

THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JASPER COUNTY.

FRIDAY JUNE 22, 1883.

Dorsey threatens to knife Logan if the latter comes up for the president. Dorsey is a dangerous fellow.

"Sunset" Cox, of New York, in a recent interview at Indianapolis, says that the Democrats would carry this fall.

As Mr. Dorsey's lawyers' fees must necessarily be enormous, a few small contracts would come in pretty handy.

Mahone says that the administration has no intention of dropping him, and that he has no intention of dropping the administration. Thus harmony reigns, and both Mahone and the administration are safe.

The Supreme Court of Indiana recently decided that reckless and careless drivers are responsible for any injuries that may be sustained by any person or persons by reason of such reckless and careless driving. Owners of fast horses, or reckless drivers, should bear this discussion in mind.

Mr. Tilden said in 1876 that "reform was necessary." So the people then thought, but the returning boards of Louisiana and Florida were not reformed, and the matter went on with slight improvement. The necessity for reform continues. But to assure reform a very decided change of administration will be necessary. Rich in promises, the "grand old party" performs haltingly.

Senator Mahone, the Virginia Re adjuster, recently stated that "with proper financial encouragement from Washington and not too much squeamishness, Virginia and North Carolina can be carried next year against the Democratic candidate for President." According to ExCongressman DeZendorf, a Republican, Senator Mahone's political methods to carry elections "stink in the nostrils of honest men."

Stephen W. Dorsey just before his acquittal, said that if convicted he would publish a certain paper, or rather an agreement, made on behalf of James A. Garfield in behalf of the New York politicians at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, preceding the Presidential canvass of 1880. If this paper is published, he said, it will make some prominent politicians wish they were dead. But Dorsey is acquitted, and the paper in question, therefore, will not be given to the public.

Beth Mr. Dorsey, "the savior of Indiana," and his attorney, Bob Ingalls, the eloquent champion of Hayes and Garfield in the presidential campaign of 1876 and 1880, will have abundant time for recuperation from late long engagement before entering the Ohio canvass this fall in behalf of the continental of that party government under which star-route thievery has flourished, and under which it was unreasonable to suppose considering the party position and influence of the thieves, they would ever be punished.

Peek's Sun: There is a mean joker in Milwaukee. He went to the government building the other day with pieces of crapes, and was going to work to pin them on the arms of the officials, when one of them asked him what that was for. With a look of wonder, he said, "Why, you are going to the funeral, ain't you? The speels I car leaves at 1:30," and went on arranging the crapes. One of the officials asked him who was dead, and as he pinned on the last piece of crapes and backed toward the door with his mouth full of pins, he looked solemn and said, "poor Eliza Pinkston I'm gone." They tried to kill him.

John Sherman could not be induced to accept the nomination for Governor, and lead the forlorn hope of his party in Ohio. John pretended that duty to Ohio and to the country demanded that he should hold on to his seat in the Senate, but it has been surmised that he does not want his record of infamy, in connection with the Hayes fraud, again brought to the front; as it would be were he a candidate for Governor. John Sherman is a far greater villain than J. Madison Wells, and justly takes rank with Eliza Pinkston, the swamp angel, whose recent demise in prison was eminently suggestive of the latter end of Republican "high officials" — such as Mr. W. P. Fisback talks about occasionally.

The Valparaiso Messenger says: Mar. hall county has four railroads crossing it from east to west and north and south. These roads pay an annual tax into the county treasury of \$13,679 27, or one-eighth of the entire amount of taxes collected. Here in Porter county we have seven railroads crossing the county from east to west, and they pay an annual tax into the county treasury of \$21,730 59 or over one-fifth of the entire amount of taxes collected.

Thus, it is easily seen, the aid voted to railroads is soon paid back by the roads to the people in the shape of taxes, and when canceled does not stop, but continues in all future time to share with the people the burdens of taxation. The creation of these enterprises lessens the taxation of individuals in extent to the amount paid by such improvements. Without taking into consideration the many other advantages derived from the construction of railroads, in this one particular of sharing taxation the voting of aid, in the end, is a good paying investment.

Under the present radical tariff, or every five dollars extorted from the people four go into the pockets of monopolists and manufacturers to one that goes into the treasury.

Benton Review: The school Board has re-elected Miss Lydia Dwiggin and Miss Hattie Straight teachers for the ensuing year, and employed Miss Belle Freeman, of Lafayette, to take charge of the second Grammar department.

Jim Nickell nipped a bargala in his purchase of the old bridge timber that washed out. He paid \$35 for it and ran the risk of catching it. He secured fifteen loads of lumber and over a hundred pounds of spikes. Cheap lumber — Kingman (Kansas) Citizen.

The Supreme Court of this State has decided that a married woman cannot enter into partnership with her husband or any other person for the purpose of carrying on business, and that she is not liable for goods sold to the firm to which she is a partner.

The legislature and supreme court of this State have devoted considerable attention lately to the rights and liabilities of married women. — Ligonier Banner.

The families of sixteen striking coalminers of Pinckneyville, Illinois, who were lodged in jail the other day for riotously assaulting the coal miners, and that the county commissioners furnish them with means of subsistence while the heads of the families are imprisoned. Being refused aid, the women Thursday attacked the non-union miners as they were going to work and drove them back.

While the owners of the mines enjoy the benefits and profits of the protective tariff, the laboring miners are sent to jail because they insist on receiving wages that will enable them to buy bread.

The republican Senate of Pennsylvania having defeated a re-apportionment for congressional, legislative and judicial purposes, Governor Patterson promptly called a special session of the General Assembly for the purpose of performing that duty as prescribed by the constitution. The Governor tells the obstructionists who are so thoroughly imbued with the spirit of partisanship that all appeals for decent action fall upon deaf ears. A fair apportionment is just what they don't want and what they intend to defeat at all hazards. Their conduct in this matter is reprehensible in the extreme.

General Longstreet says the negroes of Georgia maintain an outward semblance of adherence to the Republican organization for the sake of getting a Federal office or two, but on election day they vote the Democratic ticket. There is a colored voting population in Georgia of about 65,000. The total number of Republican votes cast in the last election was about 25,000, of which about half were polled by white voters. That shows that at least 50,000 of the Georgia colored citizens have cut loose from the party of freedmen's bureaus and similar institutions, which were supposed to have been founded in their interest. It would be pleasant to see the organs of the coalition tackle these figures and show that those 50,000 colored Georgians voted with the Democrats from compulsion.

PROTECTION FOR THE SAKE OF PROTECTION.

Protection or free trade is the way the republicans put the tariff issue, subsidy to the manufacturer or just to the consumer is the way the people will see the issue when they go to the polls. Protection doesn't cut any figure in the issue as it is made now. It is a question of war taxes and not of protection. The existing tariff is on an average 50 per cent, higher than the original protective tariff devised by Morrill and made by the first republican congress. Now the democrats do not ask for a decrease of more than 20 per cent, of the 30 per cent, increase on the Morrill tariff, put on wholly to yield a war revenue. A tariff that is 10 per cent, higher than the tariff regarded as ample protection more than twenty years ago is a long way off from free trade. Our infant industries were nearly a quarter of a century younger when the Morrill tariff was passed, and they do not need more protection than was required as entirely sufficient then.

John Sherman was inaugurated as President in 1789, there were but 7 post offices in the state of New York.

UNION ITEMS.

Roads bad. Heavy shower yesterday. Corn very backward, wheat and rye somewhat slow the average.

Morg Shiles and Charley Cooper have purchased a top buggy.

Road working in the order of the day.

Walter Harrington closed his spring of school last Friday.

The people are very well satisfied with the new County Superintendent and think the schools will continue to prosper as heretofore.

Taken altogether the schools have been a grand success this spring.

Miss Charlotte Sayers returned from her school, in Gilliam township, last Saturday.

Very little has been done, in the way of improvements, in Union this spring.

Rosebud school closes on next Friday.

David W. Shields returns to Valparaiso to-morrow to continue his studies in the Normal at that place.

Mr. E. L. Morris, of the state of Pleasant Ridge, visited relatives in Union last Saturday and Sunday.

Reports say there will soon be another wedding in Union.

Old maids are as numerous as frogs but not a single bachelor, in Union.

Misses Minnie and Eliza Troxel visited their parents last Sunday.

Moses Wilson has purchased a violin and now claims to be an amateur.

Two map agents in Union last week, but talk is cheap and the gentle breeze has passed.

Strong feelings are very common just now. The latest is JUMBO.

June 18, 1883.

AUDITOR'S ANNUAL REPORT

For the Year Ending May 31st, 1883.

Balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883.

Consisting of the several funds as follows:

Road, \$301 45; Tuition, \$203 16; County Revenue, \$200 00; University Interest, \$100 00; County Jail Bonds, \$200 00; Two per cent damages, \$100 00; Indianapolis, Delph & Chicago Rail Road, Newton Twp., \$149 75; Common School Principal, \$100 00; Congressional Principal, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Special School, \$100 00; Show License, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; Jit Bonds, \$100 00; Dog, \$100 00.

Total, \$1,000 00.

From which deficit in the following fund:

Congressional Interest, \$33 70

Total balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883, as shown above: \$32844 57

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

Balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883.

Consisting of the several funds as follows:

Road, \$5100 34; Tuition, \$2000 00; County Revenue, \$2000 00; University Interest, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Two per cent damages, \$100 00; Indianapolis, Delph & Chicago Rail Road, Newton Twp., \$122 00; Common School Principal, \$100 00; Congressional Principal, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Special School, \$100 00; Show License, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; Jit Bonds, \$100 00; Dog, \$100 00.

Total, \$5100 34.

TOTAL CHARGES TO TREASURER.

Balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883.

Consisting of the several funds as follows:

Road, \$5000 05; Tuition, \$2000 00; County Revenue, \$2000 00; University Interest, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Two per cent damages, \$100 00; Indianapolis, Delph & Chicago Rail Road, Newton Twp., \$149 75; Common School Principal, \$100 00; Congressional Principal, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Special School, \$100 00; Show License, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; Jit Bonds, \$100 00; Dog, \$100 00.

Total, \$5000 05.

DISBURSEMENT DURING THE YEAR.

Balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883.

Consisting of the several funds as follows:

Road, \$5000 05; Tuition, \$2000 00; County Revenue, \$2000 00; University Interest, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Two per cent damages, \$100 00; Indianapolis, Delph & Chicago Rail Road, Newton Twp., \$149 75; Common School Principal, \$100 00; Congressional Principal, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Special School, \$100 00; Show License, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; Jit Bonds, \$100 00; Dog, \$100 00.

Total, \$5000 05.

ITEMIZED LIST OF DISBURSEMENTS OF COUNTY REVENUE.

Interest on County Orders, \$27 85; Reporting Fees, \$2 00; County Printing, \$554 74; County Offices, \$200 00; County Jail, \$925 27; Special Judge, \$95 00; Board of Equalization, \$200 00; Fines and Lights, \$200 00; County of Cars, \$100 00; Paid for Poor, \$100 00; Wolf Slaughters, \$100 00; Roads and Bridges, \$100 00; Stationery, \$100 00; Coroner's Inquest, \$100 00; Board of Health, \$100 00; Public Improvements, \$100 00.

Total, \$2693 22.

*Note—The amount of County Jail paid out of County Revenue has been transferred and charged to Jail Bonds, and County Revenue credited with the amount.

THE BALANCE IN TREASURY JUNE 1st, 1883.

Belonging to the several funds as follows, to-wit:

Show License, \$15 00; Jit Bonds, \$200 00; Tuition, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; License, \$100 00.

Total, \$106297 35.

Balance in Treasury June 1st, 1883.

Consisting of the several funds as follows:

Road, \$5000 05; Tuition, \$2000 00; County Revenue, \$2000 00; University Interest, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Two per cent damages, \$100 00; Indianapolis, Delph & Chicago Rail Road, Newton Twp., \$149 75; Common School Interest, \$100 00; Congressional Principal, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Special School, \$100 00; Show License, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; Jit Bonds, \$100 00; Dog, \$100 00.

Total, \$5000 05.

LIST OF ORDERS DUE AND UNCALLED FOR.

On June 1st, 1883, and payable out of County Revenue, as follows, to-wit:

Show License, \$15 00; Jit Bonds, \$200 00; Tuition, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; License, \$100 00.

Total, \$106297 35.

THE BALANCE IN TREASURY JUNE 1st, 1883.

Belonging to the several funds as follows, to-wit:

Show License, \$15 00; Jit Bonds, \$200 00; Tuition, \$100 00; Interest, \$100 00; Estate Tax, \$100 00; License, \$100 00.

Total, \$106297 35.

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