in a Michigan Iron Shaft Uncovers \$10,000 Worth of Quartz.

The richest discovery of gold ever made outside of the Comstock lode was made at the Lake Superior Iron Company's shaft, seven miles from Ishpeming, Mich. Three hundred pounds of quartz, carrying free gold at the rate of over \$60,000 per ton, was uncovered by one blast. Some very rich discoveries have been made before at this shaft, but nothing like this. The quartz brought out by the one blast is worth fully \$10,000.

A TERRIFIC CLOUD-BURST.

Twenty Lives Lost in the Flood at Wheeling, W. Va.

Heavy rain caused a flood at Wheeling, W. Va. The debris from the hillsides rendering some streets impassable. One of the B. and O. bridges collapsed, and it is feared that twenty persons were drowned. At Caldwell's Run four dwellings

were swept away, eleven persons being drowned. The Western Union office and other buildings at Wheeling had a foot of water on the main floors. Sewers were burst and streets washed out. Many bridges are gone. Railroad tracks have been torn up, and it is even reported that trains and coal chutes were carried away. The damage in Wheeling is placed at \$50,000, while the loss to crops in the surrounding country can not be estimated.

A WASHOUT AT ST. CLAIRSVILLE.

A Train Stranded and the Passengers Forced to Scramble for Their Lives.

St. Clairsville, Ohio, and vicinity were visited by a most terrific thunder-storm, with violent winds and a rainfall that eclipsed the average waterspout. Grain fields were laid waste, the shocked wheat was swept away, and growing corn is not to be seen. The Belhairs and St. Clairsville and the St. Clairsville and Northern Railroads are almost entirely washed out. The train on the Baltimore and Ohio was stranded at Echo, and the trainmen and passengers as best they could escaped with their lives, the water, filled with drift, running to the headlight of the engine. Several lives are reported lost. Damage over \$100,000.

A COALITION TICKET.

Michigan Greenbackers and Democrats Nominate a State Ticket.

The Democrats and Greenbackers of Michigan have held their convention, the former at Detroit and the latter at Grand Rapids. A coalition ticket was nominated, the Greenbackers securing the Attorney General, the Auditor General, the Commissioner of the State Land Office, and the Electors for the Second, Eighth, and Eleventh Districts. The Democrats secured the rest of the ticket, nominating Wellington B. Burt, of Saginaw, for Governor. The platform indorses the President and his administration, and also the declarations of the St. Louis Convention.

MIRACULOUSLY ESCAPED DEATH.

Thirty-four Cars Pass Over a Brakeman, and He Is Not Killed.

A remarkable escape from death occurred on the Central Railroad in Elizabeth, N. J. A brakeman named Robinson, residing at Phillipsburg, was putting on brakes on top of a box-car on a fast freight. In order to avoid being struck by the Cherry street bridge he jumped on the ladder which runs down the end of the car. The ladder broke, precipitating him under the train, and thirty-four freight cars passed over the prostrate man as he lay on the ties. By a miracle he escaped being crushed to death, and the doctors say he will recover.

MASONIC LODGE SUSPENDED.

Liquor Dealers Cause a Disruption in Mount Vernon, Ind.

A serious row has broken out among the Free Masons of Mount Vernon, Ind., through the refusal of the main body to suspend certain men engaged in selling liquor, in violation of the laws of the order. Deputy Grand Master Douglas, of Evansville, went to adjust the difficulty, but finding the lodge incorrigible in its determination to resist the order of the Grand Lodge, he took away its charter. The matter has caused considerable sensation, and the feeling runs high.

SHATTERED BY A STORM.

A Church and Twenty Frame Structures at Benkleman, Neb., Blown to Pieces.

A terrible wind-storm struck Benkleman, Neb. Twenty frame buildings were destroyed. The Presbyterian Church was torn from its foundation. No loss of life is reported. The buildings destroyed were of cheap frontier character, hence the loss was small.

Nominated for Congress.

Wm. Prentiss, of Macomb, has received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Eleventh Illinois District. The Republicans of the Twenty-fourth District of Pennsylvania have nominated J. Warren Ray, of Green County, for Congress. The Democrats of the Seventh Congressional District of Kansas have nominated W. H. Ebey, of Wichita, for Congress. The Hon. J. B. Morgan has been renominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Second District of Mississippi.

Nominated for Congress.

The Prohibitionists of the Seventh Illinois District have nominated A. H. Hansen, President of the college at Fulton, for Congress. The Indiana Democratic National Convention for the Eighth District nominated E. T. Brookshire, of Montgomery County, for Congress on the 18th ballot. A candidate was named by every county in the district except one. The Mills bill, the Democratic national platform, and Cleveland's administration were indorsed.

Nominated for Congress.

The Eighth Congressional District Union Labor Convention of Iowa met at Lenox and divided, one faction nominating George C. Calkens, of Adams County, for Congress and the other indorsing Congressman Anderson.

Creed F. Bates, of Chattanooga, was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Third District of Tennessee, after 347 ballots had been taken.

Democratic Executive Committee.

The President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs has selected the following Executive Committee: Charles Ogden of Nebraska, Bradley G. Schley of Wisconsin, Alexander T. Ankeny of Minnesota, Harry Wells Ruske of Maryland, R. G. Monroe of New York, Harvey N. Collison of Massachusetts, Lawrence Gardener of the District of Columbia.

What the Lightning Did.

Lightning struck in a swamp at Lake Dore, Benfrew County, Ont., and the muck being dry was ignited. It smoldered and spread and finally reached the timber limits, where great damage is being done.

The Way of the Transgressor.

G. H. Jarvis, who deserted his wife and two children at Toronto, Ontario, and Mrs. Madeline Campbell, who had been married but a month when she eloped with Jarvis,

have been held in \$300 bail at Cincinnati, on a charge of living together as man and wife. Jarvis says he settled \$35,000 on his wife and children, and came to the United States so that he could secure a divorce and marry Mrs. Campbell.

Minnesota Labor Convention.

The first Minnesota convention of the United Labor party was held at Minneapolis. Resolutions declaring for free land, for the adoption of the Australian election system, for State ownership of railroads, for shortening the hours of labor, and for the reduction of court costs were adopted and the convention adjourned.

Foreign Paupers.

Catherine McCartney, an insane pauper recently shipped from Ireland, has been returned to New York from Pittsburgh. At the latter place the systematic unloading of alien paupers is complained of. Last week a family that had been in the country but forty-eight hours were sent to the poor-house.

Burned to Death.

Mrs. Mary F. Floss and Mrs. Mary F. Wittig were burned to death at Buffalo, N. Y., by an exploded kerosene lamp. They tried to put out the blaze, but their clothing caught fire and they ran into the street, where several neighbors put out the flames, being burned seriously in doing so.

The Grand Army.

Commander-in-Chief Rea, of the G. A. R., has issued an order calling the attention of members to the non-partisan character of the order, and especially cautioning the veterans to avoid appearing at political meetings in G. A. R. uniforms.

Teachers in Council.

A large number of teachers have reached San Francisco to take part in the proceedings of the National Association. The National Education Council met, and papers were read by E. E. White, of Ohio, and Professor Burke, of the University of Michigan.

A Federal Officer Murdered.

United States Marshal Charles Marks was shot dead recently in Indian Territory by D. E. Gilestrop, a Cherokee half-breed, whom Marks was trying to arrest for murdering the Mayor of Guelinda Springs, Kan.

Tennessee Republicans.

Samuel W. Hawkins, of Nashville, has been nominated for Governor by the Republicans of Tennessee.

Told In a Few Words.

Josh Simmons, a colored lad, was arrested at Lima, Ohio, for forging orders to the extent of \$400 on his father.

W. A. Potts, who was to have been hanged at Raleigh, N. C., but was reprieved, committed suicide by poison.

At Ozo, Cal., fire nearly destroyed the entire town. The loss is \$20,000.

Six new cases of small-pox have been discovered at Buffalo, N. Y., and the authorities have taken steps to prevent the spread of the disease.

The corner-stone of the colored Baptist seminary, to cost \$50,000, has been laid at Lynchburg, Va., by colored Masons. Some 5,800 persons were present.

At Bridgeton, twenty miles west of St. Louis, two freight trains on the Wabash Road collided, killing Engineer Joe Brown and wounding Fireman Carter. Later in the day two more freight trains crashed into each other inside the city limits of St. Louis, killing Fireman Hackett and wrecking the engine and two cars.

An appeal has been taken by F. B. and C. M. Everest, the Standard Oil men, recently fined for conspiracy to blow up the Buffalo Lubricating Oil Company's stills.

Charles W. Walters, with numerous aliases, was arrested at Springfield, Mo., charged with forgery and obtaining goods under false pretenses.

The new silk mills of the Phoenix Manufacturing Company at Pottsville, Pa., equipped at a cost of \$250,000, has begun operations, employing 1,000 hands.

At Erie, Pa., Ryan Dobberman, aged 73, was sentenced to one year in the county jail for forging and counterfeiting certificates and other papers to procure a pension for Joseph Kunz.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Choice to Prime Steers	5.50	@	6.25
Good	5.00	@	5.75
Common	4.00	@	5.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades	5.50	@	6.25
SHEEP	3.00	@	4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.81	@	.81 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.45 1/2	@	.47 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.31	@	.31 1/2
RYE—No. 2	.55	@	.56
Butter—Creamery	.18 1/2	@	.19 1/2
CHEESE—Full Cream	.16	@	.17
EGGS—Fresh	.14	@	.15
POTATOES—New, per bu.	.60	@	.65
PORK—Mess	13.25	@	13.75
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—Cash	.78	@	.78 1/2
CORN—No. 3	.46	@	.46 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	.35	@	.35 1/2
RYE—No. 1	.56	@	.58
BARLEY—No. 2	.45 1/2	@	.47 1/2
PORK—Mess	13.25	@	13.75
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—Cash	.87	@	.87 1/2
CORN—Cash	.47	@	.47 1/2
OATS—Cash	.33	@	.33 1/2
CLOVER SEED	4.80	@	4.85
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2	.79	@	.80
CORN—No. 2	.45	@	.46
OATS—No. 2	.31	@	.31 1/2
RYE	.55	@	.57
BARLEY	.80	@	.85
PORK—Mess	14.00	@	14.50
NEW YORK.			
CATTLE	4.50	@	6.50
HOGS	6.00	@	6.50
SHEEP	4.00	@	5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.89	@	.91
OATS—White	.58	@	.57
PORK—New Mess	14.75	@	15.25
DETROIT.			
CATTLE	4.00	@	5.25
SHEEP	5.00	@	6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.91	@	.92
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.47 1/2	@	.48 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	.39	@	.40
INDIANAPOLIS.			
CATTLE	5.00	@	6.50
HOGS	5.25	@	6.00
SHEEP	4.00	@	5.00
LAMBS	4.00	@	5.50
BUFFALO.			
CATTLE	4.50	@	5.25
HOGS	5.25	@	6.00
SHEEP	4.25	@	5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.91	@	.92
CORN—No. 3	.51 1/2	@	.52 1/2
EAST LIBERTY.			
CATTLE—Prime	5.25	@	5.50
Fair	4.75	@	5.00
Common	3.50	@	4.00
HOGS	5.75	@	6.25
SHEEP	4.25	@	5.00
LAMBS	5.50	@	6.50

CONGRESSIONAL.

Work of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Mr. TELLER informed the Senate that he was not able to speak up on the fisheries question on the 17th, and the Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to place John C. Fremont on the retired list as a major general of the army. Mr. Keegan and Mr. Calkins opposed the bill. The bill was then passed, but finally the bill was passed—yeas, 29; nays, 21. On motion of Mr. Plumb the Senate recessed from its amendment to the postoffice bill, known as the subsidy amendment. The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill providing for the adjustment of accounts of laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed by the Government under the eight-hour law. The bill passed. The sundry-civil appropriation bill reported to the Senate has been increased by the Senate committee from \$25,300,000 to \$27,300,000, but is still \$6,500,000 less than the estimates. It exceeds last year's bill by nearly \$5,000,000. The bill increases or makes new provisions for public buildings as follows: Bay City, Mich., \$100,000; Chicago (Custom House), \$8,000; Chicago (Marine Hospital), \$5,000; Denver, Col., \$60,000; Helena, Ark., \$37,000; Lincoln, Neb., \$10,000; Portsmouth, N. H., \$30,000; St. Louis (Custom House), \$4,000; Springfield, Mo., \$50,000; Texarkana, Ark., \$50,000; Vicksburg, Miss., \$30,000; Wheeling, W. Va., \$27,500. The following are the more important miscellaneous items of appropriation in the bill: To establish a first-class station at New Bedford, Mass., \$13,000; for international survey of Mexican boundary line (work to be done by army officers), \$100,000; public library building, Washington, \$1,000,000 (the Library Commission is abolishing the work of the Library Commission and the work is placed under the practical charge of the Chief of Engineers); water-power pool, Rock Island arsenal, \$25,000; Denver military posts, \$100,000; Fort Robinson, Neb., \$50,000; Fort Niobrara, Neb., \$50,000; Fort Totten, D. T., \$5,000. The House in its session of the 21st resumed consideration of the Mills tariff bill. The internal-revenue feature was pending. The date upon which the bill shall go into effect was fixed as Oct. 1, 1888.

Owing to the fact that Mr. Teller was again not well enough to speak on the fisheries treaty the 18th, the matter went over. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Senate bill for the formation and admission into the Union of the State of Washington, to be composed of the present Territory of Washington and part of Idaho Territory. A substitute for the bill confining the area of the new State to that of the present Territory of Washington was offered, and evoked discussion. The bill was taken. The following nominations were confirmed: V. M. Babcock, receiver of public moneys, St. Croix, Wis.; Postmasters: A. Elson, Unionville, Mo.; C. Horwickholt, Hays City, Kan.; W. Marshall, Farrington, Ill.; D. H. Vanell, Cobden, Ill.; W. Swint, Booneville, Ind.; J. R. Williams, Danville, Ind.; P. H. Wilson, Worthington, Ind.; C. Cronin, Kalkaska, Mich.; E. R. Savage, Manacela, Mich.; C. F. Kalk, Meriden, Wis.; J. R. Matthews, Menominee, Wis.; F. Swain, Washington, Wis. The Mills tariff bill was again taken up by the House in committee of the whole. On motion, primuline was stricken from the free list. The first paragraph, which had been passed over informally, (that placing cotton ties or hoops on the free list) was then considered, resulting in an amendment being adopted placing on the free list all iron and steel hoops not thicker than No. 20 wire gauge. The existing rates of duty were restored on cement and whitening and paris white. The duty on paris green was fixed at 12 1/2 per cent. ad valorem. The pottery schedule, which had been passed over, was then taken up for consideration. The duty on china, porcelain, earthen, stone, or cro