

# The Democratic Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JASPER COUNTY.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1880

The father of Senator Voorhees died on Monday last.

The smallpox has broken out among the horses in Canada.

The exodus has struck Evansville. No women and children in the consignments.

Grant did not go down to a watery grave as was feared; Caesar has returned, and Blaine, Sherman, et al, are happy and serene.

Can an instance be shown where a cumbersome and expensive registration law has proven a protection against illegal voting?

Every vote cast against the State constitutional amendments will be a Democratic vote—Republican.

If so, their fate is sealed—defeat is sure.

Attorney General Woolen, in a recently published opinion, holds that a Board of Commissioners cannot appoint one of their number to superintend any public work, and such an act "is not only in bad public taste, but contrary to public policy and illegal."

The New York Evening Express says that Senator Logan's four day pitched battle against Fitz John Porter has closed, and the field is strewn with dislocated parts of speech, and wounded adjectives and lost nomina tives trying to find the verbs they belong to.

The Peoria National Democrat says: The currency question is like Banquo's ghost. It will not down at any man's bidding, let him think himself ever so great. The best way is to meet it manfully, and meet it in the interest of the masses, and not in the interest of privileged classes.

General Thompson and T. "Major" Bitters are exceedingly incensed and exasperated at the delay in settlement of the pensions to which they are entitled! caused by the Democratic congress. After all the suffering and privations they endured it is truly sad and awful. Give 'em a dose of your justly celebrated "hog-wash" Bitters, "Major."

An organization young Republicans has been formed at Boston which has declared that neither Grant nor Blaine is fit to be President. The Republican party cannot name a man within its ranks against whom there is not a strong opposition and threats that he shall be defeated if he is forced upon the party. Surely the outlook for any Republican is not very flattering.

The Indianapolis Sun is the organ of the Greenbackers of this State and it is strongly opposed to the adoption of the proposed amendments. It says:

"We believe registration laws are convenient aids to political thieves, and have no hesitancy in opposing any amendment to our constitution that shall require the enactment of laws providing for the registration of voters. We have an objection to the constitutional election, but the administration has been tied to the amendment changing the day of election, we shall cast our vote against it in the interest of American liberty and the purity of the ballot box."

LaPorte Argus: A gentleman from the South part of the county, writes us a letter this week, in which he takes strong ground in opposition to the 1st and 3d Constitutional Amendments, and shows wherein they will work hardship. We understand that Presiding Elder Cissel, of this city, says if the 1st Amendment is adopted it will disfranchise fully one thousand Methodist preachers, and he is strongly opposed to it. Our South Woods correspondent says the people of the Eastern part of the county are generally opposed to these questions, as they are of great importance to all classes. Every man should carefully read them and then vote according to the dictates of his judgment. There should be no partisanship mixed up in this question.

The law providing for the submission of the constitutional amendments to the electors of the State enacts that "the secretary of State shall procure ballots of blue paper on each of which shall be printed the proposed amendments and below each amendment shall be printed the word "Yes" in one line, and in another line the word "No," that any qualified elector may vote for or against any amendment by depositing one of those said ballots in the ballot box. If he intends to vote for any amendment he shall leave thereunder the word "Yes" and erase the word "No." If he intends to vote against any amendment the word "Yes" shall be stricken out and the word "No" left; and if both words are allowed to remain, without either of them being erased, the votes shall not be counted either way." The law requires that the tickets be kept in the hands of the Inspectors of the election and that they be given out one at a time, as they are demanded by the person wishing to vote.

Says the Indianapolis Sentinel: "Nearly all of our Democratic State exchanges oppose portions of the amendments; some of them are opposed to all. A registry law seems to be particularly obnoxious, simply because the Republican party perpetrated a greater amount of rascality under the only registry law we ever had in Indiana than under any other instrumentality ever used by the sleek."

smooth political rascals of that party. This is quite a sweeping assertion, but during the reign of the old Registry law we knew a young Republican lawyer, of this city, who has since seen the errors of his way and become a Democrat. He said that one Sunday before a certain election in Indianapolis, he consumed the sacred day by copying names from a New York City directory, that there might be enough signatures to tally with the stuffings of the ballot box. This was a better plan than that used in Morgan county on another occasion by the Republicans, who ran out of names, and then voted the graveyards of Morgan county. This, however, was not under the Registry law, but serves as an illustration of the brilliantly rascally tactics of Republicanism."

Does a Registry Law Protect the Ballot?

The Indianapolis Sun, Greenback organ says: "We question the propriety of the enactment of registration laws. Such laws usually aid rather than prevent dishonest men in their fraudulent transaction. If a law shall be passed requiring all voters to register before entitling them to vote, it amounts to two elections, and gives the political ringmasters great advantage in the election that is to determine any matter at issue. There are at least five hundred thousand voters in Indiana; it will take one day out of each year to attend to the registration. Now put the wages of each voter at one dollar a day, and you find that it will cost the people five hundred thousand dollars a year to get ready to vote, beside large outlays for registration books, clerks, &c. It does not protect the ballot, but makes it easier for the fraud merchant to carry on his business. He will know the number of registration, and will at once prepare to carry his point by fraud. As the law now is, every man can, if he wishes, keep his purposes to himself so far as voting is concerned, and thus it is that the political office-holder is at a loss to know just how to move in the matter. The ballot box should be free to all citizens who have the legal right to use it, nor should the world be informed before hand as to the number of voters in any given district. No citizen should be compelled to advertise himself as a voter, or be denied the right of an American freeman. We are therefore, at present, opposed to the registration amendment. We had better have two elections every four years than to give such advantages to the enemies of constitutional liberty.

## REMINGTON ITEMS.

The roads are again in passable condition, and the farmers are busy at work marketing their corn, and making preparations for spring work.

Mr. John T. Ford, a highly esteemed citizen of Remington, was married to Miss Laura Timmons, Saturday evening the 13th inst. We wish Mr. Ford and his fair bride may meet with prosperity and happiness, enjoying all the pleasures of earthly life.

Mr. Williams, a noted elocutionist, gave an entertainment at Exchange Hall Monday evening the 13th inst. which was attended by good audience and pronounced a success, although the parties by whom he was employed did not increase their wealth sufficiently to entitle them to be termed millionaires.

The wheat looks very well but the recent freezes and thaws have no doubt injured it considerably, and probably will decrease the yield one fourth from what was expected.

Miss Myra Price's school closed Friday the 12th. Quite a number of present were entertained by literary exercises. Spelling was indulged in on the evening and pronounced a success.

The dangerous and dreaded diseases, diphtheria and scarlet fever have entered the family of Mr. Carson, a merchant of Remington. Four children are quite sick, but their recovery is hoped for.

The temperature meetings still continue to be largely attended and members very enthusiastic with expectations of effecting much good in the near future.

The sermon delivered to the young ladies at the Christian church Sunday evening the 14th was largely attended, very interesting, and if headed by the young ladies will be productive of much good.

Considerable excitement is manifested in the election of Trustees for Carpenter, there being so many competitors, all honorable and competent for the office.

Tue. Tuss.

It is presumed that public officers will procure supplies for public business where they may be bought for the most reasonable prices. Good articles must be had, because they are most durable, most serviceable, most economical. The auditor and sheriff of Jasper county have recently bought writing materials and stationery supplies at the post office. No better goods nor more varied assortment in Remington.

Dr. S. W. Birney will deliver a lecture in the Court House, in Remington, on Saturday evening, April 3, 1880, at 7 o'clock, on "The Socialities of the Times—normal and abnormal, involving Love, its magnetic production. Is it voluntary? Marriage, fit and unfit. Polygamy. Divorce. Women's rights and free love; and no Beecher or Woodhulds, nor anything to shock the most chaste and delicate sensibilities. All—old and young, married and single, invited to attend. A dime at the door for admission."

For good writing papers, for elegant writing papers, for cheap writing papers, for flat-cap, legal-cap and foolscap papers, for legal paper, go to the post office.

**White Husbands or None.**  
Republican daughters of the old Hoosier State, Please forgive your wrath—hide your blushing face. While I read from the Journal of no remote date, Something about your matrimonial plans.

It says: "Nobdy's daughters" in all the broad demand for their husbands "white men or none." "Except those of Democrats," and the vile insult As a plague upon every Republican home.

Fair Republians can daughters, does the wife intimate? That carries poison abroad and stings at home. Among in your hearts intense indignation That is felt in each fiber, in marrow and bone?

It demand, when you kneel at the altar, Like "Democrat daughters," "white husbands and their home;

Two white hand and buck Rogers may make Ind and a their home;

But still our Republican daughters and mothers— "white husbands or none."

— Indianapolis Sentinel

## Are You Going West?

By special arrangement with the direct lines of travel I am enabled to offer individuals or families the lowest possible rates for the transportation of passengers and freight, and will take pleasure in replying to inquiries relative to routes, time of trains, connections, through cars, allowance of baggage, etc. Passengers on the line of the I. D. & C. Ry make connection at Delphi with thru' cars.

I have or can procure tickets of all classes, and baggage checks, to all principal points in the Western States and Territories.

In reply to letters of inquiry I endeavor to give definite and trustworthy information, and am prepared to exhibit a certificate, signed by the General Ticket Agent of the principal Railroads, authorizing me to sell tickets and otherwise represent the direct lines of travel leading to Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Kansas, Colorado, California, and other States and Territories.

Section 14. All general elections shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, but township elections may be held at such time as may be provided by law. Provided, that the General Assembly may provide by law for the election of all judges of courts of general and appellate jurisdiction by an election to be held for such officers only, at which time no other officers shall be voted for; and shall also provide for the registration of all persons entitled to vote.

AMENDMENT NO. 2  
simply provides for striking out the words—

"No negro or mulatto shall have the right of suffrage," contained in section 5 of the second article of the constitution.

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amendment section 14 of the second article to read:

Section 14. All general elections shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, but township elections may be held at such time as may be provided by law. Provided, that the General Assembly may provide by law for the election of all judges of courts of general and appellate jurisdiction by an election to be held for such officers only, at which time no other officers shall be voted for; and shall also provide for the registration of all persons entitled to vote.

AMENDMENT NO. 4

amends by striking the word "white" from sections 4 and 5 of article 4, conforming the same to the constitution of the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 5

amends the fourteenth clause of section 22 of article 4 to read as follows:

In relation to fees or salaries, except the laws may be so made as to grade the compensation of officers in proportion to the population and the necessary services required.

AMENDMENT NO. 6

The following amendment is proposed to wit: Amend section 1 of the seventh article to read:

Section 1. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, and such other courts as the General Assembly may establish.

The words "such other courts" are substituted for the words, "such inferior courts."

AMENDMENT NO. 9.

No political or municipal corporation in this state shall ever become indebted, in any manner, or for any purpose, to an amount in the aggregate exceeding 2 per centum on the value of the taxable property within said corporation to be determined by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, and all bonds or obligations in excess of such amount given by such corporations shall be void; provided that in time of war, foreign invasion, or other great public calamity, on petition of a majority of the property-owners, in number and value, within the limits of such corporation, the public authorities, in their discretion, may incur obligations necessary for public protection and defense, to such amount as may be requested in said petition.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of correspondence.

In a word, it is the purpose of the Sentinel, as a weekly, to furnish the public with all the information concerning the most vital importance to every citizen of the state and nation, and its importance is not to be overestimated.

As the public are now in a position to make up their minds upon the merits of this amendment, it is almost certain that the determination of these questions, will depend the popularity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, who will be in constant touch with the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and will keep us fully informed of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplemental, in all its numbers, a column of