

## NEWS CONDENSED.

## Concise Record of the Week.

## EASTERN.

Three murderers will be hanged in Pennsylvania on the 23d of September.

The National Rubber Company, of Bristol, R. I., has closed down, owing their workmen two months' wages.

A fire, originating in the block factory of Harvey & Farr, at Gloucester, Mass., spread until property valued at \$500,000 was destroyed.

The failure is announced of D. Root, Sons & Co., agricultural implement manufacturers, of Mount Joy, Penn., with liabilities of \$46,000.

Mrs. J. G. Swishelm, whose name has for forty years been a familiar one to the American public, died last week at her home in Sewickley, Pa. She was born in Pittsburgh in 1815.

The Coatsville Iron Company, of Westchester, Pa., has failed. The liabilities are about \$250,000, and the assets are estimated at \$80,000. The failure is said to be due to the suspension of the agents, Carmichael & Emmens, of New York. It will result in throwing 250 men out of employment.

Lewis Spencer, a colored man who died in the poor-house of Niagara County, New York, is believed to have been 115 years of age.

The embezzlement of Sperry, the absconding Treasurer of Chautauque County, New York, amounts to \$90,000, and his son converted \$19,000 of the public funds to his own use, which he squandered in speculation.

Overholt's distillery, at Connellsville, Pa., with three bonded warehouses and 7,000 barrels of whisky, was burned, the loss being placed at \$605,000, fully insured. The flaming whisky floated down the river, and hundreds of men got drunk on some saved from the fire.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company paid \$404,000 for 125 acres of land at Freedom, Pa., on which \$1,500,000 will be expended in round houses and repair-shops.

The boiler of an engine on the Lehigh Valley Railroad burst near Whitehaven, Pa. J. W. Harsel, the engineer, his son, who acted as brakeman, John Armbruster, the fireman, and a telegraph operator named Smith were instantly killed.

Ex-Gov. Harriman, of New Hampshire, has just died at the age of 67.

Daniel Pratt, ex-Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New York and at one time Attorney General of that State, died at Syracuse, aged 78.

A lamp explosion at Millersburgh, Pa., destroyed a block of buildings valued at \$30,000.

Fifty-one men have been placed in jail at Pittsburgh, for criminal treatment of a demented girl who wandered among the camps along the Monongahela River. Her jewelry, valued at \$500, was found in a shanty at Elizabeth.

## WESTERN.

A natural gas deposit was struck at Frankfort, D. T., at a depth of eighty-five feet. When lighted, explosions followed which shook all the buildings in the place.

A hail-storm devastated a section near Huron, D. T., resulting in a damage to crops estimated at \$50,000.

The dry-good house of Wear, Boogher & Co., of St. Louis, has made an assignment to Nathan Cole. The liabilities are believed to be about \$450,000, and the assets are reported at \$150,000. The largest home creditor is the St. Louis National Bank which holds \$25,000 in paper. Most of the indebtedness is in New York and Boston.

On judgments aggregating \$45,457.80, a Deputy Sheriff, in Chicago, seized the extensive cigar factory of Louis Cohn & Son, Nos. 15 to 27 Wabash avenue. The liabilities will probably reach \$100,000.

A recent examination of the pay-roll of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad shows that that corporation employs about 28,000 persons.

A tree, overturned by a storm, fell upon a dancing pavilion at Broad Ripple, Ind., which sheltered a number of picnickers. A dozen persons were injured, some seriously.

Three children of Joseph Ashley, of Sumico, Wis., went out to pick berries, and were drowned while bathing in the river.

H. H. Young, statistical agent for Minnesota, estimates the wheat yield of the State at 44,000,000 bushels.

A party of masked citizens of Sabina, Ohio, drove the inmates of a brothel into the street, and blew up the house with giant powder. The keeper of another disorderly place was taken from bed, given a coat of tar and feathers, and warned to leave town.

An inventory of the estate of the late Cyrus H. McCormick shows stocks and bonds aggregating \$300,000, an interest of \$1,870,000 in the Harvester Company, and real estate producing an income of \$128,795, besides vast amounts of other property.

Lafayette Huff, of Oxford, Ohio, has received \$5,000 from the Pan-Handle Road for injuries inflicted by ejection from one of its trains.

Lucy Hughes, of Muncie, Ind., 10 years of age, made a nearly successful attempt to strangle herself with her garter because her mother punished her for neglecting the baby.

In the Ohio Valley the drought has resulted in serious losses to farmers, who are on the alert to prevent their parched fields taking fire. Hay is \$16 a ton and advancing, tobacco is badly injured, and corn is threatened.

The Health Department of Chicago has received warning that a physician of San Francisco has started Eastward with two lepers, whom he proposes to exhibit in all the large cities and on the steps of Beecher's Church in Brooklyn.

The Health Commissioner of St. Louis, a ter fully investigating the rumored case of cholera on board the steamer Annie P. Silver, reports that the family involved were

never in France, and that their child died from summer complaint. They are Italians, and have lived in Louisiana for the past year.

Pleasant Valley, Clear Creek, Brunswick, and the section around those towns in Wisconsin were swept by a hail-storm, the frozen lumps being eight to ten inches in diameter. Dwellings were shattered, cattle, hogs, and sheep killed in large numbers, and crops entirely destroyed. Much-needed rain fell throughout Southern and Central Ohio, the storm resulting in the death of six persons by lightning.

John C. Bacha, representing himself as a millionaire cattle dealer of Las Vegas, was drugged by thieves in Cincinnati, and robbed of \$13,000.

The opposition to the Scott law in Cincinnati by the saloon keepers has left the city without any means to pay the police force, and report has it that they are to be discharged.

An electric street railway has been put in successful operation in Cleveland.

## SOUTHERN.

By the explosion of a gas-main at Wheeling, W. Va., Superintendent Dillon of the gas-works and Samuel Darrah were badly burned. Four others received slight injuries.

Miss Helen Owens, a simp-minded lady of good family, eloped from Anne Arundel Co., Md., with a coal-black negro employed about the residence of her brother-in-law, Dr. Henry Richardson.

The explosion of an oil can, used in starting a fire, resulted in an explosion at Plano, Texas, by which two children of John Ramsdale were burned to a crisp.

The act of the Virginia Legislature prohibiting School Superintendents from taking part in politics has been declared unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals.

John Heil, a clerk in the German Bank at Wheeling, W. Va., struck a match in the vault. It appears that the gas had been escaping all night, and the explosion which followed swept Heil across the room with a singed face, and blew out the glass front of the building.

An illicit distillery conducted by a moonshiner named Polk West, in Overton County, Tennessee, has been seized by the revenue officers, who have destroyed 1,000 gallons of beer and a still of 100 gallons capacity.

The tannery of Charles F. Sauer & Co., at Louisville, valued at \$60,000, was destroyed by fire. Capt. Hexman, of the Fire Department, received what may prove to be fatal injuries.

The wall of a mill at Lexington, Ky., collapsed, being forced out by the weight of 5,000 bushels of wheat. Two men were buried under the grain and debris, one being killed and the other mortally hurt.

Victor Eloy, a wife murderer, and Kendrick Holland (colored), who killed his mistress, were hanged at New Orleans.

Near Pocomoke City, Md., Irving Mills went riding with a young widow, the daughter of Capt. L. C. Davis, who objected to his attentions. The father rode out to meet the couple, when Mills deliberately murdered him with a revolver, firing after a fatal wound had been inflicted.

## WASHINGTON.

Queen Victoria sent her congratulations on the rescue of Lieut. Greely. In reply, President Arthur expressed the appreciation of the American people of the timely gift of the steamship Alert.

A meeting of the National Sanitary Conference will be held in Washington Aug. 7. The conference is composed of representatives of State Boards of Health. Its object is to secure concert of action by all health authorities against the spread of epidemic diseases throughout the country.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue reports receipts for the fiscal year of \$121,590,000, a decrease of \$22,963,305, mainly on tobacco. Illinois leads the States in contributions to the National Treasury, having paid \$23,520,848, Kentucky following with \$18,583,172.

John G. Brady, of Alaska, George E. Ihrie, of Pennsylvania, and Chester Seeb, of California, have been appointed United States Commissioners for the newly organized District of Alaska.

Judge Advocate Swaim has been suspended from duty pending his trial by court-martial, and Gen. Lieber has been appointed to his place.

President Arthur left Washington by boat last week, for a vacation. He will sojourn in the Catskills, and be absent several weeks.

With the intention of entering upon special duty under some foreign power, Lieut. Frederick Schwatka has resigned from the United States Army.

## POLITICAL.

Independent Republicans from several States gathered in New York on the 22d for a conference. George William Curtis called the meeting to order, and Charles R. Codman was chosen President. The latter called the nomination of Blaine an insult to American manhood. Thomas Bacon said the Independents had twice defeated Blaine's aspirations within the party. A platform was adopted declaring that the abuses of the past cannot be corrected under the leadership of the Republican nominees, and it was unanimously decided to support Cleveland and Hendricks.

Ex-Minister Sargent, now in Massachusetts, has received a dispatch requesting him to run for Congress in one of the California districts.

The Greenbackers of the Sixth Iowa District nominated Gen. J. B. Weaver for Congress at Ottumwa. The Democratic convention which met at the same place also nominated Weaver.

Webster Flanagan has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth Texas District.

The Wisconsin Democratic Convention for the nomination of State officers will be held at Madison, Sept. 10.

The Democrats of West Virginia nominated E. Willis Wilson for Governor, after a stormy session of nine hours.

The Indiana Prohibitionists held two conventions at Indianapolis, one party nominating a State ticket, while the others determined to organize a Constitutional Amendment Association, to secure the election of men to the Legislature who are well-known Prohibitionists.

The National Prohibition Convention, after a two days' session at Pittsburgh, nominated John P. St. John, of Kansas, for President, and William Daniel, of Maryland, for Vice President. A platform was adopted favoring woman suffrage and the abolition of internal revenue on whisky and tobacco.

The National Democratic Committee met at New York and elected William H. Barnum Chairman and ex-Mayor Prince, of Boston, Secretary. A committee, consisting of Mr. Barnum, Senator Gorman, and Messrs. Smalley of Vermont, Kelly of Minnesota, Dawson of South Carolina, Villas of Wisconsin, and Miller of Nebraska, was appointed to map out the work of the campaign.

J. S. Littell, of Newark, N. J., received the following telegram from ex-Gov. St. John, accepting the Prohibition nomination for President:

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 25.—To the Hon. John P. St. John, George R. Scott, or M. B. Bennett: I was at Lakeside yesterday and did not receive your telegram until this morning. While I did not seek or desire the nomination, I greatly appreciate the unanimity with which it was given as well as the honor it conferred. I can only say now that I acquiesce in the action of the convention, and, looking to God for His guidance, I shall try to do my duty.

JOHN P. ST. JOHN.

George O. Jones, Chairman of the Greenback Committee of New York State, has written to Charles Jenkins, a prominent Ohio Greenbacker, expressing dissatisfaction at the attitude of Gen. Butler. Mr. Jones says Butler must indicate his intentions very soon, as the true me of the Greenback party care nothing about outside combinations, and they are becoming impatient and discontented at the delay. If Butler does not run, Mr. Jones says, another candidate will be selected, and he suggests a conference of leading Greenbackers for that purpose the 9th of September.

Democratic primaries held in the Kansas City Congressional District resulted in a victory for W. H. Wallace, the prosecutor of the James gang.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Eno, the absconding banker of New York, has rented a splendidly-furnished residence at Quebec, where he will soon be joined by his wife and three daughters.

Surgeon General Hamilton was notified that a child who recently arrived at New Orleans from Toulon died on the steamer Annie P. Silver, at Port Anderson, Miss., probably from cholera. A strict investigation has been at once ordered by Dr. Hamilton.

The failures reported for the week numbered 225 in the United States and 15 in Canada. About 10 per cent. were traders whose capital was less than \$5,000.

The attendance at the Grand Army of the Republic encampment, at Minneapolis, was the largest in the history of the order. Gov. Hubbard welcomed the veterans to the State, and Mayor Pillsbury, on behalf of the city, extended a welcome. The second day of the encampment witnessed a grand parade, that was received with tremendous cheers by 60,000 people, who thronged every street on the line of march. The parade passed the City Hall, where children on a canopied platform were waving banners and singing an old war song, which the veterans took up, and passed on with uncovered heads. The third day's proceedings were somewhat tame, and were not so largely attended. A good many old soldiers had private reunions at the camp and in the streets. There was also a prize-drill, and in the evening a camp-fire, at which Gen. Sherman delivered a speech. The fourth and last day was devoted principally to the election of officers for the ensuing year. John S. Koutz, of Ohio, who entered the Union army in 1861 as a drummer boy, being then but 15 years of age, was elected Grand Commander; John P. Rea, of Minneapolis, Senior Vice Commander; and Ira B. Hicks, of New Haven, Conn., Junior Vice Commander. Portland, Me., was selected as the place for the encampment next year.

In the base-ball contest for the national championship the Boston Club maintains the lead, having won 46 games, but it is closely followed by the Providence, which has 45 games to its credit. With the other clubs, New York has 39, Buffalo 36, Chicago 31, Cleveland 23, Philadelphia 20, and Detroit 17. With the Northwestern League, Grand Rapids has won 42, Saginaw 39, Peoria 37, Quincy 38, Bay City and Milwaukee 30 each. Port Wayne 29, Minneapolis 22, Muskegon 21, Stillwater 19, St. Paul 18, and Terre Haute 14. With the Union Association, St. Louis leads with 40, Boston has 31, Baltimore 30, Cincinnati 27, Chicago 26, National 18, Keystone 15, and Kansas City 13.

## FOREIGN.

The French Academy of Medicine proposes an international congress to discuss the prevention and cure of cholera. Dr. Koch has asked that the congress meet in Berlin. A Marseilles dispatch says: "The aspect here is becoming somber. The steamer which arrives weekly from Algeria is suppressed. The line to Syria is stopped. The South American packets have ceased to call here. The custom offices and quays are deserted. There are many funerals during the night, the burials being performed by the aid of lanterns. The Mayor has interdicted the annual fair, and forbids the processions of Aug. 15."

There was a desperate fight in the Highland forest owned by Winans, the American millionaire, between the employees of that person. One laborer was killed by a galle.

A dispatch from Paris says that at Arles, France, a deplorable state of affairs exists. There have been several deaths from cholera; the water supply is cut off, owing to defects in the hydraulic apparatus; the carpenters refuse to construct coffins for the victims of the epidemic; the principal inhabitants of the place are fleeing from it, and food is scarce. The sufferings of the people are great.

In an interview at Paris between Prime Minister Ferry and Li Fong Pao, the Chinese Ambassador, it was arranged that China should pay France an indemnity of 20,000,000 francs.

The Czar of Russia has appointed a commission to revise the laws of Finland in the direction of the complete suppression of local Government. This action is taken in consequence of the nihilists making Finland their base of operations against the Czar.

The Siberian plague has appeared in China, and typhus fever caused ten deaths in the Voges.

James Stephens, ex-head-center of the Fenians, is to sail for America to advocate the Irish cause. In the same connection it is announced that the English authorities

will demand the extradition of the Fenians in Paris who were concerned in the Scotland Yards outrage.

The cholera has appeared at fourteen places in France, and was carried to Spezia, Italy, by workmen from the arsenal at Toulon. The deaths in the latter city continue to decrease. The butchers at Marseilles find it difficult to procure supplies of meat. The Catholics of Marseilles petitioned the Mayor of that city to authorize a procession and public prayers for the abatement of the cholera. The Mayor refused, and was sustained in his refusal by a vote of 27 to 5.

## LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The cotton goods manufacturers of New England have begun a spontaneous shifting-down movement for August and September which promises to be of large dimensions.

Gov. Cameron, of Virginia, has called an extra session of the Legislature of that State for Aug. 13, on the petition of two-thirds of the members.

Assigning as a reason that the acceptory letters of Butler and Cleveland have not been made public, without which intelligent action could not be taken, the National Labor party's committee at New York issued orders postponing the convention at Chicago until Sept. 1.

Officials of the Navy Department estimate the cost of the Greely expedition at \$700,000.

The amount of gold now in the United States Treasury is about \$119,000,000, being about \$15,000,000 less than a month ago. This decrease is due to the redemption of bonds, the payment of interest, and the settlement in gold of all the clearing-house balances at the New York Sub-Treasury during the month.

Forty structures, including two banks, an hotel, the Postoffice, nine dwellings, etc., were destroyed by fire at Devil's Lake, Dak. The loss is \$100,000, and the insurance about \$60,000.

St. Paul's new city directory contains 39,720 names, an increase of 4,388 over the number in last year's volume. It is estimated that about \$11,000,000 will be expended on new buildings in that city during the year. In recognition of its increased population the Postmaster General has given it five additional letter carriers.

Portland (Ore.) dispatch: "News has been received here that an organized band of stock-thieves has been run down and captured by a party of regulators at Willow Valley, Ore. Seventeen thieves were caught with a large number of valuable horses. The two ring-leaders of the band were lynched in short order, and the remaining fifteen are held in custody. They will be handed over to the regular officers of the law for trial."

The principal clearing houses report \$664,702,280 as the clearings for last week, which is a decrease from the preceding week of \$28,032,832. When compared with the corresponding period last year the falling off equals 19.7 per cent.

The hospitals of Panama are filled with men taken ill while working on De Lesseps' new canal. The Government ordered a quarantine some time ago, but has revoked it at the instance of the canal company. Dr. Lopez, the chief physician of the corporation, recently died of dysentery.

Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, has reached England. When he left the Congo country he was suffering badly from bronchitis, but was much benefited by the sea voyage.

At a large miners' demonstration at Barnsley, resolutions were adopted demanding the abolition of the House of Lords.

A disastrous fire occurred at Marsh, Asia Minor. One thousand shops, 200 houses, four hotels, three mosques, and the municipal palace were destroyed.

John Daly, the alleged Fenian arrested two months ago at Birkenhead, England, has been indicted at Chester for having explosives in his possession.

The Paris *Figaro*, a leading Republican organ, advises France to abandon all friendly relations with England, which has always thwarted France, and whose friendship is false and hollow. At the same time the *Figaro* recommends an alliance with Germany, who has been an honest enemy, and would make an honest ally.

It is the way of half the truth amid which we live, that it only haunts us and makes dull pulsations that are never born into sound.—George Elliot.

## THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES—Full Cows	\$ 6.25 @ 7.00
HOGS—Common	5.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Winter	91 @ 92
CORN—No. 2	98 @ 1.00
OATS—No. 2	44 @ 47
POK—New Mess.	10.75 @ 11.25
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	6.50 @ 7.25
Good Shipping	6.00 @ 6.60
Common to Fair	4.50 @ 5.50
HOGS—Common	5.25 @ 5.75
FLOUR—No. 2 Red Winter	5.25 @ 5.75
Good to Choice Spring	4.50 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	82 @ 83
No. 2 Red Winter	88 @ 89
CORN—No. 2	54 @ 55
OATS—No. 2	30 @ 33
BARLEY—No. 2	62 @ 63
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	17.75 @ 19
Flour Daily	12 @ 13
CHEESE—Full Cream	14 @ 15
Skimmed Flat	10 @ 11
EGGS—Fresh	14 @ 15
POTATOES—New, per bin	1.50 @ 2.00
POK—Mess.	23.75 @ 24.25
LAND—	97 @ 107 1/2
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	87 @ 89
CORN—No. 2	56 @ 57
OATS—No. 2	36 @ 38
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2	81 @ 82
CORN—No. 2	56 @ 58
OATS—No. 2	32 @ 33
BARLEY—No. 2	54 @ 56
POK—Mess.	15.25 @ 15.75
LAND—	7.00 @ 7.25
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2	83 @ 85
CORN—Mixed	47 @ 48
OAT—No. 2	30 @ 32
POK—Mess.	15.75 @ 16.25
LAND—	15.75 @ 16.25
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	84 @ 85
CORN—No. 2	50 @ 52
OATS—Mixed	34 @ 35
POK—Mess.	16.25 @ 16.75
LAND—	10.60 @ 10.74
DETROIT.	
FLOUR—	6.00 @ 6.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White	1.01 @ 1.03
CORN—No. 2	52 @ 53
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	27 @ 29
POK—Mess.	18.00 @ 18.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	82 @ 84
CORN—Mixed	49 @ 51
OATS—Mixed	31 @ 32
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Best	6.25 @ 6.75
HOGS—Common	5.50 @ 5.75
POK—Mess.	5.50 @ 6.00
SHEEP—	6.00 @ 6.50

## WAR ON WHISKY.

## National Convention of the Prohibition Party.

## A Presidential Ticket Nominated and a Platform Adopted.

The National Prohibition Convention met at Pittsburgh on Wednesday, the 22d of July, and was called to order by Gleason L. Stewart. More than 400 delegates were in attendance. The call of the convention was read by the Secretary, W. R. Nelson, of Chicago. C. L. Ross, of Pittsburgh delivered an address of welcome, to which Mr. Stewart responded. He called attention to the fact that the hall in which they met was one of historic interest. Nearly a half-century ago the anti-slavery patriots assembled in it to organize a national campaign against the crime which at that time almost ruined the republic. Mr. Stewart thanked his response to the welcome into his opening address. He held that there was a relation between the enemies of slavery and of liquor, and that they had mutually sustained each other. The destruction of liquor, he said, was beginning as had the end of slavery. He denounced local option as a dangerous compromise with the liquor crime.

In affecting the prohibition question, William Daniel, of Maryland, was elected Chairman, and Mrs. Woodbridge, of Ohio, and Charles S. Carter, of Washington, as Secretaries. Mr. Daniel opened the program by reading a paper, which he had made in Maryland. He thought that if the Christian voters of the country were united, they could put St. John, or some other good man in the White House.

After the appointment of a Committee on Credentials, the convention adjourned until the afternoon.

The afternoon session opened with a felicitous demonstration, the entire convention participating in the singing of "John Brown, God Bless Thy Name." "Crown Him Lord of All." The Secretary reported the following State representatives:

Alabama, 2; California, 23; Connecticut, 2; Illinois, 48; Maine, 3; Kansas, 17; Kentucky, 6; Michigan, 66; Nebraska, 3; Dakota, 17; Ohio, 34; New Jersey, 18; Maryland, 16; New York, 45; Missouri, 10; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 10; Pennsylvania, 8; Wisconsin, 45; total, 446.

Telegrams were received from all parts of the country encouraging the work of the convention.

W. C. A. Blanchard, of Illinois, addressed the convention, and in the course of his remarks gave offense to some of the Wisconsin delegates, who succeeded in forcing him to give up the floor before he had concluded.

At the evening session the permanent organization was announced, with Prof. Samuel Dickey, of Michigan, as President, a great many Vice Presidents, and Mrs. Woodbridge, of Ohio, as Secretary. The selections of the committee were concurred in.

On taking the chair Prof. Dickey said that the delegates were forced by the circumstances to attend this meeting. They were not in harmony with those who believed in the taxing or licensing of liquor. They could not let it alone. They believed it ought to be suppressed. There was no hope to be placed in political parties. This Prohibition party stood for the complete suppression of the liquor traffic. Its object was to found and carry out a political action. It was not a party, but a movement. It was not a party, but a movement. It was not a party, but a movement.

To that work they were pledged, and by that work they expected to stand. With the power of the General Government in their hands it would be wisely and well, and the nation would be redeemed from the curse of the rum power.

A proposition was made to adopt a two-thirds rule for the nomination of candidates. It was discussed and rejected, and it was decided that it would require only a majority of the votes cast to nominate.

The roll of States was called for the nomination of one member from each, of a committee on finance, and two members of the National Executive Committee.

Various propositions were submitted and referred to the Committee on Resolutions. Among them was one to have the Prohibition party at the next National Prohibition Convention two for each Congressional District and four for each State; and another to change the party's name.

The convention at 10 o'clock adjourned till 9 a. m. Thursday.

## Second Day.

The convention was called to order at 9:10 a. m.