

NEWS CONDENSED.

EASTERN.

The late James Elliott, who fell by the pistol of Jerry Dunn in Chicago, was buried in New York, with distinguished honors, about 1,500 people following the body to the grave.

N. A. Dukes, on trial at Uniontown, Pa., for murdering Assistant State Treasurer Nutt, was found to be not guilty. Judge and spectators were amazed at the verdict, and the popular excitement was intense. Dukes and the jury were hung and burned in effigy.

Parnell, Eggen and Davitt are expected to be present at the convention of the Irish Land League of America at Philadelphia April 25 and 26.

Emmett O'Neill, a broker of Schenectady, N. Y., has swindled people with whom he had business relations out of the total sum of \$25,000, in amounts varying from \$1,500 to \$12,000.

A new telegraph company has been formed in New York the projectors of which profess an intention of building a line from the city of New York through Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois to Chicago.

Two students of Columbia College, New York, had arranged to fight a duel, but one of the principals and a number of his friends were arrested as they were setting forth for the place set for the meeting.

Serious charges were made against Supervising Architect Hill in connection with the disbursements for the new Government building at Philadelphia.

WESTERN.

Miss Lottie Crabtree, familiarly known as Lotta, is said to be the best-paying star on the American stage. Her fortune is estimated all the way from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, all made within the last few years. Her popularity is such that she is always a full house. She is now playing a two-weeks engagement at McVicker's Theater, Chicago, and the large play-house is packed at every performance, showing that the little actress has lost none of her drawing power.

Esther Smalley, of St. Peter's Cathedral Church in Oshkosh, Wis., publishes a card denouncing the Tabor-McCourt marriage, and sharply reproaching the relatives of the bride for not informing the priest who performed the ceremony of the previous divorce of Mrs. Tabor.

John Jessrang was pulled out of his bed and lynched at Glendale, Montana, for the murder of a companion named Davidson.

The annual report of the Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company shows an increase of \$318,914 on the gross traffic receipts over those of 1881, and an increase of \$35,587 in the net earnings from traffic.

A correspondent who visited the scene of the terrible Diamond mine disaster, near Broadwood, Ill., telegraphed as follows on the 16th inst.: "Since the sad mishap at the Diamond mine, on the 10th of February, resulting in the death of seven men, the weather has been favorable and the prairie has dried as rapidly as could be expected. Unfortunately, no ditch or provision has been made to carry off the water pumped from the mine, hence the want of success. Only six inches have been made since Sunday night. One conjecture is that there is underground water. This is founded upon the coldness and on the smell of the water taken from the shaft. Another idea is, and it appears to be the most reasonable, that as the water taken from the shaft is allowed to spread itself over the prairie it finds its way back into the mine."

The contractors for the 200 miles of the Northern Pacific railroad remaining to be constructed promise that the gap will be closed before the 1st of September next.

The Chicago "ball-line" billiard tournament was won by Lon Morris of Chicago.

SOUTHERN.

Near Helena, Ark., the flood over-turned a house and four children were drowned. Six adults were rescued, after clinging to the roof for three days. A Memphis dispatch says that "stock are up to their throats in the St. Francis swamps, and many carcasses of dead animals are floating about."

A bill has passed the Arkansas Legislature changing the name of Dorsey county to De Soto county. It was named for ex-Senator Dorsey during the reconstruction era.

Richard Howard, of Chattanooga, Tenn., took offense at the reports of a scandalous suit, in which he was involved, published in a local paper, and assaulted the city editor, G. W. Ochs, with a cane. Ochs drew a pistol and shot Howard in the groin.

Judge David Davis and Miss Addie Burre were married at Fayetteville, N. C., but few persons being present. The presents were numerous and costly. The bridal trousseau, many of the dresses in which were made by Worth, of Paris, entailed an expense of \$15,000.

Clarence Hite, one of the Missouri outlaws pardoned on account of ill health by Gov. Crittenden, died at his home in Logan county, Ky., the other day.

William Watkins and Jack Baldwin loved the same damsel. As they both could not marry her, Jack slew Billy and then killed himself. All the parties were col-

of the morning and evening and for what is known as the ten-minute limitation.

In the star-rouse trial, the other day, Thomas J. Brady, ex-Assistant Postmaster General, was placed on the witness stand and testified in his own behalf. He denied that he was a conspirator, and affirmed that James, MacVeagh, Walsh and Berdell were perjurers. He had virtually become acquainted with Dorsey since this prosecution was inaugurated, never plotted with him, save touching certain political affairs, and conducted his department in the postoffice for the welfare of the country and the good of the mail service.

A statement has been prepared by the Treasury Department showing the total amount of money expended by the general Government in all the States for public buildings from the foundation of the Government up to the present time.

The statement is as follows: \$1,401,202. New York received \$14,514,000; Massachusetts, \$7,070,020; Pennsylvania, \$7,492,400; Ohio, \$6,768,988; Louisiana, \$4,972,988; South Carolina, \$3,856,842; California, \$1,153,622; Maine, \$1,020,137; Maryland, \$1,844,002; Tennessee, \$1,129,044; Connecticut, \$1,74,938. The other States got sums varying from \$50,000 to \$80,000.

POLITICAL.

The New Jersey Senate has passed a bill forbidding the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors.

The result of the late election for county officers in Falls county, Tex., was decided by the votes of seventeen naturalized Chinamen, and now the defeated candidates are contesting the election upon the ground that a State law passed in 1875 limited the issuance of naturalization papers to white foreigners, and it is claimed, disfranchised Chinamen who had already taken out naturalization papers.

A high-liquor act has been adopted by both houses of the Missouri Legislature. The Pennsylvania House of Representatives has passed a bill to prevent delay or discrimination by railroad or transportation companies.

A bill prescribing the whipping-post as the penalty for wife-beating has passed the Illinois House of Representatives.

A convention of Rhode Island Independents assembled at Providence and nominated ex-Senator William Sprague for Governor.

Gov. Butler, of Massachusetts, vetoed the bill making appropriations for charitable and reformatory institutions of the State.

The bill to settle the Tennessee State debt at 50 cents, with 3 per cent. interest, passed both branches of the Legislature.

The President has appointed A. N. Wynn, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, to be Treasurer, vice James Gilligan.

Rhode Island Republicans met in convention at Providence and nominated A. O. Bourne for Governor and O. A. Rathbun for Lieutenant Governor.

An encounter took place in the Senate chamber at Harrisburg, Pa., between Senators McKnight and Emory. The latter had accused the former of misrepresenting his constituency; he was passed, and an exchange of blows followed. Bystanders interfered and separated the bellringers before either had "knocked out" his antagonist.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Spanish citizens residing at Havana have been awarded by the Supreme Court of the United States a verdict of \$65,000 and 6 per cent. interest from June, 1863, for the seizure and detention as a prize, at Port Royal, by Gen. Sherman, of the steamer *Nuestra Senora de Regia*.

French & Blossom, wholesale dealers in boots and shoes at St. Louis, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. Their liabilities are set at \$135,000.

Patriot Egan, treasurer of the Irish Land League, arrived at New York rather unexpectedly. He says his present mission is purely commercial, though he intends to give evidence in the extradition case of Sheridan. He condemns the execution of the laws by the Dublin Castle authorities, whose principles, he alleges, are terrorism and informers, and their stronghold "packed justice." Innocent persons have been hanged, and, though the real murderers are known, they will not be prosecuted, as the officials do not want to reopen the cases. He denies that the Land League funds have been misappropriated or foolishly expended, and aver that the balance now on hand—\$25,000 or 35,000—is invested in American securities.

The oldest inhabitant of Canada has just died near Montreal. She was a venerated widow named Mary Hughes Gravel, a native of England, but for three-quarters of a century a resident in Canada. Her was 117 years.

During 1882 the gross revenues of the Western Union Telegraph Company amounted to \$18,308,968, and the net profits were \$7,624,883.

LATER NEWS ITEM.

Edward Malley, whose son and nephew were tried for murdering James Connor, has brought thirty insurance companies into court at New Haven for refusing to pay their risks—\$140,000 in all—on his stock at New Haven, burned February, 1882.

One of the jurors who tried Dukes at Uniontown, Pa., for the murder of Dr. Nutt, was assassinated in the streets of Belle Vernon by persons who regard the verdict of acquittal as infamous, and so severely beaten that his life is despaired of.

H. F. Crocker, a desperado, who confessed to murdering three men and one woman, and regretted that he did not have an opportunity to kill two more, committed suicide in the Granbury (Texas) jail.

A lady of Hagerstown, Md., who had eleven teeth extracted caught cold in her jaws, lockjaw set in, and died.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Chandler will name the new 4,300-ton steel vessel the Chicago.

The statement of the United States Treasury shows gold, silver and United States gold and bullion, \$170,059,500; silver dollars and bullion, \$108,953,738; fractional silver coins, \$27,638,623; United States notes, \$45,887,755; total, \$437,889,094. Certified outstanding: Gold, \$40,322,189; silver, \$68,517,300; currency, \$10,665,000.

It is stated from Washington that the new Tax and Tariff law underwent some remarkable transformations from the time it was passed in the Senate until it reached the President for signature, the responsibility for which does not appear in the records.

The statement of the framers of the bill has been defeated by the transposition of a conjunction or a punctuation mark, and the probability is that the same remark that greatly enraged Dorsey will be the last word of the bill.

During the past year the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church South received \$163,000 for missionary work—the largest contribution since the war.

Judge Lilley, an aged Washington lawyer, called upon Stephen W. Dorsey, at the latter's residence in Washington, a few nights ago, and in the course of a conversation about the star-rouse trial Lilley made some remarks that greatly enraged Dorsey, who struck his guest from the chair in which he was sitting, and then jumped upon and kicked him, inflicting serious injuries.

The Supreme Court of the United States has rendered a decision affirming the validity of the Chicago city ordinances which provide for the closing of bridges over the Chicago river during certain hours

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

DR. LAPATIN, who had a large experience with soldiers during the Russo-Turkish war, recommends nitric acid as an application in chilblains. A part of dilute nitric acid and equal parts of pig are pencils on the toes, at first daily, then twice a day. After three or four days a brownish scurf is formed, which is thrown off.—*New York Medical Record*.

A DISTINGUISHED physician, who had spent much time at quarantine, said that a person whose head was thoroughly washed every day rarely took contagious disease; but where the hair was allowed to become dirty and matted, it was hardly possible to escape infection. Many persons find speedy relief for nervous headache by washing the hair thoroughly in warm sooty water. I have known severe cases almost wholly cured in ten minutes by this simple remedy. A friend finds it the greatest remedy in cases of "fever cold," the cold symptoms entirely leaving the eyes and nose after one thorough washing of the hair. The head should be thoroughly dried afterward, and not exposed to draughts of air for a little while.—*Druggist's Circular*.

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