

FRIDAY AUGUST 28, 1885.

A BYCICLE RACE is announced for the second day at the Remington Fair.

We understand our neighbor sympathizes with the bounced cat-kings.

On the 20th, at Fowler, while a 3-year old son of Dr. Roberts and a 13-year old daughter of Mrs. Berry, were engaged at play in the Doctor's office, the little fellow came across a revolver which he accidentally discharged the contents entering the girl's head, causing instant death.

Our neighbor this week propounds a few queries. He wants to know about the appointment, by the Democrats, of a Colorado horse thief. That horse thief is a Republican, and was appointed on the recommendation of Senator Teller, (late Arthur's Secretary of the Interior) and other leading Colorado republicans, but so soon as it became known that he was a republican and a horse-thief he got the grand bounce. And so in the other cases. As to Mackin—well, if guilty, as charged, Democrats will insist that he be punished—but not in the way that Hayes punished those who stuffed him into the presidency by fraud and perjury.

The Wrong Man.

The editor of the Champaign County (Ill.) Herald, a Republican, was in New York City recently. While there a reporter endeavored to get information from him detrimental to Commissioner Black. In relation to the matter the editor says: "We were interviewed by a newspaper reporter in New York City, who wanted to know what we knew about the extent of General Black's disability; whether or not he was sufficiently disabled to be entitled to \$100 per month. We informed the pencil-shoiver that General Black was most grievously wounded, that he submitted to several surgical operations in having pieces of bone removed from his arm, and that at the time the case was made up for his pension he was in almost a helpless condition. We gave the reporter's corkscrew plenty of exercise trying to extract something from us detrimental to General Black." Logan observed, after the reporter had exhausted his resources: "You haven't found the man you were looking for. It will be a cold day when any 'penny-a-liner' will persuade us to belittle the services of any Union soldier, be he Democrat or Republican. We despise the politics of General Black, but for his soldier record we have the very highest opinion and no seven-dollar-a-week reporter for a New York paper can 'work' us for a 'sucker,' or lead us to slander any man who wore the blue."

We commend the above to the prayerful consideration of those republican journals that in years past supported and defended leaders of their party, who were willing to "let the Union slide"; who denounced the Union as being in "league with hell," and the Constitution "a covenant with death"; in derision stigmatized Democrats as "Union savers," and at the commencement of the war for the Union were loud in their demands that "the South be permitted to go in peace," but now so exclusively "loyal" as to dispute the claims of wounded Democratic soldiers to pensions.

The County Teachers' Institute commenced its annual session Monday morning with an enrollment of 121. The list of instruct-

ors is comprised of some of the most noted educators in the State. Prof. E. E. Smith, of History and Literature, in Purdue University; Prof. W. A. Bell, editor of the Indiana School Journal; Prof. Howard Sandison, of Pedagogics in the State Normal School, at Terre Haute; Miss Emma C. x, a graduate of the State Normal School, and Prof. David S. Jordan, President of the Indiana State University, at Bloomington, assisted in the exercises.

Monday evening a grand reunion of the Teachers was held in the court room. Tuesday evening Prof. Smith delivered a lecture on "Evenings with British Authors," which was listened to with attention and interest. Wednesday evening Prof. Jordan entertained a large audience with a thrilling account of the perilous ascent of the "The Matterhorn," a famous Alpine peak, by himself and a number of friends.

All in all, the Institute is a grand success, and Superintendent Nelson deserves great credit for his untiring efforts to advance and promote the cause of education in Jasper county.

Next week we will publish a complete list of the enrollment.

Shot Dead in His Office.

DEADWOOD, Dak., August 27.—H. P. Lynch, of Sturgis, was shot dead Monday night in his office by Corporal Ross Hollis, of Company A, Twenty-fifth U. S. Infantry, stationed at Fort Mead, and the latter was lynched Tuesday night by a mob. Some time ago Hollis beat a colored woman and broke three of her ribs. Dr. Lynch was called to attend her, and was also summoned as a witness before the Grand Jury. Hollis was indicted, and threatened to kill the Doctor. The night of the murder he deserted the fort, got a change of clothing, went in search and crept stealthily up to the Doctor's office and fired at his victim through the window. The assassination was soon discovered, and Hollis was arrested for the crime Tuesday. On being confronted with proofs of his guilt he confessed. Tuesday night a mob seized him and hanged him.

The Doctor and himself served our apprenticeships together in the Lewistown (Pa.) True Democrat office, H. J. Walters, Esq., editor and publisher, who is still living. In 1851 he wrote for us to take his case in the Erie (Pa.) Commercial Advertiser. We complied, but as he had left when we reached that city did not meet him. We however soon received a letter from him bearing the postmark of a military post in North Carolina, in which he stated that he had entered the United States service. He was appointed hospital steward and studied medicine while occupying that position. At the expiration of his enlistment he entered a medical college at Ann Arbor, Michigan. He afterward, associated with a Mr. Rock in the publication of a Democratic paper in Valparaiso, this State. His next venture was in the publication of a newspaper, the practice of medicine, the establishment of a drug store, and superintendency of a railroad enterprise, at a point in Missouri. During the war he did not enter the service, but on several occasions headed a company of picked men volunteered to have a bout with the guerillas. Our last letter from him was received several years ago on his location at Deadwood. And the dispatch which heads this announces the ending of a life, the incident of which, if properly related would doubt prove interesting reading. He was a man of warm heart, generous and noble impulses, a firm, unflinching Democrat, a true patriot, and devoted friend, whose sudden violent and uncalled for death will shock many friends yet living who knew him well in other years.

FARM NOTES.

SOUR MILK, whey, and buttermilk are excellent liquids for mixing with the soft food of poultry.

A sick horse, that cannot be induced to lie down in any other way, will often take to a bed of clean, bright straw.

VALUE OF APPLE POMACE.—As a fertilizer my experience is that pomace is only about as valuable as peat muck, and not good for much until it has had the action of the frost and the atmosphere to neutralize the acid it contains. I find it a good absorbent to put into the hog pen or the barn cellar after the acid is out, and it is useful to spread on low grass lands. My stock eat pomace and it does not hurt them. My experience is that pomace is better than apples for producing milk.—*Israel Putnam, Middlesex County, Massachusetts.*

A WRITER in the *New England Homestead*, finding that the out-worms destroyed his tobacco plants as fast as he set them, procured a basketful of chestnut leaves which were young and tender, and, after steeping them in water which contained one tablespoonful of Paris green to each gallon of water, he placed a leaf over the spot where the plants were to be set. The worms ate holes in the leaves and lay in clusters dead, or so stupid that they did no further harm to the plants, which were afterward set out and a fine crop was harvested.

THE *New York Times* says one of the most serious obstacles to successful dairying is wet pastures. Land that is saturated with water produces unwholesome herbage, the grass is rank and sour, and sometimes the herbage consists wholly of sedges and other coarse plants that are not easily digestible. Such food cannot produce good milk, and the milk made from such food will not make good cheese or butter. But very often the coarse, rank food produces disease in the cows. This is more especially the case with yearlings and young cattle whose digestive powers are not fully matured.

PROBABLY more than half of all the weeds are first brought to our farms in the grass seed. Suppose we were given a bushel of clover or timothy seed containing only twenty grains of ripple or wild carrot or daisy; how much better to burn it than to sow and go over the fields time after time to pull out the weeds? It would cost more than ten times the price of the seed to get the last of these plants out. It is far better to refuse entirely those seeds "with only a few weed seeds," and pay a round price for those entirely free from them; and then on seeding down land we should sow plenty of seed, so as to have the surface fully occupied with the desired crop.—*New York Tribune.*

THE turnip-root celery, under which name this variety of celery is generally sold, is comparatively little known outside of our large city markets, while on the Continent of Europe it is grown to the almost entire exclusion of the stalk kinds. In these two varieties of the same species it is simply shown how much systematic and persistent cultivation can accomplish in the development of special and different characteristics. While in the one the vital energy of plant becomes directed to its development of the leaves, in the other it is turned to the enlargement of the roots. In celeriac the productions of large, tender roots is the object to be attained. These roots, which are irregular, round, of the size of a large turnip, white outside and inside and of a texture similar to parsnips, are principally used as salad. They are boiled like beets, peeled, sliced and dressed with vinegar, olive oil, salt and pepper. A favorite way of serving this salad is to arrange it in the center of a dish, and surround it with a broad rim of red cold-slaw, edged with some leaves of corn-salad, the contrasting colors of red, green and white making an ornamental and attractive dish. The sowing of the seed, transplanting and after management differ but little from that of common celery, except that, as it requires not to be hilled-up, it may be planted closer, placing the rows two feet apart and setting the plants a foot apart in the rows. To obtain large and tender roots the soil must be loose, deep and moderately rich, and in dry seasons a thorough soaking of water should be given every two or three days. The roots are not injured by light frosts, but they are not hardy enough to winter out doors, and should therefore be heeled-in in a cool cellar, or kept in boxes covered with soil or sand.—*American Garden.*

Where the Earth Cure Failed.

SOME years ago a man in Trinity County called Doc. Something another wrote for the *Weaverville Journal* a short sketch of what befell a man with the scurvy. He got his friends to dig a deep hole, put him standing in it, and cover him up tightly with earth to his chin. They left him to pass the night, hoping to dig him out cured in the morning. It is not known how the plan would have worked, for the coyotes came along during the hours of darkness and ate his head off. Joaquin Miller stole the story and amplified it. A somewhat similar yarn now comes from Minnesota. It is to the effect that a man was paralyzed by a stroke of lightning at Highwater. Some of his friends reasoned that if the earth received electricity from the buried end of a lightning rod, it would in the same manner draw out the charge with which they supposed him to be filled. Therefore, they dug a hole and covered him up to the chin. He died in that position.—*San Francisco Alta.*

WANTED.—All parties knowing themselves to be indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once. R. H. YEOMAN.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitter. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by F. B. Meyer. 35—C

NOTICE is hereby given to all the interested parties, that the undersigned, at the September session of the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, to be held in the Court House, in the Town of Rensselaer, commencing on the 7th day of September, 1885, will present a petition asking for the location and establishment of a public highway on the following described route, to-wit: Beginning in a public highway at the southwest corner of section twelve (12), in township thirty (30) north range seven (7) west, in Jasper county, Indiana, and running thence east the distance of two and one-half miles on the section line dividing said section twelve (12) and thirteen (13), sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), and the west halves of sections eight (8) and seventeen (17), terminating in a public highway at the quarter section post between said sections eight (8) and seventeen (17), in township thirty (30) north range six (6) west, in said county and State. Said highway will be of great public utility. Said petition is signed by twelve freeholders of said county, six of whom reside in the immediate neighborhood of the proposed highway; and that said highway will pass over and affect lands owned by the following named persons: William M. Shuey, Susan Shuey, Indiana Moxley, Rachel Neal, Daniel B. Shuey, Electious H. Tabler, Henry Hochbaum, Stephen T. Comer, Charles W. Gilmore, William H. Myers, James H. Turpie, William Turpie, Levanche E. Kent, John Cooper, Rosamond C. Kent, Michael Shultz, George W. Casey, Barney Comer, Henry D. White, Henry B. Elsworth, William S. Peckham, Thomas Monnet, by Cordelia P. Monnet, this guardian, Election H. Tabler, Henry G. Elsworth and Frederick Hochbaum. Said public highway to be fifty feet wide, twenty-five feet on either side of said section line.

GEORGE W. CASEY.

James W. Douthitt, Atty for petitioners. Aug. 7, 1885.

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Mr. Geo. V. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in the bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work."

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NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Executor of the Will of Adam Wagner, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

LORENZ HILDEBRAND.

James W. Douthitt, Atty. for Ex'r. Aug. 21, 1885 \$2.

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Indiana, } ss:
County of Jasper, }

James A. Smith, ——— Smith, wife of said James A. Smith, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of James A. Smith, deceased, and the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of ——— Smith, deceased, wife of said James A. Smith, are hereby notified that The State of Indiana for the use of James T. Randle, Commissioner of Drainage in and for said County, has filed its complaint in the Jasper Circuit Court to foreclose a Ditch Lien upon certain lands in said county in which said defendants have or claims an interest; and that said cause will stand for trial on the second day of the next term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and commencing Monday, October 19th, 1885.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this August 19th, 1885.

JAMES F. IRWIN, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court. Thompson & Bro., plffs att's August 21, 1885—\$6

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Has recently been new furnished through out. The rooms are large and airy, the location central, making it the most convenient and desirable house in town. Try it.

Notice of Application for License.

NOTICE is hereby given to the citizens of the Town of Remington, and of Carpenter township, in Jasper county, and State of Indiana, that the undersigned James F. Ellis, a white male inhabitant of said town, township, county and state, over the age of twenty one years, a fit person to be entrusted with the sale of intoxicating liquors, and not in the habit of becoming intoxicated, will apply to the Board of Commissioners of Jasper county and State of Indiana at their regular September Term, A. D. 1885, for license to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors in less quantity than a quart at a time, with the privilege of allowing the same to be drunk on the premises where sold. The premises on which said liquor are to be sold and drunk is a one story frame building, situated on lot number three (3) in block number eight (8) in the original plat of the town of Remington, in said county and State, and described more particularly by metes and bounds as follows: Commencing at a point fifteen (15) feet and ten (10) inches due east from the southwest corner of lot three (3) in block eight (8), and running north four (4) feet and five (5) feet thence east seven (7) feet and thence south thirty two (32) feet and thence west sixteen (16) feet to the place of beginning. Said building being situated on that part of lot three (3) above described, and all in the town of Remington, in Jasper county, and State of Indiana.

Said License is desired for the period of one year. JAMES F. ELLIS. J. W. Douthitt, Atty for Petitioner, Remington, Ind. July 31, 1885.

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