

Hon. Zerahiah Allen, one of the leading men of Providence, R. I., died while in his chair, aged 87.

A heavy shaft interest in quinine has developed in New York, the market being virtually controlled by a syndicate having its headquarters at London and Amsterdam.

Small-pox is spreading through Lehigh and Bucks counties in Pennsylvania.

After having blown open the post office safe at Needham, Mass., robbers set three buildings on fire, destroying property valued at \$20,000.

James Fox, a blacksmith's helper in Troy, after driving in the head of a bar with his fist, issued a challenge to John L. Sullivan to fight for \$2,500 within six months.

The cattle plague has reappeared in the vicinity of New York. A herd of thirty-one infected cows was recently exterminated in Putnam county.

D. T. Lawson has successfully proved, by his experiments with boiler explosions near Pittsburgh, Pa., that they occur, not from low water, but by a sudden bursting of water into steam.

The tug-boat Henry C. Spratt exploded its boiler at the Philadelphia wharf, killing four men. George Sculley, the Captain, was blown over the houses in Water street. Immediately following the explosion flames broke out in all directions. Four No. 8, occupied as a passenger and freight station by the Philadelphia and Atlantic City railroad, took fire and was destroyed. The tug *Ellie* lying at the wharf below, also took fire, and sank after being well burned. Windows were shattered in all directions for squares. Three dead bodies were found in the street. The front of the ferry-house building was blown out, and the watchman came near losing his life. The loss is \$60,000.

At a combination sale of trotting horses in New York, 107 were sold at an average price of \$315.63 each.

The Proctor House, at Kearsage mountain, New Hampshire, valued at \$75,000, was swept away by flames.

At Genoa, Nev., a great avalanche of snow buried three whites and fifteen Indians.

John Mott, telegraph operator and station agent at Glendale, Mo., has been arrested on a charge of participating in the Chicago and Alton express robbery at Blue Cut, Sept. 7, 1881.

Two murderers were hanged by the outraged citizens of Dallas, Oregon.

The body of Frank Stillwater was found beside the railroad track near Tombstone, Arizona, riddled with rifle bullets and buckshot. He was a brother of the famous scout, Texas Jack.

Barnes & McGill's elevator at Hawley, Minn., together with a large amount of wheat, were consumed by fire, involving a loss of \$200,000.

The Leavitt Street Congregational Church, of Chicago, has expelled F. C. Roster, by a vote of 103 to 1, for making faces at the pastor during services.

Ripon, Wis., has been visited by a disastrous fire, which destroyed all the buildings on the west side of the public square. The loss is estimated at from \$125,000 to \$150,000.

In an affray near Emmetsburg, Iowa, Charles Cornelius killed Fred Miller and committed suicide. A tragedy precisely similar occurred at St. Helena, Cal., the parties being Wm. Gans and J. C. Webley.

The Wisconsin Legislature refused to pass a bill to restore capital punishment in the State.

A loss of \$75,000 was incurred at Leavenworth by a flour-dust explosion in the Novelty mills. Five men were seriously burned.

A clerk in the mint of New Orleans gave to a stranger a negotiable receipt for \$15,000 for two brass bricks with a thin covering of gold. Their value was not ascertained.

An Englishman named C. D. Owens nearly killed a young lady of Tampa, Fla., with a knife. The citizens took him into jail and lynched him in full view of the United States Court. The Mayor and Sheriff had protested, and Lieut. Davis had ordered out the garrison, but too late.

The oyster pirates captured not long since by the Governor of Virginia have been tried and sentenced each to one year in the penitentiary. Their vessels were confiscated.

At a sale of the Montgomery White Sulphur springs, in Virginia, the porch of the hotel fell, killing one man and injuring twelve.

Texas reported forty-one completed railroads, with a capital stock of \$247,000,000. Elder Morgan, presiding elder of the Mormon church for the cotton states, has left Chattanooga for Salt Lake with nearly 200 converts.

The Democrats of Rhode Island met in convention at Providence and nominated a full ticket for State offices, headed by H. A. Kimball for Governor.

The Railroad Committee of the New York Assembly will report the bill which provides for three Commissioners with salaries of \$6,000 each, to be appointed by the Governor.

The Warden of the Washington jail reports that Guteau has lost his appetite and had the ulcers ever since he read an interview in which he said he felt willing to have the assassin hanged, in order to draw attention to the need of legal reform in regard to insane criminals.

Scooville says he can get no counsel to attend to Guteau's case. The assassin is sure he will be released by the court in hand, in which case he proposes to leave for Europe, and, after "doing" the continent, return to the United States to lecture. Scooville thinks it would be better for the crank of the future that Guteau should be hanged.

It is now stated with considerable confidence, says a Washington correspondent, that Senator Teller of Colorado, is to be Secretary of the Interior. The President said today to a friend, that, "now that he has made a point of money, he is about to expire, the clique that he contemplates making will follow in rapid succession, and that his friends who have been complaining of inaction will be satisfied."

A Washington telegram says that Senator Ben Hill has improved so rapidly that he hopes soon to ride out. His physicians think the cancer has been entirely removed. There is no truth whatever in the report telegraphed from Washington that the George Senator was in a dying condition.

Judge French, Assistant Secretary of

JAS. W. McEWEN Editor

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the Treasury, is to be succeeded by A. G. Olmstead, of Potter county, Pa. The First Auditorship is to be given to ex-Congressman C. W. Gilligan.

Gen. and Mrs. Grant were the guests of the President at the White House last week, and were quartered in their old rooms.

The Senate Military Committee will report adversely on the bill to give Gen. Pleasanton the retired list.

The wife of Sergt. Mason makes an appeal for aid for herself and children, and expresses the belief that her husband has been sufficiently punished by six months' imprisonment. The House Committee of Representatives refused to receive a resolution for Mason's restoration to the army.

A New York dispatch says that so far \$2,000 have been collected for Mrs. Sergt. Mason and the baby, and it is estimated that the fund will reach \$25,000, if not more.

It is stated in Washington that Gen. Swain, Judge Advocate General, will report to the Secretary of War that the court-martial which tried Sergt. Mason had no jurisdiction.

A Washington telegram of March 23 says: The Secretary of War has ordered 300,000-rations to be issued at New Orleans for the benefit of Louisiana flood sufferers, 200,000 at Memphis for Mississippi, 50,000 at Helena for Arkansas, and 10,000 each at Charleston, New Madrid and Gayoso, for Arkansas.

A large and influential meeting of the friends and advocates of the Hennepin canal was held in Washington. Speeches were made on the necessity of the work and its importance, and they propose to appeal to the Supreme Court.

A most favorable impression has been produced by the telegram of the Caret to Emperor of Germany. It is thought the effect of the Silesian incident has now almost wholly disappeared.

Crow Dog, the Indian chief who killed Spotted Tail, has been convicted in the Federal court at Deadwood, and sentenced to death.

The people of the Black Hills charge that the result was reached by perjured testimony, and they propose to appeal to the Supreme Court.

The French Senate passed the Primary Education bill, as adopted by the Chamber of Deputies, after an exciting debate.

Two banks were wrecked and fourteen persons killed in a gale of the coast of Oregon.

Rear Admiral Gustavus H. Scott, on the navy retired list, died in New York.

Judge Neilson, of Brooklyn, died, it is believed, in the effect that the most learned and the Upper Missouri river would form the most extensive and complete internal water-ways in the world, and that urgent demands of commerce require that all obstacles to their union should be removed with the least possible delay.

MISCELLANEOUS GLEANINGS.

The famous Tennessee trotting stallion Frankel, Jr., has been sold to Commodore Kitson, of St. Paul, for \$6,500.

The tide of immigration from Europe to this country will, it is believed, exceed this year even the heavy figures of 1881.

The Garfield Monument Committee, at Cleveland, Ohio, have issued a further appeal to the public on behalf of the fund. So far they have received \$106,000, of which \$75,000 has been contributed by Cleveland, and \$15,000 more from all the States and Territories.

The Superintendent at Castle Garden presents an immigration of 100,000 persons in May.

Mr. Blaine asserts that Peru is being prepared for the joint benefit of Chili and the English speculators who furnished her money and iron-clads for the conquest, Envoy Trescot standing as a witness to the fact that the United States will not intervene. The recent protocol enlarges the demands of Chili upon their union should be removed with the least possible delay.

Guteau has received an offer from a St. Louis man named Cook of \$20.00 for the suit he wore when he shot the President, and \$150 for the clothes he wore through the trial.

little will be heard of the searching parties until this time next year.

The hangman is through with William Hellwagen, who murdered his daughter-in-law at Hampton, Ill.; Frank and Henry Hammer, of Uniontown, Pa., who killed Daniel Trowman; Edgar F. Small, of Pittsburgh, who shot Nicholas Jacoby; Jonathan Mayer, of Middlebury, Pa.; the members of the party who took the life of the Kingbird; Jack Newell, of Ossining, N. Y.; and John C. McCarthy, of Rensselaer, N. Y., for stabbing to death Patrick Markey. All seven of them were executed on Friday, March 24.

The House bill to bridge the Missouri at Arrow Rock was passed by the Senate on March 20. The bill, introduced by Mr. Gilfillan, is intended to provide for five stations on the Florida coast, and to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to fix the basis of service rendered, when the measure is passed, so that the amount of the bill will be determined by the amount of the tolls.

A bill to prohibit the importation of Chinese opium was introduced by Mr. Gilfillan, and was referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

A great meeting, attended by 1,500 representative citizens from every section and county of Ohio, was held at Columbus to urge upon the Legislature the enactment of a law suppressing the Sunday whisky traffic.

W. P. Southworth's extensive grocery establishment, in Cleveland, and two adjoining stores, were swept away by flames.

The bill about to become law appropriates \$5,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi, and \$1,000,000 for similar work on the Missouri.

The tariff Commission bill, Mr. Williams introduced a bill to incorporate the Cherokee Central Railroad and Telegraph Company, and passed.

The Sturgon bay ship-salvage bill.

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