

NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

The fall of a horse on the Jerome Park track, New York, caused three others, with their jockeys, to tumble over her. The horse Brookwood was killed and a rider named Potter fatally injured.

In the Grand Street Museum at Brooklyn, the elephant, which had on previous occasions evinced a great dislike for the lion, burst his shackles and made an onset on the lion's cage. The latter beast seized the elephant's trunk and a fierce fight resulted, the elephant being finally got under control by the keepers, but not until he had smashed both tusks and suffered lacerations of the head. One of the lion's legs is broken, and Keeper Goodwin is confined to his bed from bruises which he received during the conflict.

About \$4,000 was realized at the sale of the theatrical effects of John McCullough in New York. The crown worn by Macready was purchased for Mary Anderson. The exclusive right to "The Gladiator" brought \$1,500. A dagger presented by Salvini sold for \$15.

By the explosion of a steam drum on Twenty-sixth street in New York a number of girls employed in the place were horribly scalded. The accident resulted from repairs made being of a temporary nature.

The street-car men of Pittsburgh propose to form a protective association, and, after organization, to demand an increase in wages or a decrease in working hours.

The iron trade at Pittsburgh is reported as looking up. Large orders for all kinds of products are being placed in anticipation of an advance in prices for spring delivery.

A coal train on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad crashed into a freight train which was standing on the bridge across White Deer Creek. The engine and thirteen cars were hurled into the creek below, a distance of thirty feet. The engineer and fireman went over with the engine, but were uninjured.

Ferdinand Ward was sentenced in New York to ten years' imprisonment on the charge of larceny, of which he was lately convicted. Ward showed no feeling when sentence was pronounced, though the Judge was especially grave and severe in his reference to the prisoner's criminal exploits. Ward was taken at once to Sing Sing.

WESTERN.

Mormon missionaries continue to make their appearance in Central Illinois. They travel in pairs, and appeal to the charitable for subsistence.

Treasurer Abbott, of the Wisconsin Central Road, announces that the Great Western terminal scheme at Chicago will be carried out, at an expense of about \$6,000,000.

A dispatch from Wellington, Kan., says: "The boomers" have begun operations with even more determination and vigor than were manifested a year ago. Yesterday morning, the day announced for the beginning of the campaign, which promises so much in the near future, covered wagons and covered buggies, carriages, and "schooners," filled with the families of the eager yet itinerant boomers, could be seen in droves and numbered by the score. To-day the crowd has been supplemented by hundreds more, all with sails set for the happy, cherished spot called Oklahoma. From the earnestness of the boomers and their equipments one would imagine they are determined to "fight it out on this line if it takes all summer." This, in short, is the spirit displayed by several men who were interviewed while passing through the city.

A Chicago "drummer" named Maxwell, while eating oysters at Lafayette, Ind., discovered a pearl of the alleged value of \$600.

A sand-scow operating at Milwaukee found the anchor chains of the steamer Sebastopol, which was sunk in a hurricane thirty years ago.

A snake of prodigious size was seen in Round Lake, near Laketon, Ind., by two gentlemen, whose trustworthiness is undoubted. The presence of the monster reptile in the lake has for a long time been asserted, but received as little credit as do sea-serpent stories.

George Miller, the first murderer legally executed in Dakota, was hanged at Grand Forks, life not being pronounced extinct until after the expiration of 23½ minutes.

William Harper was hanged at Paragould, Ark., for the murder of John Sellers a year ago.

While hunting near New Philadelphia, Ohio, Theodore Thompson mistook his brother for a squirrel, and gave him a full charge of shot, inflicting a dangerous wound.

The White Earth Indians, of Minnesota, have taken preliminary steps toward concentrating on one reservation all the scattering tribes in that State, numbering 2,800 persons.

Cholera has, within a few weeks, swept away a thousand hogs in one township in Champaign County, Ill. It is said to be rapidly spreading.

A gold-headed cane was the tribute paid by the citizens of Paw Paw, Ill., to their retiring Postmaster, who served them continuously for thirty-five years.

A telegram from Detroit states that "when the tug Frank Moffat was making fast to the wharf at Sarnia, on the Canada side of the St. Clair River, her boiler exploded with terrific force, blowing away her upper works and part of her deck and shattering her hull. John Ward, first engineer, of Detroit; William Miller, second engineer, of Port Huron; John Wiley, fireman, residence unknown; and Wal-

ter Fisher, fireman, of Petrolia, were instantly killed. Their bodies were blown into the river, and have not yet been recovered; Capt. Thomas Curry had his leg broken. Andrew Reed and Frank Furtap were badly scalded, and Robert Goodman, the mate, who was ashore with the line, was blown over a wood-pile and badly injured."

SOUTHERN.

John Thompson, a murderer, was taken from jail at Kingston Tenn., and hanged by a mob.

The Governor of Arkansas has grown weary of having prisoners cremated by mobs in Pike County, and has offered rewards for the capture of the persons who have twice burned the wooden jail.

The wholesale and retail grocery business at Augusta, Ga., having been monopolized by Chinamen, the citizens are petitioning the Council to devise means to stop the yellow tide of immigration.

The assignment of Jacob Kuhn, manufacturer and wholesale dealer in jeans clothing at Louisville, is announced, with liabilities of about \$60,000.

A rainstorm of eighteen hours' duration caused floods in the Shenandoah Valley, Va., more water falling than in the two previous years. Near Lexington a trestle collapsed under a train, the engineer and fireman being killed, but the passengers escaped. Washouts on the Baltimore and Ohio Road interfered with the passage of trains.

The Kanawha River rose to an unexpected height, sweeping away fifty coal barges stationed at Charlestown, W. Va., and damaging property valued at \$150,000.

WASHINGTON.

First Auditor Chenoweth is still engaged in pursuing his investigations into the operations and expenditures of the scientific bureaus supported by the Government. He finds additional evidence as he goes along of an utter lack of knowledge on the subject of legal disbursements, which will, in his opinion, result in suits for recovery, similar to that brought against ex-Commissioner Loring, of the Agricultural Bureau, for perverting an appropriation.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of imports of merchandise during the twelve months ended Sept. 30 were \$570,551,290, and during the preceding twelve months \$658,110,065, a decrease of \$87,558,805. The values of exports of merchandise for the twelve months ended Sept. 30 were \$715,893,671, and for the twelve months ended Sept. 30, 1884, were \$735,777,000, a decrease of \$19,878,329.

The report of Adjutant General Drum shows that 6,515 enlisted men of the United States army are drawing increased pay for periods of continuous service ranging from five to thirty-five years.

A decision made by Commissioner Sparks restores to the public domain a tract in California claimed by the Atlantic and Pacific Road equal in size to the State of Massachusetts.

Secretary Lamar and the Commissioner of Patents will sit as a board to hear arguments of representatives of the Pan-Electric Telephone Company, who petition that the name of the United States may be used to bring suit to annul the Bell telephone patent.

POLITICAL.

The work of reorganizing the civil-service commission is found by President Cleveland to be one of great difficulty, especially as the salaries are limited to \$3,500 per annum. Among a number who have declined to serve are M. L. Saltonstall and Charles Codman, of Massachusetts.

The Louisville Courier-Journal publishes a lengthy interview with Senator Beck upon the Johnson-Grant-Dewey matter. Mr. Beck was a Representative from Kentucky in Congress during Johnson's impeachment, and all of his recollections are contrary to the theories of Mr. Dewey. In regard to Johnson's imbrigo with Grant about the Stanton matter, Mr. Beck says the President gave him a letter from Gen. Sherman, "which, together with his charges and Gen. Grant's admissions, proved, as he and I thought, that Grant had agreed to turn the War Department over to him, and not give it up to Stanton, and that Grant and Sherman, by their action on the 18th and 19th of January, virtually confessed this fact by insisting, for the good of the service, on the resignation of Stanton." This letter is as follows:

No. 352 K STREET, WASHINGTON.
I neglected this morning to say that I had agreed to go down to Annapolis to spend Sunday with Admiral Porter. Gen. Grant had to leave for Richmond on Monday morning at 6 o'clock. At a conversation with the General after the interview wherein I offered to go with him on Monday to Mr. Stanton and say that it was our joint opinion that he should resign, it was found impossible, by reason of his going to Richmond and my going to Annapolis. The General by his course will call on you to-morrow, and offer to go to Stanton and say for the good of the service he ought to resign. This on Sunday. On Monday I will call upon you, and if you think it necessary I will do the same—call on Mr. Stanton and tell him he should resign. If he will not, then it will be time to consider ulterior matters. In the meantime it also happens that no necessity exists for precipitating matters. Yours truly, W. T. SHERMAN.

The President has appointed Frederick H. Winston, of Chicago, to be Minister Resident and Consul General to Persia.

Carl Schurz is said to have made overtures for the purchase of the Boston Post (Democratic), with a view to making it an independent paper.

William E. Smith, of New York, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to succeed Charles E. Coon.

Treasurer Jordan, in commenting upon statements made in a speech in Virginia by Senator Sherman, remarked that the latter would not dare to advocate the application of silver dollars to the liquidation of the public debt.

United States District Attorney D. B. Searl, of Minnesota, has forwarded the following to President Cleveland: "If you desire my resignation as United States Attorney in and for the District of Minnesota, I hereby cheerfully place the same at your disposal;

provided no charges of any kind have been made or are pending against me."

Thomas E. Heenan, of Minnesota, has been appointed Consul to Odessa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There were 170 failures in the United States during the week, against 146 in the preceding week, and 205, 195, and 154 in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883, and 1882, respectively. About 87 per cent. were those of small traders, whose capital was less than \$5,000. In the principal trades they were as follows: General stores, 23; grocers, 22; liquors, 17; clothing, 15; hotels and restaurants, 12; manufacturers, 10; bakers and confectioners, 7; shoes, 6; carpenters and builders, 6; drugs, 5; dry goods, 5; hardware, 5; tobacco and cigars, 5; furniture, 3; lumber, 3; jewelry, 3; millinery, 3; produce and provisions, 3. Bradstreet's Journal, in its weekly review of the trade situation, says:

"The most conspicuous feature in the general trade situation reported this week to Bradstreet's is a pronounced improvement in the iron and steel industries. Pig iron, even at the East, is in more general and in firmer demand, and makers are, as a result, waiving aside all negotiations for deliveries in 1886. The prospect is that 1886 will prove a busy one for the rail mills. The movement of general merchandise is no heavier than last week with the exception that at Chicago it is reported that reasonable lines of goods move briskly, and that with a continuance of the existing rate of country purchases another period of noticeable activity is likely to result. At St. Louis, too, dry goods are selling actively. Cincinnati also reports a better business, especially in dry goods. Philadelphia, Memphis, Cleveland, Detroit, Burlington, Iowa; St. Paul, and Minneapolis have had a more moderate volume of trade, though of fair proportions. The dry goods movement is still ahead of that at the like period in 1884, but below that of one month ago. Prices are steady. Wool sales too are checked, with prices firm. Minnesota and Dakota farmers are plowing and are shipping very little grain. The export movement in grain and provisions is as light as ever, and ocean freights are very low and quiet. There has been a fair but somewhat forced distribution of grocery staples, with lower prices for tea, coffee, and sugar. Dairy products are dull except for fancy butter, and the export trade is disappointing."

Small-pox still continues to spread throughout the Province of Quebec. The disease has broken out in numerous small towns.

A 'base-ball players' association is being formed in the East, and rumor has it that the League and American Associations are about to consolidate.

At the Woman's National Christian Temperance Convention, in Philadelphia, the reports showed that the receipts for the year had been \$10,375 and the expenses \$8,819.

The body of Otto Funk, the Public Library thief and "crank," was buried by the authorities of Cambridge, Mass., as his relatives in Chicago refused to receive it.

FOREIGN.

The Loyalist Unions in Ireland have already arranged to put twenty Parliamentary candidates in the field to oppose the Parnellites.

A gang of burglars entered the residence of Sir Frederick Ulrich Graham, at Carlisle, England, and had packed up nearly all the valuables, when a servant rushed out for help. A fight took place between the robbers and the police, in which two of the latter were fatally wounded.

An attempt was made at Paris to assassinate M. de Freycinet, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs. The shot proved harmless, and before the culprit could fire again he was arrested by a police officer. When the would-be assassin was examined at the police station he confessed he did not know M. de Freycinet personally, and refused to give his name or occupation.

A Berlin cablegram chronicles the appointment of Count Herbert Bismarck as Secretary of State.

The Cork Packet Company offered £3,000 to the boycotting cattle-dealers to resume shipments, but the money was indignantly refused.

Lord John Manners, the British Postmaster General, was refused a hearing by the electors of Leicester. In the disturbance that ensued several heads and chairs were smashed.

Mr. Gladstone has had a conference with Lord Granville, his late Foreign Secretary, and it is reported that the policy agreed upon includes recognition of the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia as an accomplished fact, the larger territory being considered a buffer against Russian aggression. It is also said that an alliance with France and Italy will be advocated as an offset to the tripartite alliance of Russia, Austria and Germany.

It is reported that a large rebel army is marching northward from Upper Egypt, and that the watchword of the horde is "On to Cairo."

Three thousand workmen have been locked out of Llanberis, a village in Carnarvonshire, in Wales. The men are workers in the slate-quarries.

Hostilities have broken out at Baku, on the Caspian Sea, between Moslems and Russians, in which several of the latter were killed or wounded.

Russia is reported as really opposed to the union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia, and knowledge of this fact causes fresh agitation in the unsettled regions.

M. De Lesseps has asked from the French Government permission to issue further Panama Canal bonds to the amount of \$120,000,000, to defray necessary expenses in excess of the original estimates.

A medical examination has been made of Mattei, the man who sought to assassinate M. de Freycinet, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the prisoner has been declared insane.

The robbery of Netherby Hall, at Carlisle, England, which resulted in the death of three policemen, was planned in London, the funds being furnished by a receiver of stolen goods residing in Stratford. The burglars were six in number, one being a Texas cowboy named Rudge, and four of them have been arrested. The mansion contained plate and jewelry worth \$250,000.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The following Presidential Postmasters have been appointed by the President:

James W. Locke at Greensboro, Ala., vice W. White Jones, suspended; John B. Christian at Uniontown, Ala., vice J. H. Houston, suspended; Thomas W. Carroll at Bunker Hill, Ill., vice T. Y. Hedley, suspended; W. S. Armstrong at Kokomo, Ind., vice O. H. Somers, suspended; A. A. Sparks at Mount Vernon, Ind., vice J. C. Hovey, suspended; Joshua Ernest at Sullivan, Ind., vice Uriah Conison, suspended; Patrick Gibbons at Kokuk, Ia., vice S. M. Clark, suspended; G. R. Rodman at Frankfort, Ky., vice J. C. Hatchett, suspended; R. E. Cook at Henderson, Ky., vice H. S. Park, suspended; R. C. Speck at Madisonville, Ky., vice E. B. Frost, suspended; W. S. Lawson at Greenville, Mich., vice E. S. Grewell, suspended; Charles Halliday at St. Louis, Mich., vice J. M. Church, suspended; D. C. Stearns at Berea, Ohio, vice William H. James, suspended; William Clevenger at Wilmington, Ohio, vice C. N. Browning, suspended; Frank Harvey at Renovo, Pa., vice Newton Wells, suspended; Elijah H. Parsons at Towanda, Pa., vice J. P. Keeney, suspended; J. Q. Tabor at Bryan, Tex., vice J. A. Meyers, suspended; M. H. Mould at Baraboo, Wis., vice D. E. Welch, suspended; O. F. Blakeley at Darlington, Wis., vice S. W. Osborne, suspended; Joseph Taylor at Dubois, Pa., vice J. E. Dale, resigned; Alvin S. Marsh at Red Cloud, Neb., vice M. B. McNitt, resigned; H. Clay McClaurine at Pulaski, Tenn., vice J. D. Lewis, commission expired; J. E. Evans at St. Joseph, Mo., vice Frank M. Tracy, commission expired; T. S. Brokau at Mount Vernon, Ia., vice H. Bowman, commission expired.

President Cleveland went to his home in Buffalo and voted the straight Democratic ticket in the Ninth Ward. A dispatch from Buffalo says: "The President arrived by special train on the Lehigh Valley Railway. He was accompanied by Wilson S. Bissell, his late law partner, A. W. Stedman, chief engineer of the road, and John M. Jeter, Doorkeeper of the Capitol. The President is looking finely, and the party played a pleasant game of 'Sixty-six' from Hornellsville to Buffalo. All along the line of travel large crowds gathered, and at Darien fireworks were shot off, but the train did not stop. Only moderate time was made on the last part of the route. At the Buffalo depot the President was met by a crowd, but no demonstration was made."

Governor Pierce, of Dakota, has made his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, showing the material progress of that Territory during the last year. The population of the Territory is now 416,000, as against 137,180 when the Federal census was taken in 1880. The year has been a very prosperous one for the Territory; not only have the crops been excellent, but the prices commanded have been very much in advance of those realized a year ago. The result is a buoyancy of feeling on the part of the people most encouraging and reassuring. On the whole the farmers were never so prosperous as at present.

The Federal Court at Indianapolis has affirmed the legality of \$1,075,000 in railroad aid bonds issued by the city of Evansville.

The funeral of Gen. McClellan was held in the Madison Square Presbyterian Church in New York. A few flowers at the altar were the only emblems of mourning. The remains were escorted to the church by the Loyal Legion and the survivors of Meagher's brigade, but no military display was permitted. Gens. Hancock, MeCook, Joseph E. Johnston, and Fitz John Porter were among the pallbearers. A special train conveyed the cortege to Trenton.

A proclamation designating November 26 a day of public thanksgiving has been issued by President Cleveland.

The President has appointed Owen T. Rouse, of Missouri, to be United States Attorney for the Territory of Arizona.

The elevators in Chicago hold 13,177,001 bushels of wheat, and the quantity in sight throughout the country is reported at 51,702,255 bushels.

Edward Hanlan, the oarsman, indignantly denies that he made overtures to Teemer to sell the race between them. Hanlan has had published three letters written by Teemer, the import of which is that Teemer was ready and willing to "sell out." In a note dated September 2, Teemer writes: "If you are in no condition I will do anything you ask me to do to make you win the race."

It is not true that Mr. John Kelly, of New York, has had a serious relapse. He is able to attend to business, and intends to visit Florida and Mexico during the winter.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$5.00 @ 6.75
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.56 @ .58
No. 2 Red.....	.55½ @ .57
CORN—No. 2.....	.52 @ .53
OATS—No. 2.....	.34 @ .40
PORK—Mess.....	10.00 @ 12.50
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.25 @ 5.75
Good Shipping.....	4.50 @ 5.25
Common.....	3.25 @ 4.00
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.25
FLOUR—Extra Spring.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Choice Winter.....	4.75 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.86 @ .87
CORN—No. 2.....	.41 @ .42
OATS—No. 2.....	.25 @ .26
RYE—No. 2.....	.60 @ .62
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.65 @ .67
BUTTER—Choce Creamery.....	.25 @ .28
Fine Dairy.....	.18 @ .22
CHEESE—Full Cream, new.....	.69½ @ .10½
Skimmed Plats.....	.06½ @ .08
EGGS—Fresh.....	.18 @ .19
POTATOES—Car-lots, per bu.....	.45 @ .48
PORK—Mess.....	8.00 @ 8.50
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.86 @ .87
CORN—No. 2.....	.41 @ .42
OATS—No. 2.....	.24 @ .26
RYE—No. 1.....	.60 @ .62
PORK—Mess.....	8.00 @ 8.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.92 @ .94
CORN—Mixed.....	.37 @ .38
OATS—Mixed.....	.24½ @ .25½
PORK—Mess.....	8.50 @ 9.00
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.93 @ .95
CORN—No. 2.....	.44 @ .45
OATS—Mixed.....	.27 @ .28
RYE—No. 2.....	.65 @ .66
PORK—Mess.....	8.50 @ 9.00
INDIANAPOLIS.	
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.50 @ 5.25
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
SHEEP.....	2.50 @ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.91 @ .92
CORN—No. 2.....	.44 @ .45
OATS—No. 2.....	.28 @ .30
EAST LIBERTY.	
WHEAT—Best.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Fair.....	4.00 @ 4.50
Common.....	3.25 @ 3.75
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.25
SHEEP.....	3.75 @ 5.00
BUFFALO.	
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	1.00 @ 1.02
CORN.....	.48 @ .50
CATTLE.....	4.50 @ 6.25

INDIANA STATE NEWS.

—Louisville gamblers propose opening a keno house in New Albany.

—Lafayette has taken the first steps toward forming a charity organization.

—Mrs. Nancy Smith, of Jeffersonville, aged fifty-five years, died of cancer.

—Capt. M. M. Hurley, late Postmaster of New Albany, has gone to California to reside.

—The skeletons of a man, woman, and child have been found in a gravel pit in Eaton, and cannot be accounted for.

—Col. Jack Bowman, of Floyd County, a few days ago sold to James Mahan, of Jackson County, sixty head of cattle for \$2,477.82.

—Edward Craig, the 14-year-old son of Capt. John Craig, Deputy Warden of the Prison South, is said to be the crack rifle-shot of this State.

—The Knights and Ladies of Honor have paid Mrs. J. H. Ross, of Jeffersonville, \$3,000 due on the death of her son, Alfred H. Ross, who shot himself.

—Ed Louden, of Waldron, for hitting Ed Bowen, of the same place, with a hatchet, has been sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. The assault occurred last August.

—Rev. Dr. William Sihler, who died at Fort Wayne, was one of the oldest men in the Lutheran Church. In his earlier days he served in the army of King Frederick of Prussia.

—Peanuts were successfully cultivated this year on the farm of J. M. Smelser, in Clark County. He had from 300 to 325 perfectly formed and well-filled pods to the single vine.

—The remains of a brother of Josh Billings, the distinguished humorist, are buried in the city cemetery in Vincennes. The grave is marked by a single stone, now almost covered by weeds.

—Mrs. Harriet Allen Smith, aged 84 years, widow of Rev. Edward Smith, a noted personage, well known throughout Ohio and Indiana, died in Kokomo, at the residence of her son-in-law, Rev. Robert McCune.

—The Medical Society of the Third Congressional District will disband and reorganize under the name of the Falls City Medical Society, to be represented by Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany.

—A marine monster has been seen in Round Lake, Wabash County. It is thirty-five feet in length, of a dull gray color, and possesses a small head and enormous fins. Its body is very slender, being not more than twenty inches in diameter.

—Isaac Elliott, the young man who, a short time ago, impersonated an officer, and who pretended to arrest a soldier who was attending a meeting at Kokomo, demanding \$100 for his release, has received a two years' sentence for blackmail.

—In the case of Stephen Hamilton, an aged and wealthy citizen of Delaware County, convicted at Muncie recently of criminally assaulting a woman, the Judge refused to grant a new trial, and directed Hamilton's imprisonment for two years.

—The Circuit Court of Daviess County, in a suit brought to enforce the payment of warrants issued by the Trustee of Reeve Township for school supplies, decided that, as it was not averred that the goods were necessary or suitable, the plaintiff could not recover.

—Howard Bender, the 15-year-old son of G. B. Bender, a farmer, complained of toothache. In a few days his head swelled to enormous proportions, when the offending tooth was extracted, filed down, and replaced. The swelling continued to grow until the young man was relieved of his sufferings by death.

—The most expensive lawsuit Fayette County has had for years is now on trial in the Circuit Court between the wealthy families of A. B. Conwell and F. M. Roots over a few acres of land along the river. Eighty persons are attending as witnesses, and the costs are not less than \$200 a day.

—Mr. W. C. De Pauw has recently purchased and will present to De Pauw University four new pieces of Carrara statuary of the same quality and workmanship as the three bought last winter. They are now on the way from Italy, and when they arrive will be placed in Downey Hall.

On the Field of Gettysburg.

Monuments erected by the following Indiana Regiments, Third Cavalry, Nineteenth Infantry, Twentieth Infantry, Twenty-seventh Infantry, Seventh Infantry, and Fourteenth Infantry, have been dedicated on the battlefield of Gettysburg, and delivered to the keeping of the Memorial Association. Speeches were made by Generals Joseph J. Reynolds, Silas Colgrove, W. W. Dudley, Major Calpens, the Lieutenant Governor of Indiana, and others.

A Gettysburg telegram says: "The Third Cavalry monument is located near the second cut on the Tapeworm Railroad, west of this town, and is of bare granite, eighteen feet high, and suitably inscribed. That of the Nineteenth Infantry is located on Willoughby's Run, the shaft being of Quincy granite, twelve feet high, cottage style. The shaft of the Twentieth Regiment is south of the wheat-field, and is of Quincy granite, nine feet high, cottage style, tipped with a granite ball. The Twenty-seventh's, near Spangler's Spring, is cottage style, nine feet high and four feet square at the base. The Seventh's, on Culp's Hill, is eight feet high, of Quincy granite, handsomely carved. The Fourteenth's, on East Cemetery Hill, is of Indiana limestone, thirteen feet high, of massive proportions, and elaborately inscribed."