

The Democratic Sentinel

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

J. W. McEWEEN, PUBLISHER.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Telegraphic Summary.

EASTERN.

Lafayette Cook, an eccentric character of South Auburn, Me., some weeks ago fixed upon Nov. 11 as the date of his death. When the time came he took to a lounge, placed one hand under his head, passed into a condition of stupor, and, within a few hours, calmly surrendered himself to his Maker.

A loss of \$150,000 was entailed by the burning of Stockwell's paper-stock warehouse in New York city.

Charles H. Houseman's fine residence in Columbia county, N. Y., was burned, causing a loss of \$150,000.

Two machine guns have just been completed at Hartford, Ct., for Gen. Grant as presents to the Viceroy of China and Mikado of Japan. Guns of the model after which they are made have a Government record of 505 shots a minute, and have been fired at the rate of 700 shots a minute and 5,000 shots in thirteen minutes twenty-six seconds.

The State-house at Boston is found to be infested to an alarming degree with white ants, which are capable of leveling buildings by honeycombing timbers. A few years ago they ruined a railroad bridge at Cambridge.

At Prospect Park, the horse Frank, with J. O. Nay as running mate, defeated H. B. Winship, with Hiram Bruce as mate, in the best time on record—2:08 1/4. Winship took the second heat in 2:10 3/4.

The boiler houses two large machine shops and half the storehouses of the Providence railway at Boston were burned.

Three men were killed and five others wounded by the explosion of the boiler in Maxwell's saw-mill in Jackson township, Pa. The American Steamship company's wharves at Philadelphia were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$150,000.

Hoffstadt Brothers, fancy goods, New York, have failed, giving \$38,000 preferences.

The residence of Isaac W. England, publisher of the New York Sun, at Paterson, N. J., was totally destroyed by fire.

A robber at Oyster Bay, Long Island, choked to death Mrs. Lydia Maybee and her daughter, and nearly killed Garrett Maybee, a paralytic.

A fire at Communipaw, N. J., destroyed the Jersey Central freight depot, twenty loaded freight cars, and a great amount of miscellaneous merchandise. Loss \$125,000.

Roman Catholic Bishop Hendricken, of Providence, R. I., has issued a pastoral, prohibiting dancing at fairs and bazars held for church purposes or in aid of church societies and associations, on the ground that dancing tends to immorality.

WESTERN.

The Phoenix block at Mount Vernon, Ill., was consumed by fire, causing a loss of \$50,000.

The Methodist Episcopal church and two dwellings at Youngstown, Ohio, were burned.

A train conveying an excursion party from Minneapolis to Southern California was wrecked near Jamesport, Mo., and seven persons were seriously injured.

The trial of Ker, the individual charged with having robbed Preston, Kean & Co., of about \$45,000, was concluded at Chicago last week. He was found guilty and given ten years in the penitentiary.

The shipments of iron-ore from the Northern Wisconsin mining regions continue to show a decided falling off. As compared with last year the decrease so far is 562,913 tons.

Jacob Nelling, the murderer of Ada Atkinson, was taken from jail at Oxford, Ind., by 300 citizens of Oxford, and lynched.

A terrible railway catastrophe occurred near Streator, Ill. The incoming noon passenger train on the Burlington road, at Otter creek, two and one-half miles from town, had been flagged by a man from a freight that had stuck on the grade this side of the creek, and had stopped just by the north bridge. Another freight was following close behind the passenger. A flagman went back, but he had not gone far before the train was upon him. The grade is very heavy, and before the freight could be stopped it plunged into the rear coach of the passenger train, crushing the car into fragments. A scene of wild confusion ensued. Four of the passengers were killed outright, while the cries of the wounded could be heard on all sides. Two other passengers died shortly after of their injuries, and nine were badly wounded, some fatally. The locomotive exploded after penetrating the cars, half the victims being scalded to death. A passenger, who was one of the slightly injured, says it all happened so quickly that he could not describe it. There was a crash, the car filled with steam, and then in a few moments all was still. He did not hear any cry or call from the two women who were killed. They were in the seat in front of him. He found them breathing their last. Pearre, one of the men killed, was sitting just behind him. If it had been a flash of lightning that struck them it could not have come more suddenly.

A dispatch from Norway, Mich., says: "Nearly 1,000 iron miners are on a strike here. They formed a procession, secured a band and some flags, and paraded the streets until thoroughly chilled. They then made a demand upon the Superintendent of the Ludington mine for an advance in wages, and assaulted and threatened him until he complied. The chief officer of the Chapin mine took a train for Milwaukee, and the strikers say they will stop the pumps unless they are given more wages. The Sheriff has been sent for, and militia will probably be called out."

Dr. J. H. Finley and Ed. Smith, injured in the railroad disaster near Streator, Ill., are dead, making eight victims in all. The balance of the wounded are on the road to recovery. The wrecked coach was literally splintered to pieces, and the only wonder is that any one could have been in there and come out alive. The engine drove more than

half way through the car, crushing the floor into the smallest possible fragments. All around lay portions of the wreck—wheels, cars, fragments of doors—all attesting the fearful force of the shock. Several pieces of skin, with nails attached, from scalded, shriveled hands, were picked up. The jury of inquest found that the coming train could not have been more than 400 feet away, as it came down from the north. The passenger train had been driven forward perhaps 200 feet by the force of the collision. Conductor Mat Kennedy, of the fated passenger train, gave a straightforward account of the accident. He was flagged about forty rods from where the accident occurred. When the train slacked up for the flagman, Conductor Kennedy went to the engine to find out what the obstruction was. The train ran along slowly until it had approached within ten car-lengths of the gravel train, in front, which the switch-engine was unable to move. Seeing this, he ran to the rear end of his train and ordered his brakeman to flag the freight which he knew to be behind him. The brakeman took the flag, but had gone, but about four car-lengths when the freight came crashing down the grade, and the engine was buried in the passenger-coach. The freight was a wild train, and should not have run faster than eighteen miles an hour, and should not have been closer than five minutes behind the passenger, which it was not.

SOUTHERN.

By the explosion of the boilers of a sugar-house at Bayou Beauf, La., three men were instantly killed, their bodies being blown to atoms.

Mr. Andrew McLean, aged 116 years, was married at Blithwood, S. C., to Mrs. Martha Wilson, aged 27 years.

A loss of \$200,000 was sustained by the burning of the Ashland iron mills, at Lexington, Ky.

D. R. Allen was murdered in the theater at Vicksburg by Frank E. Starke, whom he had discharged from the position of advance agent.

At a wedding in Carristuck, N. C., liquor at the supper table led to a difficulty in which several guests participated. Six shots were fired in one minute, clearing the room. The groom's best man was killed, and another groomsmen received a mortal wound. The corpse was removed to an upper room, and the young married couple sat up all night with the disabled man.

A fire at Rusk, Tex., destroyed buildings on the public square valued at \$60,000.

Two extensive freight warehouses at Norfolk, Va., containing several thousand bales of cotton and a large quantity of lumber, were reduced to ashes, causing a loss estimated at \$500,000.

Mrs. John W. Garrett, wife of the President of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, died at Montebello, Md., from the effects of injuries received in a runaway accident.

Fire at Sumter, S. C., destroyed several structures, involving a loss of \$10,000.

Henry Hanson, a colored man 112 years of age, was buried at Boston. He aided in rebuilding Fort McHenry, at Baltimore, in 1814.

A colored man named John Smith, was executed at Oakland, Md., for the murder of Josiah Hardin. Perry Jeter was executed for arson at Union, S. C.

At Harrisburg, Ky., half a square of buildings were burned, the loss being placed at \$50,000.

The steamer S. H. Parish, from New Orleans, was burned on the Mississippi, eight miles above Natchez. Its cargo consisted of 3,654 bales of cotton, 1,300 sacks of oil-cake and 500 barrels of oil. The loss is estimated at \$250,000. Two deck-hands perished in the flames and one was drowned.

WASHINGTON.

Since Jan. 1, 1,144,377 packages of domestic cotton have been exported, exceeding the exports for the same period last year (which were the greatest known) by 4,180 packages.

It is now shown by the report of the United States Treasurer that the revenue receipts of the country have been curtailed only to the amount of \$5,237,668.

The postal-note, says a Washington telegram, does not grow in popular favor. Its friends admit that it has not met with their expectations. Reports from all sections show that, as a substitute for the money-order the postal-note is a failure. The sales do not increase, and people are not disposed to adopt the note for the transmission of money except where small amounts are involved. The sale of the postal-note has thus far not decreased the use of the money-order except in very rare instances.

There appears to be little question, says a Washington telegram, that there will be a reorganization of the offices of the Senate. It has been thought that Mahone and Riddleberger might not vote with the Republicans, but the treatment which both have received since the Virginia election removes all doubt on that score. Candidates for the Senate offices are, therefore, preparing for a vigorous campaign.

John M. Langston has been appointed United States Charge d'Affairs at Santo Domingo.

Judge Cox set aside the verdict of \$60,000 in the case of Hallet Kilbourn and others, and granted a new trial. He considers the verdict excessive.

Secretary Folger has issued another call for \$10,000,000 of 3 per cent. bonds.

POLITICAL.

The Pennsylvania House of Representatives fixed Dec. 5 for final adjournment.

The people of Lynchburg, Va., illuminated the city in honor of the defeat of Mahone. At a grand mass-meeting resolutions were adopted guaranteeing the negroes full justice before the law.

The Legislature of Washington Territory has passed a bill striking the word "male" from the election laws, and the Governor has signed it.

Hon. W. M. Springer, of Illinois, announces himself a candidate for Speaker of the House of Representatives, and claims three votes from his State.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notwithstanding the cold weather of last week, the Fat Stock show at Chicago

proved a great success. It is said by the enthusiastic that the exposition equaled the celebrated Smithfield show which has been running in England for eighty years.

As a train on the Mexican Central sped around a curve in a lonely spot near the little village of La Jarita, Mexico, the engineer, discovering that a rail had been removed, reversed his lever, but too late to prevent a wreck. Simultaneously forty masked men attacked the train, robbed the express car, and were about to rob the passengers, when it was discovered that one of the latter had escaped and gone for assistance. The outlaws immediately took to their horses and decamped. They are believed to have crossed to the American side of the Rio Grande, and scouting parties are in hot pursuit.

The recent gale on the lakes was the severest and the most destructive of life and property experienced in a period of twenty years. It is believed that when a full and accurate statement of the ruin wrought shall have been obtained it will be found that not less than fifty craft have been totally lost, and as many more badly damaged. The loss of life on the lakes will reach at least 100, and in the entire country fifty more. The property loss will mount into the millions. In Maine alone the storm inflicted a loss of \$1,000,000, largely in valuable timber. Reports of damage by the great blow continue to be flashed over the wires. Following are the last reported: Grain barge Milwaukee, with her Captain and five men, was lost on Lake Ontario. The propeller Fred Mercer, loaded with coal for Chicago, went ashore near Erie, and was scuttled to prevent pounding on the rocks. Her crew were taken off by the life-saving service. The tug Torrent put out from Port Huron and rescued the barge Merrimac, fifteen miles off the Canada shore. She was nearly a mass of ice, and her Captain and crew had been without food or sleep for four days. An unknown vessel, with her crew of eight, was lost on Lake Erie.

Business failures in the United States last week numbered 305, a decrease of fourteen from the preceding week, but thirty-eight more than in the corresponding period of 1882.

It is believed at the Mexican capital that the men who robbed the train near Laredo were an organized band from the United States.

This has been the greatest year known in the sheep and cattle export trade of Canada, the sheep shipments alone being 30 per cent. in excess of any other year.

The earnings of the Union Pacific railroad correspondingly decreased \$176,239 in September, and \$50,000 in October. In the first week of November the earnings increased about \$70,000.

The new standard of time was generally adopted throughout the country on the 10th of November. The Government clocks will not be changed, by decision of the Attorney General, until authority is furnished by act of Congress.

FOREIGN.

Three girls in Venice, sisters and members of a rich and influential family, committed suicide simultaneously by taking poison. All three had been crossed in love.

Avenger O'Donnell was visited by the Secretary of the American legation in London, and found to be a citizen of the United States.

Dr. Stocker, the German Jew-baiter who has made such a rumpus in London of late, had to take a dose of his own medicine the other night. In attempting to lecture on "German Socialism" he found himself in the presence of a very bad-tempered London mob, which mollified itself by issuing groans and strong epithets. He was forced to retire from the hall in confusion.

A magistrate with a large force of cavalry and police prevented a Nationalist meeting at Garrison, Ireland. The crowd of 4,000 dispersed upon the advice of Editor O'Brien of the United Ireland.

At St. Petersburg Sofia Warkupensky, a lady student, was executed for Nihilism, and another female member of the Terrorist society, named Osnukin, hanged herself with a towel in a prison cell.

In the Parliamentary contest for the city of Limerick McMahon, the Parnellite candidate, had a majority over Spaight, Conservative, of 488 votes.

The British steamer Holland, from Liverpool, sank off the coast of Holland during a violent storm. Eighteen persons were lost.

De Lesseps said at Manchester, England, the other night that he had assurances from his engineers that the Panama canal would be completed within the next five years.

A party of London Socialists took possession of a hall in London where Dr. Stocker was to lecture. They unfurled red flags, sang the Marseillaise, and cheered for the next revolution, forcing the speaker to retire.

There is a decline in the price of securities if the London market, owing to the large amount of private deposits awaiting investment and to the uncertain condition of European politics.

Pope Leo is reported to have expressed himself favorably to the pretensions of the Comte de Paris, and to have advised the French Conservatives to unite in favor of that royal pretender. The Pope's action has given offense to the Ferry Government, which has remonstrated, but without effect.

Paris and the whole French nation have been thrown into a state of commotion by an attempt upon the life of Prime Minister Ferry. A young man, evidently a crank, had made repeated attempts to obtain an interview with M. Ferry, but was met with a refusal each time, and was finally ordered off. He made believe to go away, and finally slipped in behind some visitors, and reached the library unobserved. The usher again ordered him to leave the building. On this the youth changed his tone, and said excitedly: "I came to see M. Jules Ferry and kill him. As I cannot kill him I will kill you." Suiting the action to the word, he pulled out a revolver and placed the muzzle against the breast of M. Philibert. Very luckily, before he could fire, M. Philibert managed to close with him, and both rolled struggling on the floor. In a moment several officials and visitors threw themselves upon the youth, and, after considerable resistance, managed to disarm him.

The young man then drew two pieces of paper from his pocket, which he quickly put into his mouth and swallowed. He was taken

to the police-station. The name of the would-be assassin is Carriou. He is not insane, but a fanatic, and has been a constant attendant at anarchist gatherings.

In an address to the Liverpool exchange, De Lesseps said the second canal across the Isthmus of Suez could only be constructed along the side of the present one, with a liberal margin intervening for the strength of each. One of the canals could then be used for ships bound to, and the other for ships returning from, the Red sea. This was the only solution of the present difficulty.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

Jacob Nelling, the murderer of Ada Atkinson, who was lynched at Oxford, Ind., met his doom as coolly as any wretch that ever felt the halter draw. His executioners were met at the door by Nelling. "How are you, gentlemen?" he said, quietly, without a tremor. "I know what you want, and I'm ready to go." They took him to a two-seated open wagon that stood in waiting, into which they bundled him roughly. The old man offered no resistance, simply remarking: "Go a little slow, gentlemen; I am older than some of you." The mob, with their victim, left quietly for the scene of the murder. A rope was suspended from a limb, Nelling bound hand and foot, when the Captain said: "Mr. Nelling, you realize your situation. If you have any statement to make we want it now." "I have nothing to say," replied Nelling. "Did you not intend to ravish that girl before you murdered her?" "No, sir, I did not." "Have you ever been implicated in any other crimes?" "No, sir." "You have no further statement to make?" Nelling replied: "Nothing." "Swing him up," said the Captain. A noose was placed around Nelling's neck, the other end fastened to the limb of a tree, and the wagon driven from under. The mob dispersed, leaving the murderer swinging in the air, in plain sight of Atkinson's house. A paper bearing the words, "A warning to murderers," was affixed to the swinging corpse. The Coroner's verdict was death by violence at the hands of unknown men. Two enterprising photographers were early on the ground and took the old man's picture in his suspended state.

Yale college has invested funds of \$1,924,328. Its expenses for the past fiscal year were \$932,827.

A. H. Rowand, Clerk of the Pittsburgh courts for two terms, has been arrested for embezzling \$47,000. Rowand gave bail in \$8,000.

Solidor Milon, a Lieutenant in Napoleon Bonaparte's "Old Guard," who remained with his commander in St. Helena until his death, was banqueted in Philadelphia the other night on the occasion of the 96th anniversary of his birth.

The anti-monopoly movement is gaining in magnitude in the Canadian Northwest.

Many vessels were wrecked near St. Pierre, N. S., during a fearful snow hurricane, and several sailors perished. Three schooners foundered in Trinity bay and one in Caplain bay.

Attorney General Brewster issued an opinion that the United States Government was an institution too dignified to fall in on the change in the standard of time. Congress alone must decide. After delivering himself of this proclamation, which put the departments at Washington a little behind the world at large, the great man rode to the depot and walked out on the platform only to find that the train had been gone just eight minutes and twelve seconds.

The malt-house of C. L. Epps & Co., Chicago, has failed, owing \$125,000.

S. H. White, a civil engineer on the Denver and South Park railway, was murdered by a cut-throat at Robinson.

H. E. Newman & Co., shoe-dealers at South Bend, Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids, have filed an assignment in the latter city.

Sam Hemay murdered his wife at Swanton, Ohio, and then killed himself. He also attempted to slay Mrs. Liba, his wife's daughter by a previous marriage.

Seven citizens of St. Louis have obtained at Springfield, Ill., a charter to build a bridge across the Mississippi at Chain of Rocks, ten miles above St. Louis, at a cost of \$2,000,000.

The German Crown Prince received a hearty welcome from the populace of Genoa.

In an address at Drogheda, it was declared by Healy, member of Parliament, that England should not obtain an extension of the franchise unless Ireland did.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$ 4.80 @ 6.30
HOGS.....	4.50 @ 5.30
CATTLE.....	4.50 @ 5.30
WHEAT—Superior.....	3.60 @ 4.35
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.09 @ 1.09 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.05 @ 1.11 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.59 @ .59 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .34
RYE—Mess.....	1.25 @ 1.25 1/2
BARLEY—Mess.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers.....	7.00 @ 7.30
HOGS—Common to Fair.....	4.50 @ 5.00
CATTLE—Medium to Fair.....	5.25 @ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	4.20 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2.....	4.15 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 3.....	.35 1/2 @ .36
CORN—No. 2.....	1.00 @ 1.01
OATS—No. 2.....	.28 @ .28 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.45 @ .46 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.45 @ .46 1/2
BUTTER—Choice Cream.....	.30 @ .33
EGGS—Fresh.....	.24 @ .25
POULTRY—Mess.....	10.35 @ 11.00
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.94 @ .95
CORN—No. 2.....	.49 @ .50
OATS—No. 2.....	.28 @ .28 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.54 @ .55
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.61 @ .61 1/2
POULTRY—Mess.....	10.60 @ 11.00
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.00 1/2 @ 1.01 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.44 @ .44 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.26 @ .26 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.52 1/2 @ .53
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1.30 @ 1.31
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.06 @ 1.07
CORN.....	.49 @ .50 1/2
OATS.....	.30 @ .30 1/2
RYE.....	.58 @ .59
POULTRY—Mess.....	11.30 @ 11.75
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.03 1/2 @ 1.07
CORN.....	.52 1/2 @ .53 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.30 @ .30 1/2
RYE.....	.58 @ .59
POULTRY—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.50
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.01 @ 1.02
CORN.....	.49 @ .50 1/2
OATS.....	.28 @ .28 1/2
RYE.....	.58 @ .59
POULTRY—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.50
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
EAST LEBERTY, PA.	
CATTLE—Best.....	5.50 @ 6.25
Fair.....	4.50 @ 5.50
Common.....	4.00 @ 5.50
HOGS.....	4.50 @ 5.50
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 4.50

LYNCH LAW.

Nelling, the Murderer of Ada Atkinson, Hanged by a Mob.

The Old Man Dresses for Death and Meets His Doom Coolly.

Jacob Nelling, the murderer of Ada Atkinson at Oxford, Ind., some weeks ago, was taken from the jail at Oxford, Ind., on the morning of Nov. 19, conveyed to Oxford by a masked mob and hanged. It will be remembered that after Nelling confessed to the brutal murder of the innocent girl he narrowly escaped execution at the hands of the infuriated populace, and was spirited away to Lafayette and confined in the strong prison of that city, for better security against mob vengeance. It appears that the Tippecanoe county authorities got tired of looking after his welfare, and, as the excitement over the tragedy had apparently died out, it was deemed safe to take him back to Oxford for confinement in the county jail, which was accordingly done. Two days after the return of the prisoner the neighbors and friends of the murdered girl proceeded to organize themselves for the work of vengeance, and so quietly and secretly that the officers of the law were kept in supreme ignorance of the movement, and were taken completely by surprise. The mob was perhaps the most orderly one that ever strung up a man. While none of the men are certainly known, their actions showed that they were determined and resolute men. An eye-witness thus describes the affair: "A solitary horseman was seen to come from the east and east door of the jail. After demanding the keys to the jail, they proceeded to batter the outer door with sledges. Then with cold chisels, prepared especially for the purpose, they cut the locks from the doors, and in about an hour gained entrance to Nelling's cell. The old man had in the meantime got up and dressed himself ready to receive them. They hurried him out to a wagon that stood in waiting, the old man simply remarking that he was not to be so rough, that he was older than some of them. Then they departed with their prisoner in the direction of the murder, near which place he was executed. Everything was done in a business-like manner, having very much the air of a funeral. The jail officials made no determined resistance, owing to the number and character of the mob."

When Nelling was taken from Lafayette to Oxford a few days ago for trial it was given out that he would enter a plea of guilty and accept a sentence of death on condition that his execution be stayed sixty days. This anticipated delay in the course of the law incited the mob.

Nelling killed Ada Atkinson in her room some nine weeks ago. She was almost a child, and he had been her father's laborer for many years. The case excited a great deal of attention, and was for several days a mystery. Another man was arrested on the word of Nelling, but afterward Nelling admitted he lied, and said he had killed her. Nelling was lynched at the time, and, as stated above, was removed to Lafayette to avoid the fury of the mob. He was to have been indicted and tried in a few days.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

The Dissenting Opinion of Justice Harlan, of the Supreme Court.

[Washington Telegram.]

Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court, in his dissenting opinion in the civil rights cases says: "The opinion in these cases proceeds upon grounds entirely too narrow and artificial. The substance and spirit of the recent amendments to the constitution have been sacrificed by subtle and ingenious verbal criticism. The constitution provides adopted in the interest of liberty and for the purpose of securing, through national legislation, if need be, the rights inhering in a state of freedom and belonging to American citizenship have been construed as to defeat the ends the people desired to accomplish, which they attempted to accomplish, and which they supposed they had accomplished by changing the law. The court has departed from the familiar rule requiring that in the interpretation of constitutional provisions full effect be given to the intent with which they were adopted. The power conferred by the Thirteenth amendment does not rest upon implication or inference, and the power to enforce it by appropriate legislation was expressly granted. Congress, therefore, may enact laws to protect the colored people against deprivation of their rights on account of their race, or any civil rights enjoyed by other freemen, and such legislation may be of a direct and primary character, operating upon States, their officers and agents, and upon those wielding power under the State. The National Legislature may, without transcending the limits of the constitution, do for human liberty and the fundamental rights of American citizenship what it deems proper, on the basis of discrimination in respect to civil rights against freemen and citizens because of their race, color or previous condition of servitude. The assumption that the General Government can not, in advance of hostile State action, take proceedings, actively interfere for the protection of any rights, privileges, and immunities secured by the Fourteenth amendment is not authorized by its language."

BRIEFLETS.

TEN counties in Tennessee have no newspapers.

MONTESKA boasts the finest corsets on the American stage.

ONE of the New Haven Malley boys wants to go on the stage.

JUDAH P. BENJAMIN expects to return to America to reside.

MISS EMILY FAITHFULL says that this is her last visit to America.

JACK JOHNSON, at Sabine Pass, Tex., killed fifty teal ducks at one shot.

BETS are being made in Atlanta that the cotton crop will not be over 4,000,000 bales.

A FARMER of Sumner county, Fla., has gathered two crops of peaches from his trees this year.

THREE tramps took possession of the bridge at Easton, Pa., the other day, and collected toll from people who passed over.

MR. VILLARD has stabled Old Nig, the horse who drew the first and last load of rails for the Northern Pacific road, comfortably in New York, there to pass the remainder of his days in peaceful enjoyment of all the oats he can eat.

A RURAL inventor claims that he can make paper out of grass. He says that grass paper is stronger, softer, more transparent than linen stock, and considerable cheaper. According to his figures, one acre of grass will produce 3,711 pounds of paper.

A ROCK impregnated with petroleum, iron and gold is on exhibition in Los Angeles, Cal.

CARLISLE CONFIDENT.

The Vote by Which He Claims That He Will Capture the Speakership.

[Washington Telegram.]

The following table showing the votes claimed by Carlisle for Speakership, and the votes allowed by him to Randall, is said to be correct by Congressman