

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1879.

The New York Times, radical, concedes that New York is a Democratic State by at least \$25,000 majority.

Thursday, November 27th, has been designated by Mr. Hayes and Gov. Williams as a day for Thanksgiving.

The Lowes, of Monroe, made about \$200 per week while exhibiting their big ox at County and State Fairs this fall. They might strike a bonanza if they would form a combination with Grant.

In a recent speech Roscoe Conkling spit out a vindictive diatribe against States Rights. Now let him take time to tell something about the rights of Gov. Sprague with a shotgun in hand compelling him to make a straight coat-tail. Of course he thinks Billy had no right to "prowl around that-a-way."

The New York radicals are playing their "counting-in" game in that State. The Oneida county canvass was made but not confirmed by the supervisors on account of the fifth ward of Utica not being filed. It is claimed they can not now be received, and will be thrown out. If they are, Anderson (Republican) will be elected Senator over Straus (Democrat) by 80 majority. And that is the way radical returning boards do it.

Tammany and anti-Tammany divided the Democracy of New York and caused to some extent, defeat in that State. In Ohio, while we hoped for favorable results, they hardly expected to succeed. The radical strength was greatly reduced, and we may obliterate the majority against us in the next canvass. Other States have gone as heretofore, mostly with reduced radical majorities, (we mean radical States). In the National contest the Democracy will be undivided and a Democratic victory the result. Let there be no change of front on the part of the Democracy. There has been no blunder committed, the try to effect a few journals to the contrary notwithstanding. Let the Democratic State Committee prepare now for work. Let it place itself in communication with each member of every Democratic County Committee, and a full understanding had of what is expected, and what may be accomplished. Let there be no halting, no lack of firmness and courage, but satisfied that our principles are correct, and calculated to subserve the best interests of our common country we will press forward, "pick our dents, and try it again!" By this course victory is assured, and no "8 to 7 commission" will be permitted to declare the result.

A Greencastle, Ind., dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette, of the 9th inst., says:

"Now that the thing has been started, it will doubtless be news to many to know that a colony of over 150 families of negroes is to be here within a few weeks. The agents who came here to make arrangements, and who, it is believed, are truthful, write back that the Rebels have offered a reward of \$1,100 for their murder, and that they are living under a guard. They also state that the rebels will almost depopulate the community, and the only dilemma is how to accommodate them when they arrive here—since the head mover of this project, Mr. G. J. Langdale, of this city, who, by the way, was with General Shackelton when he captured John Morgan in Ohio, and is author of a red hot Republican paper offered to find homes for all, they will doubtless have little trouble, and can come as fast as they can. Much comment is made in this part of the State on the affair, and Mr. Langdale has applications from all over the country for the 'Pioneers.' The Democrats are feeling rather 'shaky' over the prospect of success next year, and the Republican boom is still booming."

On which the Indianapolis Sentinel comments: "It is easy enough to discover the animus of the dispatch, — Possibly 150 negro families will arrive at Greencastle, 'inside of a few days,' consigned to G. J. Langdale, editor of a 'red hot' Republican paper. If the report is correct, Greencastle will have an addition to its present population of about 800 negroes. The moment they arrive the people of Greencastle will be required to take care of them—set them to work—so that they may earn a living, or contribute for their support directly from their pockets. In any event Democrats are not the only persons who will feel 'shaky.' In Kansas, where the negroes arrived in mid-summer, and were not in danger of freezing to death, Republicans became 'shaky' and are still 'shaky.' They have been trying to shake off the 'pioneers.' When Republicans have to step aside for Mr. Langdale's pet lambs in short wool they will get the shakes: there will be a general shake, and before the editor of the 'red hot' Republican paper gets through with his job, it will not surprise us to hear that he has had several shakes, some of which are calculated to shake a little of the idiot out of him. The story about the reward of \$1,100 for the murder of the exodus agents, which bears all the ear marks of a foolish lie, is evidently designed to work upon the sympathies of the people in the interest of the vagabond agents, as it is well understood that only the most worthless class of the Southern negroes come North, and that in a large majority of instances, the Southern people are glad to get rid of them.— Ignorant, lazy, filthy and vicious, they are of no use to the South, and will be of no use to the North. As for the 'Republican boom,' which the negroes are expected to help on in Indiana, we are inclined to the opinion that it will not prove so as a

valuable investment. Indiana is not ready to be Africanized in the interest of the Republican party, and the people are awaking to the subject in a way that will disappoint the Republican schemers before they get thro' with the business."

Let's see!

Who promised us a Turkey?

Thanksgiving—Nov. 27th, next.

"Rect" Swain has moved to Maine.

Parties using the Driven Well are interested in an advertisement in another column.

The original Tennesseans are posted for an entertainment at Monticello on Thursday evening of next week.

The father and two brothers of M. F. Cline, Esq., now residents of Kansas, are visiting friends in Jasper county.

THAT WOOD.—Quite a number of our friends have promised us wood on account of subscription. Please bring it right along. We need it now.

J. I. Purcuple & Co. have erected warehouse and cribs near the depot, and are paying the highest cash price for all kinds of grain.

Although last week was the closing one of the term, court is being held this week with a view to clearing up the docket as near as possible.

We believe Prof. Tice led. No one in these parts, so far as we can learn, witnessed the grand display of heavy pyrotechnics predicted by him.

LOOK OUT!—F. J. SEARS & Son will open a first class Furniture Store in McKeever's new room, Dec. 1st, 1879, where you will find everything that is wanted in that line.

The Temperance meeting, last Saturday evening, was well attended, and acceptable addresses delivered by Messrs. F. W. Babcock, D. B. Miller, C. P. Wright and others.

Mr. C. C. Starr has had finished and erected a handsome monument to the memory of his wife. It is the workmanship of Rans Howland, proprietor of the Rensselaer Marble Works:

Handsome invitation cards have been issued for the wedding of Miss Bertha Tuteur and Louis Wilderberg, which is to come off at the residence of the bride's parents, Rensselaer, next Sunday.

Disphtheria is raging in and around Remington. B. H. Patton buried a daughter, aged 11 years, on Tuesday, and another aged 6 years, on Wednesday. Sympathizing friends extend heartfelt condolence.

On last evening the Rensselaer Drama Club gave an excellent performance at Starr's Hall, before a large and delighted audience. We understand this Club will give another entertainment in about three weeks.

The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation, Monticello, will give a dinner and supper, at that place, on Thanksgiving day and evening. They expect for church purposes. They extend a cordial invitation to friends in other localities.

The cause of the State vs Zimmerman et al., charged with appropriating to their use a heifer not belonging to them, v. R. L. was rendered giving one year in the institution among the sand hills, where Bro. H. B. Miller presides over the moral department. A motion for new trial we understand will be argued to-night.

Expenses of October Term 1879, of Jasper Circuit Court

Petit Jurors, -	\$372 70
Grand Jurors, -	59 40
Judge, pro tem, -	25 00
Bailiff, -	69 00
Sheriff, -	79 25
Clerk, -	28 50
Coal, -	7 50
Blank book for Pros. Atty., 75	
Total, -	\$642 25
Of which Benton Co. pays, 114 50	
Actual cost to Jasper Co., \$527 75	

A. Leopold, Ludd Hopkins, T. M. Jones, A. Purcuple and wife, Emmet Kannal and wife, R. H. A. Purcuple, Horace E. James, C. P. Hopkins, Jess Militian, R. P. Phillips and others, went on the excursion from this place to Chicago—some on business, others to see Grant, whom they regard as a greater than Washington. The father of his Country was never known to have been the recipient of houses and lands, and monies, and bairies, and cigars, and whisky, and bull-pups, etc., at the hands of fawning sycophants who expected returns a thousand fold from the public plunder. Nor was he ever known to have placed himself in charge of a committee for exhibition.

A Great Aid in Housekeeping.— No woman who has the care of a house can afford to get along without the housekeeper, a handsome illustration of which is so practical that it saves any house-keeper time, strength, and very often trouble and perplexity, which is worse than work. It is as well of all instructions and plans of use in house-keeping as an egg is of meat. The publishers are bent on introducing it everywhere, and they offer to send it to Jan. 1, 1881, to the lady who first sends 25 cents from any post office in the United States or Canada. Any lady who sends 25 cents and fails to receive the monthly four months' supply of the paper, she prefers. The regular price of the *True Housekeeper* is 75 cents a year. There is also offer to send *Scriven's Harper's*, *The Atlantic*, *Godey's*, *Arthur's*, *Potter's*, *Lippincott's*, or, indeed, any of the monthly magazines for one year to those who get up small clubs. For specimen copies and Premium List which gives full particulars, address THE HOUSEKEEPER, Minneapolis, Minn.

MARRIED.—By Justice Marion, at his residence, in Barkley township, October 23d, 1879, M. W. Dowell and Mary E. Sebring, both of Newton county.

At the residence of the bride's father, in Barkley township, November 5th, 1879, by Justice Marion, Harry B. Murray and Miss Vilette B. Fielder.

After the ceremony those present seated themselves around a well-filled table, and did ample justice to the good things provided for the occasion. The best wishes of all are extended to Harry and his fair bride.

At the residence of the bride's grandfather, near this place, Nov. 9th, 1879, by Justice Harling, Elden R. Robinson and Miss Nellie I. Robinson.

In Sturgis, Michigan, Nov. 9th, '79, by Rev. E. H. Shaw, Wm. Kirtley, Jr., of the Novel's House, Rensselaer, and Miss Amy B. Moore, of Peru, Ind.

On their return to Peru a handsome reception was given at the residence of the bride's parents.

From a card in the Republican of yesterday we make the following extract:

"If there is in the United States a more prominent advocate of hard money and sound currency principles than my humble self, I have not the pleasure of knowing it."

Very respectfully,

Horace E. James.

There's cheek for you. After supporting Haymond for Congress Major or for the Senate, and Brown for the House of Representatives, all pronounced advocates of a policy directly opposed to what this prominent gentleman terms "hard money and sound currency principles," we think it requires considerable cheek to dispute the point made against him by the Kentland PEOPLE'S PRESS.

Keyes, of the Monticello Democrat, and Kit, of the Goodland Herald, have organized a mutual admiration society. They have established the rule "you tickle me, and I'll tickle you." After Kit's pen-portrait of Keyes in his "History of Journalism in Goodland," it exhibits the better nature of the latter, who so far forgoes and forgoes as to manufacture and fabricate a reason for the Herald man's failure to succeed in Monticello. The object of Keyes is perfectly well understood, however, not only by herself, but we are happy to know, by a host of solid Democratic friends in Monticello and White county. More anon.

The New York World, of Nov. 2d, contains an editorial article referring to the late election which gave the following bit of personal history of the Republican candidate for Governor: "Alonzo B. Cornell owned a cotton plantation in Georgia in 1860, and on January 28th of that year stood by chewing an eleven-inch cigar while four strong negro slaves (recaptured runaways and his property) were cut to pieces at the whipping post. The only remark on that occasion of the Republican candidate for the governorship of the State of New York in 1879 was, 'You must kill George but merely cripple the other three.' George left a wife and three children, and the oldest son, now a man of thirty, Robert Diosis, stamped New York for Robinson.

Thomas Ewing.

George J. Peckellton.

Thurman has gone where the whang-doodle mourneth; Ewing is on the Mount of Hesed-dam; Peckellton mourns for his first born; and Kelley is where the lion roareth.

Our pyramid was built and towed in majesty and power, but the "rag baby" got cross and kicked (whilst trying to cut its eye teeth) till, like that of Cheop, it scattered the pyramid over more than eleven acres of ground. The baby's poor old nurse says it is getting better. We think the old nurse gets her second sight, she will discover that the brat is dead.

We are consoled when we stop and think that the Republican party is not better than the populous city of No, among the rivers, whose ramparts were the sea; whose strength was Ethiopia and Egypt, and Pu and Lubin were the helpers. Yet she was carried away, she went into captivity. The party may stand firm, one foot in New England mud, and the other in gilded California sands; it is the great north, the other seized up on the public treasury, to stand in hear the "crack of doom," and above its debris will rise DEMOCRACY, a towering monument of the everlasting rights and untrammeled liberties of the whole people.

Excuse me for indulging in political talk, and remember we are as ever, Yours, Respectfully.

IN MEMORIAM.

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Grand Master of the universe to remove from our midst our worthy brother, Dr. Gordon A. Moss, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of our dear brother this Lodge loses a dear and faithful member, society an honored citizen, and the members of the medical profession an able associate.

Resolved, That we bow in humble submission to Divine will, and tender the bereaved family of our deceased brother our heartfelt sympathies and prayers, that they may be sustained in their deep affliction.

Resolved, That we drape our Hall in mourning for a space of thirty days.

Resolved, That only of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased and a copy furnished each of our town papers for publication:

CHAS. H. PRICE, } GEO. SIGLER, } COM. M. B. ALTER, } I. O. O. F. Lodge, Rensselaer, Nov. 9, 1879.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

For the week ending November 18th, the record of transfers of real estate in Jasper county was as follows:

C. Gordon to Eliza A. and Emma Gordon, undivided part 18, 27, 7—100 acres, \$1,600.

Artemus C. Kerr to Elizabeth C. Kerr, nw 4, 32, 6, \$1,000.

Nels Senson to Geo. E. Hosmer, se 39, 29, 5, nw 34, 29, 5—80 acres, \$2,000. Henry C. Goldsberry to Mary C. Allman, lot 10 and nw 1/4 lot 11, block 17, Remington, \$600.

James G. Knight to Henry Durand, lots 1 and 12, block 8, Chambers & Morgan's addition to Remington, \$1,500.

Edward Blythe to Henry Durand, lots 1, 1 and 3, block 9, Chambers & Morgan's addition to Remington, \$1,000.

John M. Biggs to Henry Durand, sw 8, 27, 6, \$1,000.

John K. Stoudt to Mary H. Biggs, e end lots 7, 8 and 9, block 8, Chambers & Morgan's addition to Remington, \$100.

Alexander Stebbins to John M. Biggs, e side lot 8, block 8, Remington, \$1,000.

Martin Witz to A. P. and Chas. Kerr, nw 4, se 42, 6—400 acres, \$3,000.

Martin Witz to Elizabeth C. Kerr, nw 4, se 42, 6—400 acres, \$3,000.

James G. Knight to Henry Durand, lots 1, 2, 3, block 8, Chambers & Morgan's addition to Remington, \$1,000.

John C. Luehrs to Fitz W. Bedford, sw 27, 28, 6—80 acres, \$1,500.

Leviert Clark to Thor E. Clark, lot 4, block 5, Remington, \$200.

Ernest Broquet to Jerry Troyer, nw 8, 29, 7, \$500.

Simon P. Thompson to Michael Stibbs, se 14, 30—7—40 acres, \$400.

James Spence to Travelers' Insurance Company, part ne 25, 27, 7—48 acres, \$2,233.

State of Indiana to James E. Ballard, nw 14, 30—7—40 acres, \$400.

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