

The Democratic Sentinel.

VOLUME X.

RENSSELAER, JASPER COUNTY, INDIANA. FRIDAY, APRIL 9 1886.

NUMBER 10

THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

—BY—

JAS. W. McEWEEN.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year.....\$1.50
Six months......90
Three months.....50

Advertising Rates.

One column, one year, \$80.00
Half column, " " 40.00
Quarter " " 20.00
Eight " " 10.00
Ten per cent. added to foregoing price if advertisements are set to occupy more than single column width.
Fractional parts of a year at equitable rates.
Business cards not exceeding 1 inch space, \$5 a year; \$3 for six months; \$2 for three months.
All legal notices and advertisements at established rates.
Reading notices, first publication 10 cents a line; each publication thereafter 5 cents a line.
Fearly advertisements may be changed quarterly (once in three months) at the option of the advertiser, free of extra charge.
Advertisements for persons not residents of Jasper county, must be paid for in advance of first publication, when less than one-quarter column in size; and quarterly in advance when larger.

ALFRED McCOY. T. J. McCoy
E. L. HOLLINGSWORTH.

A. McCOY & CO., BANKERS,

(Successors to A. McCoy & T. Thompson.)

Do a full and banking business. Exchange bought and sold. Certificates bearing interest issued. Collections made on all available points. Office same place as old firm of McCoy & Thompson April 2, 1885.

MORDECAI F. CHILCOTE.

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

Practices in the Courts of Jasper and adjoining counties. Makes collections a specialty. Office on north side of Washington street, opposite Court House.

SIMON P. THOMPSON. DAVID J. THOMPSON

Attorney-at-Law. Notary Public.

THOMPSON & BROTHER.

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

Practice in all the Courts.

MARION L. SPITLER.

Collector and Abstracter.

We pay particular attention to paying taxes, selling, and leasing lands.

FRANK W. BALCOCK.

Attorney at Law

And Real Estate Broker.

Practices in all Courts of Jasper, Newton and Benton counties. Lands examined.

Abstracts of Title prepared: Taxes paid.

Collections a Specialty.

JAMES W. DOUTHIT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

Office up stairs, in Makeever's new building, Rensselaer, Ind.

EDWIN P. HAMMOND,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

RENSSELAER, IND.

Office Over Makeever's Bank.

May 21, 1885.

H. W. SNYDER,

Attorney at Law

REMSINGTON, INDIANA.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

W. W. HARTSELL, M. D.

HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

Chronic Diseases a Specialty.

Office, in Makeever's New Block. Residence at Makeever House.

July 11, 1884.

D. D. DALE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

MONTICELLO, INDIANA.

Bank building, up stairs.

J. H. LOUGHRIDGE.

F. P. BITTERS.

Physicians and Surgeons.

Washington street, below Austin's hotel. Ten per cent. interest will be added to all accounts running unsettled longer than three months.

DR. I. B. WASHBURN,

Physician & Surgeon,

Rensselaer, Ind.

Calls promptly attended. Will give special attention to the treatment of Chronic Diseases.

CITIZENS' BANK,

RENSSELAER, IND.

R. S. DWIGGINS, F. J. SEARS, VAL. SEIB, President. Vice-President. Cashier.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS: Certificates bearing interest issued; Exchange bought and sold; Money loaned on farms at lowest rates and on most favorable terms. April 1885.

The Edmunds Resolutions Rid- dled.

Senator Voorhees, after stating the question at issue between the President and the Senate, asked whether the majority resolutions contained themselves with an attack on the President (the Attorney-General) and aimed from a direct blow at the President (the President). Did the Senator from Vermont expect a cabinet officer to disobey the President? The resolutions were meant for popular effect. They contemplated no measure of legislation to remove any evil or pretended evil. They were merely a fulmination of senatorial opinion, barren of result other than a cheap partisan denunciation. If the Attorney-General were guilty, as charged, then he should be impeached. That was a matter for the house. The majority of the senate had turned aside from the legitimate business of legislation. Labor, all over the country, was overtaxed and scantily paid by reason of long-standing and vicious legislation. Human suffering was wringing its hands and weeping in many parts of the country in destitution for want of employment and proper remuneration. Great corporations were overshadowing the land and absorbing the powers of state and nation, and grinding the flesh and blood of men and women into their massive hoppers. American commerce no longer had a ship on the high seas. Great questions of taxation and finance were pressing for attention. But from all these great and pressing subjects we must turn aside to discuss this question raised by the senator from Vermont. It was thrust into our councils to obstruct the business of the country in favor of a lot of Republican officeholders. Mr. Voorhees heartily indorsed Mr. Cleveland's action in making removals so far as action had been had, and he would heartily indorse the President's action in the same direction if it went a thousand leagues farther. The civil service law had never commended itself to the judgment of Mr. Voorhees. Very recently he had voted in committee, and should vote in the senate, for its absolute repeal. It had proven itself to be a violent and odious obstruction to the will of the people and a stumbling-block in the way of rational and successful administration of the government. With the exception of fourth-class postmasters there were at the present moment ten Republicans in office to one Democrat. Mr. Voorhees had no hesitation in declaring that such a state of things was not consistent with the true theory of popular government, or with its safe and honest administration. The people had ordained a change in the administration of the government, and such change was not properly limited to changes in a few chief offices. History had shown that no political party could administer the affairs of the government through the instrumentality of its enemies. At this very hour there was not a confidential communication or transaction of any one of the departments that was not betrayed to the leaders of the Republican party. The very papers demanded by the senate were familiar to eager Republican eyes. Every paper and every drawer and every closet in the departments was daily and hourly under the espionage of Republican chief clerks, Republican private secretaries, and Republican confidential shorthand writers. Those who opened the letters of heads of departments were known as malignant opponents of the Democratic party inflamed with a desire for the overthrow of the administration. Mr. Voorhees said the President could not be blamed for moving slowly. Every act of his administration was in the right direction, and the country would understand why greater progress had not been made, and would place the respon-

sibility where it belonged. Mr. Voorhees said that the evils predicted by the Republicans when the Democrats came into power did not come. The "confederate brigadier" at both ends of the capitol continued to vote annually \$100,000,000 for pensions to Union soldiers, and as to the colored citizens President Cleveland gave them occasionally a good office. Referring to Mr. Wilson's characterization of the Democratic party as a "protoplasm," Mr. Voorhees said it was fortunate for the Democracy that the colored people had not been told before election that the Democratic party was a protoplasm. And as to what would have happened, if, instead of the word itself, the Senator from Iowa had used its definition as given by Webster—namely, that it was "the viscid, nitrogenous material in vegetable cells, by which the process of nutrition, secretion, and growth goes forward," Mr. Voorhees' imagination shrank from contemplation of the probable results. If it had been understood that the Democratic party was anything like a "non-cellular formation of a vital vegetable substance," Mr. Voorhees had not the slightest doubt that that party would have been counted out in New York. The senator from Iowa ought to have denounced the Democratic party as a hypothenuse or a rectangular parallelogram. But all the calumnies heaped on that party, Mr. Voorhees said, had been exploded. The party had shown that it could be trusted. The party had shown that it could be trusted. In the last election in the state of the senator from Iowa, that senator was an unwilling witness to the fact that the Republican "protoplasmic" majority of 40,000 was evolved into a floating diminutive atom of 5,000. "May that continue," said Mr. Voorhees, "until the survival of the fittest is fully established." After referring to the contest between a resident Andrew Jackson and the senate, in which the President, Mr. Voorhees said, was successful, he commended to the present able and patriotic chief magistrate the principles and the policy of that able Democratic statesman. Then, said Mr. Voorhees, in conclusion, would all the great powers of government be called into action for the promotion of the common good, and not for the destruction of each other. Then would the spirit of concord and mutual respect among the various branches of the government prevail, and then no more would the ghastly exhibition of the gory execution, the gleaming ax, and the headless trunk of King Charles I startle or affright the soul of the senator from Vermont.

Having closed out our entire stock to Hemphill & Homan at such prices as will enable them to duplicate the greatly reduced prices at which we were closing out our stock, we bespeak for them a liberal share of patronage. We will remain for a time with them, and will be glad to meet as many of our customers as were pleased with our treatment and will insure as liberal prices and as fair treatment as when the stock was in our own control. T. J. FARDEN.

T. P. Worstall and son, of Harrison county, Ohio, are occupying the E. S. Woods' building, next door to the post-office, with a large stock of the most excellent apples from Eastern Ohio—Newtown pippins and the Willow—which they are selling at low prices. They invite the people to call and inspect their fruit.

On and after April 4th 1886, trains Nos. 2 and 1, passing Rensselaer at 10:48 a. m. and 4:38 p. m. respectively, will not run on Sunday. C. F. WREN.

DUNNVILLE SQUIBS.

The election passed off quietly at this place, and the g. o. p. carried off the palms of victory, but with a considerably reduced majority. J. H. White was elected over Amos Cadwallader, for Trustee, by only four votes; W. J. Hinshaw, (rep.), assessor, over Frank Kitchmark, (dem.) by 7 majority. As the 'reps' claim 16 majority on straight ballot, the Democrats need not be discouraged over the result. The Democrats unite in thanking the few Republicans for casting off party spirit, and supporting the deserving candidates. Wonder if I. D. Dunn did not have more than a passing interest in working so hard for J. H. White. Isaac, you might as well crush that rising ambition, for your friend Thompson will knock you over the ropes this fall without a doubt.

Dunnism and alcoholism are the two destroying elements of Kankakee township.

Austin Way sold his driving team this week to Buck Dearman for two hundred and fifty dollars. Austin and wife expect shortly to move to Chicago.

Some of the liberal Republicans who have for the last month openly declared they could and would not support J. W. White, the day of election, at sight of I. D. Dunn began to tremble in their boots; and as soon as the word of command was given marched up and voted for White.

Dunnville is looking with a longing eye for the contemplated R.R. which is to cross the 3-I's at this place. The farmer's cry is fewer R.R.'s and more ditches.

On account of the late spring there is a great cry for hay. Cattle are looking bad, and should this weather continue, will suffer for food.

Lee Gillespie is on the sick list, and has been for four or five weeks, but was able Monday to be taken to the polls and allowed to give the two best candidates a lift.

KANKAKEE.

Statement of The Dickens' Entertainment.

The Dickens' Entertainment was in every particular, a grand success. Financially it exceeded the expectations of all concerned: the patronage was most liberal; and the assistance rendered by the good ladies of the community is most praiseworthy.

We shall ever feel grateful to those who so kindly and liberally donated the provisions for the supper, and so liberal was these donations that sufficient provisions was left after the supper to give a dinner and a supper the following day. The citizens, too were liberal in their patronization and spending money.

In behalf of the High School I wish to extend to all that assisted in any way whatsoever our sincere thanks; and to the ladies who so nobly worked for our success, the High School is under many lasting obligations.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS:

Money received from all sources \$176.83.
Money paid out:
Pop corn, 250 balls, @2c. \$ 5.00.
Candy, 3.29.
Opera House, 15.00.
Silver Dish, 6.00.
Gold Ring, 5.00.
Advertising and Printing, 6.00.
Oranges and Bananas, 10.13.
3 Ticket lost, 30.
Total paid out, 50.72.
Balance on hand, in possession of Mr. M. L. Spitler, \$126.11.

With this amount many valuable books will be bought. If we can succeed in having donated to us the Iroquois Library (which I trust we can), the collection of books will at once amount to something over 400 volumes.

Mrs. Alice C. Meyers has kindly donated George Herbert's works. All donations will be kindly received. Again I thank all who in any way assisted us in this enterprise.

Very respectfully,
F. W. REUBELT.

Fine apples that will keep till June, Newtown Pippins and Willow, at the new Apple and Vegetable market next door to post office.

Interesting to Ladies.

Our lady readers can hardly fail to have their attention called this week to the latest combination of improvements in the most useful of all domestic implements, the "sewing machine."

As we understand it, a machine for family use should meet first of all these requirements: It should be simple in its mechanism; it should run easily; it should do a wide range of work; it should be as nearly noiseless as possible; it should be light, handsome, durable, and as cheap as is consistent with excellence throughout.

These conditions the "Light-Running New Home" certainly meets. It has also several very important attachments and "notions" of its own, which go far to make good its claims to popular favor.

The "New Home" specially recommends itself to purchasers on account of its superior mechanical construction, ease of management and reasonable price. Over half a million have been sold in the last three years, all of which are giving universal satisfaction. This unrivalled machine is manufactured by the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., Orange, Mass., and 30 Union Square, New York.

Ex-Sheriff John W. Powell has leased the Halloran Livery and Feed Stables, and respectfully solicits a liberal share of the public patronage.

AN APRIL SHOWER.—The first of the Plate Engravings illustrating the Homes of our Farmer Presidents, which the American Agriculturist is preparing at great expense, will appear as a supplement to the May number. It represents the Home Farm and Rural surroundings of Jefferson. The accompanying description is by Jas. Parton. The others will follow in succession. These Special Engravings by the first American Artists, and Special Descriptions by the most eminent of living American Authors, are furnished free to all subscribers. The price of the American Agriculturist is 1.50 a year. Inasmuch as every number is complete, subscriptions can begin at any time. Send to 751 Broadway, New York for any further particulars required regarding Paper and Engravings, directing to David W. Judd, Publisher.

SUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chapped Hands, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by F. B. MEYER.

It is a notorious fact that Leopold gives greater bargains than any other house in town. Call and examine for yourself.

If you want good clothing at low figures, call and examine the large stock just opened out at Fendig's. In the matter of supply, variety in styles, quality of goods, and low prices, Fendig can not be surpassed. All are invited to call, examine stock and ascertain prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs had tried many remedies without success. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery. Trial Bottles free at F. B. Meyer's Drug Store. 5-