The Democratic Senttnel

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JASPER COUNTY.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1881.

The negroes are all for Mahone in Virginia.

Reports now indicate that the President will recover.

Monticello Herald: M. L. Spitler and Wm. Parkison, of Rensselaer, were in town on business Monday.

The Crown Point Star says that the Chicago & Indianapolis Air Line Company are putting in a Y at Lowell to connect with the Pan Handle, over which road they will temporarily run trains into Chicago.

Kentland News: Rev. Aaron Wood and wife, of Rensselaer, were the guests of Mr. John French, Mrs. Wood's father, last Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Wood preached in the M. E. church last Sunday a. m.

The First Annual Reunion of the 20th Regiment Indiana Volunteers will be held at Lafayette, Indiana, September 21st, 22nd and 23rd, 1881, in connection with the Soldiers and Sailors Reunion of the Northwest.

Monticello Herald: A disastrous fire occurred at Wolcott last Monday night destroying 100 tons of hay, belonging to Anson Wolcott. It is supposed to have originated from a locomotive spark. Fire has also been raging north of Reynolds, causing great destruction to fences and timber.

The Republican Legislature of New Hampshire has killed the anti-bribery bill, designed to inaugurate an era of honest elections in that State. Honest elections are not what the Republican party is hankering after. The bosses want spoils, and if bribery and forgery and perjury will contribute to success, the crimes will be utilized.

Kentland News: On Wednesday night of last week as Doc Sharp was driving home from his brother's residence in the country, two men stepped in front of his horses and commanded him to stop. Doc jumped out of the wagon and knocked one of the ruffians down and was himself knocked down by the other one. In the struggle which ensued the two fellows made their escape and Doc proceeded on his way home rejoicing. It is thought they wanted his team.

Indianapolis Journal: The Chicago and Indianapolis company expect to have trains running between Delphi and Chicago within sixty days. The track from Bradford to Dalton will be connected to day; the distance is sixty-eight miles. The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago people will commence at once to run trains between these points. It is stated, however, it is not yet decided whether from Dalton they will run into Chicago over the P. C. & St. L., or the Chicago & Western Indiana road.

INSTITUTE NOTES.

The report of the committee on resolutions was accepted and the following resolutions adopted:

RESOLVED, That we favor some plan by which teachers may be paid according to grade or license.

RESOLVED, That we express our disapproval of the course of the politicians in many counties in the state, and of own county in particular, in making the office of county superintendent a political office.

RESOLVED, That we reiterate the resolution of the institute of '80, viz: That we have full faith and confidence in the integrity and ability of our county superintendent, and that we particularly commend the following acts of his administration: First, the giving a per cent. to those teachers who do professional work; the organizing and conducting of the institutes previous to or soon after the commencement of the winter term of school, and his grading of applicants for license as much according to the method of teaching as the knowledge of the subjects.

The committee on resolutions reported 210 introductions given during the week.

Notice to Patrons of the Rensselaer Public Schools.

Owing to the very crowded condition of our schools, and the inadequacy of the present building to accommodate the pupils belonging to the school, we must request parents to send their children upon the first day of school, in order that they may secure seats, as it will be impossible to make room for all during the coming year. The following rule will be strictly enforced:

Any scholar who is absent, from any cause, for two days consecutively, will forfeit his right to his seat, and will have to wait for another regular desk until one becomes unoccupied.

We desire to call attention to the catalogue of the school issued this week, and which we wish to be in the hands of every family sending children to school. In this catalogue will be found the rules under which the school is governed, and it is the duty of every parent, as well as every scholar, to thoroughly understand these rules. With the hearty co-operation of the school patrons there is no reason why our schools should not be equal in efficiency to any in the state.

R. S. DWIGGINS,
M. F. CHILCOTE, } Trustees.
EZRA L. CLARK,

A Trip to the Flowery and Tropical regions of Cuba.

Synopsis of a Nine Days Passage—Across the Atlantic Ocean—Among the Spaniards—Treatment of an American by the Cubans—Their Customs, etc.,—General Experiences.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Aug. 20th, '81.

DEAR SENTINEL: Believing that the mass of your intelligent readers, whose places of abode are so far removed from the seaboard, would not object to any intelligence coming from that direction, and especially so from a friend, which I still claim the honor of being, I ask space in your paper for the publication of the following, which is an account of a trip I recently made to Santiago de Cuba. I will endeavor to state it as succinctly as possible.

On March 1st, 1881, I engaged passage on the Spanish brig, Balmes, commanded, and partly owned, by Juan Valdosera, said vessel being laden with naval stores, and bound for Santiago de Cuba.

The morning of my departure from this place was a beautiful one, the exhilarating air, the brisk breeze that began to fill the sails of the brig, all seemed predictive of a safe and pleasant voyage. We were soon out of the harbor, and as we passed the outer buoy I bade farewell to Capt. Tabbott, the pilot, who had accompanied us thus far; not, of course, until the usual formula had been gone through, i. e. shedding of copious tears, wringing of handkerchiefs, &c., after which he stepped into his boat which had been following us, and in another moment had vanished from our sight. We had just made our exit from the sound or channel, and were now treading the broad and majestic breast of the Atlantic. Coming on deck an hour afterwards a vague and undistinguishable mass stretching away in the distance, slowly forming itself into an opaque mist was all that could be seen of land: all that pertained to American soil had faded from my sight. Then it was that I awoke to a realization of my situation—of my utter loneliness—amongst Spaniards, who could talk but little or no English; and who might—as my friends at home had kindly hinted and prognosticated for my benefit before I left—conclude to make me the subject of a feast. But of the latter I entertained no fears, considering the rather tough morsel I would make. But I thought about, and wondered how my experiences would be amongst a people of whose language I knew nothing, thus making it impossible for me to either understand or in turn be understood, on my arrival.—This I determined to remedy, by studying the language. But to return to the subject in hand. Night coming on I descended into the cabin and crept into my virtuous "bunk," previously assigned me, to sleep the sleep of the innocent and the weary. I slept as though under the influence of an opiate, until about 4:30 o'clock, when suddenly I awoke gasping, and almost suffocated. A regular stream of perspiration was oozing, it seemed to me, from every pore in my body, and the heat in the room was oppressive and positively unbearable.—Springing out of bed and hastily dressing myself, I went out on deck to ascertain if possible the cause of this great change in the temperature. The solution was near at hand; the Captain, who was then on deck, ordered a seaman to draw up a bucket of water, which when done, requested me to put my hand into it. I did so, and was much surprised to find it as warm as if just taken from the stove. I knew then that we were in that singular freak of nature the Gulf stream—and this, the Captain explained, was the cause of the great change I experienced in the temperature. I marveled much that our great American scientists should be in such complete ignorance of the nature and character of this stream or currant, that takes its way thro' the body of the Atlantic as independently as if it was flowing between two banks. As I stood on deck at this early hour I had the extreme pleasure of witnessing that grand and glorious sight—a run-rise at sea. The great orb of day, slowly emerging from the rift of golden clouds and casting his thousands of bright beams athwart the ruffled waters, which in turn scintilating, seemed as if millions of diamonds were lying scattered around, was a scene of such sublimity and grandeur as to be seldom, if ever, surpassed. During the course of the day I noticed great masses of fricus natans or gulf weed, floating on the surface of the ocean. This sea grass, as far as I am able to ascertain, grows on deeply sunken rocks, particles of which become detached or broken off by the commotion of the waters, and float to the top. In some places, generally along the banks of the southern extremity of South America, and the Antilles, this grass presents to the eyes of the beholder a strange and singular appearance. So thick in places as to look like extensively inundated meadows. It is thickly covered with parasitic algea and numerous adhering shell-fish. I would have liked to have sent Dr. Loughridge some of this grass together with some beautiful white and red coral, which we passed, but distance rendered it impossible as it would die unless constantly kept in salt water.

I pass over the second day, as I was then beginning to feel a little sea sick, and when one has this complaint all his respect for enjoyment and earthly pleasures ceases on the spot. It is hard to describe the sensation.—I have often had toothache, have experienced ear-ache, and a multitude of other pains, but this beat them all. I had been on the water before, and passed the greater part of my life on or near the seaboard, and had many times laughed and sneered at those who spoke of the terrors of sea sickness, but if ever "laughing was catching" I caught it in this instance sure. Physicians, I believe prescribe this for debilitated persons, but "I don't want any more in mine."

On the fourth day we passed that historical island, San Salvador, Cat Island, or Guannihani, supposed to be the first landing place of Christopher Columbus when on one of his voyages of discovery. I pass over an interval of four days in which time nothing but the furious lashing of the sea, or the mournful sound made by the laughing of the wind through the rigging of the brig could be seen or heard. I failed to state that numerous flying-fish could be seen at all times during my trip darting from one place to another. These fish serve to relieve, in a measure, the monotony of ocean life, as birds do the silence of the woods. But their existence both in their aqueous and aerial spheres is unenviable and held by a rather doubtful tenure. In their frantic efforts to escape the swift Dolphin and Bonito, which are always on the qui vive for them, they wing their flight through the air only to be caught by the Albatross, Frigate Pelicans, Petrels and other ocean birds hovering threw it.

On the morning of the seventh day, about 4:30 o'clock, I was called by Capt. Valdosera, but it was so early I was loth to get up; he again called and this time told me that land could be distinctly seen on the larboard side. The words acted like magic and in less time than it takes to tell it, I was dressed and on deck with the telescope to my eyes. Yes, it could be no mistake, no optical illusion, no chimerical phenomenon this time.—The land, light-house, and even trees and houses on Great Iragua Island were plainly visible. The effect the first sight of land had on Columbus and his followers after their long, stormy passage, could not have been much greater than it had on me, although an interval of only seven days had elapsed since I last gazed on terra firma. By this I knew we were near the great Cobre mountains surrounding Santiago; nor was I much surprised to see them loom up in the distance about 10 o'clock, a. m. That evening we were not more than five miles from the coast, and I could enjoy the beautiful mountain scenery with the aid of the powerful glass I held in my hands, to my heart's content. My happiness would have been complete had we at that moment arrived at our destination, viz:—Santiago de Cuba. But, alas! for human hopes, how seldom are they realized. The wind, cut off by the huge mountains bordering on our right, left us completely becalmed, scarcely a ripple disturbed the naturally turbulent bosom of the Atlantic. Gazing upon this great placid sheet of water, we would have likened it to the furious and passionate anger of a man whose rage having been spent, lay back tired and exhausted. But we did not want for excitement; for about this time a shoal of large and beautiful fish were observed following in our "wake" and in an instant the most intense excitement prevailed on board. Lines and harpoons were thrown out and kept in readiness. Objects were fixed to attract them. They soon swarmed around us, attracted by the noise, and the smell of bait, and in the short space of about fifteen minutes we had ten large ones on board, the smallest not weighing less than twenty five pounds, and some measuring four feet in length and weighing as much as fifty pounds. The most interesting sight was the beautiful play of rapidly changing colors of golden to blue, and blue to green, when they were drawn out of the water, produced as in the chameleon and cuttle fish.—The Spanish or Portuguese name for them is Dorade. Among them we also drew up two immense sharks—regular man-eaters—which we quickly dispatched, severing the heads from the bodies with Spanish sabres.

On the 9th day of March, at 5 o'clock, p. m., we stood at the entrance of the harbor. On our right stood the ancient mountain fortress Morella, rising to an almost perpendicular height of 500 feet, capable, the Captain told me, of running out 200 cannons at a moment's notice. Contiguous to this fort stood Morro Estrella, (Star) and Catalina, though in importance much less than the first named. Besides these many others line the bank from the entrance to the city, a distance of nearly five miles. For a vessel to pass these seemingly impregnable mountain fortresses would indeed be a miracle. We passed over the exact spot where the unfortunate Virginius was captured, which you will remember caused such a furore throughout the American continent, and the indemnity of $250,000 that had to be paid to the orphans and widows of those who were executed by the Cuban authorities, by the Spanish Government to appease the American people.

The panorama that now lay spread out before us as we ascended the stream, surpassed anything I had ever seen, heard, read or dreamt about for beauty and grandeur. I imagined myself in a veritable paradise. Allow the imagination to bring to the mind's eye the following picture, or scene: Mountains clothed with waving palm, cocoa nut, banana, orange, lemon, mango and other trees of like character, and bearing their respective fruits. Then flowers of every hue and variety, whose sweetness excelled every known exotic, and you have a meagre conception only of this garden spot of the earth. Can you blame me if I stood with "bated breath" and "extended nostrils" gazing upon and drinking in the loveliness spread out before me. I will not attempt a further description, for none but a poet natural born could find terms sufficiently adequate. Add also to this scene the strange cries and flights of birds that you have never seen nor heard before, and whose plumage dazzles the eye with their beauty.

Arriving opposite the city of Santiago a curious prospect reveals itself to the eyes of the beholder. The city encompassed by a mountain chain, in some places rising to a height of over 5000 feet, give the one story cement houses on appearance of being the habitations of liliputians.

We were soon moored, when I presented my passport to the officials, (for which voucher I had to pay the Spanish Government four dollars) and was permitted to go ashore, and in company with the Captain proceeded "up town." I was certainly in a dilemma now, for although I had applied myself to the study of the Spanish lingua I had made but little headway and could as yet understand but a few words, and now I was amongst a class of people who could neither speak nor understand English. But I determined to show a bold front, and make the best of a bad job. The Captain was well acquainted with a number of the prominent business men of the place, and it did not take me long to gain a foot hold in society, especially so when around with that procurer of success—"cheek."

Sr. Dn Romon Beringuer y Toca, a handsome and portly Cuban, who was in possession of a $150,000 grocery store, instantly upon seeing me conceived such an affection that I have seldom seen manifested toward any one, and which I in time learned to reciprocate with all the ardor of an impulsive nature. Generous to a fault, there was nothing that he left undone to secure contentment for me. He took me to his house and introduced me to his wife and sister—a regally handsome young lady. He also introduced me to a great many of the most influential men of the city. Accompanied me to the grand Teatro de pias, where I had an opportunity to observe the talented musicians of the place, and did many other things for me which I shall ever have great cause to remember. I soon got into the best society, and was ever surrounded by a crowd of young Cubans, some of whom, fortunately for me, could speak a little English, and as I began to understand their language, though imperfectly of course, still sufficiently so as to enable me to catch the drift of a conver-

SEARS & SON,

MAKERS!

Is the ... just publish... fishing Co., of St. Louis, Mo. ... braces the lives and adventures of Wild Bill, Buffalo Bill, ... more than a week before I began to get frightened, a succession of balls, parties, theatre going, visiting fetes and other amusements, following each other night after night made me fear that I was dissipating too much. One night I we'd be strolling through the Plaza de Armes, (an elegant gas-lit park) gazing upon the dark-eyed and beautiful Senoritas, and listening to the sweet music discoursed by a band consisting of seventy-five instruments—the best band on the Island, Havana not excepted. Another night we would perhaps enter the salon of some one of the many handsome club-rooms, and either sit down to drink wine, strong coffee, eat ice-cream, or smoke Havana cigars. Or, if preferable, play billiards, bagatelle, pool, lotto, or cards. Still another night would be employed in visiting the young ladies, or going to a grand ball or fete. Often and often have I sat down to a sumptuous repast at two o'clock in the night, the table fairly groaning with the load of tempting viands spread upon it. No king could have fared better than I did the time I was there.

The general aspect of the place is not calculated to inspire one with a great amount of admiration. It is the oldest city next to Baracoa on the Island, having been incorporated in 1522, and for a time was the capitol of the Island. The streets are very narrow and steep, and the houses mostly one-story. Catholicism is the only and prevailing religion of the place. No other belief is tolerated. An amusing incident occurred to me during my stay there. I was in the house of Dn Beringuer one day when a priest—Padre Siloa—heard of me, and called to see the Americana. He began telling me, in Spanish, about the great benefits arising from the Catholic faith, and extolling it to the skies, trampling upon all other beliefs in his religious fervor. I listened to it quietly until he got through and then I told him I could not understand what he had said. Nothing daunted, he returned the next day with an interpreter, but seeing that I was inexorable, and that neither prayers nor passionate words would serve to swerve me from my adopted course, gave it up as a "bad job," muttering to himself, I suppose, that I was a "hard case."

The finest buildings of the place are the Cathedral and Governer's mansion. They are built of solid stone masonry, and show that millions upon millions have been lavished upon them. If it were possible I would describe them, but that and a great many other things will have to be left out for want of space. I have already written a much longer letter than perhaps my trip warranted me in writing; but with a few more general items I will close.

I had an opportunity of observing with considerable minuteness the spirit of the people. The Cubans can but ill brook the restraint laid upon them by the mother country—Spain—and long for the moment to cast aside their chafing bonds and, like the United States, declare themselves a free nation. They are the embodiment of all that is good, generous, and noble. They are frank with a friend, and openly admire his good traits. But woe! to him who evinces any signs of treachery; nothing can then save him from their wrath. I have seen the coffee plant under cultivation, also tobacco, acres and acres of it. I spent a day fifteen miles out in the country, at a friend's house, and observed the methods of planting, &c. Also visited a sugar plantation where one mill covers acres of ground, the machinery of which, and for gathering cane, requires the united attention of 500 people. But if I should go on in this way, recounting experience after experience, I would have friend McEwen forever setting type.

I will say, in conclusion, that this trip formed one of the eventful epochs of my life, and that never had I before met with such a reception as from these generous hearted and wholesouled Cubans. A period of three months elapsed before I reached home again. I forgot to state that Santiago has a population of over 50,000, one-half of whom, however, are negroes and coolies. I will here bid you farewell.

SAMUEL BORCHARDT.

Ditching!

I am now prepared to do Ditching and Tiling in a satisfactory manner and at reasonable rates. Work warranted. Send me your orders.

STEPHEN COCHELL.

NOTICE TO FARMERS!

A large supply of Monticello Flour has just been received at the Rensselaer Mills, which will be sold as cheap as elsewhere. Will exchange wheat and give 36 lbs. to the bushel. Also bran and shorts for sale.

Choice Codfish 6¼ cents a pound, at Kern's new Grocery Store.

All watches and clocks repaired at Hamar's warranted for one year.

Buy your Sugar and Syrups, pure and unpdulterated, at Kern's new Grocery Store.

B. F. Ferguson is prepared to purchase all kinds of grain, and will pay the highest cash price for the same. Office and warehouses at his lumber yards.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTRIX.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Lemuel Tyler, late of Jasper county, Indiana, deceased. The estate of said deceased is probably solvent.

ANNIE TYLER.

August 27, 1881.

NEW

Meat-Market.

[FIRST DOOR EAST OF POST OFFICE.]

Rensselaer, - - Indiana.

FRESH BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON

Sausage, Bologna, Hams, Bacon, Etc.,

Sold in quantities to suit purchasers, at the lowest prices. The very best of stock slaughtered. Give me a call.

Fish and Poultry kept in season. The highest market price in cash paid for Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Calves, Poultry, Hides, Sheep Pelts, Tallow, etc.

v5n27 S. E. WOODS.

...missioners, that the Board ... in The Rensselaer Republican and DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL in relation to receiving sealed bids until September 8th, 1881, for the erection of a Jail and Sheriff's Residence [plans and specifications accompanying the same] has been rescinded.

(SEAL.) Witness my hand and seal of office this 11th day of August, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
Auditor Jasper County.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until one o'clock on Tuesday, September the 20th, A. D. 1881, for the erection of a Jail and Sheriff's Residence. Bids will be received for the buildings completed. Bids will also be received for the iron work, including steel clad cells, brick work, and excavation and stone work. All bids to be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond; the Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

For plans and specifications see Auditor's office.

(SEAL.) WITNESS my hand and Seal of the Board of Commissioners of Jasper county, Indiana, this 11th day of August, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
Auditor Jasper County.

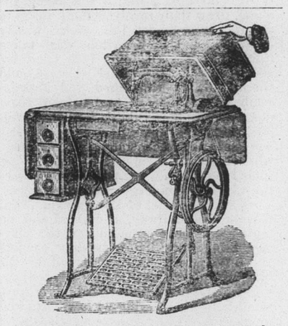
Agents Wanted! Heroes of the Plains.

By J. W. Buel.

Embracing the lives and Wonderful Adventures of

Wild Bill, Buffalo Bill, Kit Carson, Capt. Payne, Capt. Jack, Texas Jack, California Joe,

And other celebrated Indian Fighters, Scouts, Hunters and Guides. A book of thrilling adventures on the Plains! Fights with Indians! Grand Buffalo Hunts! Desperate Adventures! Narrow escapes! Wonderful Shooting and Riding! Wild Life in the Far West! 100 Illustrations! 16 full-page Colored Plates! The grandest book for agents ever published! Positively outsells everything else! 548 pages, price $2.00. Agent's canvassing outfit complete 50 cents. Outfit and copy $2.00. Write at once for agency, or terms and illustrated circular, to HISTORICAL PUBLISHING CO., 602 N. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.



OF all modern improvements in Sewing Machines, the New Wheeler & Wilson, "The Silent No. 8," is the greatest success. Wherever it has come in competition with other machines, before competent judges, it has universally come off triumphant.

We declare it the best in the world.—*Judges American Institute, N. Y.*

AWARDED the only grand prize for Sewing Machines, at the Paris Exposition, 1878, over 80 competitors.

For Agencies in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Colorado, and the Territories.

Write to—

WHEELER & WILSON MF'G CO.,
155 State Street, - - CHICAGO.

C. B. STEWARD, Rensselaer, Ind., v5n25. Agent for Jasper county

REMOVAL.

The public is hereby informed that I have removed to the large and commodious store room formerly occupied by J. I. Purcupile & Co., where I will be pleased to meet my old customers.

MY NEW ROOM

furnishes me with advantages not possessed by my former location. I am receiving a large stock of goods consisting of the best qualities of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
GLASSWARE,
Queensware,
Table & Pocket CUTLERY,
WOODEN AND WILLOW-WARE,

&c., &c., &c., which I will sell LOWER THAN ANY HOUSE IN JASPER COUNTY.

LOUIS KERN.

Rensselaer, Ind., May 6, 1881.

Pacific DRAIN TILE MACHINE!

atented October 21st, 1879.

FARMERS,

DO Your Own TILE DRAINING!

TWO MEN AND A BOY can make and lay Two Thousand feet of TILE in one day, which will be far superior and cost less than half as much as Clay Tile at factory.

Machines and Territory for Sale by

Kingsbury & Peck, AGENTS.

Sewer Pipe and Well-Curbing of all sizes made to order. Tests sold for those who wish to invest in Machines or Territory. All work guaranteed as represented. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

All communications addressed to the above named Agents at Monticello, Ind., will receive prompt attention.

Notice to Bridge Builders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until One o'clock, p. m. on September the 6th, 1881, being the second day of the September Term of Commissioners' Court, for the erection of a Wooden Pile Bridge across the Iroquois River, about three-fourths of a mile above the Pullins Bridge; all bids to be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. For plans and specifications see Auditor's Office.

By order of the Board, to be published in the Rensselaer Republican and THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

(L.S.) WITNESS my name and Seal of Office this, the 27th day of June, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
July 1, 1881. 10t Auditor Jasper County.

Notice to Bridge Builders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until One o'clock, p. m., on September 6th, 1881, being the second day of the September Term of Commissioners' Court, for the erection of a Wooden Plank Bridge across Carpenter Creek, at John Jordan's; said bridge to be forty-two (42) feet long in the clear. All bids to be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond. For plans and specifications, see Auditor's office. The Boar reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board. To be published in the Rensselaer Republican and THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

(SEAL) WITNESS my name and Seal of Office this 27th day of June, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
July 1, 1881 10t Auditor Jasper County.

Non-Resident Notice

State of Indiana, Jasper County, } ss: In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Jonathan Edwards,
vs
Frank W. Babcock, Marie Babcock, Annetta E. Elston, Ezra L. Clark, Assignee of Frank W. Babcock, John R. Elder, Trustee of the Indiana and Illinois Central Railway Company, David J. Thompson, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Austin, deceased, James F. Watson, and the First National Bank of Richmond, Indiana.

Foreclosure—Complaint No, 2165.

IT appearing by affidavit this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, and that the defendant Annette E. Elston is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendancy of such action is therefore given said defendant Annette E. Elstos, and that the same will stand for trial at the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the Court House, in the Town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday in October, 1881.

(Seal) Witness my name and the seal of the Jasper Circuit Court this 7th day of July, 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.

Chase & Chase, Att'ys for pl'ff.
July 8, 1881. ($8.)

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Indiana, Jasper County, } ss: In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Jonathan Edwards,
vs
Wells S. Hubbard, Delia Hubbard, Revilo W. Hubbard, Julia Hubbard, John Makeever, William Makeever, Jonathan E. Tryon, and Constantine B. Cones.

Foreclosure. Complaint 2164.

IT appearing by affidavit this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action, the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, and that the said defendant William F. Armstrong is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendancy of such action is therefore given to said defendant William F. Armstrong, and that the same will stand for trial at the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the Court House in the Town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday of October, 1881.

(SEAL) Witness my name and the seal of the Jasper Circuit Court, this 7th day of July, 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Jasper County.

Chase & Chase, Att'ys for pl'ff.
July 8, 1881. ($8.)

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

STATE OF INDIANA, JASPER COUNTY } ss. In Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Isaac Hoge, Junior, and Joshua Hoge, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Samuel Hoge, deceased,
vs.
Calvin White, Elizabeth White, William H. White, Mary White, Christian Kale, —— Kale, his wife, William Warren and Abraham Leopold.

Complaint No. 2,073. Foreclosure.

It appearing by affidavit this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court, that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action, the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, that the residence of the defendants Christian Kale, and —— Kale, his wife, is unknown, and that diligent inquiry has been made to ascertain the residence of said defendants, but that said inquiry has not disclosed the residence of said defendants

Notice of the pendency of such action is therefore given said defendants Christian Kale and —— Kale, his wife, and that the same will stand for trial at the next term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be begun and held at the Court House in the town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday in October, 1881.

(Seal) Witness my hand and the sea of the Jasper Circuit Court this 28th day of June, A. D. 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk
Jasper Circuit Court.

R. S. & Z. Dwiggins, Att'ys for Pltfs.
July 1, 1881. ($8.)

REMEMBER

"EARLY BREAKFAST" STOVES

FOR ALL KINDS OF FUEL

ARE ALWAYS THE BEST

152 Sizes and Styles.

SOLD FULLY GUARANTEED BY NORMAN WARNER & SONS.

Rensselaer, Ind., May 13, 1881.

Foltz & Co.

Will graze for the season of 1881:
Yearling cattle at 25 cents per month.
Two-year-old cattle at 30c. " "
Received at their pasture. Call on
FRANK FOLTZ, or
S. P. THOMPSON.

Real Estate for Sale.

Thompson & Bro.

Have for sale cheap lands. Buyers will do well to consult them before purchasing

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until One o'clock p. m. on September the 6th, 1881, being the second day of the September Term of Commissioners' Court, for the building of a grade across the marsh of the Iroquois River, near the residence of George W. Buck; all bids to be by the cubic yard, and to be accompanied by a good and sufficient bond. For dimensions of grade, see Surveyor's Report on file in Auditor's Office.

By order of the Board, notice to be published in the Rensselaer Republican and THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

(SEAL.) WITNESS my name and Seal of Office this 27th day of June, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
July 1, 1881. 10t Auditor Jasper County.

Notice to Bridge Builders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until One o'clock, p. m. on September 6th, 1881, being the second day of the September Term of Commissioners' Court, for the erection of a Wooden Pile Bridge across the Iroquois River, about three-fourths of a mile above the Pullins Bridge; all bids to be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. For plans and specifications see Auditor's Office.

By order of the Board, to be published in the Rensselaer Republican and THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

(L.S.) WITNESS my name and Seal of Office this, the 27th day of June, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
July 1, 1881. 10t Auditor Jasper County.

Notice to Bridge Builders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Board of Commissioners of Jasper County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids until One o'clock, p. m., on September 6th, 1881, being the second day of the September Term of Commissioners' Court, for the erection of a Wooden Plank Bridge across Carpenter Creek at John Jordan's; said bridge to be forty-two (42) feet long in the clear. All bids to be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond. For plans and specifications, see Auditor's office. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board. To be published in the Rensselaer Republican and THE DEMOCRATIC SENTINEL.

(SEAL) WITNESS my name and Seal of Office this 27th day of June, A. D. 1881.

EZRA C. NOWELS,
July 1, 1881 10t Auditor Jasper County.

Non-Resident Notice

State of Indiana, Jasper County, } ss: In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Jonathan Edwards,
vs
Frank W. Babcock, Marie Babcock, Annetta E. Elston, Ezra L. Clark, Assignee of Frank W. Babcock, John R. Elder, Trustee of the Indiana and Illinois Central Railway Company, David J. Thompson, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Austin, deceased, James F. Watson, and the First National Bank of Richmond, Indiana.

Foreclosure—Complaint No, 2165.

IT appearing by affidavit this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, and that the defendant Annette E. Elston is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendancy of such action is therefore given said defendant Annette E. Elstos, and that the same will stand for trial at the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the Court House, in the Town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday in October, 1881.

(Seal) Witness my name and the seal of the Jasper Circuit Court this 7th day of July, 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.

Chase & Chase, Att'ys for pl'ff.
July 8, 1881. ($8.)

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Indiana, Jasper County, } ss: In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Jonathan Edwards,
vs
Wells S. Hubbard, Delia Hubbard, Revilo W. Hubbard, Julia Hubbard, John Makeever, William Makeever, Jonathan E. Tryon, and Constantine B. Cones.

Foreclosure. Complaint 2164.

IT appearing by affidavit this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action, the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, and that the said defendant William F. Armstrong is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice of the pendancy of such action is therefore given to said defendant William F. Armstrong, and that the same will stand for trial at the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the Court House in the Town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday of October, 1881.

(SEAL) Witness my name and the seal of the Jasper Circuit Court, this 7th day of July, 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Jasper County.

Chase & Chase, Att'ys for pl'ff.
July 8, 1881. ($8.)

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

STATE OF INDIANA, JASPER COUNTY } ss. In Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1881.

Isaac Hoge, Junior, and Joshua Hoge, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Samuel Hoge, deceased,
vs.
Calvin White, Elizabeth White, William H. White, Mary White, Christian Kale, —— Kale, his wife, William Warren and Abraham Leopold.

Complaint No. 2,073. Foreclosure.

It appearing by affidavit this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court, that all of the above named defendants are necessary parties to the above entitled action, the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage, that the residence of the defendants Christian Kale, and —— Kale, his wife, is unknown, and that diligent inquiry has been made to ascertain the residence of said defendants, but that said inquiry has not disclosed the residence of said defendants

Notice of the pendency of such action is therefore given said defendants Christian Kale and —— Kale, his wife, and that the same will stand for trial at the next term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be begun and held at the Court House in the town of Rensselaer, in the County and State aforesaid, on the Third Monday in October, 1881.

(Seal) Witness my hand and the sea of the Jasper Circuit Court this 28th day of June, A. D. 1881.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk
Jasper Circuit Court.

R. S. & Z. Dwiggins, Att'ys for Pltfs.
July 1, 1881. ($8.)

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad Comp'ny

OPERATING THE

Chicago & Indianapolis Air-Line Railw'y.

TIME SCHEDULE--No. 1.

To take effect Sunday, May 1, 1881 The right is reserved to vary therefrom as circumstances may require.

NORTHWARD	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD
L. 5 00 p. m.	Bradford	A. 11 50 a. m.
5 17 "	† Sharpsburg	11 32 "
5:22 "	† Lees	11:27 "
5:35 "	† Hanging Grove	11:14 "
5:40 "	† Zard's	11:09 "
5:47 "	† Pleasant Ridge	11:02 "
A. 6:05 "	Rensselaer	L. 10:45 "

Make close connections with L. N. A. & C. trains at Bradford.

† Flag stations, at which trains must come to a full stop when Passengers or Freight to take on or go off.

No other stops shall be made for Passengers or Freight.

JOHN MACLEOD, Gen. Sup't, Louisville, Ky
J. E. REEVES, Sup't Transp'tn Lafayette.
J. F. KLEPPER, Train Despatcher.

PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

"PAN-HANDLE ROUTE,"

GOING EAST.	Express.	Express.	Local.
Lve Ill. State Line	†6.30 a.m.	† 45 p.m.	†7.00 a.m.
" Kentland	6.40 "	1.50 "	7.30 "
" Goodland	7.02 "	17 "	8.30 "
" Remington	7.22 "	37 "	9.25 "
" Wolcott	7.37 "	2.58 "	10.18 "
" Reynolds	8.02 "	3.17 "	11.23 "
" Monticello	8.17 "	3.32 "	12.02 p.m.
" Idaville	8.35 "	3.49 "	12.45 "
" Burnettsville	8.44 "	3.57 "	1.13 "
Arr Logansport	9.15 "	*30 "	2.45 "

GOING WEST.	Express.	Express.	Local.
Lve Logansport	†8.40 a.m.	†7.30 p.m.	†10.45 a.m.
" Burnettsville	9.12 "	8.01 "	12.17 p.m.
" Idaville	9.21 "	8.10 "	12.45 "
" Monticello	9.37 "	8.26 "	1.37 "
" Reynolds	9.53 "	8.41 "	2.07 "
" Wolcott	10.18 "	9.04 "	3.20 "
" Remington	10.38 "	9.19 "	3.37 "
" Goodland	10.53 "	9.38 "	4.42 "
" Kentland	11.15 "	9.58 "	5.32 "
Arr Ill. State Line	11.25 "	10.10 "	6.00 a.m.

CONNECTIONS AT LOGANSPORT.

Express Trains leave Logansport at *3.15 a.