Democratic Sentinel.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1879.

John Vaughn, a citizen of Earl Park, Benton county, on Saturday of week before last deliberately committed suicide by taking poison. He was a man of family, and aged about 53 years.

In LaPorte, on Thursday of week before last, a man named Hoglan stole about $1,300 from his employer, a butcher in that city. He was gobbled up, plead guilty before Judge Noyes, sent up for three years, and was safely over the sand hills in less than 24 hours after he had committed the theft. Speedy work.

Hon. John D. Defrees, an old and influential Republican, in answer to the question, "What do you think of the Grant movement?" replied, "I don't take any stock in it, whatever. Grant has been tried twice, and his administration left an odious reputation. There is nothing in him which calls upon the people to change all their traditions on the subject of a third term.

Forty-two Carolina negroes arrived at Crawfordsville on Tuesday of last week. The dispatch announcing the fact stated that they would be provided with work in a day or two, that there was a demand for that kind of labor. This is in very great contrast to an article in the Crawfordsville Review of a recent issue, which gave several interviews with white and colored farmers, who declared that there was absolztely no demand for labor in Montgomery county of any kind.

Some of the Republicans who are engaged in importing pauper negroes from the South into this State seem to be ignorant of the fact that an old law passed in '52, reads as follows: "Every person who shall knowingly bring within this State a pauper, with the intention of making him or her a charge upon any of the counties in this State, shall upon conviction, be fined $500." Senator Voorhees has called for a Congressional investigation of this exodus matter, and some persons may get themselves into trouble.

The course pursued by the radical press with reference to the pauper negro exodus into this State reminds one of the old anecdote of Noah who, upon inviting a fellow to get into the ark, was requested to "go along with your old boat, there's not going to be much of a shower after all. Notwithstanding train loads are arriving every week they seek to quiet the fears of their toiling readers with the false assurance that there is nothing in it. But in the near future, when these negroes come in competition with the white laborers of the State, the readers of these journals will learn that there is vastly more in it than they had any conception of.

A postal regulation has been in force now for some two months which is not well known among business men or they would more generally avail themselves of it. We refer to the fact that statements, bills, etc., can now be mailed in an unsealed envelope with a cent stamp. This the monthly statements, many of which are made out by wholesale and retail dealers each month can be mailed for one cent, but no writing other than the legitimate bill can be placed upon the statement. No such words as "please remit" can be, neither can a bill receipted be sent. If it is necessary to have the words 'please remit" on the statement or bills, they can be printed as a part of the heading. Publishers of newspapers have the right to enclose bills for subscriptions in their papers, and also receipted bills for the same, but not to write "please remit," which, however, may be printed on the bill without infringing the law.

In his Inaugural address, on the 5th of March, 1877, Fraud Hayes said:—

"I ask attention of the public to the *paramount necessity of reform in our civil service.* * * * A reform that shall be thorough, radical and complete; a return to the principles and practices of the founders of the government. They neither expected nor desired from public officers any partisan services.

On the 22d of June, 1877, Mr. Hayes issued the following executive circular:

"* * * No officer should be required or *permitted* to take part in the management of political organizations, caucuses, conventions, or election campaigns. Their right to vote and express their views on public questions, either orally or through the press, is not denied, provided it does not interfere with the discharge of their official duties. No assessments for political purposes on officers or subordinates should be allowed. This rule is applicable to every department of the civil service. It should be understood by every officer of the general government that he is expected to conform his conduct to its requirements.

Verp Respectfully,
R. B. HAYES

Now, Mr. Fraud, in the light of the above order issued by you, would it not be as well for you to scrutinize carefully the recent circular of Mr. Marshal Dudley, and determine whether or not it comes in conflict with your requirements.

Carrying Out he Law.

If the Republican rascals of Maine were prairie dogs, with their tails in a steel trap, they could not squeal louder or to less purpose. They feel the law's halter draw, and as it chokes the political life out of them, but severer punishment than defeat is in store for them.—The Boston Globe is entirely familiar with the deep-laid schemes of Republican knaves to steal the State of Maine.—Everybody knows that the Republican party is in the minority in Maine. Its only chance of success was to perpetrate frauds, and this was done by the leaders with a profound disregard for all law, human and divine. The Globe says:

The most encouraging feature of this result is the evidence which it gives that the threats of the Radical Republicans have had no effect in diverting the governor and council from the performance of their duty. At every step the law and the constitution have been strictly followed, and the executive has not been deterred from obeying the law by all the frantic efforts at intimidation which Mr. Blaine has made through his party workers in Maine and his organs outside the State. Further than this, Republican precedents have been carefully followed in the canvass of the returns, and nothing has been done that will not stand as legal and equitable under the closest scrutiny. The cry of "revolution" which Blaine and his followers have raised is found to be empty and foolish, and the threats of armed opposition and of the establishment of a rival Legislature have evaporated.

But this is only the beginning of the end. With the Legislature assured to the opposition there must follow an investigation of the charges of fraud, corruption and intimidation at the polls such as would be impossible with that body in the clutches of a Republican majority.—It is this which Blaine and his crowd fear even more than the loss of the State. Now for the first time Maine has a Legislature able and willing to uncover the corruption which has debased its citizens and destroyed the freedom of the ballot within its limits. We may expect this work to be done as thoroughly and as fearlessly as the governor and council have done their duty; and, even further, that this Legislature will pass such laws as shall make impossible the repetition of this crime against free government.

This is the "revolution" that will be effected in Maine, and all good citizens will rejoice at its success.

What troubles the Maine Republican knaves just now is that they are in danger, as the Globe points out, of an investigation which will overwhelm them with infamy and probably send a number of them to the penitentiary.

Happy New Year!

Try the Tub Oyster, at
R. E. S, & Co.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Wm. W. Greenfield to Susanna Brasket.
Darwin B. Brasket to Minnie Piatt.
Chas. F. Florence to Alice E. Barkley.
Henry K. Ravenscroft to Hattie E. Cross.
Jeremiah Bisher to Lydia Robinson.
Washington W. Wright to Mary Webber
Stephen S. Barnes to Emma Phillips.
John F. Warren to Carrie L. Trussel.

Mince meat, 12½ c. per lb., at
R. E. S. & Co.

—Prairie Lodge No. 125, F. & A. M., at its regular meeting held in Lodge Hall last Saturday night, elected the following officers: Charles H. Price, W. M.; David J. Thompson, S. W.; Louis Kern, J. W.; Charles W. Chilton, Sec.; Ralph Fendig, Treas. Installation ceremonies will be performed to-night, after which the ladies of the Order of the Eastern Star will give a banquet to the members of the Lodge, their wives and daughters.

R. E. SPENCER & Co. have the best Sweet Cider in town.

—Rensselaer Lodge No. 82, Knights of Pythias, at their regular meeting in Castle Hall, Thursday evening, December 25th, 1879, elected officers for the ensuing term, as follows: R. B. Patton, C. C.; Erastus Peacock, V. C.; D. B. Miller, Prelate; W. G. Sears, K of R. and S.; C. H. Price, M. of F.; M. E. Baylor, M. of E.; Geo. M. Robinson, Trustee; C. H. Price, Representative to Grand Lodge. A special meeting of members of the order will be held next Wednesday evening for the purpose of installing the newly elected officers.

Dates, Figs, &c., for holidays, at
R. E. S. & Co.

—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Iroquois Library at the law office of Mordecai F. Chilcote, in rooms Nos. 6 and 7, in the Makeever block, Rensselaer, Indiana, on Monday evening, January 5th, 1880, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of electing seven directors to serve for the period of one year. Immediately after the adjournment of the meeting of the stockholders there will be a meeting of the board of directors held at the same place for the purpose of organizing the said board by electing a president and secretary. A full attendance of the stockholders is desired.

HORACE E. JAMES, Secretary.

C. C. Starr has a splendid variety of goods for the holidays. Call and see them before making purchases.

—A party of engineers, consisting of Chief Garris, with Robt Rae and Don. Garris as assistants, and a full corps of axmen, &c., sent up by the management of the L., D. & C. R. R., (the Narrow Gauge), were surveying a line to this place last week. Not securing the encouragement they expected at Lowell they run a direct line east of that place through Eagle Creek township, from the point where they cross the Kankakee river, directly to Crown Point leveling and driving stakes as they progressed. They arrived here Saturday and commenced running northward Monday, and expect to reach South Chicago some time next week. It looks now as if the road would miss Lowell, unless that town comes forward with the aid asked.—[Crown Point Star.

Thompson, the Remington jeweler, is well prepared to meet all demands for handsome and valuable holiday goods.

—Married, at the residence of the bride's parents in this place on Thursday, December 25th, 1879, by Elder D. T. Halstead, Mr. Stephen S Barnes, of Fowler, and Miss Emma Phillips. A number of relatives and intimate friends of the bride were present to witness the ceremony and offer congratulations, after which the happy couple and the assembled guests partook of the bountiful repast which had been prepared especially for the occasion and which was heartily relished by all. The STANDARD unites with the fair bride's numerous friends in wishing that her cup of happiness may ever be filled to overflowing, and that a full share of life's choicest blessings may be meted out to her and the noble hearted bridegroom. The happy swain took the noon train for Chicago, where they will remain a few days and from thence they go to Fowler to enter upon the pleasures and duties of housekeeping.

The Christmas "Boat", at the M. E. church, and the "Tree" at the Christian, Wednesday evening, were well filled with handsome and valuable presents, and the hearts of the many participants in the entertainments gladdened.

Roll of Honors.

FIRST STAR HONOR.

The following are the names of pupils in the various schools of Jasper county who were neither absent or tardy during the first month:

Bulie Banes,
Emma Banes,
Sarah Swartwout,
Effie Hartman,
Moses Clark,
Mary Wolf,
Lena Callaghan,
May Ray,
Adilie Ray,
Willie Hubbard,
Cora Adams,
Mary Adams,
Lee Catt,
Charlie Daugherty
Ella Everson,
Rebecca Fendig,
Crilley Hutson,
Birdie Hammond,
Nellie Hopkins,
Nellie Keller,
George Minicus,
George Moss,
Mary Gaston,
Nettie Price,
Jonnny Green,
Bertie Green,
Gracie Thompson,
John Tanner,
William Tanner,
Daniel Tanner,
Freddie Tanner,
George Lewark,
Mary Lewark,
Edward Lewark,
Howard Jones,
Fannie Jones,
Freddie Goss,
Walter Garis,
Amos Garis,
Birdie Makeever,
Winnie Sayler,
Wallace Sayler,
Lawrence Sayler,
Josie Parkison,
Maggie Parkison,
Jaley Parkison,
Alice McDonald,
Minnie McDonald,
Euphemia McDonald,
Stella Johnson,
Mary Johnson,
Vance Collins,
Willie Collins,
Edward Lewark,
James Snider,
Freddie Tanner,
Stephen Bowdy,
Wester Bowdy,
Charles Welch,
Allie Tyler,
Freddie Fyler,
Minnie Pillars,
Daisy Watson,
Bernie Watson,
Mattie Robertson,
Nancy McGinnis,
Marion McGinnis,
Belle Paris,
Thomas Paris,
Maggie Halligan,
Karvey McGinnis,
Cora Dresse,
Ida Ailman,
Bertie Benter,
Jessie Barton,
Eva Brown,
Carrie Black,
Howard Black,
Lottie Church,
Maggie Chappell,
George Chappell,
John Crowe,
Carrie Courtright,
Ettie Carsons,
Willie Chappell,
Mala Garrison,
Bonnie Hodshire,
Sherman Jeffries,
Willie Norris,
Grace Maxwell,
Smith Middleworth,
Flora Powell,
Aggie Patton,
Bertha Poole,
Jennie Riley,
Alice Simms,
Evan Timmons,
Artie McLuliey,
George Richcreek,
Allan Richcreek,
Walter Zea,
Fred Bowman,
Arthur Huice,
Mabel Parker,
Frank Peck,
Frank Immell,
Willie Immell,
Luther Patton,
Samuel Guy,
Addie Alkire,
Susia Alkire,
Electa Guy,
May Huston,
Allie Brown,
Carleton Brown,
Albert Daugherty,
Charles Downing,
Delia Toyne,
Anna L. Hitchey,
Irene H. Hitchey,
Allie Besse,
Hattie Bessie,
Charlie Yeoman,
Morris Besse,
Maggie Blake,
Mary E. Coon,
Jennie Coon,
Matilda Hilderbrand,
Albert L. Brand,
Frank O. Cross,
John Yeager,
William Yeager,
John Coon,
Millie Wade,
Katie West,
Ida West,
Nora Ritchard,
Mary Wiley,
Monford Pritchard,
Tommy West,
Stella Parkison,
Laura Parkison,
Lettie Randle,
Edward Randle,
Harry Barkley,
Amri Barkley,
Agnes Brown,
Della Lwen,
Lizzie Ewen,
Charles Read,
Ollie Read,
R. A. Parkison,
Jennie Barkley,
May Barkley,
Della Hoover,
Katy Hoover,
Charles Randal,
Armur Parcels,
Maggie Borsch,
Frank Borsch,
Molly Lewis,
Emma Lewis,
Ella Long,
Janie Long,
Judson Hunt,
Calvin Robb,
Charley Robinson,
Ella Mitchell,
Lowie Mitchell,
Elzena Nash,
Mead Rayburn,
Perry Hamilton,
May Hammond,
Belle Flugley,
Eddie Flugley,
Bertie Sparling,
Ettie Handley,
Ora Handley,
Allie Tillett,
Jessie Tillett,
Clay Goldsberry,
Etta Goldsberry,
Andrew Potts,
Charles Potts,
Charles Whitaker,
Henry Whitaker,
Charley Nowels,
Charley Hemphill,
John Burk,
Lydia Shortridge,
Rosa Shortridge,
Katy Shortridge,
George Antrim,
Emma Hanley,
Charles Hanley,
Ella Hanley,
Schuyler C. Robinson,
Ednie Rockwell,
Cara Nickelson,
Georgie Logan,
Le Randall,
Mary M. Mitchell,
Jonny Dreuth,
Anna Dreuth,
Chuncky Haan,
Willy Haan,
Willy Whited,
Emma East,
Eva East,
Isaac Jones,
Alice Sands,
Robert Hannan,
Samuel Hurst,
George McElfresh,
Morton Henkle,
Coran Parker,
Charley Day,
Irene Suits,
May Wilder,
Josie Wilder,
Parker Overton,
Harold Shields,
Lucy Shields,
Andrew Shields,
Minnie Banes,
Lila Curtis,
William Swartwout,
Willie Zea,
Schuyler Irwin,
David Platt,
Emerson Reeve,
Charlie Rhodes,
Birdie Spitler,
Mary C. Spitler,
Paul Troy,
Dallas Warren,
Walter Willey,
Mattie Warden,
Harry Duvall,
Annie Erwin,
Eva Harding,
John Halloran,
Albion Miller,
Ada Strong,
Orlando Yeoman,
Fannie Briggs,
Russell Parker,
Isaac Parker,
Charles Parker,
Nellie Hammerton,
Eva Hammerton,
Wessie Hammerton,
James Bell,
John Johnson,
Ettie Brown,
Charles Brown,
Minnie Bell,
Minnie Blake,
Girty Green,
Susan Story,
Jane Gaston,
James Blake,
Francis Gaston,
Nellie Coen,
Charles Porter,
William Salter,
Abram McElfresh,
Lizzie Funston,
Clara McElfresh,
Alda Fuiton,
Bertha Funston,
Hervey McElfresh,
Cary Crysler,
Milton McElfresh,
Richard Hargrave,
Freddie Coen,
Tina Fleener,
Ulysses Grant,
Nellie Grant,
Estella Makeever,
Minnie Chamberlin,
Nettie Chamberlin,
Ida Chamberlin,
Ica Garrison,
Ollie Henricks,
Flora Henricks,
Iona Hayes,
Joseph Pelley,
Charles Peck,
Eddie Peck,
Frank Rich,
Anna Simms,
Jessie Draper,
Laura Hoishire,
Jennie Morris,
Clara Morris,
Dora Morris,
Laura Parks,
Clara Armstrong,
Ellery Bloom,
Josie Caramady,
Hattie Corn,
Laura Corn,
Ella Cotton,
Rosella Courtright,
Emmie Courtright,
Vina Corn,
Lillie Carson,
Nota Garrison,
Gertie Patton,
Hattie Simms,
Fannie Rockwood,
Belle Rockwood,
Este L. Burnham,
Katie Black,
Bert Bartoo,
Bertie Crowe,
Arthur Dond,
Flora Hart,
Susie Hart,
Thomas Irwin,
Frankie Irwin,
Chancey Landon,
Fred Love,
Robbie Love,
Eva Patton,
Minnie Patton,
Fannie Patton,
Rachel Rhoebus,
Belle Powell,
Rena Riley,
Aggie Stoudt,
Eddie Randle,
Mira Israel,
Bertie Israel,
Stella Israel,
Frank Donnelly,
Will Donnelly,
Annie Donnelly,
Will Clark,
Charlie Clark,
Lawrence Baker,
Charley Israel,
Lizzie Stackhouse,
Grace Nichols,
Ala Nichols,
Robert Shook,
Mary Ott,
Rosa Goff,
Maggie Braddock,
Malinda Goff,
Theodore Beasy,
Willy Goff,
Adelbert Cooper,
Lizzie Cosbey,
Alice Cosbey,
Rosa Parris,
Belle Coons,
Logan Wood,
Lizzie Wood,
Linnie Wood,
Mary Burns,
John Burns,
Douglas Clark,
Mollie Brown,
Mollie Melser,
Delly Brown,
Jacob Melser,
Charles McColley,
Eddie McColley,
Arthur Anderson,
Jimmy Anderson,
Alexander Rowen,
Willie Rowen,
Minerva Price,
Nancy Price,
Wm. N. Fullins,
Edmond McCurtain,
Isaac McCurtain,
Albert Stephenson,
Ettie Coppess,
Otie Coppess,
Mattie Farris,
Nora Faris,
Martin Fuss,
Peter Heil,
Henry Grub,
Rosa Grub,
Bertha Grub,
Willie Grub,
Addie Irvine,
Alice Irvine,
Eva Burke,
Alda Kenton,
Ellie Yeoman,
Daisy Yeoman,
Etta Yeoman,
Emma Kenton,
Delma Nowels,
May Nowels,
Vergil Nowels,
Luella Hemphill,
Maud Hemphill,
Minnie Hemphill,
John Hardesty,
Belle Hardesty,
Edgar Kenton,
Sherman Elder,
Artie Nowels,
Josiah Thornton,
Fanny Hoyes,
Blanche Hoys,
John Hoys,
Hattie Murphy,
Robert Hopkins,
Stephen Bowdy,
Wester Bowdy,
Charles Welch,
Mary Farris,
Harvey Farris,
Eddie Farris,
Annie Mann,
Daniel Prevo,
Frank Prevo,
Maud Prevo,
Clara B. Russell,
Lizzie Redd,
Flora Henkle,
Louisa Day,
Eva English,
Florence Henkle,
Lizzie Day,
Nancy McElfresh,
Calista Pricherd,
Endory English,
Luella Overton,
Elvin Overton,
Ada Overton,
Albert Overton,
Ellie Gwinn,
John Gwinn,
Charley White,
Ettie Leller.
Katy Shields,
John Shide,
Johny McClanahan,
Ophelia McClanahan.

"Thalians"—They will open the new Opera House in Rensselaer New Year's night.

Lafayette Sunday Evening Leader.

The Thalian Dramatic Club have accepted the invitation of the proprietors of the new opera house in Rensselaer, to inaugurate the theatrical season in a formal opening of their opera house, and have sent word that they will be there on the evening of January first, and present the beautiful society comedy of "Extremes." Our Rensselaer friends are fortunate in securing an engagement from the Thalians, and will no doubt appreciate the compliment by giving them a generous reception. The play will be presented in all its details, every character being sustained with a fidelity that will astonish and delight.

Mr. Cook, of Delphi Journal, called in to see us this morning.

M. F. Chilcote, Esq., and family are visiting friends in Michigan.

Miss Louie Hammond is spending the holidays at her home in Rensselaer.

The Masquerade, last evening, was a success beyond the most ardent expectation of its devotees.

Abby Sage Richardson was listened to with wrapt attention by a fair sized audience Monday evening.

Miss Wilkinson is passing the holidays with friends at her home in LaPorte county.

MARRIED. - On Christmas, by Justice Harding, in Rensselaer, Washington W. Wright and Mrs. Mary Webber, both mates.

Frank Cotton now occupies his new residence, and Will Legg has moved into the Mrs. Crockett property vacated by him.

—Mr. David A. Williamson, business manager of the Thalian Dramatic Club, of Lafayette, was in town, the 22d inst. and made arrangements with Messrs. Willey & Sigler for the formal opening of the new Opera House, on the evening of January 1st, by presenting to our citizens the beautiful comedy of "Extremes." The play will be elegantly sustained by one of the best society troupes in the country, and those of our people who do not hear them will miss a great treat. Tickets for reserved seats can be had at Willey & Sigler's store.

1080 THE 1880

Indiana Weekly

STATE SENTINEL.

Enlarged, Improved.

$1.00 Per Annum.

THE PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1880.

The coming presidential year promises to be the most eventful and thrilling in a political sense that we have ever witnessed, and will determine questions of the most vital importance to every citizen of the State and nation. It is not improbable—indeed it is almost certain that, upon the determination of these questions, will depend the perpetuity of our present system of free government.

These questions will be thoroughly discussed during the present session of Congress.

The Sentinel has arranged for a first class, experienced, special correspondent at Washington, and in addition to giving a true account of all the general proceedings in that body, will give the leading speeches of our most prominent statesmen, and without depriving our patrons of the usual amount of reading matter. The Sentinel will hereafter contain supplement, making in all SIXTY COLUMNS of composition.

In a word, it is the purpose of The Sentinel, as a steadfast watchman of public intelligence, to do its whole duty in affording information to its subscribers upon all these topics of such vast moment.

As in '76 so in '80 Indiana will be called upon to take a first position in the front of the great contest, and upon the success or failure of the great and gallant Democracy of our State will depend the fate of issues the most portentous ever submitted to the arbitrament of a free people.

We shall also specially call attention, from day to day, as occasion may require, to an entirely NEW PHASE in the politics of our State—we mean the forced emigration for temporary partizan purposes of pauper negroes from the South into Indiana. The managers and leaders of the Republican party, in our State and at Washington, are now engaged in this nefarious work, and are attempting by every means in their power to promote its advancement. They have failed, utterly failed to convince our people of the correctness of their political principles, by reason or argument; their appeals to hatred and prejudice have fallen harmless: their lavish and corrupt expenditures of public and private moneys have proved wholly futile. They propose now by an African invasion of worse than a vandal horde of beggars and mendicants to override the voice of the people of the State, and to drown the Democratic majority. The last resort, the forlorn hope, the assaulting party, the picket assaulting corps of Republicanism in Indiana is thus made up—not from the Hunters, Harrisons, Hellmans, or Shacklefords of the State; not from the intelligence or ability of that party, but is composed of a motley, parti colored gang wretched field negroes from the South. The froth and scum of this worthless importation are made use of to destroy the free franchise of resident citizens, and to tax our means of home labor and domestic subsistence for the support of the political tenets of a defeated faction.

The sleepless Sentinel, upon the heights of popular rights and popular liberty, predicts that this movement will also be a failure.

With respect to time before unheard of method of manufacturing party majorities in a State, we shall at all times give the latest and most reliable intelligence.

The American Democracy, the Federal Union, the rights of the People and the States, one and inseparable—now and forever.

The merits of The Sentinel as a general newspaper are so well known among the farmers of this State, especially those of the Democratic persuasion, that commendation of it is considered superfluous. We will add, however, that the management has arranged and fully determined that no paper shall furnish so great practical value to its patrons for the money.

In its news, its editorial, its literary and miscellany—in a word, in its general reading it shall not be surpassed by any paper circulated in the State.

It will be particularly adapted to the family circle. We do not believe that any reading, thinking man in the State can afford to do without the Weekly Sentinel at the small cost at which it is furnished.

OUR PREMIUM INDUCEMENTS.

Every subscriber to the Weekly State Sentinel, at $1 29 per year, will receive a copy of The Sentinel's very able law treatise, by James B. McCrellis, Esq., entitled

THE LAW OF THE FARM.

The information contained in this little work is invaluable to every farmer, while any business man can consult it with profit.

Rose Darner and Name Writer,

a valuable device that retails for $1.00, for attaching to machines, by which you can readily write your name or monogram on any woolen, silk or cotton article, or you can darn a hole in table or bed linens, underclothing, handkerchiefs, etc., neatly and expeditiously.

We also offer

"ROPP'S EASY CALCULATOR,"

in connection with the Weekly Sentinel. It embodies a new system of calculation, by which a vast amount of figures and mental labor required by the ordinary methods, and fractions with their complexities, are absolutely avoided in practical calculations.

TERMS: Weekly.

Single Copy without premium	$ 1 00
A Club of 11 for - - - -	10.00
Sentinel and Law of the Farm	1.25
Sentinel and Darner and Name Writer, - - - - -	1.25
Sentinel and Ropp's Easy Calculator, - - - - -	1 25
Sentinel and Map of Indiana.	1.25

Will send the Weekly Sentinel and the acts of the last Legislature for $1.50.

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1 Copy one month, - - -	.85
Sunday Sentinel, - - -	1.50

Agents making up clubs may retain 10 per cent. of the Weekly subscriptions and 20 per cent. of the Daily, or have the amount in additional papers, at their option.

Send for any information desired.

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IMDIANAPOLIS SENTINEL CO.
Indianapolis, Ind.

Celebrated A. Booth Oysters, by quart, can, or dish, at
R. E. SPENCER & Co.

Dr. A. H. Wirt, dentist, is in town, and will remain a short time. He will be happy to meet all desiring his professional services, at the law office of D. B. Miller, Esq., over the Narrow Gauge Clothing House.

Whenever our aged friend of the Republican fails to connect with time in the issue of his paper, we shall apply to his case the friendly notice he gives the SENTINEL this week. All is said that can be.

With its issue this week the STANDARD will cease to exist, in accordance with an agreement between Messrs. Cissel and Bitters. We wish Brother Cissel success wherever he may here after cast his lot, and in whatever business he may engage in the future.

Kentland Gazette: Prosecuting Attorney Babcock of this Judicial circuit, is a hardworking and efficient official. He bestows his best efforts and gives his time and attention to the duties of his office. The circuit has never had a better, harder working or more conscientious Prosecutor, and it is therefore the greater pleasure to thus refer to him.

Yes, but wail till we elect a Democratic Prosecutor.

The Constitutional Amendments.

Seven important amendments to the Constitution of Indiana have been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assemblies of 1877 and 1879, and by an act of the last General Assembly, approved March 10, 1877, these said amendments are to be submitted to the electors of the State of Indiana for ratification or rejection, at an election to be held on the first Monday in April, 1880. The law providing for the submission of these amendments to the electors of the State enacts that "the secretary of State shall procure ballots of blue paper, on each of which shall be printed the proposed amendments, and below each amendment shall be printed the word 'Yes' in one line, and in another line the word 'No;' that any qualified elector may vote for or against any amendment by depositing one of said ballots in the ballot box. If he intends to vote for any amendment he shall leave thereunder the word 'Yes,' and erase the word 'No' by drawing a line across it, or otherwise. If he intends to vote against ary amendment, the word 'Yes' shall in like manner be stricken out and the word 'No' left; and if both words are allowed to remain without either of them being so erased, the vote shall not be counted either way. These amendments are designated by numbers, and are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9, numbers 7 and 8 having failed to receive a majority of votes of both branches of the last General Assembly.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend section 2 of article 2 so as to read as follows:

Section 2. In all elections not otherwise provided for by this constitution, every male citizen of the United States of the age of 21 years and upward, who shall have resided in the State during the six months, and in the township 60 days, and in the ward or precinct 30 days immediately preceding such election, and every male of foreign birth, of the age of 21 years and upward, who shall have resided in the United States one year, and shall have resided in the State during the six months, and in the township 60 days, and in the ward or precinct 30 days immediately preceding said election, and shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, shall be entitled to vote in the township or precinct where he may reside, if he shall have been duly registered according to law.

AMENDMENT NO 2

simply provides for striking out the words—

"No negro or mulatto shall have the right of suffrage," contained in section 5 of the second article of the constitution.

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend section 14 of the second article to read:

Section 14. All general elections shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, but township elections may be held at such time as may be provided by law. Provided, that the General Assembly may provide by law for the election of all judges of courts of general and appellate jurisdiction by an election to be held for such officers only, at which time no other officers shall be voted for; and shall also provide for the registration of all persons entitled to vote.

AMENDMENT NO. 4

amends by striking the word "white" from sections 4 and 5 of article 4, conforming the same to the constitution of the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 5

amends the fourteenth clause of section 22 of article 4 to read as follows:

In relation to fees or salaries, except the laws may be so made as to grade the compensation of officers in proportion to the population and the necessary services required.

AMENDMENT NO. 6.

The following amendment is proposed to wit: Amend section 1 of the seventh article to read:

Section 1. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, and such other courts as the General Assembly may establish.

The words "such other courts" are substituted for the words, "such inferior courts."

AMENDMENT NO. 9.

No political or municipal corporation in this State shall ever become indebted, in any manner, or for any purpose, to an amount in the aggregate exceeding 2 per centum on the value of the taxable property within said corporation, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, and all bonds or obligations in excess of such amount given by such corporations shall be void; provided that in time of war, foreign invasion, or other great public calamity, on petition of a majority of the property-owners, in number and value, within the limits of such corporation, the public authorities, in their discretion, may incur obligations necessary for public protection and defense, to such amount as may be requested in said petition.

Notice of Administration.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Cyrus Stiers, late of Jasper county, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent. DAVID GRAY, Administrator.
Thompson & Bro., Att'ys for Adm'r.
December 12, 1879—4t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Executor of the Estate of James McCord, senior, deceased, late of Jasper county, Indiana. Said Estate is supposed to be solvent. WILLIAM C. McCORD,
Dec. 26, 1879—4t. Executor.

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Eli Heidelberger, Manager.

Rensselaer, Ind. September 12, 1879.

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I have the most complete stock of Cloths in the city, which I will sell at prices that defy competition. In FANCY SUITINGS I can not be excelled. I am prepared to make them up on short notice, and at prices that can not be undersold. I guarantee satisfaction. No trouble to show goods, whether you wish to buy or not.

EDWARD BROWN.

October 10, 1879—3m. RUFFING'S BLOCK, WASHINGTON STREET, DELPHI, INDIANA.

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