The Dem. Sentinel.

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 21, 1884.

Mr. Blaine thinks the negro vote should have been counted for him.

That New York and Indiana exhibited unwarranted State pride in the support of their sons Cleveland and Hendricks.

And that the State pride of Maine displayed in his behalf was all very proper.

The speech of Blaine, a Augusta, Maine, the other evening is an insult to American citizenship. With over 99,000 of the popular vote, and 37 of the electoral, opposed to him, he evidently thinks none but Blaine votes have any right with the ballot. Mr. Blaine should remember Aaron Burr, who was as magnetic as he dare be. Let his speech be kept on record.

In striking contrast the following remarks of Gen. Gordon are patriotic and refreshing:

"To that large and better class of Republicans, to the millions of patriots in the Republican party who have been misled by their leaders, and who are filled with honest doubts as to what the Democrat will do with its victory, we are ready to answer. We are ready to pledge the good faith of American citizens that, under the administration of President Cleveland, no rash revolutionary legislation will be attempted; no interference with the best interests of American industries or American labor will be permitted; no useless xpenditures of public money will be tolerated; but fidelity to the constitution and the laws, fidelity to the public credit, fidelity to the pledges of the nation to its brave soldiers and sailors fidelity to every legitimate result of the war, fidelity to our pledges to the American people, will make the administration of President Cleveland and the men who elected him."

In keeping with the remarks of Blaine, the other evening, are the following morals placed upon the P. O. bulletin board, by H. E. James, PM. the morning follwing the jollification at this place;

"The vandalism committed last night are the legitimate, organized deliberate insults of Democracy for "Reform,"

"In the interest of Reform the Democracy of Jasper County deliberately, wantonly insult every soldier who lost a leg or arm, or who was wounded in the line of duty in defense of the Union."

Mr. Blaine thinks none but Blaine Republicans should have the privilege of the ballot. And Mr James thinks none but Blaine Republicans should enjoy a jollification.

Our candidate for Congress, Hon. Thomas J. Wood, acknowledges his defeat like a man. He made a close and laborious canvass of the District. He boldly met the tariff question and made it the issue in the canvass and the change shows a larger relative gain to the Democracy in the Tenth Congressional District than in any other in the State. Mr. Wood is satisfied with his canvass and with the result, and authorizes THE SENTINEL to return his most heartfelt thanks to his Democratic and Republican friends for their earnest work for him. Mr. Wood feels rejoiced over the Democratic State and National victory.

The Chicago Tribune of Saturday, November 8th, publishes the following villainous editorial: "If Cleveland has carried New York Conkling alone has thrown enough votes to him in Oneida county to make up more than his majority. This is Conkling's return to the Republican Party for all the honors it has heaped upon him, and this is the way he proves his stalwart Republicanism. His malicious treachery will cause many people again to believe that he inspired Guiteau to fire the fatal ball into the body of Garfield." Was it not rather the continuous and persistant tagging of Garfield by Blaine, to pursue a policy of proscription against the stalwarts that "inspired" the crank Guiteau "to fire the fatal ball into the body of Garfield?"

Our "damphool" neighbor is in ecstasies this week. The composition of the Rensselaer "headlight" radical correspondent of the Delphi Times is inserted in its columns, in accordance with an understanding. We don't know who to pity most—the dark skinned, Ethiopian-featured, and highly conceited manager of the Times, the illuminated 'headlight' the Onion-scented "damphool" of the Republican, or the young radical orator who presumes that radical success in this county depended and is wholly due to his magnificent canvass and influence, and yet is such an ignoramus as to take it from the Times communication that we had been canvassing Delphi with a petition for the Post Office in Rensselaer. But then we pity them all. The aid of Crampton will not do the Republican party any good, the Democratic party any harm, or do us any hurt.—In fact we think he has rather helped us. Quite a number of solid Democrats have approached us with the suggestion that in the event of a change in the post office management at this place, they know of no one better entitled to the appointment—this, too, in face of the fact that we had made no claim to it, whatever.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF JASPER COUNTY, INDIANA, NOVEMBER 4, 1884.

*Democrats. †Republicans. ‡National. §Prohibitionist.

VOTING PRECINCTS.	President. Cleveland*	Blaine†	Butler‡	St. John§	Gray*	Governor. Calkins†	Leonard‡	Dwiggins§	Mitchell*	Hamond†	Owen†	S. Judge Wood*	Bozarth‡	Congress Ward†	Sound'n*	J. Cir Ct Walker†	Smith*	Pros. Dunn†	Leg Yeoman*	Yeoman†	Sh'riff Hess*	Hitchey‡	Treasurer Powell†	Hoover*	Jordan‡	Coroner Blue†	Beck*	Stackhouse‡	Surveyor Thrawls†	Dunlap*	Hiff‡	Comrs 1st & 2d Dist's. Preno†	Harman*	Tabor†	Austin*	Fierce‡
Hanging Grove	38	58	8	44	36	8	4	1	25	34	36	8	8	50	46	60	36	59	40	40	7	7	43	48	8	58	36	8	58	34	8	61	44	58	19	8
Gillam	45	108	3	53	105	35	2	3	52	54	46	45	1	107	48	110	45	109	54	52	3	3	88	50	3	111	44	3	111	43	3	112	29	110	45	3
Walker	53	53	3	53	55	13	3	2	55	55	54	53	1	53	55	55	47	55	53	53	1	1	46	56	1	54	53	1	54	53	1	54	53	54	53	1
Barkley	100	122	3	100	116	12	3	2	100	112	113	100	1	113	103	121	101	121	110	110	3	3	113	110	3	130	100	3	130	100	3	122	100	122	100	3
Marion—South	81	111	6	81	132	6	6	2	81	112	108	81	1	108	103	110	83	102	102	102	7	7	102	99	7	113	88	7	113	88	7	116	82	115	77	7
Marion—North	120	293	8	117	300	6	8	3	118	295	293	118	1	292	293	293	124	293	114	110	12	12	127	155	16	206	123	16	206	123	16	111	111	110	117	16
Jordan	55	66	24	53	68	25	3	3	52	64	63	52	1	63	63	63	52	63	71	71	3	3	63	72	2	76	63	2	76	63	2	77	63	76	63	2
Newton	62	61	10	69	69	3	3	3	68	61	61	68	1	61	61	61	58	61	62	62	3	3	61	62	3	64	62	3	64	62	3	64	62	64	62	3
Keener	75	75	4	74	79	4	4	1	74	75	75	74	1	75	75	75	74	75	76	76	4	4	75	76	4	76	75	4	76	75	4	77	75	76	75	4
Kankakee	41	41	1	41	41	1	1	1	41	41	41	41	1	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	1	1	41	41	1	41	41	1	41	41	1	41	41	41	41	1
Wheatfield	49	293	5	49	295	5	5	3	49	293	293	49	1	293	293	293	49	293	49	49	5	5	293	49	5	293	49	5	293	49	5	293	49	293	49	5
Milroy	35	90	3	35	90	3	3	3	35	90	90	35	1	90	90	90	35	90	30	30	3	3	90	30	3	90	30	3	90	30	3	90	30	90	30	3
Union	63	64	3	63	64	3	3	3	63	64	64	63	1	64	64	64	63	64	64	64	3	3	64	64	3	64	64	3	64	64	3	64	64	64	64	3
Carpenter—East	95	144	6	95	144	6	6	3	95	144	144	95	1	144	144	144	95	144	95	95	6	6	144	95	6	144	95	6	144	95	6	144	95	144	95	6
Carpenter—West	94	141	9	94	139	9	9	3	94	141	141	94	1	141	141	141	94	141	94	94	9	9	141	94	9	139	94	9	139	94	9	139	94	139	94	9
Total	918	1631	80	844	1673	79	79	47	791	1631	1631	791	17	1631	1631	1631	791	1631	1631	1631	80	80	1631	1630	80	1651	1630	80	1651	1630	80	1651	1630	1651	1630	80

The United States Senatorship.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Sentinel.

Sir—My name having been mentioned in connection with the U. S. Senatorship by friends in various parts of the State. I desire to take the earliest opportunity to say, that while I am most thankful for the confidence reposed in me by those who desire my return to the Senate, under no circumstances can my name be used for that place this winter. My desire is that Senator Voorhees shall be his own successor, and I believe that to be the wish of a large majority of the Democrats of Indiana.

J. E. McDONALD.

Indianapolis. Nov. 16.

A $20.00 PRIZE.

The publishers of Rutledge's Monthly offer twelve valuable rewards in their Monthly for December, among which is the following:

We will give $20 00 to the person telling us which is the middle verse of the New Testament Scriptures (not the Revised Edition) by December 10th, 1884. Should two or more correct answers be received, the REWARD will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner December 15th, 1884 Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the Monthly for January, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published and in which several more valuable rewards will be offered. Address RUTLEDGE PUBLISHING COMPANY, Easton, Pa.

One of the Things that it Means.

[Nashville American.)

What does the election of Cleveland and Hendricks mean? It means not 'reprisals and revenges,' but universal brotherhood and a real union in sentiment as well as name. It means the full renationalization of the Southern States.

Democratic Rejoicing.

At the Democratic jollification at Indianapolis Thomas A. Hendricks and Isaac P. Gray were introduced to the assembled Democrats and spoke as follows:

MR. HENDRICKS' SPEECH.

I take great pleasure in expressing to the chairman and members of the state committee my appreciation of the value of their great service in this contest. The Democracy of the state should thank them, For myself I take the opportunity also to express my obligatious to the voters of Indiana. In the first speech I made during the contest I said to the people that I hoped to receive their votes. I repeated it frequently during the campaign I said it earnestly, and some gentlemen thought it was not the thing to do. Why they should have thought so I can not tell. I think when I desired the support of the people of Indiana, it was proper I should say so to them. I did say so then, and I now have the opportunity for thanking them for granting the request. Indiana to-day is Democratic. It is Democratic by a good many thousand majority,—a strong, solid, earnest Democratic state, and my fellow-citizens, as the result of the controversy we have the national ticket sustained by a good majority. Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected president and vice president of the United States, and have received the vote of Indiana. Next to that we have the election of the entire state ticket, from governor to the close of the ticket We have nine congressmen out of thirteen.—We have both branches of the legislature and that means we have Mr. Voorhees also. We have a great result in the several counties of the state, and, if this is not the celebration of a state victory, I would refer to the glorious victory that the Democrats have secured in Indianapolis. Of all the blows the Republicans have received the loss of Marion county is the hardest to them. As a result of the national election, I wish to say to you that the value of public securities has already advanced. Many who do not think rightly said that the effect of our victory would be to reduce the value of United States securities. Such, we see, has not been the effect of the election. Certain heresies and mistaken opinions have prevailed. The Republican party has been a party of less than half the people, claiming that they alone ought to be allowed to execute and administer laws. That heresy has been rebuked. A certain set of men is no longer to be allowed to control this government. The doctrine of this country is that the rule of the majority is to be respected, and that majority has caused itself to be understood, and no more will it be said that one particular class of men can arrogate to themselves the government of the country. The majority will rule, and when the balance shall return to the Republican party and that party shall have the majority we shall respect that expression of the people's will. Somehow the Republicans did not get as much money as usual to use in the election in Indiana. and the result was left to the best judgment of the people. We see the result. We covered the whole earth. It has been decided that the people are capable of managing their own elections, and from this time on a United States marshal is not to deputize any secret agents to interfere with our elections. Shortly before the election in this city, certain gentlemen addressed a note to the United States marshal. They wanted United States marshals in this city, where for many years there had been no disturbance at any election, and where the marshals had been admonished there was absolute quiet at the elections. Yet these gentlemen asked the appointment of deputy marshals. I will not read the names of the gentlemen who have become immortal because they have thrown reproach on the good name of the city of Indianapolis. Upon their petition marshals were appointed—how many and who we do not know.—They came into our midst secret agents to carry out schemes unknown to our citizens of the community, but the people so bore themselves on election day that not a single marshal dared to show his head. But they were to rule over you and to strike you down. I hope to see all laws allowing any such abuse of power wiped from the statute books of a free people. I want to see the time return when in effect the people will govern themselves. There never has been in Indiana a canvass in which there has been so much slander, scurrility and untruth. It has been filled with charges not sustained by any facts. I never, so far as I was concerned, turned to the right or left because of them. I knew that many things that were being said against myself, about my loyalty, about my devotion to the country, were understood by the people. We have learned in this country that truth is stronger than lies, and the party that hereafter reaches power will reach it by truth, and not by lies.

The Democratic party, I believe, will come into power. It sincerely desires reform. The watch word of the party in the contest, as in the contest of eight years ago with Tilden and Hendricks, has been reform,—executive, administrative, and revenue reform.—an honest administration of them. The revenues now collected exceed the wants of an economical administration by $85,000,000. Because of this the Democrats say let there be revenue reform. Let that reform consist in part in the reduction of taxation. Is it not patent to every man that there ought to be reform here? The Democratic party this year came before the country with a clear and straightforward statement of the reform they intend to accomplish. In their national platform they declared what reform they would have. It was:

1. That taxation shall not exceed the wants of the government economically administered,

2. Taxation shall be for the public purposes only and not for private advantage.

3. In the adjustment care shall be taken to neither hurt labor nor harm capital.

4. Taxation shall be heaviest on articles of luxury and lightest on articles of necessity.

When at the great convention at Chicago this banner was put into the hands of Cleveland and Hendricks we took it to carry before the people to rise or fall with this glorious banner. That banner I have carried over Indiana. Wherever I have gone I have preached that as the true doctrine of the spirit of taxation, and the result has been four, five, or six thousand Democratic majority in Indiana. This is our doctrine on the subject of taxation, and it is right that the people should understand this question.

My countrymen, I cannot express to you under how much and how great an obligation I feel to you. I did not desire the nomination for vice president. [Several voices, "You will be president four years from now."] It became my duty to accept it. I went as far as I could over the state and spoke to the people frankly. as I have always on public questons, and to you and the men, women, and children who are at home I tender my heartfelt thanks this day.

Gov. elect Gray made a short speech in which he said:

The time is near at hand when the Democratic party will have an opportunity to carry out its reforms. The plea is put up: "Will we turn Republican officeholders out?" Of course we will! This has been a contest between the parties. The Republican party in its twenty-four years lease of power has filled all places with Republicans, and when the Democratic party obtains power on the 4th of March next we will expect that from that time. as rapidly as possible, the offices will be filled with Democrets. I don't expect that all the Republican office-holders will be turned out. There may be some widow woman holding some second-class postoffice that will not be disturbed, but these big fellows who have made money by fostering monopolies—to these I expect the Democratic administration to say: "Pack your gripsack, get your Saratoga trunks ready; you may go to a cottage by the sea for awhile, or if your health is not good you may go to Europe; or if you don't want to do that, you may take Horace Greeley's advice and go west. When we want you again we will send for you."

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for December comes to us ahead of all others, a perfect marvel of beauty. There are more than a hundred pages of reading matter; two superb steel-plates; a colored pattern, costlier than a chromo; a colored fashion, double size, printed from steel; and more than half a hundred wood-cuts of fashions, work-table patterns, etc., etc, The stories are exceptionally good: though "Peterson" always has the very best. It is a standing wonder to us how this magazine can be furnished at its low price: it can only be explained by the enormous circulation which "Peterson" has had now for more than thirty years. We really suppose there are few families, at all pretending to refinement, in which this magazine is not to be found. It claims, and not undeservedly, to give more for the money—and of a better quality—than any other. The December number ends the year. Now, therefor, is the time to subscribe for 1885, or to get up clubs. We advise our fair readers to subscribe for no magazine till they have seen a copy of this. Specimens are sent gratis, if written for in good faith. The price is but Two DOLLARS a year to single subscribers. To clubs it is cheaper still, viz: Four copies for six dollars and a half, with an extra copy of the magazine as a premium to the person getting up the club. Or five copies for eight dollars, with both an extra copy of the magazine for getting up the club, and also a superb illustrated book of American poets, called "The Pearl of Price," or a large-size steel-engraving, for framing, "The Lion in Love." No other magazine gives such costly premiums. For larger clubs, the price is still lower, while even more premiums are given. Address CHARLES J. PETERSON, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Letters addressed as below remain uncalled for in the Post Office at Rensselaer, Jasper County, Indiana, on the 15th day of November, 1884. Those not claimed within four weeks from the date below given will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington. D. C

F, C. Moore, O. H. Ragan, T. W Sullivan,

Persons calling for any of the letters in this list will please say they are advertised.

HORACE E. JAMES, P. M.

Rensselaer, Ind., Nov, 17, 1884.

There have been placed in Lincoln park, Chicago, two fine polar bears from the coast of Newfoundland, presented by a New Yorker, and delivered free by the Vanderbilt roads.

An Important Discovery.

The most important Discovery is that which brings the most good to the greatest number. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, will preserve the health and save life, and is a priceless boon to the afflicted. Not not only does it poitively cure consumption, but Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, yield at once to its wonderful curative powers. If you doubt this get a Trial Bottle Free, at F. B. Meser's Drug store. 5—34

PARIS BROS.,

DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE Finest, Best and Cheapest. In Kannal's Building, opposite he New York Store, Washington St., Rensselaer, Ind. Please call and examine goods and prices. v8 n36

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate!

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Thomas L. Clifton, deceased, will, on and after the 29th day of November, 1884. offer for sale, at Private Sale, at Rensselaer, Indiana, the following Real Estate belonging to the estate of said decedent, to-wit:

Ten acres off the south end of the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-nine, township twenty-nine, range seven in Jasper county, Indiana.

And the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section thirty-five, township twenty-nine, range eighi, in Newton county, Indiana.

And twenty-five acres off the west side of the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter of section thirty-five, township twenty-nine, range eight, in Newton county, Indiana.

And that on the 29th day of January, 1885, any portion of said real estate then remaining unsold will be offered at Public Sale, at the door of the Post Office at Julian, Newton county, Indiana, and that any portion thereof not then so sold. will be again offered at private sale at Rensselaer, Indiana, until all is sold.

TERMS..One-third of purchase money cash in hand; one-third in nine months. and one third in eighteen months, with interest at six per cent. from day of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the real estate sold. Purchaser will take said real estate free from incumbrance. EZRA L. CLARK,

Rensselaer, Ind., Nov. 1, 1884..4 ($10). Adm'r.

Application for License to Retail Intoxicating Liquors.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the citizens of the Town of Wheatfield and Wheatfield Township, in the county of Jasper, and State of Indiana, that I, the undersigned Jacob J. Wesner, a white male inhabitant of the said Town and Township, and over the age of twenty-one years, not in the habit of becoming intoxicated, and a man of good moral character, and a fit person in every respect to be intrusted with the sale of intoxicating liquors, will make application to the Board of Commissioners of said Jasper county, at the next regular session and meeting of said Board of Commissioners to be holden in the Town of Rensselaer, in said County and State aforesaid, commencing on the first Monday in December, the same being the 1st day of December A. D. 1884, for a License to sell Spiritous Liquors, Vinous Liquor Malt Liquors, and all Intoxicating Liquors which may be used as a beverage, in less quantities than a quart at a time, with the privilege of allowing and permitting said Liquors to be drank on the premises where sold, and precisely located and described as follows: "In a one story frame building, and the ground upon which said building is located is described as follows: Being a part of the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-five (25) in township thirty-two (32) north range six (6) west. in Jasper county, Indiana, and more more particularly described as follows, to wit: Commencing two hundred and three (203) feet south of the center of said section, thence running due west four (4) feet, being the place of beginning, thence continuing due west thirty (30) feet. thence due south eighteen (18) feet, thence due east thirty (30) feet and thence due north eighteen (18) feet to the place of beginning. Said License is desired for the period of ONE YEAR. JACOB J. WESNER.

James W. Douthit, Att'y for Applicant.

October 31. 1884.- $10.

Notice of Insolvency.

In the Jasper Circuit Court. No. 303.

In the Matter of the Estate of Vetal Vermett, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon petition filed in said Court by William O. Roadifer, Administrator with Will annexed of said estate, setting up the insufficiency of the estate of said decedent to pay the debts and liabilities thereof, the Judge of said Court did. on the 21st day of October. 1884, find said estate to be probably insolvent, and order the same to be settled accordingly. The creditors of said estate are therefore hereby notified of such insolvency, and required to file their claims against said estate for allowance.

{SEAL} Witness, The Clerk and seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 22d day of October, 1884.

JAMES F. IRWIN, Clerk.

R. S. & Z. Dwiggins, Atty's.

Nov. 1, 1884..86 25

NOTICE is hereby given to Simon P. Thompson, John McCormick, Owen Ball, William Payne, —— Baldwin, of the firm of Baldwin, Payne & Co., Joseph Hyatt, James Law, Peter Franklin William Allen, Joseph H. Cadwallader, Marion L. Spitler, Mary Manny, and all others interested, That the undersigned Mary L. Wringard owns the west half north-east quarter of south-east quarter, and the undersigned James W. Spriggs owns the east half of north-east quarter of south-east quarter, all in section twenty-two. township thirty-one nortd of range six west, and we will proceed with the Surveyor of Jasper county to make a legal survey and subdivision of said section, or so much thereof as may be necessary to establish the lines and corners of our lands, as above described, commencing Monday, Nov 17th, 1884, and continue the same from day to day until completed.

JAMES W. SPRIGGS.

MARY L. WBINGARD.

Oct. 24, 1884—3t.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.

The State of Indiana, Jasper County.

Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1884

Nancy A. Raymond

vs.

Leonard W. Raymond, John E. Medworth, Richard Hudson and Lyman Raymond.

Complaint No. 3276.

IT appearing by affidavit this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that the above named defendants are all necessary parties to the above entitled action. the object of which is to subject the property of the defendant Leonard W. Raymond and his rights, credits and choses in action in the hands of his co-defendants, to the payment of any judgment which may be obtained for the support of plaintiff as the abandoned wife of said defendant. And that said Leonard W. Raymond is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendency of said action is therefore given to said Leonard W. Raymond, and that the same will stand for hearing at the next term of said Court to be begun and held at the Court House, in the Town of Rensselaer, County, and State aforesaid, on the third Monday in October, 1884. JAMES F. IRWIN, Clerk J. C. Court.

L.S. JNO. H. ASH, Pl'ff's Att'y.

August 29, 1884—$8 75.

A Prize Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex succeed from the first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers. At once address, T Co. Augusta Maine.

JOHN MARSHMAN, President. JAY WILLIAMS, Cashier.

FARMERS' BANK,

Opposite Public Square

RENSSELAER, - - - INDIANA

Receive Deposits. Buy and Sell Exchange. Collections made and promptly remitted. Money Loaned. Do a general Banking Business.

August 17, 1883.

HUFTY HOUSE,

MOUNT AYR, IND.,

G. G. HUFTY, Proprietor.

Board $3 50 per week. Transient $1 per day.

A. L. WILLIS,

Gun & Locksmith,

(Shop on River bank, south of School House, Rensselaer, Ind.)

All kinds of Iron and Wood turning, and fine work in Iron, Steel and Brass, on short notice, and at reasonable rates. Give me a call. v5n40

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

[South of McCoy & Thompson's Bank]

Rensselaer, Ind.

GRANT. Prop'r.

THE proprietor having fitted up a new shop are now fully prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing, at the lowest price, and in the most workmanlike manner. Farmers, and all others needing anything in our line, are invited to give us a call. We purpose making

HORSE-SHOEING A Specialty,

And give this branch of the business particular attention. All work warranted.

GRANT.

PIONEER MEAT MARKET!

(First Door West Jewelry Store.)

Rensselaer, - Ind.,

J. J. Eiglesbach,

PROPRIETOR

BEEF, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Sausage, Bologna, etc., sold in quantities to suit purchasers at the lowest prices. None but the best stock slaughtered. Everybody is invited to call.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOOD FAT CATTLE.

May 26. 1882.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you FREE, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only.—The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure, Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

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GENERAL PRICE DEFEATED

GIGANTIC PREPARATIONS FOR THE LAST STRUGGLE!!

EXTRAORDINARY CIGARS!!!

BEST Quality of Plug and Fine Cut Tobaccos, Unadulterated Coal Oil, magnificent Smoking Tobacco, a general assortment of Notions and Novelties, Boston Refined Sugar, Monticello Crystal Mills Flour, Meat, Salt, Butter, Eggs Rice, Dried Apples, Cheese, Oysters, Lard, Pepper, Spice, and all kinds of Groceries constantly on hand, with a multifarious diversity of 5 and 10-cent articles too numerous to mention! Also a fine assortment of Drugs and Medicines that cure all Diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood!

A H ARNOLD'S Cash Store,

JOHN CASEY, Salesman

Blackford, Indiana

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