Brought Back.

The New York *Tribune* gave last summer many instances of the effect of the pure influence of the country upon the poor little city waifs who were sent there through its agency. None of them were more touching, however, than an incident which occurred a couple of years ago.

A kind old farmer who brought his butter and poultry into one of the markets of a great city was touched by the haggard, appealing face of a young woman, who sometimes bought a trifle from him.

"Have you any family to support?" he asked.

"No, none; I am quite alone," was the reply.

"You look miserable. Come out with me and stay a day or two. My wife will make you welcome."

The woman, who had probably not heard a word of genuine unselfish kindness for years, stared at him, astonished, and then half consented. When she turned away, some of his neighbors at the stalls told him that she was a woman of the worst character.

"I can't help that," stoutly said the Quaker. "She is one of God's creatures, and she is dying for something which I can give her."

He took her home, and kept her for a couple of weeks. Nothing in the wretched woman's behavior would have betrayed her character while she was in the farm house. She was humble, submissive, anxious to help in the work of the house. She seldom spoke, but crept out constantly to sit on the grass beside a stream beyond which stretched a mountain range, looking at the trees, the open sky, the cloudy heights, with eyes full of unutterable sadness.

At the end of the time she returned to the city with but few words of thanks. A week had scarcely passed when she came again to the farm-house door, and sank down exhausted, having walked all the way in a driving storm.

"For God's sake," she cried to the farmer's wife, "don't drive me away! If I can stay here, I can be a human being and not a beast! There's something in the country that makes me feel as if, after all, I was like other women."

The good Quakers took her in. She lived but a few months, but in that time, through their teachings and that of the sweet splendor of Nature about her, she came closer to Him who revealed Himself long ago to the penitent Magdalene.—*Youths' Companion.*

Crazy Paul.

Paul I. of Russia was so eccentric as to justify his subjects in thinking him crazy. As he was a despot, his whims had to be carried out; and, when they became so numerous as to annoy the nobles, they put into execution that unwritten law which tempers Russian despotism—assassination. One of his whims is given in this anecdote:

That crazy Emperor, Paul I. of Russia, during one of his drives, met a soldier whose countenance pleased him.

"Come into my carriage, Lieutenant," said Paul.

"Sire, I am only a private."

"The Emperor is never mistaken, Captain."

"I obey your orders, sire."

"Very good, Commandant. Take your seat by my side. What lovely weather we have to-day!"

"Sire, I dare not venture—"

"What are you saying, Colonel?"

Unluckily for the new-made Colonel, the Emperor had to be back at the palace early that morning. If the drive had continued a few minutes longer, his chance companion would have been made Field Marshal. As it was, he was obliged to content himself with the grade of Major General.

But, a few days afterward, the same poor wretch, picked up by the Emperor in exactly the same way, had to go through the same gradations of rank, only in the reverse direction, and in half an hour, from being a Major General, had to become a private soldier again.

On another occasion, Paul, while while viewing a regiment which did not please him, gave the word of command, "Right about face! March to Siberia!"

And the whole regiment, officers and men, were obliged to set off by forced marches for Siberia. It was only when they got half-way there that Count Rostopchine obtained their recall.

A Boy of the Period.

A young Austin man recently married a rich widow, who died shortly after the ceremony and left a bereaved widower and a large amount of property. One day he was visiting at the house of a friend who had a family of four little boys, and the widower began quizzing them.

"Well, George, what are you going to be when you grow up?" he inquired.

"I guess I'll be a poet," answered the little fellow.

"And what are you going to try and do, Willie?"

"I'm going to be an artist."

"An artist, eh? And what do you think you will adopt as a profession, Eddie?"

"Pa says he's going to make a minister out of me."

"That's good, very good. Now, Frankie, let me hear what you intend to be?"

"I'm going in for money."

"Going into a money-making business. Well, what is it?"

"I'm going to be a rich widower, I am."—*Texas Siftings.*

The Central Pacific Snow-Sheds.

On the topmost height of Red mountain a slight prominence, that looks no larger than a bushel basket, can be seen, which is a telephone station established by the Central Pacific railroad company. This is a house occupied by two watchmen, who are on the lookout for fires in the snow-sheds. They can take in the whole line of snow-sheds with their natural sight and by the aid of glasses. If they observe a fire in or near the sheds on any part of the line, they immediately notify the station at Cisco by their telephone line, and forthwith the information is sent by telegraph to the railroad station at Sacramento, and in a minute or two the order is sent up the line to Blue Canon and the Summit, where fire trains are constantly on duty, to proceed to the point where the fire is prevailing. The fire train consists of a locomotive, with two tank cars filled with water, which is thrown by hose with a steam force pump. When the fire trains are sent out they have the road, all other trains near the point of danger being stopped. The services of these fire trains are frequently called upon, but they are so prompt in action that they generally subdue the fires before much damage is done. The system is as near perfection as can well be made, so that any great destruction of the sheds is now nearly impossible.—*Reno (Nev.) Gazette.*

Poison Sumach.

There are at least eight species of sumach: (1) Smooth, (2) Staghorn, (3) Mountain, (4) Sweet, (5) Venetian, (6) Poison Ivy, (7) Poison Oak, (8) Poison Sumach. The general scientific name is Rhus, to which is added, for each, a specific scientific name. As only the last three are poisonous, we do not need to speak further of the others.

Poison ivy (Rhus radicans) is a vine from five to forty feet high, and having strong fibers with which it attaches itself to walls and trees. It is liable to be mistaken for our woodine (American ivy). But while the latter has five leaflets and a watery juice, the former has only three leaflets and a milky juice.

Poison oak (Rhus toxicodendron) is a shrub from one to three feet high. This, too, has a milky juice, with its leaves arranged in threes. The leaves are also downy on the under side and deeply notched, like the oak. The flowers are small, yellowish-green, and arranged in spikes. The berry is oval and pale-brown.

Poison sumach (Rhus venenata) is also known by the names of dogwood, varnish-tree, swamp sumach, poison ash and poison elder. Some also apply the name poison sumach to poison oak. It grows from ten to fifteen feet high.

It is often mistaken for true elder. But while the latter has flat clusters of white flowers and black berries, the former has long clusters of greenish flowers and greenish-yellow berries. It also differs from common sumach by having leaves with edges perfectly smooth, while the leaves of the other serrated, or saw-like.—*Youth's Companion.*

A Woman Silent for Eighteen Years.

A well-authenticated instance has appeared in a Western paper of a castaway woman who for eighteen years subsisted upon an island off the main coast of California. The fact of her existence was discovered by a man who went from the mainland to hunt for otters, and who found footprints deeply imprinted in the ground. He was unable to follow up the footmarks which awakened his curiosity for nearly three years, when a companion, who was with him upon an expedition, suddenly came upon the object of their search. The woman had made for herself a small circular inclosure of brushwood, with an opening on one side, and she was clothed in a garment made of the skins of a species of duck indigenous to the island. Her food during her eighteen years of captivity, if her statements are reliable, was a sort of wild cabbage and the roots she found close at hand. When rescued she could not express herself in any of the Indian dialects, and the supposition was that she belonged to a Northern tribe. She was still pleasing in expression, although weather-beaten and bronzed from exposure.

Burning the Dead.

When the Belgian chemist, Mr. Creteur, was charged with the purification of the battlefield at Sedan he was compelled to resort to cremation in order to dispose of the heaps of half-covered bodies. Not one case of illness occurred among his 220 workmen, though they were at work under a blazing sun. After the battles of Worth and Gravelotte and the two sieges of Paris, the bodies of the slain were cremated, and none of the usual contagious disorders occurred. In Russia, after the retreat of the grand army, corpses were burned wholesale, and later, before Paris, 4,000 were cremated with a similar avoidance of bad effect. It is said if a similar method had been adopted in Egypt, the cholera would not have broken out at Damietta.

Whisky in a Tree-Top.

A witness in a "moonshine" case, tried in Louisville, Ky., told how the whisky trade is carried on down on Green river: "I wanted a few gallons, and went to Davis and told him how much I wanted." "Did Davis let you have the whisky?" the prosecutor inquired. "Oh, no!" the witness replied. "Did you take it away from the still yourself?" "No, indeed." "Well, how did you get it?" "I went away and returned in about an hour and found the liquor in a tree-top." "Who put it there?" "Can't say." "Who did you pay for it?" "Don't know. All I know is that I got my liquor."

OUT West, the cellar is the place to go in time of a cyclone, and when a man has a barrel of cider in the cellar, it's surprising how many times a day he thinks there's a cyclone.

What Is Money

Weighed against that health it so often fails to buy? Dross indeed. While we can none of us claim a total exemption from the greatest of all ills to which flesh is heir—ill health—we may do much to lessen the chances of incurring it, and this not alone by the adoption of such sanitary measures as are to be found in daily exercise, regular hours, prudence in eating and drinking, and a wholesome diet, but also by resorting to the judicious preventive medication when the system is threatened by unhealthful influences. For instance, residents or sojourners in malarious localities should use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a defense against chills and fever, and persons who incur much out-of-door exposure should employ it as a safeguard against rheumatism. Travelers in the tropics find it invaluable also as a means of arresting liver complaint and constipation, and counteracting the debilitating influence of a torrid climate.

AN English magazine is speculating as to "the kind of clothes ghosts wear." We always supposed they wore spirit wrappers.—*Norristown Herald.*

AN effective medicine for kidney diseases, low fevers and nervous prostration, and well worthy of a trial, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

THE coins paid for beer are bar nickels of society.

FORTY BILLION GERMS.

A Wonderful Theory that Concerns the Welfare, Happiness, and Life of Everyone.

In his quiet and cosy library at the close of a busy day sat a gentleman and his wife, he absorbed in a new book and she in the newspaper. Quickly glancing toward her husband, she asked, at a certain point in the article.

"John, what is the germ theory?"

"The germ theory—well—yes; just look in the encyclopedia under 'Germ,' that will explain it so much better than I can."

Accordingly his wife opened the book at the word named and read: Germ Theory of Disease—A theory advanced by the ablest and best investigators and scientists of the times. It supposes the surface of the earth, the air and the water to be inhabited to a greater or less extent with a peculiar growth of the lowest form of fungi—commonly termed bacteria, whose power of reproduction, under favorable conditions, is so great that a single germ will increase to 15,000,000 in twenty-four hours' time, and unchecked in its increase would grow to a mass of 800 tons, in three days' time, if space and food be furnished. There is no condition under which it can be said to be absent, unless it be from fire or air filtered through cotton-batting in numerous layers. A single drop of water containing a germ, put into water boiled, filtered and thus freed from bacteria, will grow murky in a day or two from the development of new germs. When it is considered that it requires about 40,000,000,000 to weigh one grain, some remote idea can be had of the capacity of germ reproduction. Prof. John Tyndall, in a late work, elaborately treats of the influence of germs in the propagation of disease and charges upon this cause the inception and development of very many of the ailments most injurious to man. Prof. Pasteur, an eminent French savant, has carried his original and beautiful experiments so far, and from them deduced such practical results as very greatly to diminish the number of cases of anthrax among sheep and chicken cholera among fowls—proving his theory that these are essentially and actually germ diseases. These germs are carried into the system through the lungs, the stomach, and possibly the skin, but through the lungs chiefly. Once in the system, they begin to develop, poisoning the blood, invading the nerve centers, disturbing the functional activity of the great organs of the body and inducing a general impairment of the vital processes. They are the cause of fevers, rheumatism, Bright's disease of the kidneys, pneumonia, blood-poisoning, liver disease, diphtheria and many other ailments. Lately Prof. Koch, a famous German physician, has proved that consumption of the lungs is due to this cause—the presence of a peculiar germ.

When the circulation is bounding, the nerves elastic and the system all aglow with life and energy, the germs seem to develop poorly, if at all. But with weakened nerves, poor digestion or mal-assimilation of food or a lowering of vitality from any cause, a change ensues, and in this impoverished and weakened fluid the germ finds a genial home and develops until symptoms of disease are distinctly manifested. This is seen in the every day experiences of all. The healthy man resists the influences around him and does not take cold, while those whose systems have become weak from any cause readily contract colds. This is on the same principle as the germ theory. The germs attack any weakened spot in the body, and fixing themselves upon it, begin their propagation. It is plain therefore that it is only by fortifying the weak portions of the body that the germs of disease can be resisted and driven from the system. But this has proved almost an impossibility heretofore, and it has been the study of physicians for years how best to accomplish it. Within the past few years, however, a preparation has been attracting great attention, not only throughout the entire land, but among the medical profession and scientists generally, which is based upon this theory, and it may safely be said, no remedy has ever been found which can so successfully place the system in a condition to resist the germs of disease as Warner's Safe Cure. This article is unquestionably the best and most efficient that has ever been discovered for this purpose, and——

"John, say, John! does the encyclopedia advertise Warner's Safe Cure?"

"I should not wonder, dear, it's a grand remedy, and that pamphlet we received the other day stated that Dr. Gunn, of the United States Medical College indorsed it. At all events the wonderful cures it is accomplishing entitle it to be honorably noted among the great discoveries of the present century."

However the facts above stated may be, the truth remains, that the germ theory of disease is the correct one and that the great remedy mentioned is the only one which has ever been found that can put the system in a condition to kill these germs before they obtain a hold upon the body, and undermine the life.

Just the Same.

"Moses," he called out to his son, who sat reading the paper, "vhas a war coming in Europe?"

"No, fadder; dot vhas all settled oop."

"Vhas der cholera coming?"

"No, fadder."

"Do you read of a sheep epidemic dot kills 'em all off und brings up der price of wool?"

"No."

"Vhas der cotton crop all busted?"

"No, it vhas fine."

"Vhas der some more earthquakes, floods or cyclones?"

"Not one."

"Vhell, Moses, it vhas all right just der same. We begin to-morrow to mark up all goods 20 per cent. on account of der small-pox, which may kill off all der beoples next winter."—*Wall Street News.*

FIVE MILLION acres more public land was taken up or sold last year than the year before.

WHEN we consider the number of human beings that die with Consumption every year, the importance of a medicine that will cure all Throat and Lung Diseases that tend to this complaint, and even to the destroyer after it has indicated its presence in the system, must be admitted to be beyond all estimate. This wonderful power is claimed to be possessed by ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, which is introduced to the suffering public after its merits for the positive cure of such diseases have been fully tested. The formula from which it is prepared is referred to by the lead ng medical journals as being equal to any preparation that can be made up for such diseases by the medical faculty. The Balsam is, consequently, recommended by physicians who have become acquainted with its great success.

For sale by all medicine dealers.

RULE for church fair oyster suppers—Twice one is stew.

RUSHMORE, OHIO.—Dr. A. Page, says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in several instances, and in each case obtained good results."

HANDKERCHIEF flirtations at the beach are sea waves that are not sad.

DID you read how Josiah Pitkin, of Chelsea, Vt., was cured of a terrible sore leg by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the blood purifier?

A NIPPING air—The one the mosquito sings before he bites.

CLUTSVILLE, ALA.—Dr. W. Carter, says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters in my own family for indigestion with great benefit."

RAISING food from the plate to the mouth is the best health lift.

"YOUR *Samaritan Nervine* cured my son's fits," writes Mrs. S. M. Parkhurst, of Girard, Mich.

JOHN MILTON, by writing "Paradise Lost," proved himself the original "fall" poet.

ALL pain in the nervous system, wind colic cramps etc., cured by *Samaritan Nervine.*

The Conductor.

Conductor Warren, of Winona, Minn., says: "I used one bottle of Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup when I was so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper, and in twenty-four hours it cured me. It is the best remedy I ever saw."

Nohe.

A. W. Nohe, No. 127 La Salle street, Chicago, for several years prominently identified with speculation in grain and provisions, has adopted a new method by which small as well as large amounts can be judiciously invested. Particulars furnished on application.

Level-Headed.

When Fogg was asked regarding the latest addition to the English language, he said he would ask his wife. She always had the last word. His wife said Carboline was not only the latest but the best.

Free to All Ministers.

I will give two bottles of Warner's White Wine of Tar free of all costs to any minister who will send us an order from his storekeeper for two dozen bottles of the same.

CATARRH AND HAY FEVER.—For twenty years I was a sufferer from Catarrh of the head and throat in a very aggravated form, and during the summer with Hay Fever. I procured a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, and after a few applications received decided benefit—was cured by one bottle. Have had no return of the complaint. CHARLOTTE PARKER, Waverly, N. Y. (Price 50 cents per bottle.)

PURE Cod-Liver Oil, made from selected livers on the sea-shore, by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

H. B. BRYANT'S Chicago Business College is laid out on a grand scale—has 20 first-class instructors, 25,000 square feet of floor-age, 40 to 60 classes daily, and all the modern facilities. Send for circulars.

CHAPPED Hands, Face, Pimples, and rough Skin, cured by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York.

SKINNY MEN—"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence. $1.

TO CURE a sore throat, gargle with Piso's Cure for Consumption. 25 cents.

"ROUGH ON RATS"—Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks. 15c.

A CHILD that wakes with croup should have a dose of Piso's Cure.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."—15c. Ask for it. Complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

THE most comfortable boot in town is that with Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners.

"BUCHU-PAIBA."—Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

HUMORS.

The animal fluids of the body, when poorly nourished, become vitiated and cause eruptions to appear on the skin. They are objectionable from their disfigurement, and vary in character from a constant, uneasy sensation to a positive distress and severe pain. Hood's Sarsaparilla corrects the derangement of the functions, enriches the fluids, purifies the blood, and changes the diseased condition to one of health and vigor.

Pimples.

HALFORD FLYNN, of New York, had so many pimples and blotches on his face that he was ashamed. He tried various remedies without effect. Hood's Sarsaparilla purified his blood, and all blemishes disappeared.

Ringworm.

My brother is a victim to a humor which brings ringworms all over his face. He is using Hood's Sarsaparilla, and already is so much benefited that his eyes are no longer affected. He will continue its use till he feels fully cured.—L. E. HOWARD, Temple, N. H.

Rheum.

My little boy was so badly afflicted with a humor that we had to mitten his hands to keep him from rubbing the sores, which itched and discharged a watery matter. Before he had finished one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla the sores were healed.—L. J. CLEMENT, Merchant, Warner, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by Druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY

FOR PAIN.

Relieves and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, BACKACHE, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, FROSTBITES, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

BIG PAY To sell our rubber hand stamps. Terms free. Taylor Bros. & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

LADIES provided for during confinement. F. THAYER, M. D., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

MOTHERS. 4-worms. (The Great Worm Destroyer.) Will cure your children. Get it at Druggist. 25c.

Sure Cure for Epilepsy or Fits in 24 hours. Free to poor. Dr. KRUSE, 2844 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

HAIR Wholesale and retail. Send for price-list. Goods sent C. O. D. Wigs made to order. E. BURNHAM, 71 State street, Chicago

FREE By return mail. Full Description Moody's New Tailor System of Dress Cutting MOODY & CO, Cincinnati, O.

$250 A MONTH. Agents Wanted. 90 best selling articles in the world. 1 sample FREE Address JAY BRONSON, DETROIT, MICH.

Young Men learn TELEGRAPHY here and we will give you a situation. Circulars free. VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

An Open Secret.

The fact is well understood that the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT is by far the best external known for man or beast. The reason why becomes an "open secret" when we explain that "Mustang" penetrates skin, flesh and muscle to the very bone, removing all disease and soreness. No other liniment does this, hence none other is so largely used or does such worlds of good.

TELEGRAPH ITEM.

UTICA, June 9, 1883.

FRANK W. HOFFMAN, clerk of the American District Telegraph Co., says: "Having had occasion to use a medicine for kidney trouble with a lame back, I was recommended by one of our Utica druggists to use Hunt's Remedy, as he had sold a good deal of it to many of our leading families here with great success for kidney, liver and urinary troubles. I purchased some, and have only used three bottles. It has cured me, and I can truly recommend Hunt's Remedy to any one in need of the best medicine for these complaints."

I send you a statement of my case. I will write you with a double purpose—first, to thank you for the great amount of good your medicine, "Hunt's Remedy," has done me; and, secondly, with the hope that my recovery will induce some sufferer to do as I did, "use the great specific and be cured." For nearly a whole year I was an invalid, unable to go out of the house, and a great part of the time confined to my bed, a living, powerless subject of the most dreadful of all diseases, "kidney complaint." From the long suffering I became weak from the loss of strength, with a lack of vitality, and very much reduced in flesh. All this time I was taking various medicines, and under the care of our family doctor, and not receiving a particle of help. I had almost despaired of getting well when my attention was called to Hunt's Remedy by a boarder in my family. I commenced taking it (unknown to the doctor) with but little hopes of relief. This non-belief was soon dispelled, however, as I daily began to improve. I continued the use of Hunt's Remedy (and to make a long story short), used eight bottles, dispensed with the doctor, and to the surprise of all who knew me, and my own great satisfaction, became as well as ever. All pains and aches vanished, appetite returned, gained strength and flesh, and to-day consider myself as well as ever, and only too glad to place my testimony with that of many others.

That your medicine, "Hunt's Remedy," brought me from a sick bed I well know, and many people who know of my condition pronounce my cure almost miraculous. I am happy to say I am enjoying excellent health, thanks to your valuable medicine, Hunt's Remedy. MRS. L. W. CLARK, 109 Main Street.

HARTFORD, CONN., May 21, 1883.

SAMARITAN NERVINE

NEVER FAILS.

THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

A SPECIFIC FOR

EPILEPSY, SPASMS, CONVULSIONS, FALLING SICKNESS, ST. VITUS DANCE, ALCHOHOLISM, OPIUM EATING, SCROFULA, KINGS EVIL, UGLY BLOOD DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA NERVOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, BRAIN WORRY, BLOOD SORES, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, KIDNEY TROUBLES AND IRREGULARITIES.

$1.50 per bottle.

For testimonials and circulars send stamp.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo. (11)

Correspondence freely answered by Physicians.

Sold by all Druggists.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH ROSE-COLD HAY-FEVER COLD IN HEAD DEAFNESS HEADACHE PRICE 50 CENTS ELY BRO'S, OWEGO, N.Y. U.S.A. EASY TO USE

when applied by the finger into the nostrils, will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heals the sores, and restores sense of taste and smell.

NOT A LIQUID or SNUFF.

HAY-FEVER A few applications relieve. *A thorough treatment will cure.* Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Price 50 cents, by mail or at druggists. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Me.

AGENTS WANTED. Fastest selling books. Largest profits to canvassers. Circulars free. COBURN & NEWMAN, Publish'g Co., CHICAGO.

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest-Selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS PROCURED or NO PAY. Send Sketch or Model. PATENTS BOUGHT or SOLD. Long experience. Send Stamp for Book. A. W. MORGAN & CO., Patent Attorneys and dealers in Patents, P. O. Box, 720, Washington, D. C.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings with HEEL and TOE complete in 20 minutes. It will also knit a great variety of fancy-work for which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the Twombly Knitting Machine Co., 163 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 100

$25 Reward!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Rheumatism or Neuralgia we can not cure. We can relieve any case of Diphtheria or Croup instantly. The J. E. Gardner Army and Navy Liniment will relieve pain and soreness and remove any unnatural growth of bone or muscle on man or beast. Large bottles $1; small bottles 50 cents. Will refund the money for any failure. For sale by all druggists.

ARMY AND NAVY LINIMENT CO., 51 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

TO SPECULATORS.

R. LINDBLOM & CO., 5 & 7 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago. N. G. MILLER & CO., 55 Broadway, New York.

GRAIN & PROVISION BROKERS.

Members of all prominent Produce Exchanges in New York, Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee. We have exclusive private telegraph wire between Chicago and New York. Will execute orders on our judgment when requested. Send for circulars containing particulars. ROBT. LINDBLOM & CO., Chicago.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam!

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY!

—THAT WILL CURE—

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, CONSUMPTION.

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Cincinnati, was thought to be in the last stages of Consumption and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have his letter that it at once cured his cough and that he was able to resume his practice.

Jeremiah Wright, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had Pulmonary Consumption and was pronounced incurable by their physician, when the use of Allen's Lung Balsam entirely cured her. He writes that he and his neighbors think it the best medicine in the world.

CONSUMPTION.

Wm. C. Digges, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wants us to know that the Lung Balsam has cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says others knowing her case have taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Wm. A. Graham & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Zanesville, Ohio, write us of the cure of Matthias Freeman, a well-known citizen, who had been afflicted with Bronchitis in its worst form for twelve years. The Lung Balsam cured him as it has cured many others of Bronchitis.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form!

Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never fails to Bring Relief.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

Vital Qu ions!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, child-like, refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly

"Some form of Hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women"—

And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu."

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c.?" and they will tell you:

"Mandrake! or Dandelion!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill-health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of Rheumatism,

Inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula!

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

Educate For Business at the Oldest & Best Commercial College. Circular free. Address C. BAYLIES, Dubuque, Ia.

AGENTS MAKE NO ENGAGEMEMTS Until you have seen our New Book, "BULLET AND SHELL." Selling by tens of thousands. Full particulars and special terms free. Address A. G. NETTLETON, & Co., Chicago, Ill.

CANCER INSTITUTE. AURORA, ILL. Established, 1872; Incorporated, 1880. For the Cure of Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula and SKIN DISEASES, without the use of knife or LOSS OF BLOOD, and little pain. For INFORMATION, CIRCULARS AND REFERENCES, address DR. F. L. POND, Aurora, Kane Co., Ill.

AN OPTICAL WONDER For pleasure and business.

Magic Lanterns are outclone By the Polyoptikon Lots of fun for everyone In our jolly picture gun

A NEW, original, cheap lantern, for projecting and enlarging photographs, chromo cards, opaque pictures and objects. Works like magic, and delights and mystifies everybody. Send for our full aud free descriptive circular MURRAY HILL PUB. CO., Box 788, N. Y. City, N. Y.

Mason & Hamlin Organs.

New Illustrated Catalogue (40 pp. 4to) for season of 1883-4, including many new styles; best assortment of the best and most attractive organs we have ever offered, and at lowest prices, $22 to $600, for cash, easy payments or rented. Sent free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.

Boston, 154 Tremont St.; New York, 46 East 14th St.; Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave.

C. N. U. No. 43—83.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Battle of the Books.

500,000 Volumes, the choicest literature of the world. 100-Page Catalogue *free.* Lowest prices ever known. NOT sold by dealers. Sent for examination BEFORE payment on evidence of good faith. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 18 Vesey Street, New York. P. O. Box 1227.

Worn, Weary, and Wretched.

"As weak as a cat" is an expression frequently used by debilitated sufferers who are trying to tell how forlorn they feel. It is an incorrect expression, for a cat is one of the most agile and vigorous animals in existence. It would be more correct to say, "as weak as a limp old rag," for that gives the idea of utter inability to hold one's self up. The weary person who feels thus is generally worn, worried, woeful, and wretched.

Sometimes it is a case of overwork, and sometimes of imperfect nourishment. The blood in the system of a person who is "as weak as a rag" is in a wretchedly thin condition. It needs iron, to impart richness, redness, and strength. This is to be had by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, the only safe and proper preparation of iron in connection with gentle and powerful tonics. The physician and the druggist can tell the worn and weary how valuable a remedy BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been found in actual every-day use.