

The Bulgarian insurrection is continually increasing in proportions, and Turkey charges Russia with secretly fomenting these uprisings.

The Sultan, on the advice of the French and Italian Governments, offers no concessions of territory to Greece, but the latter continues her preparations for war, but will probably continue to insist on the fulfillment of a treaty of Berlin.

The London Times, in its financial column, remarks that the total working capital of the cotton mills at Oldham, operated on the limited liability system, is £4,000,000. Of this sum but little more than £1,000,000 has returned any interest for a year, and considerably over half the capital is borrowed.

Afflictions even more terrible than that from which a portion of the South has lately suffered are devastating the empire of Morocco. Cholera, malignant fevers, and small-pox are raging in the interior, as well as on the seaboard, and famine adds its horrors to those of pestilence. The country is cut off from outside assistance by the quarantines enforced against shipping from its ports, and for the same reason definite information as to the extent of the calamity is not easily obtained.

Garnier-Pagès, French statesman and historian, is dead; aged 75.

A portion of the celebrated Maynooth College building, near Dublin, has been destroyed by fire.

A dispatch from Berlin says Russia, replying to the Porte's overtures, has declared her readiness to reopen negotiations for a definitive treaty.

A lady of the Rothschild family has applied for baptism into the Catholic Church. She is betrothed to a French Duke, and probably renounces the faith of her fathers to remove family obstacles in the way of the union.

Turkey has ordered the immediate evacuation of Varna.

The Government of India is about to adopt a gold currency.

John Stewart, one of the Directors of the City of Glasgow Bank, has been released on \$75,000 bail.

The international pedestrian tournament at London was won by Corky, Ennis, of Chicago, was fifth, while Weston, the other American representative, was nowhere in the race.

The Oldham (Eng) cotton operatives unanimously resolved to resist the proposed reduction of 10 per cent. wages. Twenty thousand hands and 8,000,000 spindles will be affected by this action.

## DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

## ESTATE.

The mysterious robbery of the Manhattan Savings Institution has produced an immense extra-ordinary sensation. A number of extraordinary bunglers have seldom been committed. It is skillfully planned and executed, and at every step the犯人 is well favored by circumstances. There is no explanation of how seven men, carrying three large bags of tools, could enter the building unobserved at 6 o'clock in the morning, and the janitor says he is certain nobody was secreted in the building over night, as he made his usual investigation. It is probable, however, that the burglars entered the janitor's part of the building before daybreak, and went for him immediately upon the night watchman's departure. They disposed of the milkman by telling him that the janitor had gone into the country. The greatest wonder of all is how the burglars could have departed at half-past 9 with the bags of booty without being seen.

The Merchants' and Mechanics' State Bank, of Troy, N. Y., has closed its doors.

Two men were precipitated down a coal mine near Pittston, Pa., a few days ago. They fell a distance of 350 feet. Three of them were killed, and the fourth fatally injured.

## WEST.

The Society of the Army of the Tennessee has just held its twelfth annual reunion in Indianapolis. Owing to bad weather the attendance was meager, only about 100 members being present.

An international commercial convention will meet in Chicago on Tuesday, the 12th of November. The object of the convention is to consider means to extend the growing trade of the Northwest with foreign countries of North and South America. The President of the United States and Governors of all the States have been invited to attend. Many distinguished people will doubtless be present.

Joseph A. Homan & Co., bankers of Cincinnati, Ohio, have failed. Liabilities vary only estimate at from \$175,000 to \$250,000.

The "Dowwood" coach has been sold at auction. The driver was killed by masked men, whose purpose is unknown, and the passengers and mails, but the informal execution of justice upon two "rascals" who were being transported from Cheyenne to Deadwood in the custody of law officers. The only thing the coach was killed off was this precious pair of villains, who were taken out and hanged to a cottonwood tree over the river bank, and the stage went on its way in peace.

## South.

Residents of Memphis returning to the city are making discoveries the reverse of pleasant. Many of them realize that their private residences have been broken into, and robbed of every portable article that could be carried off, in some cases the marble mantels having been taken down and removed.

A New Orleans telegram says that \$90,000, the surplus of the Howard Association, will be distributed among the sixty physicians employed, each receiving \$1,500.

The pestilence in the South, which has raged since the beginning of July last, and which has caused more than 12,000 deaths, is now virtually over. In New Orleans, although a certain number of deaths is daily set down to its account, the epidemic has been officially declared at an end, and in Memphis and Mobile Jack Frost has given the fever its coup de grace. From the inland points the reports are favorable.

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

The House Committee on Appropriations will meet on the 15th of November, and commence the preparation of the general appropriation bills.

It is stated in a Washington dispatch that "the report that our authorities intend to make strong objection to the settlement reached on the fishery award is confirmed. It is claimed that our fishers have been forcibly deprived of rights which they possessed under the treaty, and the settlement made does not take any of these things into account."

Attorney General Devens telegraphs as follows to the District Attorney of South Carolina: "I want no trafficking or guarantee

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tees, but a judicial investigation of outrages alleged to have been committed upon an unfortunate people in the exercise of their rights as citizens of the United States." This telegram was sent in reply to propositions made on behalf of part in that State who are charged with violating the law regulating the exercise of the elective franchise.

Much local excitement exists in Washington over the failure of the German-American National Bank and the New York Savings and Safe-Deposit Company. The two institutions were carried on together, and the officers of each were practically the same. The President of both was the Swiss Vice Consul at Washington.

The President has issued the following proclamation, setting apart Thursday, Nov. 28, as a day of thanksgiving:

By the President of the United States—a proclamation:

The recurrence of this season at which it is the habit of our people to make a devout and public confession of their constant dependence upon divine Providence, and the consequent increase of public peace and prosperity, exhibits in the record of the year, abundant reason for our gratitude and thanksgiving. Exuberant harvests, productive mines, and ample crops of the staples of trade and manufactures have enriched the country. The resources thus furnished to our reviving industry and expanding commerce are hastening the day when success in international contests will be the result of the hard work with the continued favor of Providence, have given way to confidence and energy and assured prosperity. Peace with all nations has remained unbroken, domestic tranquility has prevailed, and the institutions of liberty and justice which the wisdom and virtue of our fathers established remain the glory of our nation. The prevalence of the blessings of God throughout our wide land has made more conscious the sufferings and sorrows which the dark shadow of pestilence has cast upon a portion of our people. This heavy affliction, even the Divine Iudger has tempered to the suffering communities by the universal sympathy and succor which have flowed to their relief, and the whole nation has rejoiced in the recovery of the people by which they themselves share their suffering. Now, therefore, I, Rutherford B. Hayes, President of the United States, do appoint Thursday, the 28th day of November next, as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer; and I earnestly recommend that, withdrawing themselves from a quiet retirement, the people of the United States meet together on that day in their respective places of worship, there to give thanks and praise to Almighty God for His mercies, and to devoutly beseech their continuance.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed at the city of Washington on this 28th day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and third.

R. B. HAYES.

By the President:

W. M. EVANS, Secretary of State.

Superintendent Vail, of the Railway Mail Service, has resigned.

NATIONAL FINANCE.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The public-debt statement for Nov. 1 is as follows:

Six per cent. bonds..... \$60,296,959  
Five per cent. bonds..... 703,306,650  
Four and a half per cent. bonds..... 260,000,000  
Four per cent. bonds..... 160,000,000

The total public debt is \$1,087,162,000.

Less current debt..... \$1,024,300,000

Less capital debt..... 50,000,000

Less reserve debt..... 15,000,000

Total without interest..... \$84,310,624

Total debt..... \$2,370,500,595

Total interest..... 28,911,961

Interest in treasury—coin..... \$27,669,227

Interest in treasury—silver..... 375,683

Interest in treasury—gold..... 82,334,060

Gold certificates, silver..... 1,848,070

Unclaimed interest..... 9,547

Unclaimed bonds called for redemption..... 41,926,000

Total without interest..... \$84,310,624

Total debt..... \$2,370,500,595

Total interest..... 28,911,961

Cash in treasury—coin..... \$27,669,227

Cash in treasury—silver..... 375,683

Cash in treasury—gold..... 82,334,060

Current currency..... 10,000,000

Special deposit held for redemption of certificates of deposit..... 25,840,000

Total in treasury..... \$8,271,477

Total less cash in treasury..... \$2,024,300,083

Decrease since June 30, 1878..... 1,708,405

Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Company, interest paid in law—

Interest accrued and not paid..... 35,229,470

Interest repaid and unpaid..... 39,830,039

Certificates of deposit..... 35,211,193

Fractional currency..... 16,211,193

Coin and silver certificates..... 35,510,350

Total without interest..... 29,418,933

Comparative DEBT STATEMENT.

Following is the comparative condition of the treasury Nov. 1, 1877, and Nov. 1, 1878:

Bonds..... 1877. \$15,095,632  
1878. \$171,246

Special fund for the redemption of fractional currency..... 9,444,569

Special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of fractional currency..... 35,840,000

Interest accrued and not paid..... 35,229,470

Interest repaid and unpaid..... 39,830,039

Certificates of deposit..... 35,211,193

Fractional currency..... 16,211,193

Coin and silver certificates..... 35,510,350

Total without interest..... 29,418,933

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

Internal-revenue receipts for the month of October, 1878, \$10,039,704, and for October, 1877, \$8,772,833, have been a gain of \$1,266,867.

Interest on the public debt is \$1,024,300,000.

Interest on the public debt is \$1,024,300,000.