



FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 24 1886

Printed at the postoffice at Rensselaer, Ind., as second-class matter.)

RENSSELAER TIME TABLE.

PASSENGER TRAINS.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
5:36 P. M.	9:21 A. M.
4:02 A. M.	11:20 P. M.
4:39 A. M.	10:31 P. M.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN C. NELSON, of Cass.

For Judge Supreme Court (Third Dist.)
JOHN R. COFFROTH, of Tippecanoe.

For Secretary of State,
ROBERT W. MIERS, of Monroe.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES A. MUNSON, of A. en.

For Treasurer of State,
THOMAS B. BYRNE, of Vanderburg.

For Clerk of Supreme Court
MARTIN T. KREUGER, of LaPorte.

For Attorney General,
HUGH D. McMULLEN, of Dearborn.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,
ANDREW M. SWEENEY, of Dubois.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Clerk,
For Sheriff,
For Auditor,
LUCIUS STRONG.

For Treasurer,
WILLIAM M. HOOVER.

For Recorder,
DAVID W. SHIELDS.

For Coroner,
For Surveyor

For Commissioner—Second District
GEORGE H. BROWN, Jr.

"Billy" Owen does not devote any attention to the home of himself and his competitor. He desires to make up in this end of the District the losses he will sustain at his home.

Billy Owen, at his meeting in Rensselaer, Saturday, was willing to give adhesion to the views of any party. He was prepared to carry out the theories of Ben. Harrison's "flat idiots."

The Peru Sentinel says: "Dr. H. D. Hattery, the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Tenth District, was a resident of the southern part of Miami county for nine years previous to going to Logansport. He was an enthusiastic, reliable Democrat, true to the party and very popular with the people. No trouble should be experienced by him in overcoming the four hundred Republican majority in the Tenth District. If elected he will make a creditable representative, which can not be said of the man who now holds down the seat in Congress."

Dr. Hattery will more than fill the margin required to secure his election at the home of himself and his opponent. Cass, Carroll, Fulton, Pulaski and White will give him a heavily increased vote; while the "Corkscrew and Mallet" story manufactured by the friends of Mr. Owen to gull the voters of this end of the district, will not help their favorite a particle. Dr. Hattery will be elected in spite of that system of warfare.

TO INDIANA REPUBLICANS.

We commend to the attention of Republicans the following extract from the report of the Republican Tariff Commission recom-

mending a 20 per cent. reduction of duties. It should prove very good reading for Indiana Republicans at this time:

Early in its deliberations the commission became convinced that a substantial reduction of tariff duties is demanded, not by a mere indiscriminate popular clamor, but by the best conservative opinion of the country, including that which has in former times been most strenuous for the preservation of our national industrial defences. Such a reduction of the existing tariff the Commission regards not only as a due recognition of the public sentiment and a measure of justice to consumers, but one conducive to the general industrial prosperity, and which, though it may be temporarily inconvenient, will be ultimately beneficial to the special interest affected by such reduction. No rates of defensive duties, except for the establishment of new industries, which more than equalize the conditions of labor and capital with those of foreign competitors can be justified. Excessive duties, or those above such standard of equalization, are positively injurious to the interest which they are supposed to benefit. They encourage the investment of capital in manufacturing enterprise by rash and unskilled speculators, to be followed by disaster to the adventurers and their employees, and a plethora of commodities which deranges the operations of skilled and prudent enterprise. Numerous examples of such disasters and derangements occurred during and shortly after the excessively protective period of the late war, when tariff duties were enhanced by the rate of foreign exchange and premiums upon gold. Excessive duties generally, or exceptionally high duties in particular classes, discredit our whole national economic system and furnish plausible arguments for its complete subversion.

They serve to increase uncertainty on the part of industrial enterprise, whether it shall enlarge or contract its operations, and take from commerce, as well as production, the sense of stability required for extended undertakings. It would seem that the rates of duties under the existing tariff, fixed, for the most part, during the war, under the evident necessity at that time of stimulating to its utmost extent all domestic production, might be adapted, through reduction, to the present condition of peace requiring no such extraordinary stimulus. And in the mechanical and manufacturing industries, especially those which have been long established, it would seem that the improvements in machinery and processes made within the last twenty years, and the high scale of productivity which has become a characteristic of their establishments, would permit our manufacturers to compete with their foreign rivals under a substantial reduction of existing duties.

Entertaining these views, the Commission has sought to present a scheme of tariff duties in which substantial reduction should be the distinguishing feature. The average reduction in rates, including that from the enlargement of the free list and the abolition of the duties on charges and commissions, at which the Commission has aimed, is not less on the average than 20 per cent., and it is the opinion of the Commission that the reduction will reach 25 per cent.

A happy re-union of the family of Hon. Geo. H. Brown, occurred in Rensselaer on Tuesday last. There were present on the occasion Mr. Brown and wife, one son and daughter-in-law, eight daughters, six sons-in-law, nineteen grandchildren, and grandmother Welsn aged 91, the mother of Mr. B's first wife—38 in all. The affair passed off very pleasantly. May they participate in many more like meetings.

A Republican who heard the speech of Mr. Thompson at Mt. Airy, last Saturday says, in the language of Bro. James "he's too ornamental and too exacting." He's too ornamental in his instructions on the organization of Government, etc., and too exacting in his demand for the sold Republican vote and one-half of the Democratic. He says he won't vote for a man so arrogant as to demand it, and there are more in the same boat.

A SCRAP OF "ANCIENT HISTORY."

Before the sudden conversion of Brother James to the support of Mr. Thompson, he was in the habit of bringing to his aid hidden lore from "Ancient History" with which to combat the proposition to confer the nomination for State Senator on the said Mr. T. The lieutenants of the Republican candidate for Senator, in their extreme solicitude for the success of their chief dug up an old bill allowed by the county to Dr. Patton, which they thought to be of unreasonable proportions, but which Dr. Maxwell certifies was very low; and sought to make capital with it. This action on the part of Mr. Thompson's partisans induced an old, highly respected and honored citizen to hunt out from among his old papers the following copy of an account which he had procured about the time it was allowed, and has kept as a curiosity from that period to this:

1871. Jasper County, In account with Simon P. Thompson, School Examiner, Dr.

Sept. 6, To 1 days work distributing circulars to teachers, \$3 00

" 7, " 1 days work distributing circulars to teachers, 3 00

" 22, " 1 day work writing letters to patrons and teachers, 1 50

" 23, " 1 days work writing letters to patrons and teachers, 3 00

Oct. 6, " bill printing certificates for Institute and advertising, 7 00

" 5 days work attending Institute, 15 00

" 16, " 1 days work writing letters to Trustees, 1 50

" 20, " 1 day writing o trustees & teachers 3 00

" 23, " 1 day writing letters as to school regulations, 1 50

" 25, " 250 envelopes, 2 00

" " " postage—50 3-ct. stamps, 1 50

" 27, " 1 day preparing school regulations & visiting at Rensselaer, 3 00

Nov. 3, " 3 day visiting school at Remington, 2 00

" 6, " printing school regulations—pd James & Healy, 3 00

" " " Postage stamps—50 1-ct. stamps, 50

" " 1 days work distributing circulars and regulations, 3 00

" 7, " 1 days work writing teachers and distributing circulars, 3 00

" 8, " Cash paid for postage, 2 00

" 8, " 1 days work writing to directors, 3 00

" 9, " 1 days work distributing circulars, 3 00

" 16, " 1 day visiting schools 4 and 5 Marion, 3 00

" 17, " 1 day visiting schools at Rensselaer, 3 00

" 20, " 1 day visiting No. 4 Gillam use of horse and speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 21, " 1 day visiting No. 5 Gillam use of horse and speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 22, " 1 day visiting No. 2 Gillam use of horse & speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 23, " 1 day visiting No. 3 Gillam use of horse & speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 24, " 1 day visiting No. 1 Gillam use of horse & speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 25, " 1 day holding Institute at No. 1 Gillam and eve. 3 50

" 27, " 1 day visiting No. 2 Walker use of horse & speaking in evening, 4 00

" 28, " 1 day visiting No. 3 Walker use of horse & speaking in evening, 14 hrs. 4 50

" 29, " 1 day visiting No. 2 Kankakee use of horse and speaking in evening, 4 50

Nov. 30, " 1 day visiting No. 1 Kankakee use of horse and speaking in evening, 4 50

Dec. 1, " 1 day visiting No. 6 Barkley use of horse, and speaking in evening, 4 50

" 2, " Bill paid James & Healy print'g 2,000 rules of spelling, 12 00

Total, \$131 00

State of Indiana, } ss:
County of Jasper, }

S. P. Thompson on oath says that the above account is just, true, and remains wholly unpaid. That he has faithfully performed the labor therein set forth to-wit:

29 days at \$3 00, \$87 00; that he has paid in cash for printing, \$22 00; that he has paid for envelopes, \$2 00; that he has paid for postage, \$4 00; that he has paid for horse hire, \$10 00; that he has spoken of evenings 1 to 2 hours, each 10 times @ 60 cts, \$6 00. \$131 00 due for the quarter ending December 4th, 1871.

S. P. THOMPSON, School Examiner. Subscribed and sworn to thir 4th day of December, 1871. THOMAS THOMPSON, Notary Public.

State of Indiana, } ss:
Jasper County, }

I Frank W. Babcock Auditor of Jasper county hereby certify that the within is a true, full and complete copy of the Bill filed by Simon P. Thompson, December 4th, 1871, for services as School Examiner.

F. W. BABCOCK, per R. Aud. Jasper Co.

Indorsed—Copy. No. 34. December Term, 1871. S. P. Thompson. Bill for services as School Examiner. \$131 00. Allowed by the Board at \$131 00. Allowed.—Pres. Board, W. K. Parkison.—Filed December 4t, 1871. Frank W. Babcock, Aud. Jasp. Co.

We believe it was Solomon who said: "Words fitly spoken are like apples of gold in pictures of silver." Mr. Thompson agrees with him, as it seems he regarded his utterances worth sixty cents an hour.

Mr. Owen "dodged" the vote on the bogus butter bill.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: 'I was afflicted with lung and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs.' Call at F. B. Meyer's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles. \$1.00. 32-3

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: 'Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg is now sound and well.' Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by F. B. Meyer's. 34-5

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Letters addressed as below remain uncalled for in the Post Office at Rensselaer, Jasper County, Indiana, on the 18th day of September 1886. Those not claimed within four weeks from the date below given will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C.

J. N. Hakner, Wm. Kelley, J. T. Long, Chas. Lathop, Clyd V. Noe, H. C. Ried, Dora Sharp-2, Hugh Stackhouse.

Persons caring for any of the letters in this list will please say they are advertised.

NATHANIEL S. BATES, P. M. Rensselaer, Ind. Sep 24 1886

A Wonderful Discovery.

Consumptives and all, who suffer from any action of the Throat and Lungs, can find a certain cure in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Thousands of permanent cures verify the truth of the statement. No medicine can show such a record of wonderful cures. Thousands of once hopeless sufferers now gratefully proclaim they owe their lives to this New Discovery. It will cost you nothing to give it a trial. Free Trial Bottles at F. B. Meyer's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00 Aug. 29-2

M. B. ALTER, Physician and Surgeon.

Office up stairs, in the Hemphill building, Dec. 11, 1885. Rensselaer, Ind.

E. E. QUIVEY, DENTIST.

Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. ALL WORK WARRANTED. Office over Warner's Hardware Store, Nov. 27, 1885. RENSSELAER, IND.

JOHN MAKEEVER, President. JAY WILLIAMS, Cashier.

FARMERS BANK, Opposite Public Square, RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

Receive Deposits. Buy and Sell Exchange. Collections made and promptly remitted. Money Loaned. Do a general Banking Business. August 17, 1885.

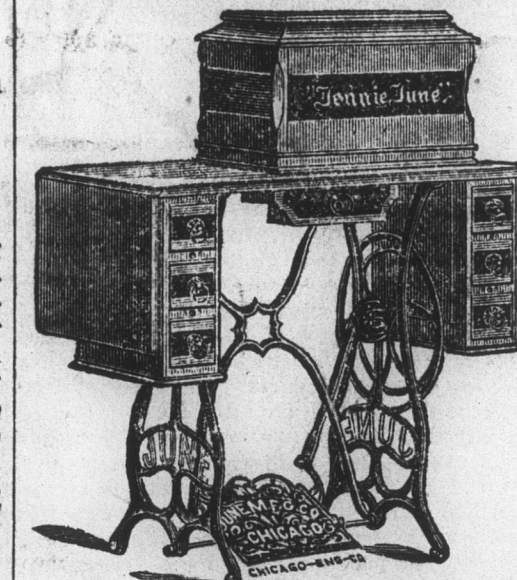
A. L. WILLIS, Gun & Locksmith, (Shop on River bank, south of School House, Rensselaer, Ind.)

All kinds of Iron and Wood turning, and fine work in Iron, Steel and Brass, on short notice, and at reasonable rates. Give me a call. v5n4c

THE LIGHT RUNNING SEWING MACHINE HAS NO EQUAL. PERFECT SATISFACTION. New Home Sewing Machine Co. —ORANGE, MASS.— 30 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Atlanta, Ga. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal. FOR SALE BY W. H. & C. RHOADES, Rensselaer.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT —HIGH ARM—

"JENNIE JUNE" SEWING MACHINE IS THE BEST. BUY NO OTHER.



The LADIES' FAVORITE, because it is LIGHT RUNNING and does such beautiful work. Agents' Favorite, because it is a quick and easy seller.

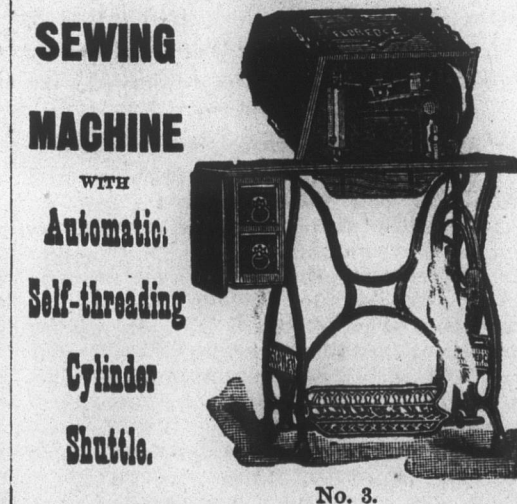
AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

JUNE MANUFACTURING CO. Cor. La Salle Avenue and Ontario Street. CHICAGO, ILL.

THE ELDREDGE "B"

SEWING MACHINE WITH Automatic Self-threading Cylinder Shuttle.



No. 3. The ELDREDGE "B" is sold with the guarantee of being the BEST that can be MADE.

AGENTS WANTED,

ELDREDGE MANUFACTURING CO.

363 and 365 WABASH AVE.,

CHICAGO, ILL.