

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1879.

During the last four years of Democratic control in the lower House of Congress \$84,000,000 has been saved.

At Monticello, last Friday night, during the absence of Sheriff Hay, some unknown person procured the keys of the jail and made a general delivery of the inmates of that institution.

If the evidence taken by the Wallace committee in Massachusetts could be transferred to the Cotton Mills of Augusta, Macon and Columbus, Georgia, it would be considered excellent campaign fodder.

The shot gun is rather a terrible argument in politics—more terrible if not quite so tantalizing as the shoe-maker'sawl which good Republicans were lately wont to use to drive naturalized citizens from the polls. How grateful it must be to the refined taste of Rhode Island and Massachusetts that means more delicate and refined has been bestowed upon them for the control of elections.

"The Delphi Times challenges the Union to name over the ex-soldiers of Union army who are now editing republican newspapers in Indiana."—Union.

And the Union replies, in substance, that it prefers to wait and see whether the Solid South party is to control the government," etc., etc. The Union could have given the list in much less space than is occupied by its rejoinder. Therefore its intended sarcastic response is rather "thin."

Fraud Hayes and Sherman forked over \$1750 00 to stay execution on the personal property of Cassanova, at New Orleans, for a few months when they will be expected and required to meet the balance of the judgment. By that time the Fraud will have saved a right smart sum from Tilden's salary, and Sherman will make a good haul in the shape of interest made by a bank from Government funds on which it pays no interest. What a repulsive spectacle to witness the chief executive and a high cabinet official compelled to get down on their knees and shell out on the demand of such scoundrels as the Louisiana returning board thieves and liars.

Judge Miller's Confession.
Two years and a half ago Mr. Justice Miller came down from his place on the bench of the United States Supreme Court and took this oath: "I do solemnly swear that I will impartially examine and consider all questions submitted to the commission of which I am a member, and a true judgment give thereon, agreeably to the Constitution and the laws, so help me God." Evidence was brought before Mr. Justice Miller showing that the lawful vote of Louisiana belonged to Mr. Tilden and Mr. Hendricks by a majority on the popular vote of the State, of more than eight thousand; that a conspiracy had been formed at New Orleans to defraud the people of Louisiana of their vote in the election of a President; and that the so-called electors had title to represent Louisiana in the electoral college save what they derived from forged certificates, perjured affidavits, and shameless violations of the law—that their claims rested upon a fabric of fraud without a parallel in the experience of the country. On the evening of Friday, February 16, 1877, the Electoral Commission, by its infamous vote of eight to seven, gave the vote of Louisiana to Rufus B. Hayes. Mr. Justice Miller voted with the eight, not with the seven. With all the evidence before him, with the solemn language of his oath still fresh upon his lips, he voted nine times in succession to exclude the facts, the right, the truth, from consideration, and to give effect to the frauds of the conspirators. His vote put Hayes in the office that belonged to Mr. Tilden. The one excuse that could be offered for Mr. Justice Miller's share in that great iniquity was that he voted under mistake, under the delusion that Hayes was really entitled to the vote of Louisiana. Even the politicians who sat with him in judgment, the unscrupulous partisans like Morton and Hoar, sought to the end to keep up the pretense of acting under conviction. But recently, at Black Island, in speaking of Mr. Tilden in presence of several gentlemen well known to the country, Mr. Justice Miller said: "He was elected in Louisiana; that is, he got eight or ten thousand more actual votes than Hayes." The vote of Louisiana belonged to Tilden; Tilden was legally elected President of the United States in 1876; Hayes has no right to be in the White House; the decision of the electoral commission was fraudulent and false, and in the face of the facts—all this is truth that has already passed into history. But, as far as we know, no one of the eight who consummated the Fraud had ever confessed this truth until Mr. Justice Miller confessed it at Black Island. It is a most extraordinary and a most humiliating confession to come from the lips of a man who has been honored and trusted by the people of the United States as Mr. Justice Miller has been honored and trusted.

THE OLD SETTLERS' MEETING.
According to arrangements for this meeting, quite a number of people assembled at the Court House, at Rensselaer, Saturday, September 4th, 1879, and on the ringing of the bell, at 1:30 p. m., the court room was filled to overflowing with old and young. Jared Benjamin was called to the chair, and in a few well chosen and

appropriate remarks, accepted the honor conferred.

F. W. Babcock was selected as Secretary.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Eld. Hope B. Miller. M. L. Spitzer, Judge Hammond, John Querry, Thomas Robinson, Gus. Bingham, T. R. Barker, and others, entertained the assembled multitude with reminiscences of early days.

A committee was appointed to arrange for the next annual reunion, and the meeting adjourned, with hopes expressed that all might assemble together again in one year from date.

Commissioners' Court Proceedings.
Appropriations for repair of bridges, as follows:

In Newton township, on Curtis creek, near John Yeoman's, \$30 00.
In Barkley and Hanging Grove townships, the Parker bridge, and the Moore bridge, each \$75 00.

In Rensselaer, the bridge over the Irons, \$21 00.
Shelby Grant, Sup't of Poor Farm, submits his semi-annual report. No. of inmates—8. Receipts—\$172 27. Expenses—\$1001 60.

The Board conferred with Dr. H. W. Reigle to attend the poor in Carpenter township for the next six months for \$74 50.

Joseph Willett was refused license to retail intoxicating liquors in Remington.

Petitions for numerous bridges, and appropriations therefor, continued. The application of Francis M. Hays and Mary J. Goff for a ditch in Barkley township, was considered, and Messrs. John C. Porter, Henry Fisher and John W. Hargrave appointed appraisers to assess benefits.

The Sheriff was authorized to receive the pump at Court House well from F. W. Bedford when satisfied it works according to warranty.

Contract entered into with Charles F. Hopkins to paint the Groom, Bedford, Hoover, and Carpenter creek bridges for \$33 00.

Change of road in Marion township, petitioned for by Alfred Thompson et al., and one in Newton township, petitioned for by Abraham Freeland et al., the viewers having reported favorably, and no remonstrance offered, were granted.

Other road petitions continued, and matters of minor importance passed. The allowances made by the Board at this term aggregate \$2,065 97.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.
Township Institutes for Winter—'79 and '80—Jordan Township.
The Institutes for said Township will be held on the second Saturday of each month during the ensuing school term—the first to be held at the Egypt school-house, on the second Saturday in October, 1879, for which has been arranged the following

PROGRAMME OF EXERCISES.
9 to 9:40 a. m.—Elementary sounds and diacritical marks.—Teacher of School No. 1. (Egypt).
9:40 to 10:20.—Composition.—Teacher of No. 2. (McCoys).
10:20 to 10:40 a. m.—Recess.
10:40 to 11:20.—Institutes and participation.—Teacher of No. 3. (Union).
11:20 to 12.—Analysis in Fractions.—Teacher of No. 4. (Never Fail).
12 m. to 1 p. m.—Noon recess.
1 to 1:40.—School management.—Teacher of No. 5. (Blake).
1:40 to 2:30.—Map-drawing.—Teacher of No. 6. (Bulls).
2:30 to 3:40.—Recess.
3:40 to 3:50.—History.—The Great Rebellion.—Teacher of No. 7. (Maple Grove).
3:50 to 4.—Miscellaneous.
The teachers of the several schools are requested to be present at this Institute, whether their particular school has then commenced or not. The places of holding the next Institute, and programme for the same, will be arranged at this one.

Preparation and promptness desirable. By order of
E. R. BURR, Trustee.
J. A. BURNHAM, Teacher of No. 1.

Old Settlers' Reunion.

The Old Settlers of Jasper and Newton counties held their annual reunion for 1879 in the court house at Rensselaer, Indiana, Saturday, September 6th. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock P. M. by Hon. George H. Brown, of Jasper county, the retiring president of the organization. Mon. Jared Benjamin, of Jasper county, was chosen permanent chairman of the meeting and president of the society for the ensuing year. Frank W. Babcock was elected secretary. On taking the chair Mr. Benjamin defined the object of the meeting in a short appropriate speech. Regular exercises were then opened with prayer by Rev. Hope B. Miller. The opening address was read by Marion L. Spitzer, Esq. The address sparkled with happy allusions to early time scenes, and was full of practical suggestions for the present and future. Then followed off-hand speeches in response to calls by the chair from Judge Hammond, John Querry, "Uncle Gus" Bingham, Thomas Robinson and Samuel L. Spaulding of Jasper county, and Messrs. Thomas Barker and Thomas Buswell of Newton county. A general good feeling prevailed throughout the meeting, and a hearty vote in favor of continuing the organization and for holding the next annual meeting on the first Saturday in next September at such place as the executive committee shall select. On motion the president was authorized to appoint an executive committee of five, to have charge of the business of the society, to make arrangements for its next reunion, etc.; also to appoint an advisory committee of twelve; these committees to be appointed at the convenience of the president and to be announced through the newspapers of the two counties.

The executive committee as appointed by the president consists of Thomas R. Barker and John McCarthy of Newton county; William K. Parkinson, Charles M. Watson, Frank W. Babcock of Jasper county.

The advisory committee consists of Simon Alter, Samuel L. Spaulding, A. W. Bingham, Thomas Robinson, Marion L. Spitzer, Alex. Rowen, John Querry, of Jasper county; Zachariah Spitzer, Thomas Buswell, Ransom Elijah, Henry S. Harris, Newton county.

The Rensselaer, Kentland, Remington and Goodland newspapers were respectfully asked to publish these proceedings.

JAMES BENJAMIN, President.
FRANK W. BABCOCK, Secretary.

Resolutions.

The following resolutions were adopted by the teachers at the close of the Institute, week before last:

WHEREAS, The State Board of Education is constantly requiring, at the hands of the teachers of the state, a higher qualification, and is securing this by making the examinations more rigid each successive year; and

WHEREAS, The compensation received for teaching is our only resource upon which we can draw to thus better qualify ourselves; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, as teachers of Jasper county, deprecate and oppose against the further reduction of the severest wages by the trustees of the several townships.

Resolved, That we mutually agree to report promptly to the county superintendent at the close of each school month such items of information relating to our schools as he shall deem important, provided the superintendent furnish the necessary blanks for such reports.

Resolved, That each teacher shall, if practicable, subscribe for and take into his school a copy of the county paper in which the Educational Department is published.

The Narrow Gauge Celebration and Barbecue at Delphi.

GREAT CROWDS PRESENT.

The Toasts and Responses.

[Special to Indianapolis Journal.]

DELPHI, IND., Sept. 4th.—The first signs of celebrating the completion of the L. & D. C. railroad to Delphi on September 4th were visible to a large and hungry crowd on Tuesday evening last, when an ox, dedicated to the festivities, arrived on a triumphal car from the plains of Jasper county. A party of about three hundred carnivorous individuals had assembled to receive him at the depot. The animal was decorated with his flowers, escorted about the streets, had his picture taken, and an attempt made to do him proud generally. It was a present from A. McCoy, president of the road, and a few friends.

The site selected for holding the celebration was the public square, a very inviting place, as Delphi is said to have one of the finest court-house yards in the state. A great crowd was present. Sixteen carloads came from Monticello and Rensselaer. A free dinner was given by the people of Delphi to all, regardless of race, color or previous condition of ailment. Ample preparations had been made for it, numerous tables being erected in the square, together with a large vat of ice water to supply the thirsty. In the morning the procession was formed as follows:

Lathrop's silver cornet band.
Members of the fire department in uniform.
Mayor, council and city officers.
Guests of the city.

Citizens.
After following out the line of march the caravan entered the court-yard, where, after organization of the meeting, an address of welcome was delivered by Mr. E. W. Hubbard, of the Citizens' Bank. In substance, Mr. Hubbard said: Communities stop at times to note marked points in their progress, and the present occasion is of that character. Although the portion of the road complete is but a link, yet it is of such importance as to assure its completion. After alluding to its early difficulties, he said these trials have served to so organize the organization that its future progress will be more certain and prosperous. In the present state of affairs railroads are a necessity. They tend to civilize our people and foster the moral and material resources of the country. No people can command respect or attention without them. Through the agency of railroads a new era begins to dawn upon us, the full fruition of which we shall realize when this line connects Indianapolis and Chicago, and we shall enjoy and develop the benefits nature has bestowed upon us. With such facilities we can invite people and capital, and may look for a large increase by immigration. When a new period is dawning upon the whole country, we have a high incentive to effort. The industries of Europe are prostrate and her people flocking to this country, which is now in a position to receive and care for the oppressed and poor of the whole earth. Mr. Hubbard said it was to be hoped that there would be but a brief pause for congratulations, and the enterprise would be pushed on to completion. The management of the road deserved the highest commendation for its triumph over past difficulties, and should and would receive the aid necessary to finish the work. The friends from abroad were heartily welcome in our midst, and the hope was extended that these new and pleasant relations would be but the beginning of yet more auspicious days to come.

Colonel S. N. Yeoman, the general manager, responded, saying that he congratulated the people on the present state of the enterprise, and that they should do this, because the work would prove a solution of the cheap transportation question and develop the latent wealth of the country along the route. The management accept the kind sympathy of the people, and in return can say that they promise the rest of the road in a shorter time than was expected. To those who had brought obstacles in the way of and doubted the narrow gauge system, forgiveness is extended on condition that they abandon that broad gauge which leads to financial ruin, and turn to the narrow gauge which leads to wealth and prosperity.

Then came the toast by Mr. Judson Applegate, master of ceremonies, which were responded to by the following gentlemen of the city: Dr. J. T. Richardson, Dr. Moor Mayor Walker, B. F. Schenck, L. B. Sims, Dr. E. W. Beck, B. E. Daily, E. Cox, A. B. Crumpton, C. R. Pollard, Jos. A. Sims, T. J. Steele, Isaac Jackson, Jos. Gwinn, L. E. McKeen, John Sims and others. In the toast citizens from Frankfort spoke in favor of continuing the road to that place. Burlington citizens responded that railroad men, like one of old, went to their own and their own received them not, and now they had turned to Gentiles whose time must be fulfilled, and Burlington must have the road. Representatives of the Indianapolis Board of Trade, Major Palmer, Wm. Scott and brother, Mr. Budd, Mr. George J. Murray and W. Baker were present and made some interesting remarks. Following this came the grand feast, lasting from 12 p. m. till 2 o'clock, at which abundance and variety attested the generous hospitality of the people of Delphi and vicinity. The conspicuous dish, of course, was the Jasper county calf, which had been all the previous day in preparation, employing all the bake-shops in the town. At 2 o'clock a free excursion on the new road took place to Monticello, the train leaving here at 2 and returning at 7 o'clock. In the evening a select ball of the upper end of Delphi, Monticello and Rensselaer, was given in the city hall.

The L. & D. C. railroad now extends from Delphi to Rensselaer. On the northern end of the road no work is at present being done. At Delphi the road will be diverted from the course originally laid out for it, and instead of reaching Indianapolis via Frankfort, Clinton county, will go through Burlington, further east. This branch of road is under a new company. W. F. Lytle, of this place, being president. The people along the new route are holding railroad meetings, and all seem anxious for its immediate continuance.

NORTHWEST INDIANA CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.

Lafayette District—A. A. Geo, Presiding Elder. Lafayette, Trinity, J. C. Stephens; Ninth Street, J. W. T. McMullen; Congress Street and Chauncey, A. Kummer, Wm. to be supplied; Shawnee Mound, H. A. Merrill; Newton, D. Handley; Attica, J. C. Reed; Williamsport, H. N. Ogden; West Lebanon, T. Mason; Marshallfield, Wm. Buck; State Line, J. B. Combs; Pine Village, R. B. Beatty; Montmorency, T. B. McManis; Oxford and Templeton, C. B. Mock; Roswell, to be supplied; Lafayette Circuit, W. Crapp; Battle Ground, C. E. Lewis; Brookston, to be supplied. C. E. Lambert, professor in Williams University, member of Salem (Oregon) quarterly conference; L. Taylor, agent Preachers' Aid Society and member of Congress Street and Chauncey quarterly conference; R. W. Smith, agent Indiana Asbury University and member of Trinity quarterly conference.

Frankfort District—S. Beck, Presiding Elder. Frankfort, Wm. Graham; Michigan, J. M. Stafford; Burlington, A. Lewis; Rossville, S. B. Town; Brimhurst, T. F. Drake; Camden, J. A. Cullen; Delphi, W. H. Himean; Pittsburg, J. C. Martin; Transylvania, to be supplied; Dayton, to be supplied; Romney, E. W. Lawhorn; Stockwell, J. L. Boyd; Colfax, E. A. Andrew and J. Mat. Buckles; Lebanon, F. M. Pavey; Lebanon Circuit, E. Mason; Whitestown, H. F. White; Zionsville, J. E. Newhouse; A. Wood, moral instructor Soldiers' Home, Knights-town, Indiana, and member of Thornton quarterly conference.

Greencastle District—S. P. Colvin, Presiding Elder. Greencastle, College Avenue, L. W. Joyce; Bainbridge, W. A. Smith; Ladoga, J. H. Siddall; Morton, to be supplied; Clermont, D. W. Kisher; Pittsburg, I. P. Patch; Jamestown, W. F. Clark; Mace, E. R. Johnson; Crawfordsville, J. W. Green; Crawfordsville Circuit, J. E. Steele; Yountsville, W. W. Jones; Pleasant Hill, J. Harrison; Hillsboro, C. B. Heath; Covington, J. W. Harris; Plainfield, N. C. Green; Nashville, H. Claypool; Coatsville, Jesse Hill; Carleton, to be supplied. P. Wiley, professor Indiana Asbury University; W. C. Davison, T. Wakiyama, K. Kosaka, missionaries to Japan, all members of College Avenue quarterly conference, Greencastle; T. B. Wood and J. R. Wood, missionaries to South America and members of Crawfordsville quarterly conference.

Terre Haute District—C. A. Brooks, Presiding Elder. Terre Haute, Asbury, W. McK. Darwood; Centenary, J. N. Beard; Montrose and Third Streets, to be supplied; Sassafras, J. H. Hollingsworth; Clinton, J. E. Wright; Summit Grove, J. F. McDaniel; Newport, M. J. Green; Perryville, L. Dale; Terre Haute Circuit, D. S. Morrison; Catlin, J. B. DeMotte; Rockville, T. Meredith; Bellmore, T. C. Webster; Annapolis and Montezuma, D. P. McClain; Harveyburg, S. M. Hays; Waveland, J. Johnson; Russellville, H. C. Neal; Brazil, W. R. Mikes; Harmony and Knightsville, T. M. Guild.

Laporte District—J. H. Cisse, Presiding Elder. Laporte, N. A. Chamberlain; Laporte Circuit, T. C. Stringer; Door Village, G. R. Streeter; Westville, D. M. Wood; Union Mills, J. T. Stafford; Rolling Prairie, H. M. Middleton; New Carlisle, W. P. McKinnon; Seelye Bend, First Church, H. A. Gobin; Michigan Street, B. P. D. Uter; North Liberty, O. R. Beebe; Walkerton, R. H. Sanders; Plymouth, G. W. Bower; Newton, J. M. Jackson; Argos, E. B. Woodson; Rochester, F. M. Rigs; Kewanna, A. B. Bruner; Marmont, W. H. Mahaffey; Winamac and Star City, A. J. Clifton; Logansport Circuit, F. Cox.

Valparaiso District—S. Godfrey, Presiding Elder. Valparaiso, N. L. Brakenham; Michigan City, G. M. Boyd; Chesterton, J. B. Smith; Wheeler and Hobart, G. J. Vaught; Crown Point, O. C. Haskell; Lowell, Henry Venable; Hobart, L. S. Buckles; Konts, supernumerary by G. W. Weesels; Medaryville, J. J. Thompson; Rensselaer, A. W. Wood; Beaver Lake, supernumerary by S. B. Shaw; Morocco, to be supplied; Brook, H. B. Ball; Bradford, W. Hall; Wolcott, J. N. Harmon; Goodland and Remington, J. A. Clearwaters; Kentland and Raub, W. G. Vessels; Fowler and Earl Park, D. G. Le Sourd; Monticello, C. S. Burgner; Burnettsville, R. H. Calvert.

How to Tighten Tires.

I have found the following way to tighten wagon tires, says the Home and Farm, to be successful: "Apply leather rings between the shoulders on the outer edge of the spokes and the corresponding portions of the felloes, which may be done as follows: Procure a number of small pieces of leather, from an inch and a half to two inches in diameter, with a sharp knife and a compass, or a cutting punch, make round holes in the center of these pieces, and make a straight cut from the hole to the outer edge of the piece, so as to form open rings. The holes must be made of a size that will nicely fit the tenons on the out ends of the spokes."

Place a folorum on the top of the hub, on which place your lever with the short end under the felloe, near a spoke; have an assistant bear on the other end sufficiently to raise the felloe, and expose the shoulder and tenon of the spoke; open your leather and fit it nicely around the tenon, holding it to its place while your assistant relaxes the lever, and settles the felloe firmly upon the spoke by a blow or two upon the tire. Having repeated the process with a sufficient number of spokes to make the tire all right, trim off the projecting leather even with the surface of the spokes and your task will be done. If your pieces of leather should be spongy, hammer them down before using.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the L. & D. C. R'y company for the election of directors was held at this place on the 3rd instant. The old board was re-elected with the exception of Jos. C. Wilson, of this place, and Mr. Barnard, of Frankfort, whose places were supplied by R. S. Dwigigs and David Nowels, of Rensselaer. It is understood that the last named hold their places on the board only temporarily until suitable persons on the line between Delphi and Indianapolis can be obtained to supersede them.—[Monticello Herald.]

Bro. James announces his retirement from journalism at an early day, having disposed of the Union to Mr. Bitters, of Rochester, Ind.

A Dutch judge, on conviction of a culprit for having four wives, decided: "He has bunishment plenty; I lift him out!"

Great speech of John Sherman at Cincinnati: Don't bother me with questions about the New York banks.

A book canvasser in Indianapolis was told by a lawyer that he had best be mending her stockings, and it took him over half an hour to realize that he had been knocked down by a stone ink-bottle.—[Detroit Free Press.]

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Blacksmithing business was dissolved on the 16th August, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm of Erwin & Son will please call immediately at the old stand and make settlement, as the junior member designs going west at an early day.

SAMUEL ERWIN,
JOHN E. ERWIN.

Dave Yeoman will be at the Fair with his fine hogs, fancy chickens, turkeys, etc.

When you are thirsty call at the Restaurant of F. G. Henkle & Co. and get an ice-cold Lemonade. Only 5c.

Delinquent Tax-Payers Take Notice!
I will soon start the collectors. The Rail Road Tax must be settled. Call at my office and see me. I will send no further notice.

HENRY I. ADAMS, Treas'r
Jasper county, Ind.

I have 160 acres of land, 24 miles from Afton, Union county, Iowa, to trade for property in Rensselaer. For further particulars apply to Jno. F. Boroughs.

Don't fail to go to C. G. Starr's new store for anything you want in the Grocery or Queensware line, and examine his goods and prices before making your purchases. Standard goods and low prices, for cash, is his motto.

The farmers of Jasper county are hereby informed that R. D. Roberts, of Crystal Flouring Mills, Monticello, will exchange Flour for Wheat, and transfer same from and to depot at Monticello without charge.

For browned Coffee, plug Tobacco, canned Fruits, Apricots, green Gages, Peaches, canned Salmon, fine cut Tobacco 50c. per lb., Cigars, Ruensware and Glassware, silver-plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, table and pocket Cutlery, Japan, Young Elyon, Colong, Imperial and Gunpowder Teas, Malib's Prepared Cocoa, etc., etc., go to Charley Starr's. He keeps them in greater quantity and variety and at lower figures than elsewhere.

J. s. W. Armstrong,
Plain & Ornamental
PLASTERER,
RENSSEL—ER, IND.

Orders solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Refers to Willis J. Ines, Thomas Robinson and others. n31-6"

Notice to Non-Resident.
The State of Indiana, } In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1879.
Sarah E. Price vs. Ed L. Price.
Complaint No. 1391.

NOW comes the Plaintiff, by Mordcaai F. Chilcote, attorney, and files her Complaint herein, together with an affidavit, that the residence of the defendant Ed L. Price is in the State of Indiana, that the object of said action is to obtain a divorce.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, that unless he be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be held on the Third Monday of October, A. D. 1879, at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

In Witness Whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 29th day of August, A. D. 1879.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk
Jasper Circuit Court.

Mordcaai F. Chilcote, Att'y for pl't.

August 29, 1879—28.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.
The State of Indiana, } In the Jasper Circuit Court, October Term, 1879.
James H. Longbridge and Ralph Fendig vs. James M. Fielder, Martha Fielder, Frank E. Fielder, Oliver J. Fielder, Mary M. Smith, Elliott Smith, Anna Fielder, Elizabeth Chester, Nicholas Chester, Ella J. Fielder, Enos Fielder and Richard C. Fielder.
Complaint No. 1397.

NOW comes the plaintiffs, by Mordcaai F. Chilcote, attorney, and file their Complaint herein, together with an affidavit, that the residence of the defendants James M. Fielder, Martha Fielder, Frank E. Fielder, Oliver J. Fielder, Mary M. Smith, Elliott Smith, Anna Fielder, Elizabeth Chester, Nicholas Chester, Ella J. Fielder, Enos Fielder and Richard C. Fielder is in the State of Indiana, that the object of said action is for the partition of Real Estate, and that the defendants are necessary parties thereto.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants, that unless they be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be held on the Third Monday of October, A. D. 1879, at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

In Witness whereof I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 29th day of August, A. D. 1879.

CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk,
Jasper Circuit Court.

Mordcaai F. Chilcote, Att'y for Pl'ts.
August 29, 1879—28.

BOOTS & SHOES

IN GREAT QUANTITIES!

I have just opened out the largest lot of
BOOTS and SHOES
EVER KEPT IN RENSSELAER, at the
EXCLUSIVE BOOT & SHOE STORE!

lately occupied by S. BASS. These Goods are all of the best quality, Falley's make, and are warranted. In this stock can be found Shoes for

Big Ladies, Little Ladies, Children & Babies.
Boots for Men, Boys and Children.

The largest lot of **Rubber Goods**
In the County, of the CANDEE make. All are warranted

Give us a call, at the **EXCLUSIVE BOOT & SHOE STORE**, where **ELI HEIDELBERGER** will be glad to see his many friends, and deal with them on the honor of a man. Call soon, and see your old friend,
Eli Heidelberg, Manager.
Rensselaer, Ind. September 12, 1879.

8th Annual

AIR!!

AT

RENSSELAER, Ind.

October 7, 1879!

SUBSCRIBE! SUBSCRIBE!

FOR

The Democratic Sentinel!

Strictly Democratic! Is the largest Newspaper, and has a greater bona-fide circulation than any other in the County.

\$1,50! TERMS \$1,50!