NEWS CONDENSED.

EASTERN.

The steamer Nestorian, which arrived at Boston last week, brought 650 Irish men, women, and children, whose passage money was paid by the British Government. They were all in destitute circumstances.

The action brought by Mrs. Mary E. Schenlay to obtain possession of wharf property at Pittsburgh, Pa., of the value of nearly $2,000,000, has been nonsuited.

At the Tewksbury investigation at Boston a witness swore that a Harvard student brought a negro's skin to a tannery at Woburn to be made into leather, and said the corpse originally came from Tewksbury. Pieces of the skin were exhibited to the committee.

James Treglawn was executed at Morristown, N. J., for the murder of Minnie Chirgwin last June.

The centennial of the cessation of hostilities between Great Britain and the United States was celebrated April 19 at Newburgh, N. Y., while at Lexington and Concord the people gave due attention to the 108th anniversary of the battles at those places.

WESTERN.

A wind-storm did considerable damage to farm buildings in Otoe and Nemaha counties, Neb. Several persons were injured by the fall of houses they were occupying.

A heavy gale at Anita and Adair, Iowa, worked havoc with buildings, fences and crops. At the former place people sought shelter in cellars and caves.

During a storm at East Tawas, Mich., hail-stones fell measuring three inches in circumference.

A heavy-snow storm prevailed in the region of Deadwood, Dak., on the 13th and 14th of April, blocking the railroad and stage lines and tearing down the telegraph wires.

Memorial services were held at Springfield, Ill., on Sunday, April 15, which was the eighteenth anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln.

Judge Highley, of Cincinnati, has decided that pigeon-shooting as commonly practiced in tests of skill in marksmanship comes within the purview of the law against cruelty to animals.

At Chicago, one Roman Nowaik, a cabinet-maker, fatally wounded his divorced wife and then saved the hangman a job by blowing out his own brains. Drink was the cause of the tragedy.

Gen. Cook, recognizing that regular troops are useless in warfare against the Apaches in the mountainous country on the border of Mexico, is arranging for the employment of Indian scouts against the hostiles. The General has information that the Mexicans are not sparing either men, women or children of the Apaches.

The town of Sombero Falls, Minn., was struck by a tornado and badly shattered. Nobody killed, however.

Rev. John Schenck, a Catholic priest, committed suicide at Long Prairie, Minn., by shooting himself.

The Saratoga paper mills at Santa Clara, Cal., were reduced to ashes. The loss is $75,000.

Henry Emil Johnson and James Donnelly fought with knives at Stockton, Cal., about a wagon, and killed each other.

The City Council of Minneapolis has advanced the rate of saloon-licenses from $100 to $1,500.

The "Model" Flouring Mill at Minneapolis, Minn., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $60,000; insurance, $54,000.

The spread of small-pox at Indianapolis is causing anxiety to the health authorities and citizens generally.

George Scheller, accused of setting fire to the Newhall House at Milwaukee, has been acquitted. The auditors cheered lustily when the verdict was announced.

The report of the Illinois State Board of Agriculture shows that the indications are that the Illinois wheat crop will fall 20,000,000 bushels short of what it was last year, when it aggregated more than 50,000,000 bushels. In the southern grand division the condition of the crop is 42 per cent below what it was at this time last year; in the central grand division 31 per cent. below, and in the northern 24 per cent. This large falling off is due in part to the ravages of the Hessian fly last fall, and to the long, dry freeze in the great wheat belt in Southern and Central Illinois during March.

The flooded condition of the Menominee river has caused great damage above and below Menominee, Wis., submerging dams and mills, carrying off structures and logs and destroying property.

Rumors as to the condition of the winter wheat in California are to the effect that the damage from drought will be more than overcome by the increased acreage planted, and that a full average crop may be anticipated. Throughout Illinois farming operations show great activity. Crop reports from Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska and Dakota are of a glowing character.

In order to test the constitutionality of the Scott liquor law, a case will be immediately made up for trial before the Supreme Court of Ohio.

The annual report of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, shows the present estimated length of the track to be 4,525 miles, and by the end of this year it will equal 5,000 miles. The gross earnings of 1882 show an increase of $8,000,000 over the preceding year, and the net earnings show nearly $2,000,000 increase. The total earnings are about $20,000,000.

Mexican troops claim to have killed most of the hostile Apaches in a series of running fights between the towns of Ures and Gambies. A renegade white man, said to be a former Indian Agent, named I. N. Stretcher, was captured, a soldier who was wounded and left for dead during last year's campaign identifying him as having acted as chief of a band of Apaches.

SOUTHERN.

One of the great plagues of the South, the buffalo gnats, are doing an immense amount of damage in the counties of Arkansas bordering on the Mississippi river.

A body of twenty-three missionaries from Utah have arrived at Chattanooga, Tenn., and are about to enter upon a campaign of proselytism.

At White Oak, Ark., a number of houses were blown down and three persons fatally injured.

The destruction by them of mules and horses has been so great as to cause grave apprehension as to how the crops are to be worked.

Two children were burned to death in a large box at Portsmouth, Texas, while at play.

William Dorsey, of Montgomery, Ala., mistook his wife for a burglar and shot her dead.

A burglar entered a room in the Arlington Hotel, at Palestine, Texas, chloroformed Mr. Reynolds, frightened his wife into silence by a pistol, and walked off with $3,000.

A recent dispatch from Fort Worth, Texas, reports that "between 200 and 300 cowboys on ranches in the Pan-Handle are on a strike, asking that wages be increased from $30 to $50 per month and board. Great uneasiness exists on the ranches near those on which the strikers are located. The strikers have sent committees to the men at work ordering them to join the strikers, quit work, or suffer the consequences, which means to be shot."

At McDade, Texas, a young man named Pfeiffer killed his 15-year-old cousin, Mary Dienhardt, and then himself. It is believed that he was insane.

President Arthur spent a day at Savannah, Ga., where he was received with due honors by the municipal authorities. He left that city April 20 for Washington on the United States steamer Tallapoosa.

WASHINGTON.

A treasury commission has been appointed to examine the charges preferred again Supervising Architect Hill.

The work of the United States and Spanish Claims Commission has been completed. The claims preferred amounted to $30,313,581, but those allowed only reached the sum of $1,293,541.

Indictments have been returned by the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia against William Pitt Kellogg, former Senator and now Congressman-elect from Louisiana, and Thomas J. Brady, late Second Assistant Postmaster General. Each indictment contains five counts, charging Kellogg and Brady with receiving five separate amounts of $1,500 each for securing the "expedition" of mail contracts.

The taking of testimony in the present star-route trials closed on the 18th of April, having lasted five months, and the counsel proceeded to bore the patient jurors with windy speeches.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

James Marshall & Co., iron-pipe manufacturers, Pittsburgh; liabilities, $1,500,000; assets about $1,200,000.

William Schmidt & Co., wholesale liquors, St. Paul; liabilities, $16,000.

Roy S. Cluke, horse fancier, Lexington, Ky.; liabilities, $35,000.

Newell & Wright, oil cloths, New York; liabilities, $110,000.

J. H. Chapman & Co., wholesale jewelers, New York.

Jacob White, wholesale confectioner, Terre Haute, Ind.

Holman, Coffin & Co., books, Atlanta, Ga.

Lapham & Co., woodenware, Cleveland, Ohio.

POLITICAL.

Senator Mahone, of Virginia, is said to be making his arrangement for capturing the Republican nomination for Vice President next year, avowing high-tariff views with the expectation of obtaining material aid from the iron interests in Virginia and other Southern States. So say the Washington correspondents.

The Supreme Court of Mississippi has decided that, the Secretary of State having declared Manning elected to Congress from the Second district, the court has no jurisdiction of the suit of Chalmers for a writ of mandamus, and that the question as to whether Manning or Chalmers was legally elected must be decided by Congress.

The Scott bill taxing each liquor-dealer in the State $200 per year, and those selling only beer and wine $100, has become a law in Ohio.

The Delaware House of Representatives indefinitely postponed the Senate resolution providing for the submission of a prohibitory constitutional amendment. A similar measure proposed in the Connecticut Senate failed to receive the necessary two-thirds vote.

Chauncey I. Filley, a leading politician and once a wealthy merchant of St. Louis, who was recently an applicant for the position of Postmaster General, has accepted from the Mayor of that city the humble position of Assessor and Collector of Water Rates.

It has been discovered that the Legislative enactment creating the Dakota Capital Commission conflicts with the act organizing the Territory and therefore they have no power to remove the capital.

The Ohio Democratic Convention will meet at Columbus, June 21, for the nomination of candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court, Treasurer, Attorney General, and member of the Board of Public Works. The election occurs Oct. 9.

Woman suffragists met in State Convention in Troy, N. Y., elected Lillie Devereaux Blake President, and resolved that social order could only be secured and maintained by the co-operation of women. It was also decided that it was the duty of women to interpret the Scripture for themselves, trusting no longer to masculine views.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The death is announced of Hon. Chas. B. Lawrence, a distinguished jurist and ex-Judge of the Illinois Supreme Court. He died in Alabama, while traveling for health and pleasure.

Egan, Devoy and Mooney, speaking to a large assemblage at Rochester, N. Y., denied that the Land League countenanced assassination.

The building in Broadway, New York, occupied by the Remington Manufacturing Company, the Bradstreet Company and the Hall Safe and Lock Company was burned, the total loss being $130,000; fire also destroyed a furniture factory at St. Louis, the loss upon which is $45,000; several stores at Crisfield, Md., causing a loss of $100,000; a warehouse at Menominee, Wis., valued, with contents, at $30,000; and Butchard's block, at Owen Sound, Ont., involving a loss of $50,000.

A fierce hurricane at Victoria, B. C., drove four vessels ashore, one sailor being killed by a falling spar. Trees and fences were damaged throughout the province.

Negotiations have been completed at Boston for the purchase of the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Company.

Shots fired by muskrat hunters near Ottawa, Ont., caused a report that the police guarding the Government buildings at Rideau Hall had been fired on. Even Queen Victoria called for particulars.

Baltimore telegram: "The steamship Hohenzollern, with 1,294 emigrants, arrived at this port this morning from Bremen. An hour later the steamship America, also from Bremen, came to wharf with 1,330 emigrants. Three-fourths of both ship-loads are destined for Chicago and the Northwest."

A boom is being organized in Mexico for the election of Diaz to the Presidency in 1884.

The Parliament buildings in Quebec have been totally destroyed by fire.

FOREIGN.

The Irish National Land League has received £5,000 from Australia. Redmond says the Phœnix Park tragedy and its developments are hurting the cause in that country.

The Marquis of Lorne will probably succeed the Marquis of Ripon as Viceroy of India.

Queen Victoria is still unable to stand for any length of time, owing to the injury to her knee.

Numerous arrests are constantly being made in St. Petersburg of persons accused of Nihilistic affiliations, and in several instances this month quantities of explosives have been discovered. Of these events, as well as of the trial of Nihilists now in progress, the Russian press is forbidden to make mention.

Twenty thousand dock laborers are on a strike at Marseilles, and business is much impeded in consequence.

The Queen of Madagascar has accepted the terms of settlement offered by France.

A renewal of the strike among the Royal Irish Constabulary is threatened, the men being greatly dissatisfied over the neglect of the Government to redress their grievances.

The trial of twenty-six Nihilists of Odessa has resulted in the conviction of all. The sentences imposed include exile to Siberia and penal servitude for life, for fifteen years, for ten years, and for four years.

The British Home Office offers a reward of £100 for information leading to the arrest of any person engaged in the illegal manufacture of explosives.

The second of the Phœnix Park murder trials has resulted in a verdict of guilty against Daniel Curley, and he will hang on May 15. The jury was absent but a few minutes. The prisoner was asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced. He said he had not expected any mercy from the court. It was very unfortunate that the Irish heart was never without a Nothery or a Keogh. He was a member of the Invincibles, but was not in Phœnix Park on the evening the murders were committed. He loved his country and could suffer for her. The witnesses for the crown had perjured themselves. Curley also said he was a Fenian. As the officers were taking the prisoner from the dock he cried out in a loud voice, "God save Ireland."

The Italian Government is determined to foster tobacco culture by paying large bounties.

At Odessa, Russia, fifty persons were arrested last week for Nihilism. At least twenty workingmen accused of Nihilistic tendencies will be placed on trial before the coronation. The trial of the Odessa Nihilists at St. Petersburg has resulted in the conviction of all, six being sentenced to death, two to life imprisonment, and the others from five to twenty years' imprisonment. Those receiving capital sentences were concerned in plots against either the late or the present Czar.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The business failures for the week ending April 20, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency, New York, numbered 205, as against 189 for the preceding week, distributed as follows: New England States, 22; Middle States, 31; Western, 57; Southern, 44; Pacific States and Territories, 20; Canada, 14; New York city, 10.

Timothy Kelly was the third of the alleged murderers of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke to be put on trial at Dublin. The testimony was in the main similar to that in the cases of Brady and Curley, upon which those men were sentenced to death. Several witnesses swore that Kelly was not in Phœnix Park on the day of the murders. The jury failed to agree.

The examination of the dynamite conspirators proceeded at the Bow Street Police Court, in London, April 20. The evidence tended to show the connection of Wilson and Whitehead with the manufacture and distribution of nitro-glycerine. Without concluding, the examination was continued until Thursday, the 26th.

Jay Gould has issued a letter to the stockholders of the Wabash road stating the directors have decided to issue $10,000,000 6 per cent. coupon bonds, running thirty years, to pay off the car trust obligations and the floating debt. The great object is to wipe out the latter and provide for any outlay which may incumber the earnings of the company. Gould takes occasion to contradict the rumors recently circulated detrimental to the credit of the company.

The hardware firm of Pedraja & Planella, of Havana, Cuba, have absconded, their liabilities exceeding their assets $300,000.

A too free indulgence in shrimp salad by President Arthur at Savannah produced results that for a short time caused his friends on board the Tallapoosa, and the officers and crew of the ship, serious anxiety. For a time the President was in great agony, but the professional offices of the ship's surgeon brought him relief. Secretary Chandler is reported to have been very much alarmed, and was disposed to telegraph to Washington for medical assistance.

Mr. L. B. Benton, of the type-founding firm of Benton, Waldo & Co., of Milwaukee, has invented a type which, it is claimed, will revolutionize the type-setting business. Each letter is a multiple of a certain unit of space, and correct spacing in all classes of work is thus reduced to a certainty. The facility with which the type can be used will greatly increase the amount of work performed by each compositor.

Fire broke out in the Grand Army Hall at Sacramento, Cal., and immediately one of its walls fell on a saloon adjoining, which was filled with people, who were buried in its wreck. Six dead bodies were removed from the debris, and a dozen persons were badly injured.

Two female highwaymen were convicted in the Criminal Court of Chicago and sentenced each to two years in the penitentiary.

Edward Nock, the first man who puddled iron in the United States, died at Youngstown, Ohio, at the age of 81.

Kate Kane, Milwaukee's female lawyer, incensed at an alleged insult from Judge Mallory, in the Criminal Court of that city, threw a glass of water in his face. He then fined her $50 for contempt, which she refused to pay, and was sent to jail.

Ex-Congressman Roswell P. Hart, Treasurer of the Rochester (N. Y.) Savings Bank, is dead.

The body of Maggie Heinecke, the Milwaukee girl whose unexplained disappearance last October gave rise to all sorts of theories, was found the other day in the Milwaukee river. The girl was about 12 years of age, and, as there is no reason known why she should have committed suicide, it is supposed she accidentally fell into the river.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES	$ 6.10	@ 7.80
HOGS	7.70	@ 8.25
FLOUR—Superfine	3.60	@ 4.05
WHEAT—No. 1 White	1.12	@ 1.13
No. 2 Red	1.16	@ 1.16
CORN—No. 2	.65	@ .66
OATS—No. 2	.52	@ .53
PORK—Mess	19.25	@19.50
LARD	.11¼	@ .11¾
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers	6.25	@ 6.90
Cows and Heifers	3.00	@ 5.25
Medium to Fair	5.75	@ 6.20
HOGS	6.50	@ 7.75
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ext.	5.00	@ 5.25
Good to Choice Spring Ext.	4.75	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	1.05	@ 1.07
No. 3 Red Winter	1.07	@ 1.08
CORN—No. 2	.53	@ .54
OATS—No. 2	.43	@ .43
RYE—No. 2	.58	@ .59
BARLEY—No. 2	.74	@ .75
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.25	@ .30
EGGS—Fresh	.15	@ .16
PORK—Mess	18.00	@18.25
LARD	.11¼	@ .11½
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2	1.07	@ 1.08
CORN—No. 2	.52	@ .53
OATS—No. 2	.42	@ .43
RYE—No. 2	.58	@ .59
BARLEY—No. 2	.70	@ .71
PORK—Mess	18.00	@18.25
LARD	.11¼	@ .11½
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.08	@ 1.09
CORN—Mixed	.47	@ .49
OATS—No. 2	.42	@ .43
RYE	.58	@ .54
PORK—Mess	18.00	@18.25
LARD	.10¾	@ .11
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.08	@ 1.10
CORN	.55	@ .56
OATS	.46	@ .47
RYE	.63	@ .64
PORK—Mess	18.50	@18.75
LARD	.11	@ .11¼
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.11	@ 1.12
CORN	.55	@ .56
OATS—No. 2	.46	@ .47
DETROIT.		
FLOUR	4.25	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White	1.05	@ 1.07
CORN—No. 2	.54	@ .59
OATS—Mixed	.45	@ .46
PORK—Mess	18.25	@18.50
INDIANAPOLIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.08	@ 1.09
CORN—No. 2	.50	@ .51
OATS—Mixed	.44	@ .45
EAST LIBERTY, PA.		
CATTLE—Best	6.75	@ 7.00
Fair	6.00	@ 6.50
Common	5.25	@ 5.75
HOGS	7.50	@ 8.10
SHEEP	4.75	@ 7.50

FREEING IRELAND BY FORCE.

Sensational Testimony Regarding the Dynamite Plots Given by an Informer.

Funds Furnished from America to Make Explosives and Blow Up Buildings.

Norman Dalton, Wilson, Dr. Gallagher, Bernard Gallagher, Kirton, Ansburgh and Whitehead, the eight men arrested charged with being concerned in the dynamite conspiracy, were brought up in the Bow Street Police Court, at London, April 19. On the prisoners being arraigned in the court-room, says the cable report, it was announced Norman had turned informer. The rest of the prisoners, including Bernard Gallagher and Whitehead, were formally charged with treason-felony. Poland, in opening the case for the crown, said he had a quantity of fresh evidence against the prisoners, which would be furnished in proper time. Norman testified that his real name was William Joseph Lynch, and that he was born of Irish parents in the State of New York. He swore that he worked in October last at a coach-builder's in Brooklyn; at that time he joined a secret society in New York, the object of which was to free Ireland by force. The members went by numbers. The hall in which he was sworn in was situated at the corner of Second street and the Bowery. There were others associated with the clubs and managers' clubs, known as "district members;" they were not known to each other by name.

Lynch, amplifying, said that in October last, while working in a coach-builder's in Brooklyn, a shopmate, Daniel O'Connor, induced him to join a secret society, a branch of the Fenian organization, the divisions of which were called "Emerald Clubs." O'Connor took him to an Odd-Fellows' hall in New York, and in an ante-room told him the object of the society was to free Ireland by force alone. Lynch, on joining the society, took an oath to stand by its watchword, obey his superior officers, and observe the laws of the brotherhood. The members were known by numbers. The name of the presiding officer was Thomas Burns. Lynch attended called meetings of the club twice each month. He did not know O'Donovan-Rossa personally, but heard he had been to the club-room. He was always spoken of there as the "old man." He knew, beside O'Conner, two members of the club, both named Sullivan. The number of the treasurer of the club was 82; of the Secretary, 73. The password for admission to the meetings was "Providence." There were other associated clubs in New York—the Sarsfield, on Thirty-second street; the Owen Roe and Thomas Davis, at Military Hall; the Emmet, on Eighth avenue; and the Davis and Tom Moore Clubs. The district members were not known to each other. When a member was wanted to go on a mission the President read out his number, and told him to send him (the President) his address. Lynch was sent to Mr. Thomas Gallegher, who lived on Manhattan avenue, at Greenpoint, Long Island. Gallagher told him he was to go to London; would know what for when he got there. Gallagher gave him $50 and told him to take a steerage passage by steamer to Spain under the name of Norman. Dr. Gallagher gave him $100 more, and told him to go to London and inquire at the American Exchange for a letter addressed to him. Lynch did not want to go, as he had relatives to support, but finally went. Dr. Gallagher gave him a small box. He examined this on the steamer, and, finding it contained a spring which worked by pressure, he became alarmed and threw it into the sea.

Lynch said he reached London March 29, met Dr. Gallagher in London the 27th and 28th, was in Rochester, Dr. Gallagher and the witness passed Scotland Yard, and Dr. Gallagher said: "That is the headquarters of the detectives. It will come down, too." Dr. Gallagher said he was staying at Charing Cross Hotel, and gave the witness £7 saying: "It don't run short. The old man will provide for us." They walked past the scene of the Westminster explosion. On his asking Dr. Gallagher if "that's what we are going to do," the latter answered "Yes." Gallagher viewed the houses of Parliament and said: "They will make a great crash when they come down."

At this point Dr. Gallagher shouted out from the dock: "You infamous liar!" Lynch said that, from the statements of Dr Gallagher as to what destruction was to be wrought, he inferred from the talk of his co-conspirators that O'Donovan-Rossa was in the scheme. Rossa was referred to as "the old man." Lynch testified that he went to Birmingham to see Whitehead at Dr. Gallagher's request for "some material." Dr. Gallagher gave him money to buy a presentable trunk, in which to put the stuff he was to get from Whitehead. Whitehead put him in the way of getting india-rubber bags. Lynch confirmed all the evidence submitted at the hearing last Thursday as to Dr. Gallagher having called for him as Fletcher. He said when Whitehead was loading the nitro-glycerine into rubber bags he told Lynch that fifty pounds had been taken away that morning. Whitehead also told him he would soon know what the liquid was.

Whitehead here shouted, "You lie, you traitor!"

Lynch further testified that Dr. Gallagher met him when he returned to London from Birmingham with nitro-glycerine. He had not seen any of the persons before except Dr. Gallagher and Whitehead.

Lynch identified the boy he saw with Whitehead at the factory of the latter at Birmingham. The witness said that when Whitehead was loading the nitro-glycerine into the rubber bags he told him a man the same morning had taken sixty pounds of the liquid. Both Dr. Gallagher and Whitehead spoke of sending another man to London, but did not mention any name.

The witness spoke in a weak and indistinct voice, and at one time appeared about to faint. At the conclusion of the testimony, and while the depositions were being read, he did faint, and was removed from the court-room.

OUR MENAGERIE.

A HEN WITH ADVANCED IDEAS.

J. L. Beasly has a hen with a very progressive turn of mind. She has scratched around and laid for her master a pair of eggs of entirely new design. One egg contains the yelk, and the other the white. Both are joined together by a ligamentous membrane, something after the style of the Siamese twins.—*Santa Rosa Republican.*

A SINGING MOUSE.

Mr. Robert Beverly, a well-known resident and land-owner of Fauquier county, Va., says he has in his possession a natural curiosity in the shape of a mouse that sings, chirps and has the other peculiarities of the bird kind, minus the feathers and conformation. It warbles similar to a mocking-bird, and its notes are of equal sweetness to either that or the canary.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A WHITE PARTRIDGE.

Polk Miller has on exhibition at his store a Virginia partridge which is nearly white. The bird was killed in Fluvanna county during the late snow and sent to Clifford Bridges, who showed it to Mr. Miller while it was in the flesh. He sent the bird to Miss Drewry, of Chesterfield county, a good taxidermist, and under her directions the bird was stuffed, but it was so badly shot that it could not be mounted. The head of the bird is just like all her partridges, but the balance of the plumage is almost white.—*Richmond Whig.*

A GEORGIA FOX UP A CHIMNEY.

Mr. Bose Price, of Tussahaw district, started out bird-hunting one day last week, but had not proceeded far before his dogs jumped a large gray fox. He was shortly reinforced by several other gentlemen and the chasing became quite spirited, lasting for two or three hours. Upon being closely pressed by the dogs the fox finally took refuge in Aleck Norman's house, to the great consternation of the family, who were seated around the fireside. It first ran up the chimney, but did not remain longer than a minute before it scurried down again and ran under a bed, from which place of concealment it was dislodged and promptly exterminated.—*Henry County Weekly.*

ODD HAPPENINGS.

In a certain part of Texas, many miles from the coast, lie the remains of a ship, high and dry in the prairie grass. She is of Spanish build, and supposed to have been driven inland by a tidal wave.

A Lexington, (Ky.) doctor hangs out the following sign: "Dr. Tooles, scientific carver of toes and limbs; specialist and expert in removing rheumatism; corns and cramps extracted according to nature."

Ironmonger the Tennessee Penitentiary at Chattanooga has been occupied for more than half a century, and many prisoners have been sent to it under life sentences, no person is now imprisoned there who was there in 1830.

Seven inches from the outside of a log in a Pennsylvania saw mill, the saw passed through a walnut which was imbedded in the solid wood. The shell and kernel of the nut were sound. The growth of the tree shows that the nut is at least fifty years old.

At Chicago six good men and true sat upon the body of a man, who, while under the influence of liquor, fell from a railing into a basement. The assembled wisdom, with the able assistance of the Coroner, arrived at the conclusion that the man's death was "caused by alcoholism aided by dislocation of the neck."

A School on the Pacific Slope.

The school was in a rough boarded room which had been originally built for a store. The hats, bonnets, books and slates were piled on the shelves, and the thirty children sat on high benches, their feet swinging clear of the floor. There was not a robust or healthy-faced child in the room, and their thin, pale cheeks were a sad commentary on the condition of their lives. Later in the day, as I walked from home to home, and saw everywhere slow-trickling streams of filthy water, blue, iridescent, and foul-ordored, I wondered not that the children were pale, but that they were alive. The history class was reciting a memorized list of "epochs" when I went in. They had them at their tongues' ends. I suggested to the teacher to ask them what the word "epoch" meant. Blank dismay spread over their faces. One girl alone made answer. She was an Indian, or perhaps half-breed, 14 years of age; the healthiest child and best scholar in the school, the teacher said. "The time between," was her prompt definition of the word epoch, given with a twinkle in her eye of evident amusement that the rest did not know what it meant. The first class in reading then read from the Fourth Independent Reader, in stentorian voices, Trowbridge's poem of "The Wonderful Sack." The effect of slight changes of a single letter here and there was most ludicrously illustrated by one sturdy little chap's delivery of the lines:

His limbs were strong,
His beard was long.

With loud and enthusiastic emphasis he read them:

His lambs were strong,
His bread was long.

Not a member of the class changed countenance or gave any sign of disagreeing with his interpretation of the text; and the teacher, being engaged in heroic efforts to keep the poor little primary bench still, failed to hear the lines.—"*H. H.,*" *in Atlantic Monthly.*

Hunting a Wolf on Snow Shoes.

Here is an occurrence that took place in the highest part of Norway: A Finn, who was herder to a large number of reindeer, had lost some of his master's deer by the attacks of a big wolf, which one day caught one belonging to himself. The deer taken by the wolf was the best one belonging to the man—his pride and joy, so he swore that the wolf should pay for it with his life, and, knowing that it would soon come back for another meal, he kept on the watch with a gun, accompanied by another deer-herder, both in their usual skin dresses and on snow-skates.

The wolf duly came and the hunt commenced, at first over a plain, where the animal gained a little ground, then up hill a little, so that it had still greater advantage; but as the descent commenced the Finn gained, his companion being not quite so quick. Unfortunately, the descent was not long enough for the shepherd to get near enough to shoot, and a long plain lay before them, so he threw his skin cloak away, and was thus able to increase his speed; but, as he still felt that the wolf had a chance of escaping, he also dropped his rifle, knowing that his companion would pick it up.

This enabled him to get nearer to the thief, and, as the ground again began to be on the descent, he was sure of his prey. In the middle of the falling ground he overtook the wolf, and, while passing it, lifted his staff and gave it such a heavy stroke on the back that the animal at once fell exhausted, and was dispatched with his dagger. The story is quite true, and shows what skill in snow-skate running is possessed by the Finns, and how little they fear a single wolf.

A big-handed sawyer named Shaw,
Put his finger too near the buzz-saw,
He saw his mistake,
But each pain and ache,
St. Jacobs Oil cured in his paw.

A rheumatic old man named Meeker,
Was sick a whole year in Topeeker,
He there would have died,
But St. Jacobs Oil tried,
It sent him back cured to Osweeger.

They Are Not Strangers, Mamma.

Not long ago I stood by the death bed of a little girl. From her birth she had been afraid of death. Every fiber of her body and soul recoiled from the thought of it. "Don't let me die," she said, "don't let me die. Hold me fast. Oh, I can't go." "Jenny," I said, "you have two little brothers in the other world, and thousands of tender hearted people over there who will love you and take care of you." But she cried out again despairingly, "Don't let me go; they are strangers over there." She was a little country girl, strong-limbed, fleet of foot, tanned in the face; she was raised on the frontier; the fields were her home. In vain we tried to reconcile her to the death that was inevitable. "Hold me fast," she cried, "don't let me go." But even as she was pleading her little hands relaxed their clinging hold from my waist and lifted themselves eagerly aloft; lifted themselves with such straining effort that they lifted the wasted little body from its reclining position among the pillows. Her face was turned upward; but it was her eyes that told the story. They were filled with the light of divine recognition. They saw something plainly that we could not see, and they grew brighter, and her little hand quivered in eagerness to go where strange portals had opened upon her astonished vision. But even in that supreme moment she did not forget to leave a word of comfort for those who would gladly have died in her place. "Mamma," she was saying, "mamma, they are not strangers, I am not afraid." And every instant the light burned more gloriously in her blue eyes, till at last it seemed as if her soul leaped forth upon its radiant waves, and in that moment her trembling form relapsed among its pillows and she was gone.—*Woman's World.*

In the Georgia Gold Mines.

There seems to be very little confidence among the native whites in these mines. It may be said that they lack knowledge of the business, but I suspect they know that the gold that is, or was, readily available has been exhausted. Few native Georgians engage in gold-mining unless paid daily wages. But all of them are eager to sell mineral lands.

Wages here are exceedingly low, the regular rate being from 80 cents to $1 per day. The men board themselves. These rates are for white men. Georgia white labor is exceedingly difficult to handle. All the men own what they fondly imagine to be farms, and they cheerfully throw their tools into the ditch and quit work at any moment they think they have been imposed on, or that their crops need attention. These men are unlike the Carolina sandhillers. They are fighters. They are mountain men. They were staunch Union men during the war, and very generally refused to serve in the Confederate ranks. They are sure to get drunk on corn whisky if they get the chance. If the liquor has been made by moonshiners, it is thought to be sweeter. They are ignorant and wretchedly poor; but there is good stuff in them.—*New York Sun.*

All that is human must retrograde if it do not advance.—*Gibbon.*

I Don't Believe It.

Said a crabby dyspeptic to a friend who had just told him that Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla was a permanent cure for dyspepsia—"I don't believe it." And the crabby dyspeptic continues to enjoy the horrible comfort that his dyspepsia gives him. Dr. Guysott's remedy is a permanent cure for dyspepsia. It strengthens the digestive organs most wonderfully. Ask your druggist to get it for you.

Phonetic Spelling.

"M-i-s-i-s-i-p-i, that don't look right," exclaimed a late recruit to the brigade of newspaper correspondents. "'Ow do you spel Mississippi?" he continued, appealing to a bystander; "I don't believe I 'ave it right." "Yes, you have," returned the party of whom information had been asked. "It don't strike me as exactly right, you know," was the doubting response. "Ah, yes, now I remember. How stupid in me, to be sure. It is spelled M-r-s-i-p-i." And the letter was sent, with the father of waters unsexed as above set forth.—*National Republican.*

Be courageous and noble-minded; our own heart and not other men's opinions of us forms our true honor.—*Schiller.*

Rheumatic Affections.

One of the most common varieties of this complaint is nervous rheumatism. This disease affects the motive-nerves and muscles and often cripples the sufferer. It may attack any part of the body. The success which has attended the use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer in curing this disease is a matter of record. Testimonials to its merits from the highest authorities will bear us out in claiming for it a Complete cure. Try it, those who are troubled with this distressing complaint.

"I more you are a better boy, Willie," said a Sunday-school teacher to one of her young hopefuls. "Gosh, I hain't been sick," was the reply.

Symptoms of Paralysis.

A twitching of the eye, numbness of hands and feet, with more or less pain and throbbing at the base of the brain, are some of the premonitory symptoms of this rapidly-increasing disease. German Hop Bitters should be taken when you are warned by any of these symptoms. Sold by all druggists.

"I never contract bad habits," said Robinson to his wife. "No, dear, you generally expand them," was her reply.

Pain and Suffering.

Is the common lot of all. Our earliest days give manifest proof of this, and we are never long permitted to forget it. If corns should in your case be the thorn in the flesh go at once and buy a bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, and be surprised at the rapidity the freedom from pain and the success that marks its work. Wholesale, Lord, Stoutenburgh & Co., Chicago.

Adam is supposed to have been a cold-water man, but then Adam had the first side-board recorded.

American and European Doctors.

It is said by celebrated physicians in Europe and America that German Hop Bitters is one of the best remedies now in use. Sold by all druggists.

"God bless our boarding-house" has never been worked in worsted.

Why use a gritty, muddy, disagreeable article when Hood's Sarsaparilla, so pure, so clear, so delightful, can be obtained. 100 doses $1.00.

A woman never so envies a man as when she mounts a horse.

Personal!—To Men Only!

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

Good for Man and Beast! Read This!

Strange but true that the Army and Navy Liniment will cure your rheumatism, neuralgia or croup in less time than any other Liniment known. For sale by all druggists.

Merriman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, over-work, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

Mother Shipton's prophecy is supposed to be about 400 years old, and every prophecy has been fulfilled except the last—the end of the world in 1881. Buy your Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, the great natural hair restorer, before the world comes to an end.

The habit of running over boots or shoes corrected with Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners.

IT DOES NOT REQUIRE

A doctor to tell you that, with pure blood, there can be no eruptions, no pustules, no pimples. These are the outward evidence of the foul corruption that riots and rankles inwardly. Any innocent and healthy fluid becomes a humor when in a vitiated condition. Then it requires Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify the blood, to clear it of all

HUMORS.

"My little boy was so badly afflicted with a humor that we had to mitten his hands to keep him from rubbing the sores, which itched and discharged a watery matter. Before we had finished one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla the sores were healed."—L. L. Clement, Merchant, Warner, N. H.

"For four years I have been troubled with a humor, seriously affecting my health; at times getting in my eyes. I used nine bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. My eyes are nearly cured and the humor about eradicated from my system."—Charles N. Adams, Foreman of the Journal Co., Windsor, Vt.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Sold by Druggists. $1, or six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Mothers, Attention!

Chas. Jones, of Elizabeth, Spencer county, Ind., says: "I have dealt in medicine a number of years, and will say that Dr. Roger's Vegetable Worm Syrup is the most valuable medicine I ever sold. My customers are well pleased with its effects."

The Testimony of a Physician.

James Beecher, M. D., of Sigourney, Iowa, says: "For several years I have been using a Cough Balsam called Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and in almost every case throughout my practice I have had entire success. I have used and prescribed hundreds of bottles ever since the days of my army practice (1863), when I was surgeon of Hospital No. 7, Louisville, Ky."