

# WHAT CHANGE, AND WHY?

[Continued from first page.]

forced to pay \$40 for a suit of clothes that he could get for \$20 if he were free to buy without paying enormous duties on foreign goods, or an equivalent bounty to the American manufacturer and wool-grower. It may quicken his apprehension somewhat to pass his fingers over the surface of his coat-sleeve and pull out the first little knot he finds, and repeat the process until he finds how many little bits of oddity from a quarter to three eighths of an inch in length he can pull out of a half-dozen square inches of cloth. He will find that he is paying very high prices for very poor stuff. He prosecutes his investigation some little distance in this direction, and if he possesses the faculty of putting this and that together, he will perceive that it is the protection mode of slavery that robs and cheats him in this fashion.

But the present purpose is to point out that this robbery and cheating can be stopped short without driving a nail in the coffin of any industry. When the more tariff convention was in session in Chicago, a year ago last summer, a representative of the woolen manufacturing in New York stated that he could have free wool if he could not ask for a protective tariff on the class of goods he was manufacturing. He was a protectionist because wool-growers wanted protection, and he did not want to be so selfish as to oppose the producers of his raw material. Generous fellow; but his admission mounted to a good deal, as will be seen a little further on. And now comes Mr. Robert Blakie, who has for years been successfully running three or four large woolen-mills in New England, and says, in answer to the question how free wool could affect his business: "I could make goods to sell in any part of the world. I'd defy the world to compete with me. I'd take the duty from wool, and I'd guarantee that it wouldn't be six weeks before wool would have advanced in price to the point where my own wool would also advance, and so the continues. Now he may be mistaken as to the advance in the price of wool, though he mistakes at all it is, no doubt, a mere matter of degree. But as a successful business man his admission that he could defy competition with free wool is most significant. Take the duty off from wool, and Mr. Blakie is not afraid to face the world as a manufacturer. What then? Mr. Dyer can buy for \$20 such a suit as now costs him \$40. Perhaps he buys two suits a year. If so, he saves \$40 a year tax, the most of which he pays to home producers, and not to the government. Then on underwear, which is an item of some importance, and on blankets, and all other woolen goods he consumes, he would realize a like saving. Who would be hurt? Not the manufacturer, according to Mr. Blakie's admission; not the wool-grower, if he is right in saying that the price of American wool would advance. Then nobody would be hurt, and Mr. Dyer, and all the rest of us who live in these attitudes where woolen goods are a necessity, would be benefitted to the extent of, say, \$60 a year each on the average. But suppose the price of wool should fall, as it might do. Then only a handful of farmers in western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and Ohio would be materially suffer. Why should Mr. Dyer and the rest of us be taxed 100 per cent. on every bit of woolen goods we use for the benefit of these very worthy farmers? They could quickly turn their land to something better, and their temporary loss would be amere drop in the bucket to our large gains.

As with woolen goods, so with many other articles, the prices of which are greatly enhanced. Take off the duties, and in most cases the many would be benefitted and the few would be harmed very little if at all. A very radical of formation of the tariff is possible without serious harm to any interest that has enjoyed a forced, hot house growth. But coming to the practical matter, we must deal with men of various and conflicting

views, and be content with such gradual progress out of the darkness of commercial slavery into the light of commercial liberty as it is possible to make.

## CALL AND SETTLE

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the undersigned, are hereby notified that all accounts must be settled within thirty days from January 1st 1884, or they will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. I must have my money to carry on my business. I mean what I say and no foolishness.

J. J. EIGLESBACH.

Services of the Free Will Baptist congregation will be held in the Presbyterian church, Rensselaer, on the second and fourth Sabbaths of each month. Covenant meeting on Saturday before fourth Sabbath of each month at 2 p. m. Sabbath services will begin at 10:30 a. m.

M. C. MINER, Pastor.

## EVERYBODY'S DOCTOR.

BY ROBERT A. GUNN, M.D.

Everybody's Doctor contains 634 octavo pages, and is printed on fine paper and handsomely bound. It is sold at the low price of three (\$3.00) dollars a copy, so as to bring it within the reach of all.

The work differs from all other books on Domestic Medicine in having the diseases systematically arranged, according to their classification. Everything is described in the plainest possible language, and the prescriptions are written out in plain English, so that they can be employed by any intelligent reader.

Druggists will find this book of great advantage in aiding them to give advice when asked to do so.

Dentists will find much information in it that will prove valuable to themselves and their patients.

Teachers will be better prepared for the performance of their duties in the school room by studying it.

Parents will find it a reliable adviser in every thing relating to the rearing of their children.

Every family can save fifty times the price of the book every year, by consulting it.

It is complete in all its parts, and is the most recent book of the kind published.

The book will be sent free by mail on express on receipt of three dollars.

Who says it is unhealthy to sleep in feather-beds? Look at the spring caskets and see how tough it is.—Scientific American.

Jail for having fourteen wives. Must be a great relief to him.—Burlington Free Press.

NICKLES PUBLISHING CO., Send for Circular 29 Ann St. Agents Wanted. New York City.

## The Eagles of New England.

There are but two varieties of eagles found in New England—the bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) and the golden eagle (*Aquila canadensis*).

Both of these birds vary much in color and markings at different ages. The bald eagle is quite dark for the first year, and is called by those not familiar with the bird, the black eagle; and later, when grayish, the gray eagle; and when in adult plumage, the white-headed eagle. The young of the golden eagle has rings about the tail, and is called by hunters the ring-tailed eagle, and later, when the golden feathers appear about the neck, the golden eagle.

There is one never-failing mark by which the bald and golden eagle can be distinguished, no matter what the color of their feathers. The golden eagle is always feathered to the toes. The bald eagle is feathered only down its thighs.

The rough-legged falcon is feathered to the toes, with markings somewhat similar to the golden eagle, but the size of the two birds is so unlike that any novice need not blunder. The golden eagle is from thirty to forty inches from its beak to the tip of its tail, and from six to seven feet in alar extent. The rough-legged falcon is from nineteen to twenty-four inches in length, and from four to four and a half feet in alar extent.

It is not uncommon to read of eagles captured measuring from four to four and a half feet from tip to tip. There are no such eagles. They are simply hawks or falcons.

I once received a letter from a professional gentleman informing me that one of his neighbors had captured a fine specimen of an eagle, which I could have by calling for it. I drove sixteen miles in the worst of traveling in March to get it, and found it nothing but a rough-legged falcon.

In 1861, when writing a series of articles on our rapacious birds, I described a bird captured in our meadows as the Washington eagle—the bird was first described by Audubon and named by him after the immortal Washington. It is now very generally believed by ornithologists that the bird described by Audubon is not a new species, but a young, overgrown female of the bald eagle.

The young of our rapacious birds are larger than the adult birds, and the female is larger than the male. These facts were unknown to ornithologists at that time, and many new species were described which since have proved to be immature birds. No bird has been captured in the last forty years that has fully answered the description given by Audubon, and if there was such a bird, with a host of ornithologists on the alert, some one must have found it.

A MANUSCRIPT treatise by Copernicus has been discovered in the Stockholm Observatory.

## The Secret

of the universal success of Brown's Iron Bitters is simply this: It is the best Iron preparation ever made; is compounded on thoroughly scientific, chemical and medicinal principles, and does just what is claimed for it—no more and no less.

By thorough and rapid assimilation with the blood, it reaches every part of the system, healing, purifying and strengthening. Commencing at the foundation it builds up and restores best health—in no other way can lasting benefit be obtained.

25 Dearborn Ave., Chicago, Nov. 7.

I have been a great sufferer from a very weak stomach, heartburn, and dyspepsia in its worst form. Nearly everything I ate gave me distress, and I could eat but little. I have tried everything recommended, have taken the prescriptions of a dozen physicians, but got no relief until I took Brown's Iron Bitters. I feel none of the old troubles, and am a new man. I am getting much stronger, and feel first-rate. I am a railroad engineer, and now make my trips regularly. I can not say too much in praise of your wonderful medicine. D. C. MACK.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not contain whiskey or alcohol, and will not blacken the teeth, or cause headache and constipation. It will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, sleeplessness, dizziness, nervous debility, weakness, &c.

Use only Brown's Iron Bitters made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore. Crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

## Executors' Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and Testament of David Gray, deceased, will offer for sale, at public outcry, at the late residence of the testator, in Hanging Grove Township, Jasper County, Indiana, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1884,

the personal property of said Estate, consisting of

Six head of Horses; three head of yearling Steers; five head of Calves; five head of Cows; ten head of Hogs, two of which are ready for market; two Wagons; thirty ton of Tams Hay and forty ton of Wild Hay.

One Corn: four stand of Bees; one Mowing Machine; two Guns; one Cooking Stove, besides various other Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock A. M. TERMS—Sums of Five Dollars and under cash, and over Five Dollars a credit of one year, the purchaser giving note waiving valuation and appraisal laws, and bearing six per cent. interest from date, with sufficient securities.

SELEMA GRAY, JOHN R. GRAY, Executors. Simon Phillips, Auctioneer. James W. Douthitt, Atty for Ex'rs. January 11, 1884.

## NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.

State of Indiana, Jasper County, ss: Joseph Leonard, Alvin Lee and James Leonard, vs.

Elizabeth Sebring, Anson Sebring, Jacob Clark, Emily Clark, wife of Jacob Clark, William Clark, Lucy J. Clark, wife of William Clark, impleaded with Samuel Clark et al.

Complaint No. 317. It appearing by affidavit this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action, the object of which is to foreclose two mortgages, and that they are non-residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendency of such action is therefore given to said defendants as above named that the same will stand for trial at the next term of the Jasper Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the Court House, in Rensselaer, Indiana, on the first Monday in January, 1884.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court at this 11th day of December, 1883.

Wm. Johnston, Atty for Pl'ts. Dec. 11, 1883-27 50

## Notice of Ditch Assessments

NOTICE is hereby given to Francis M. Lakin, Edward R. Agnew, William W. Parrett, John S. Hardy, Granville Crowbridge, Peter Kellerberger, Summah Whitson and John Gledden, Cassie A. Fay, Rosemond C. Kent, John A. Kent, Clara Kent, Mary Kent, Lavinia Kent and William Kent, heirs of Alexander Kent, dec'd, Martin Burns, Francis M. Goff, Charles C. Starr, Elbert H. Blair and John R. McLean, Mark Jones, Michael Schultz, Stephen E. Jones, Abide W. Roberts, James E. Gable, John S. Stibbe, Moses W. Swain, Isaac W. Ayer, Alfred Thompson, William C. Allen, William M. Skaney, Mary C. Hopkins, Michael Stibbe, James C. McClanahan, Estate Union Township, Jasper County, Indiana, benefits to two public highways, that the assessments in Ditch Case number Thirteen of the Jasper Circuit Court, wherein Francis M. Lakin is petitioner, will be due and payable at the office of the undersigned Commissioner charged by said Court with the construction of said Ditch, as follows: The first installment, being 20 per centum of the whole assessment, will be due and payable on the 15th day of December, 1883, and each succeeding installment, being 20 per centum of the whole assessment, will become due as aforesaid respectively on January 15th, February 15th, March 15th, and April 15th, 1884, until the whole is paid, or until a satisfaction of said assessment is rendered and collection thereof accorded to the report of Commissioners and order of said Court in said case.

JAMES WELSH, Commissioner. In charge of said work.

November 9, 1883.

## SIXTY-THIRD YEAR.

Announcement Extraordinary.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE. THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

\$2.00 A YEAR FOR NO LESS.

—OR—

\$1.00 A YEAR IN CLUBS OF 10.

Now is the Time to Raise Clubs for the Coming Year.

We are determined to get a very large list of new subscribers, and in order to do so we will receive subscriptions at ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, IN CLUBS OF TEN!

And, as an inducement to each of our subscribers to send a club, we will give a gratis copy for every club of 10 at \$1.00 each. Remember, we will not send a single copy for less than \$2.00; and in order to get the reduced rate, one must send at least ten subscriptions. We cannot send a less number for less than \$2.00 each.

Think of it! 10 copies of THE POST one year, with one extra for sending the Club, making 11 copies for \$10.

As to THE POST, there are few in this country or any other country, who are not familiar with it. Established in 1821, it is the oldest paper of its kind in America, and for more than half a century it has been recognized as the Leading Literary and Family Journal in the United States. For the coming year we have secured the best writers of this country and Europe, in Prose and Verse, Fact and Fiction.

A record of over sixty years of continuous publication proves its worth and popularity. The POST has never missed an issue. Its fiction is of the highest order—the best original Stories, Sketches and Narratives of the day. It is perfectly free from the degrading and polluting trash which characterizes many other so-called literary and family papers. It gives more for the money, and of a better class, than any other publication in the world.

Each volume contains, in addition to its well-edited departments, twenty-five first-class Serials, by the best living authors, and upwards of five hundred Short Stories. Every number is replete with useful information and amusement, comprising Tales, Adventures, Sketches, Biography, Statistics, Facts, Recipes, Hints, Cautions, Poetry, Science, Art, Philosophy, Manners, Customs, Proverbs, Problems, Experiments, Personal, News, Wit and Humor, Historical Essays, Remarkable Events, New Discoveries, and a complete report of all the latest Fashions, as well as all the novelties in Needlework, and fullest and freshest information relating to all personal and home adornment, and domestic matters. To the people everywhere it will prove one of the best, most instructive, reliable and moral papers that has ever entered their homes.

We trust those who design making up clubs will be in the field as early as possible. Our prices to club subscribers by the reduced rate are so low that if the matter is properly explained, very few who desire a first-class literary paper will hesitate to subscribe at once, and thank the getter up of the club for bringing the paper to their notice. Remember, the getter-up of a club of 10 gets a free copy of the paper an entire year.

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Be sure and get the Genuine.

For the peculiar troubles to which ladies are subject, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is invaluable. Try it.

My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking Brown's Iron Bitters, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all. I cannot say too much in praise of it. Mrs. MARY E. BRASHMAN, 173 Presbmanst.

Kidney Disease Cured. Christiansburg, Va., 1881.

Suffering from kidney disease, from which I could get no relief, I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, which cured me completely. A child of mine, recovering from scarlet fever, had no appetite and did not seem to be able to eat at all. I gave him Iron Bitters with the happiest results. J. KYLS MONTAGUE.

Heart Disease. Vine St., Harrisburg, Pa. Dec. 2, 1881.

After trying different physicians and many remedies for palpitation of the heart without receiving any benefit, I was advised to try Brown's Iron Bitters. I have used two bottles and never found anything that gave me so much relief. Mrs. JENNIE HESS.

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Be sure and get the Genuine.

My stock has been bought for cash, and I can offer super-inducements to cash buyers. Please call before going elsewhere.

Rensselaer Ind., Dec. 7, 1883.

## R. P. BENJAMIN,

Having purchased the stand of F. L. Cotton, will keep constantly on hand a full and complete supply of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Windows, Doors, Sash, Etc., HARD & SOFT COAL.

My stock has been bought for cash, and I can offer super-inducements to cash buyers. Please call before going elsewhere.

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## NEW STYLE.

We would most respectfully announce that we now have a complete line in new styles of

FURNITURE,

Parlor and Chamber sets Cottage sets, Walnut and common beds, Mattresses and Springs, Book Cases, Ward robes, Bureaus, Marble and wood top stands and Tables, EASY CHAIRS Cane-seat and wood chairs, Kitchen furniture, Safes, &c.—

Picture Frames,

Carpets, Floor and Table cloths, Rugs, Ottomans, Foot-rests, Window-shades, Queensware, Table and Pocket cutlery Plated Spoons, and many NOVELTIES on our

5 CENT COUNTER.

## UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT

Our Undertaking Department is complete. We carry the best stock to be found in the county, Metallic, Draped, Walnut and White Caskets, all sizes and prices. Nice stock of Burial Robes. No charge for Hearse.

F. J. SEARS & SON, Opposite Court House.

All the precious stones, except opal, can be quite successfully imitated.

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The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters; Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by F. B. Leaming.

## STRONG FACTS!

A great many people are asking what particular troubles BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is good for.

It will cure Heart Disease, Paralysis, Dropsy, Kidney Disease, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all similar diseases.

Its wonderful curative power is simply because it purifies and enriches the blood, thus beginning at the foundation, and by building up the system, drives out all disease.

A Lady Cured of Rheumatism. Baltimore, Md., May 7, 1880. My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking Brown's Iron Bitters, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all. I cannot say too much in praise of it. Mrs. MARY E. BRASHMAN, 173 Presbmanst.

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My stock has been bought for cash, and I can offer super-inducements to cash buyers. Please call before going elsewhere.

Rensselaer Ind., Dec. 7, 1883.

## THE INDIANA

STATE SENTINEL!

1883 FOR THE YEAR 1884.

1883 FOR THE YEAR 1884.

1883 FOR THE YEAR 1884.

1883 FOR THE YEAR 1884.

An uncompromising and fearless policy in whatever form appearing, and especially to the spirit of audacity embodied in the present THEORY OF THE STATE. THE SENTINEL is the recognized leading Democratic newspaper of the State. Many new and approved features have been introduced, making it in all respects a

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THE SENTINEL, in addition to its superiority, is moreover an Indiana Paper, devoted to and especially representing Indiana's interests, political and otherwise, as no foreign paper will or can do, and ought, therefore, to have preference over the papers of other States, and we ask Democrats to bear this in mind, and

SELECT THEIR OWN STATE PAPER

When they come to take up subscriptions and make up clubs.

THE IMPENDING CONFLICT.

The recent elections have revealed political conditions which will, without doubt, make the Presidential election next fall the greatest political conflict of our history. It is due to truth to say that the conditions shown are such that each party may reasonably believe that it can succeed by a united effort.

Here in Indiana, as in '76 and '80, we enacted a mighty struggle.

The corrupt party which has been for nearly a generation fattening upon snails and plunder, will go from its long possession of a Canaan flowing with the milk and honey of spoils, only when it has exhausted its utmost endeavors to stay. The Country is no stranger to the character and variety of means brought into requisition where Republican monopolists, bosses and plunderers unitedly make an effort.

Fellow Democrats, there are conditions upon which we may reasonably reckon a probable success. These conditions, and therefore the only ones, are a united and great effort. EVERY SHOULD-ER TO THE WHEEL!

Even now the conflict is in the air.—The Sentinel will contribute its best effort to the end of a grand Democratic victory.

Its work can be best done when a weekly visitor to every Democratic home, hence we ask to become such a visitor, and add that now is the time for every Democrat in the State to subscribe for the Sentinel.

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