

An interesting series of meetings are progressing at the M. E. Church, in Rensselaer.

One Iroquois Lodge I. O. O. F., of Rensselaer, donated \$25 for the aid of flood sufferers.

Monticello Herald: Frank W. Babcock, an attorney of the Rensselaer bar, attended court here last Monday.

The average of bank dividends in England is 16 per cent; in the U. S. it is 8 7/8-100 per cent. The popular impression has been that capital earned over in this country was in England, but it appears to be a mistake—at least so far as the banking business is concerned.

A. B. Southard, assistant to the president of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago road, and traffic manager, who ranks among the brightest railroad men in the West, began his railroad career in 1865 as a peanut boy on the Indianapolis, Peru & Chicago road. —[Indianapolis Journal.]

About 80 per cent. of the exports of this country consists of products of the soil. The prices of the wheat, corn and bacon of the farmer are determined in the foreign market, but he must purchase what he needs in a market in which the prices of all products but his own are enhanced by the tariff. He must sell according to the rates of one market, in a short, and buy according to the rates of another. It would be surprising if the farmers of the country do not become tired of the pressure one of these days.—Exchange.

Here is a fact for workingmen, and so well stated by the Philadelphia (Pa.) Record that it is worth having attention thus specially called to it:

After the workingman gets his house built and furnished for about 40 per cent more than he ought to pay, in consequence of tariff extraction, the tariff still pursues him. His breakfast is salted with 36 per cent salt; he sweetens his coffee with sugar that is taxed 42 per cent; his rice is taxed over 100 per cent; his vinegar 26 per cent; his clothes, if of wool, are taxed 40 per cent; his woolen stockings and under shirt 75 per cent; (if they are cotton they are taxed 48 per cent); his hat is taxed 75 per cent; his wife's clothing is taxed at equivalent rates, and she must pay 45 per cent extra for hair pins. The workingman pays duty on his shelter, clothing, food, medicines and to 1s. From the time he comes into the world until he goes out of it he pays his proportion of the protective tax, which goes into the pocket of his employer, but he gets no protection himself. Yet protection could not stand one day if it were not fastened upon the country by the workingman's vote.

A LICK BACK.—An excheque tells how a girl got rather the best of a minister as follows:

Mary was a buxom country lass, and her father was an upright doctor in the Methodist church of a Connecticut village. Mary's plan of joining the boys and girls in a nutting party was frustrated by the unexpected arrival of a number of the "brethren" on their way to conference, and Mary had to stay at home and get dinner for her father's clerical guests. Her already ruffled temper was increased by the reverend visitors themselves, who sat about the stove and in the way. One of the good ministers noticed her wrathful impatience, and desiring to rebuke her sinful manifestations, said sternly: "Mary, what do you think will be your occupation in hell?" Pretty much the same as it is on earth," she replied, "cooking for Methodist ministers."

WHAT FOR?

A boy and girl a sleighing went, and neither of them cared a cent. How fast they rid,

While on they slid—

What for, and where!

The air was very cold and raw—The little boy, he frose his paw. Still on they sped

In their little sled—

What for, and where?

The little girl, so young and fair, lost nearly all her golden hair, They went so fast,

Their friends they passed—

What for, and where!

The horse, of course, got badly scared, and ran, and pitched, and kicked and reared.

On went the pair—

Now almost there—

What for, and where?

The boy and girl were tumbled out—he sprained her ear he broke his snout—

Then up they got,

And off they set—

What for, and where?

For Levi's little candy store—To get some candy—Nothing more—They got it, too.

And so may you—

What for?

Why from 11 to 40 cents a pound; and our nice, sweet magnolias and delicious cream candies and chocolate goods, owing to a heterogeneous conglomeration of unforeseen difficulties, at prices to suit all.

HENRI LEVINO. Proprietor
Levino's Candy Factory, Rensselaer, Indiana.

Showcases for Sale.

One 8 ft. case, square, nickel plated, with rack.

One 8 ft. case, oval front, nickel mountings.

One 4 ft. cigar case, oval front, nickel mountings.

These cases will be sold at very low figures for cash.

I have also a 12 ft. counter, pair of scales, dozen and a half candy jars, tobacco knife, cigar cutter and a cigar lighter which I will sell at a bargain. Prices given on application.

M. O. CISSEL
RENSSLEAER, IND., Feb. 7, 1884.

CALL AND SETTLE

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the undersigned, are hereby notified that all accounts must be settled within thirty days from January 1st 1884, or they will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. I must have my money to carry on my business. I mean what I say and no foolishness.

J. J. EIGERSBACH.

EVERYBODY'S DOCTOR.

BY ROBERT A. GUNN, M. D.

Everybody's Doctor contains 684 octavo pages, and is printed on fine paper and handsomely bound. It is sold at the low price of three (\$300) dollars a copy, so as to bring it within the reach of all.

The work differs from all other books on Domestic Medicine in having the diseases systematically arranged, according to their classification. Everything is described in the plainest possible language, and the prescriptions are written out in plain English, so that they can be employed by any intelligent reader.

Druggists will find this book of great advantage in aiding them to give advice when asked to do so.

Dentists will find much information in it that will prove valuable to themselves and their patients.

Teachers will be better prepared for the performance of their duties in the school room by studying it.

Parents will find it a reliable adviser in every thing relating to the rearing of their children.

Every family can save fifty times the price of the book every year, by consulting it.

It is complete in all its parts, and is the most recent book of the kind published.

The book will be sent free by mail or express on receipt of three dollars.

Who says it is unhealthy to sleep in feathers? Look at the spring chickens and see how tough it is,—Scientific American.

A New Jersey man has been put in jail for having fourteen wives. Must be a great relief to him.—Burlington Free Press.

NICKLES PUBLISHING CO.,
Send for Circular 29 Ann St.
Agents Wanted. New York City.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.—Notice is hereby given that William T. Perkins has made a general assignment of all his property to me in trust for the benefit of all his bona fide creditors, that I have accepted same trust, given the required bond, and that the same has been approved by the Court, this 17th day of January, A. D. 1884.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
Mordecai F. Chilcott, [Trustee.
Atty for Trustee.

January 18, 1884.

Down they go!

The Bottom Knocked Out of Prices of Confectionery!

In order to close out my entire stock of confectionery I will sell stick candy at 10 cts. per lb.

Mixed, 10 cts. per lb.

Fancy, including caromels, chocolates, burnt almonds, burnt peanuts, blackberries, raspberries, kisses, peppermint, wintergreen, lemon, cinnamon, licorice and gum drops, 15 cts. per lb.

Penny goods at proportionate rates.

Figs, 15 cts. per lb.

M. O. CISSEL
RENSSLEAER, IND., Feb. 7, 1884.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

For toothache, where a cavity exists, there are many remedies in common use, but, says an exchange, none seem to relieve as equal parts of hydrate of chloro and gum camphor rubbed together. Saturate a piece of cotton with the mixture and put it into the cavity of the tooth covering it with dry cotton. Care must be taken not to allow the remedy to come in contact with the inside of the mouth, as it may produce severe burning.

An exchange says: "Let any one who has an attack of lockjaw take a small quantity of turpentine, warm it and pour it on the wound, no matter where the wound is, and relief will follow in than a minute. Nothing better can be applied to a severe cut or bruise cold turpentine; it will give certain relief almost instantly. Turpentine is a sovereign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel with it and place it on the throat and chest, in every case three or four drops of sugar may be taken inwardly."

Dr. EBARD, of Nimes, states that he has for many years treated all his cases of sciatic and neuralgic pains with an improvised apparatus, consisting merely of a flat-iron and vinegar, two things that will be found in every house. The iron is heated until sufficiently hot to vaporize the vinegar, and is then covered with some woolen fabric, which is moistened with vinegar, and the apparatus is applied at once to the painful spot. The application may be repeated two or three times a day. Dr. Ebard states that, as a rule, the pain disappears in twenty-four hours, and recovery ensues at once.

SALT IN DIPHTHERIA.—In a paper read at the Medical Society of Victoria, Australia, Dr. Day stated that, having for many years regarded diphtheria, in its early stage, as a purely local affection, characterized by a marked tendency to take on putrefactive decomposition, he has trusted most to the free and constant application of antiseptics, and, when their employment has been adopted from the first, and been combined with judicious alimentation, he has seldom seen blood-poisoning ensue. In consequence of the great power which salt possesses in preventing the putrefactive decomposition of meat and other organic matter, Dr. Day has often prescribed for diphtheritic patients living far away from medical aid the frequent use of a gargle composed of a teaspoonful or more of salt dissolved in a tumbler of water, giving children who cannot gargle a teaspoonful or two to drink occasionally. Adults to use the gargle as a prophylactic or preventive, three or four times a day.

HOW VOLTAIRE CURED THE DECAY OF HIS STOMACH.—In the "Memoirs of Count Segur" there is the following anecdote: "My mother, the Countess de Segur, being asked by Voltaire respecting her health, told him that the most painful feeling she had arose from the decay in her stomach and the difficulty of finding any kind of aliment that it could bear. Voltaire, by way of consolation, assured her that he was once for nearly a year in the same state, and believed to be incurable, but that, nevertheless, a very simple remedy had restored him. It consisted in taking no other nourishment than yelks of eggs beaten up with the hour of potatos and water." Though this circumstance concerned so extraordinary a person as Voltaire, it is astonishing how little it is known and how rarely the remedy has been practiced. Its efficacy, however, in cases of debility, cannot be questioned, and the following is the mode of preparing this valuable article of food as recommended by Sir John Sinclair: Beat up an egg in a bowl, and then add six table-spoonfuls of cold water, mixing the whole well together; then add two table-spoonfuls of farina of potatoes; let it be mixed thoroughly with the liquid in the bowl; then pour in as much boiling water as will convert the whole thing into a jelly, and mix it well. It may be taken alone, or with the addition of a little milk in case of stomachic debility or consumptive disorders.—Scientific American.

THOUSANDS SAY SO.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and insist on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "just as good." The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

THESE ARE SOLID FACTS.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by F. B. Leaming.

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL!

1884 FOR THE YEAR 1884

An uncompromising organ of Mono policy in whatever form appearing, and especially in the spirit of subordination to the present TRIMMERS' PARTIES.

THE SENTINEL is the recognized leading Democratic newspaper of the State. Many new and approved features have been introduced, making it in all respects a

SUPERIOR 8-PAGE 56 COLUMN PAPER.

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It will contain well considered editorials on every subject, political or social, which may arise. The Commercial and Market Reports of the WEEKLY SENTINEL, will be complete. Its agricultural and Home Departments are in the best of hands, and will be a distinguishing feature. In a word, in its news, its editorials, literary, miscellaneous, and in general reading, it shall not be surpassed by any paper circulated in the State. I will be particularly adapted to the family circle. No thinking man in the State can afford to do without the Weekly Sentinel, at the small cost at which it is furnished.

THE SFNTINEL, in addition to its superiority, is moreover an Indiana paper, devoted to and especially represent Indiana's interests, political and otherwise, as no foreign paper will or can do, and ought, therefore, to have preference over the papers of other States, and we ask Democrats to bear this in mind, as

SELECT YOUR OWN STATE PAPER

When they come to take up subscriptions and make up clubs.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC

FACTS REGARDING Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH! In all those diseases of the system, especially of the Liver, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc., its use is marked with decided and wonderful results. Bones, muscles and nerves receive exercise. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES suffering from all complaints in their system will be greatly relieved.

The strongest testimony to the value of Dr. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is given by Dr. EBARD, of Nimes, France, who has only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health do not experiment with the ORIGINAL, but with the new and improved DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC.

Send your address to THE DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC, St. Louis, Mo., for our "DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

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Here in Indiana, as in '76 and '80

we enacted a mighty struggle.

The corrupt party which has been

nearly a generation fattening upon

spoil and plunder, will go from its long pos

session of a Caesar flowing with

milk and honey of spoliis, only when

it has exhausted its greatest endevours

to stay. The Country is no stranger to the

character and variety of means brought

into requisitions where Republican m

nopolists, bosses