

Now is good time to furnish the wood promised on account of subscription.

Col. Lee and Mr. Thompson of Crawfordville, were in our town yesterday.

Clint D. Stackhouse is taking subscriptions for the Indiana Farmer. Fourteen months for \$1.00. Now is the time to subscribe.

The Indianapolis News says that the life of a colored man is more safe in South Carolina than in Posey county.

It arrived Tuesday morning, is a boy, weighed 9 1/2 pounds and "Ben" has been weighing out give rises by the 9 1/2 lbs. ever since.

Alf. McCoy was elected President of the L.D. & C. at a meeting of Directors on Tuesday last. Col. Lee, we understand disapproves the action taken to oust him.

The next United States Senate and House of Representatives will be Democratic, notwithstanding the elections on Tuesday last did not "pan out" as we wished.

Mr. Dunn, Commissioner elect from Ist District, has been appointed to serve out the unexpired term of Judge Van't Woud as a member of the Board of Commissioners.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Vessels have their thanks for the numerous tokens of friendship which they left at the parsonage on Thursday of last week.

MARRIED.—On Thursday, October 31st, at the residence of the bride's father, in Rensselaer, by Rev. W. G. Vessels, Mr. B. F. Spears, of Benton county, and Miss May Scott, of Rensselaer.

The letter of G. N. Mulholland, we publish in another column, is a document worthy of preservation. It is a good thing to cram down the throats of self-constituted loyal bloody-shirt shriekers when they overflow with cheap patriotism.

The Knights of Pythias, of this place, will give a Grand Ball, at Starr's Hall, on the evening of November 28th. Messrs. M. F. Chilcote, Frank Meyer, L. Lowman, Dan. B. Miller and Eliza Phillips Committee of Arrangements.

The people of White county made a wise choice at the late election in the selection of Sam. P. Cowger for Clerk of the Circuit Court. Several years experience as deputy thoroughly fits him for the position, and the people of that county, as well as our old friend "Sam", are all to be congratulated.

They had been engaged a long time, and one evening were reading the paper together. "Look, love!" he exclaimed, "only \$4 to \$8.50 for a suit of clothes, at Leopold's." "I'll take a wedding suit," she asked, looking naively at her lover. "Oh, no," he replied, "it's a business suit." "Well, I meant business," she replied.

IRA S. KINGSBURY, if encouraged by the patronage of the ladies and gentlemen of Rensselaer and vicinity will give instruction in Vocal Music, at the low rate of \$1 per pupil, for a term consisting of twelve lessons to close with a Concert, one half the proceeds of which will be given to the class. We know Mr. K. to be a competent instructor, and hope steps will be at once taken for the organization of a class.

Fredonia, Kansas, Tribune: Mr. Sexton, father of J. Z. Sexton, died very suddenly last week. He was about 75 or 80 years of age. Mr. Sexton was in Missouri at the time of his death. He seemed well in the evening and sat and talked until late, when he said he would go to bed. He was not in bed but a short time before he died.

Mr. Sexton was at one time a resident of Barclay township, this county.

It is said that the Ashtabula railroad disaster cost the Lake Shore Company about \$700,000, and that at Revere, Massachusetts, six years ago, muled the Eastern railroad in the sum of \$500,000. The Old Colony Company is now settling damages with those injured and the heirs of the killed in the Wollaston accident, and \$225,000, it is estimated, will be required to foot the bill. In Massachusetts the law fixes the amount for a man killed by a railroad accident at \$5,000.

The incoming Legislature will meet in the court house, at Indianapolis, on the Thursday after the first Monday of January. There is no doubt that Mr. Voorhees will be elected Senator. All talk to the contrary is the merest sensational twaddle and is undoubtedly started by the Republicans with a hope of getting up a split between the hard and soft money Democrats. It will not succeed, and we have no idea that there will be any Democratic opposition to Mr. Voorhees. The Legislature is Democratic in both branches this time for the first time in twenty years. The bottom rail is on top once more, and is likely to remain there unless there is some very bad management.—La-Porte Argus.

The Soldiers in Politics.

The true "soldier" went out of politics when he became a soldier, and when he again became a citizen never paraded his military record to get an office; but since the republicans persist in agitating this issue the Democrats need not fear to meet it. The answer of Gen. Mulholland, of Philadelphia, to a lying circular on the pension business completely disposes of that document, and all soldiers, of all parties, should read it. We publish it below:

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26. Colonel Robert L. Orr, President Pennsylvania Soldiers' League:

Mr. Orr: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 17th inst., in which you assert "that all laws for the benefit of pensioners have been passed by a republic in Congress" and that "investigation will convince me that the Democracy have opposed every measure in their behalf." I have given the subject the investigation you ask, and you are either grossly ignorant, or wilfully misrepresenting facts. I find that in every case the Democratic party have cordially supported all measures looking to the welfare of the soldier and the pensioner; as you read the following acts passed by the Democratic House of Representatives:

Act of June 20, 1876, to equalize the bounties of soldiers.  
Act of March 3, 1877, and June 19, 1878, to provide that pensions shall commence at the date of discharge and for the payment of arrears of pensions.

Act of June 3, 1878, to enforce the will of the people in regard to the disabled soldier.

Act of May 23, 1878, to increase the pension of all soldiers who have lost an arm or leg to \$24 per month.

Act of April 11, 1877, providing that the office of pension agent shall be filled by wounded or disabled soldiers.

Act of June 17, 1877, to increase the pension of all persons who have lost both hands, both feet or both eyes to \$72 per month.

Act of March 8, 1878, to prevent attorneys overcharging the pensioners.

Act of June 18, 1878, to provide for messengers for the House, at \$1.20 per an um each, providing that such messengers shall have served in the Union army.

Act of January 17, 1878, to provide for paying soldiers of the Mexican war, three months extra pay.

Act of March 24, 1878, to provide that when the soldier's widow marries that pension shall be continued to the children.

Act of February 25, 1878, to pension all soldiers who have served in the Mexican war.

Act of March 9, 1878, to pension all soldiers of the war of 1812 or their widows.

Act of June 18, 1878, to increase the pension of General Shields to \$100 per month.

In addition to these acts, all of which passed the Democratic House of Representatives, the pension committee reported favorably on two hundred and seventy-seven private bills.

In pursuing the investigation still further, I find that in the last Congress a bill was reported to enable officers of the Union army to recover compensation for lost horses. This bill was passed by the Democratic House, but was killed in the Republican Senate. Again I find that the same Democratic House passed an act extending the operation of law granting artificial limbs to Union soldiers. This bill, after passing the Democratic House, was killed in the Republican Senate, but the Democratic House insisted upon it, and the Senate was forced to yield, and the act of August 15, 1876, became a law by the obstinacy of the Democratic House in the interest of the Union soldiers.

Now, I have said enough to convince you that you have made a grave mistake when you asserted that all the laws for the benefit of pensioners were passed by republican legislation. Of the despicable means employed by the unscrupulous politician to influence the votes of the maimed and crippled pensioners of the nation by an audacious falsehood is the most base and contemptible.

In answer to your circular of September 10, wherein you ask me to vote the republican ticket "because the candidates were soldiers" etc., etc., I will say our experience of republican leaders who have held office has not been of the most pleasing nature. President Grant was a soldier, and under his administration we have seen the Legislature of a sovereign State dispeised by the bayonets of federal soldiers; and again we have witnessed an armed sentinel, with the rank of corporal passing upon the qualifications of members of the State Legislature. We have seen this distinguished soldier using the army to hold the people of the Southern States in subjection while the vast horde of carpet baggers robbed them, taking from them everything they had—except the yellow fever—and finally closed his administration by sustaining with his influence and the army, the returning boards of Louisiana and Florida in their infamous work of counting out the legally elected president, and placing an usurper in the chair of Washington.

It was a republican soldier—General Adelbert Ames—who was forced to resign the governorship of Mississippi to avoid being impeached for high crimes. It was a republican soldier—General Belknap—who prostituted the high office of secretary of war by the most disgraceful crimes ever perpetrated by a public officer. It was a republican soldier—General Rutherford B. Hayes—who accepted the office of president of the United States, knowing it to be stolen, and who rewarded the men who assisted in the great crime by promptly appointing them to office. It was a republican soldier—General Hartranft—who signed the recorder's bill; an act to rob the people of Philadelphia that has not been obtained elsewhere to conduct this political campaign; and another republican soldier—Colonel A. K. Dunkel—voted for this infamous measure. But why continue? It would take a lifetime to recapitulate all the dark deeds of the republican soldiers who have held office.

Now, I will call your attention to one or two facts, showing the love the republican party bears the soldier. In 1865 Congress passed an act "that all soldiers disabled in service should be preferred for appointment to public offices." The Democratic House passed an act June 10, 1878, to enforce this law and providing punishment for all persons violating it. How has this act of Congress been observed? Of the eighty-five thousand and odd holders, how many are ex-soldiers? In this city of Brotherly Love are there any? Is the collector of this part a soldier? the postmaster;

director of the mint, or naval officer? But as this act did not specify "Union soldier," perhaps General Grant thought of it when he appointed assistant of Mosby's guerrillas and the daughter of the man Jackson, who shot the lamented Ellsworth; and, for the same reason, President Hayes may have thought he was obeying the law when he recently appointed the rebel General Longstreet to a lucrative position, and when he appointed Mosby, the guerrilla chief, to a \$4,000 consularship. I might tell you of the equalization of bounty bill which when passed the Forty-third Congress, and was promptly vetoed by the soldier, General Grant, and of the twenty-five republican members of the House of Representatives who voted against pensioning the old soldiers of 1812 and of many other heartless acts of the republican party towards the soldiers, but I refrain. In conclusion, I enclose an invitation signed by three hundred ex-officers of the Union army, asking you to abandon the party of Longstreet and Belknap, of Mosby and Babcock, of Ames and Jackson, the slayer of Ellsworth, of Hartranft and Dunkel, of "recorder bill fame," and join that of McClellan, of Antietam, of Hancock, of Spotsylvania, of Franklin, of Fredericksburg, of "fighting Joe" Hooker, of Seigel and Couch, Rosecrans, Stoneman, Slocum, Buell, Williams, Steadman, Shields, Warren, Farnsworth, Sherman, of the War Governor, Andrew G. Curtiss, whom we all honor, esteem and love—and the thousand gallant soldiers who have never stained their record by crimes and betrayal of sacred trusts. Respectfully,

Your obedient servant,  
ST. CLAIR A. MULHOLLAND.

Orwin has added largely to his stock of Jewelry, etc.

Deputy Tom Donnelly conveyed a young man, charged with forgery, to the Fowler jail Monday.

D. W. Peck, at Remington, is doing a flourishing business in the Grocery line.

Rev. Gilbert Small is expected to preach in the Presbyterian Church, at this place, 3d Sunday of November. A cordial invitation is extended the public to attend.

Clint D. Stackhouse claims the "Jersey Reds" to be ahead of all other hogs, and that those who see them will invest in none other. Clint takes great pride in exhibiting his stock.

Jim Thompson, the popular jeweler at Remington, has moved his establishment into rooms adjoining the post office, where he may hereafter be found.

On the 3d inst. Frank W. Babcock, Esq., received his commission as Prosecutor for this Judicial Circuit. We understand he has selected Eliza I. Phillips, Esq., as his deputy for this county.

Agricultural Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, November 9th, 1878, at 10 o'clock p. m., there will be a meeting of the citizens of Jasper county, at the Court House, in Rensselaer, Indiana, for the purpose of re-organizing an Agricultural Association for Jasper and adjoining counties. All persons interested in Agriculture, and the improvement of stock, are earnestly solicited to be present and take part in said meeting. By order of the citizens' meeting,  
GEO. H. BROWN, Chairman.  
IRA W. YEOMAN, Sec'y.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, In the Jasper Circuit Court, January Term, 1879.

Henry D. Ellis vs. Daniel Kelley. Complaint No. 1067.  
Now comes the Plaintiff, by Daniel Moran, his attorney, and files an affidavit, that the residence of the defendant Daniel Kelley is not in the State of Indiana, and that he is a necessary party to said action.  
Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, that unless they be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be holden on the First Monday of January, A. D. 1879, at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence, by order of the Court.  
In Witness Whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 5th day of November, A. D. 1878.  
CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.  
Daniel Moran, Att'y for Plffs.  
November 5, 1878—58.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, In the Jasper Circuit Court, January Term, 1879.

Eliza S. Potter and William A. Potter vs. James Cunningham and Margaret Cunningham. Complaint No. 1043.  
Now comes the Plaintiffs, by Daniel B. Miller, their attorney, and files an affidavit, that the residence of the defendants James H. Cunningham and Margaret Cunningham is not in the State of Indiana, and that they are necessary parties to said action.  
Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants, that unless they be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be holden on the First Monday of January, A. D. 1879, at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence, by order of the Court.  
In Witness Whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 30th day of October, A. D. 1878.  
CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.  
Daniel B. Miller, Attorney for Plffs.  
Nov. 1, 1878—57.

Notice to Non-Residents.

The State of Indiana, In the Jasper Circuit Court, January Term, 1879.

Eliza S. Potter and William A. Potter vs. James H. Cory and Mary E. Cory. Complaint No. 1062.  
Now comes the Plaintiffs, by Daniel B. Miller, their attorney, and files an affidavit, that the residence of the defendants James H. Cory and Mary E. Cory is not in the State of Indiana, and that they are necessary parties to said action.  
Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants, that unless they be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Jasper Circuit Court to be holden on the First Monday of January, A. D. 1879, at the Court House in Rensselaer, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence, by order of the Court.  
In Witness Whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at Rensselaer, Indiana, this 30th day of October, A. D. 1878.  
CHARLES H. PRICE, Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court.  
Daniel B. Miller, Attorney for Plffs.  
Nov. 1, 1878—58.

Musical Instruction!

MISS MARY RALPH, an accomplished musician, will give instruction on Organ, Piano, Violin, may use her room and instrument, or she will teach them in their homes. Terms reasonable. Apply at her father's residence, south of Court House.

Oct. 25, 1878—5m.

NEW BOOT & SHOE SHOP!

RICHARD RALPH

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Rensselaer and vicinity that he is prepared to manufacture and repair Boots and Shoes in the best manner. Orders filled at the shortest notice. Repairing done promptly and substantially done. Shop second door below Leopold's Store Building.  
Oct. 5, 1878—5m.

Calico 5 and 6 cents per Yard.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

Establishment in Rensselaer to trade with is

A. LEOPOLD'S.

He will sell the following articles at less than any other establishment in town:

Best Woosted Suits, Manufactured, - - \$19 50  
Best Cassimere Suits, " - - 16 00  
Best Business Suits, \$4 00 to 8 50  
Boys' School Suits, 3 50 " 8 00

All these Goods are made with the new patent of double treath. and warranted not to rip.

BOOTS and SHOES!

My stock of BOOTS and SHOES cannot be excelled in Quantity, Price and Quality, all good Goods warranted not to rip. The prices range as follows:

No. 1 Stoka Boot, whole stock, from \$2 to 3 00  
No. 1 Kip, - - - - 2 50 " 3 50  
" " " " " " 3 " 5 00  
" " " " " " 2 50 " 4 00

FINE SHOES for Ladies & Misses a Specialty

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

CLOAKS, SHAWLS & KNIT WOOL-

EN GOODS, a great variety!

Dress Goods,

A Fine Assortment, with prices to range from 8 1/2 cts. to a Dollar. Among these can be found

Poplins, Debages, Delaines, Knicker-

bocker, Black Alpaccas, Mohair,

And all Colors of Cashmeres!

Ladies and Childrens Underwear a

Specialty.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies & Childrens' Trimmed Hats!

Very cheap for cash!

A big line of GLOVES, of all kinds and styles, from the largest establishment in the United States, for Ladies, Misses, Gentlemen and Boys. Call and see them. Also a large line of all kinds of HOSIERY for everybody.

All the above GOODS HAVE BEEN BOUGHT STRICTLY FOR CASH, AND WILL BE SOLD AGAIN VERY LOW, FOR CASH!

Call soon and supply yourself, at

A. LEOPOLD'S.

Rensselaer, Ind., October 18, 1878.

REMEMBER

WANTED TO HIDE IN

And it will be one that we will have cause to recollect

WANTED TO HIDE IN

Long after it has passed away---that is if the prophecies of our weather prognosticators prove to be correct. And as the cold Northern winds strike your thinly clad bodies you will then also have cause to remember that to change them for garments of a coarser texture would be far more comfortable. Whenever you get in that fix come to us, it will give us great pleasure to accommodate you. We keep all those articles that will be most likely to suit, having just received a large and varied stock of MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Gloves, CLOTHING, &c.

I would also cordially invite inspection by the Ladies of our

CHEAP DRESS GOODS,

of beautiful designs. Also a large supply of nice

SHAWLS, Table-Linens, CALICOES, Towelings, Flannels, Water-Proof!

and NOTIONS of every description.

I wish respectfully to call your attention to the fact that I have on hands the largest and best variety of YARNS ever brought to Rensselaer. Other articles not necessary to enumerate, very cheap. Remember me when in town, and call in.

RALPH FENDIG.

West corner Bedford & Jackson's brick, Rensselaer, Ind.

W. S. ORWIN JEWELER,

RENSSELAER, IND.,

Formerly of Logansport,

Will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of

Clocks

Watches

AND

Jewelry!

CONSISTING OF

Eight-Day, Thirty-Hour, Weight and Spring

CLOCKS!

Custors, Cake-Baskets, Butter-Dishes, Call-Bells, Cups, Napkin-Rings, Fruit-Knives, Table-ware, Gold-Thimbles. He can procure you an Elgin, Howard, Springfield, American or Swiss Watch, as readily and cheaply as any in the trade. He has secured the agency of the Rockford Watch Movement, the best in the America for the money. He purchases direct from the manufacturers. Anything not in stock procured on short notice, at rates advantageous to those who purchase through him.

CLOCKS, WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED! FINE WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY!

Also Agent for the Western Cottage, Estey, Mason & Hamlin, Burdett and George Wood Organs; Decker Bro., Weber, Valley Gem, Bradbury, Story & Camp Pianos. All of these first-class instruments. All Goods warranted as represented; and all work warranted to give satisfaction.

Nov. 30, 1877.

THE OLD LINE DRUG STORE.

Willis J. Imes

Would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Jasper and adjoining counties to his large and complete stock of the following goods, bought low for cash, which enables him to defy competition:

Pure White Lead Painters' Materials, Window Glass, Paint Brushes, Pure Linseed Oil, White-Wash Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Coal Oil, Copal Varnish, Dammar Varnish, Feather Dusters, Coal Oil, Putty, Patent Moulding, Chemicals, Dyes, Stuffs, Hair Oils, Hair Brushes, Face Powders, Dye-Stuffs, Combs, Putty, Red Lead, Portmanteaus, Pocket Books, Lamp Wicks, Lamps, Paper, &c., &c.

Books, School Books and Stationery.

All goods guaranteed strictly pure. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Everybody invited to call.

Rensselaer, Ind. vms J. IMES.

We Buy Them to Sell.

D. W. PECK,

Family Groceries & Provisions

CORNER RAILROAD & INDIANA STREETS, REMINGTON, IND.

Keeps constantly on hand a full line of Groceries of all kinds. WOODEN and WILLOW WARE, GLASS WARE, BOOTS & SHOES, GLOVES & HOSIERY. Also a full line of Fancy Articles and Notions. You will find the best stock of fresh new goods, always on hand, at prices that defy competition. We will not be undersold, in anything in our line. We keep the best brands of Flour and Salt, constantly on hand, in quantities to suit purchasers. We take in exchange all kinds of Country Produce, and will give you the best price the market will afford. We deliver all goods free of charge inside the city limits. Come and examine our stock and be convinced that we give you more goods for your money, than any other house in town.  
v2n27lt  
D. W. PECK.