Democratic Sentinel.

FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1878.

Democratic State Ticket.

SECRETARY OF STATE.
JOHN G. SHANKLIN, of Vanderburg.

AUDITOR OF STATE.
MAHLON D. MANSON, of Montgomery.

TREASURER OF STATE.
WILLIAM FLEMING, of Allen.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.
THOMAS W. WOOLEN, of Johnson.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
JAMES H. SMART, of Allen.

Democratic Township Convention.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a Convention of the Democratic voters of Marion township, Jasper county, Indiana, held at the Court House, in Rensselaer, Indiana, on

Saturday, June 8, 1878,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic county convention to be held Saturday, June 22d, 1878, to nominate a county ticket.

By order of Township Committee.
EZRA C. NOWELS, Chairman.
GEO. O. HOOVER, Secretary

National County Convention.

A Delegate Convention of the National Greenback party of Jasper county, Indiana, will be held at the Court House, in Rensselaer, on

Saturday, June 22d, 1878,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of nominating a county ticket for said county. THOMAS BOROUGHS, Chairman.

C. P. HOPKINS, Secretary,

Independent Announcements.

Joseph M. Hopkins, of Rensselaer, is a candidate for Sheriff of Jasper county, subject to the decision of the Independent county convention.

MANY FRIENDS.

Hope B. Miller, of Marion township, is a candidate for Recorder of Jasper county subject to decision of Independent convention.

JORDON TOWNSHIP,

Democratic Announcements.

We are requested to announce that J. W. Duvall will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Jasper county.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce that I will be a candidate for the office of Recorder of Jasper county, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. LEROY E. NOLAND.

The Democrats of Gillam township, will hold a convention Saturday of next week at the usual place of voting and select delegates for county convention.

The "Visiting Statesmen" are in the hands of a Potter, who will fashion them into vessels of wrath.

A radical remarked, on reading the platform of the radical state convention: "It is the thinnest gruel ever offered to a sick party."

The great speech of Hon. D. W. Voorhees on the repeal of the Radical Resumption Act, will be found on the first page of this paper. Read it carefully, then hand it to your neighbor with the same injunction. It is good, solid, truthful reading.

Speaking of Calkins, Horace says: 'Only a few days since, in an encounter * * * with Mr. Speaker Randall, the latter came out of the contest most beautifully flogged, as the more honest of his friends freely admitted." Considerable flunkeyism in the quoted extract.

The Valparaiso Vidette, republican, intimates that the national greenback and Democratic parties of Jasper county will join teams, the republicans of the county being advocates of the hard money policy of the administration and treating the greenback men as repudiationists.

Blue-blooded Ben. Harrison, the grandson of his grandfather, and first choice of the Jasper county radical ring for U. S. Senator, presided over the radical state convention Wednesday, and in his speech denounced greenbackers as idiots and lunatics.—Bro. James professes to coincide with him.

—A new title:—Chairman of the Jasper County Republican Central Committee and "ex-officio" Consul to Turk's Island.—Remington Times.

Yes, and ex-seeker for county clerkship; ex-granger; ex-carpet-bagger from the radical ranks; ex-greenbacker—well, altogether, he's an ex-everything man.

For the fiscal year thus far there is a deficiency in the Federal revenues of $11,000,000, and thanks to a Democratic House of Representatives, a decrease in expenditures of $8,000,000, as compared with a corresponding period of last year. The expenditures would have offset the deficiency but for the opposition of the radical Senate.

The radical congressional address complains that the passage of the Potter resolution has a tendency to Mexicanize the government, weaken the administration and make it disreputable. Its personelle could hardly be weaker than it is, or more disreputable than it has made itself. As to Mexicanizing the government, that too has been accomplished by the Louisiana and Florida returning board scoundrels, with the connivance of the knavish "visiting statesmen," and the consent and approbation of Hayes. Little Hale is the author of this unique address, and it is worthy of its author.

—The time honored question for debating clubs: "Resolved, That there is more pleasure in anticipation than in possession, has been solved in the affirmative by friend James. Now that he has an appointment he cares nothing for it.

Happy to learn he is to remain.—Don't know what the next change in the moon may bring about. Can't say but what he may be hand in hand in hand with us in our efforts to require of the radical administration a recognition of the wants of the people, and cease crawling at the feet of the money lords.

"Wheatfield Township Notes," written in the Union office by a sly old fox who failed to cover up his tracks, are not wholly truthful. But about two-thirds of the willow, and none of the birch, are growing. Of politics, his protracted absence from the township disqualifies him speaking. When the truth flashes upon his mind he will swear worse than ever Hollander did before. B.

Referring to "Col." (was Maj. two years ago) Calkins' prospects in Jasper county, obsequious Horace says:

"He will carry our county by a majority at least twenty-five per centum larger than his majority in 1876, which was 341."

Bro. James is no prophet. About two short years ago we were present at a caucus held in Michigan City the evening previous to the meeting of the Democratic Congressional Convention, when he arose and pledged Jasper county to Dr. Haymond. Jasper didn't verify his prophecy then any more than it will now.

When a "backslider" falls from grace and returns to his evil ways, it is said hell becomes uproarious with delight. So with the radical party. It cannot do too much for brother James on his return to the faith of radicalism. He is presented for the chairmanship of the county committee as one who had always been true to the faith. The Fraud hastens to shower upon him a supply of stolen goods, and slates him as consul to a warm climate. Not to be outdone the radical state convention selected him to represent this district on the state central committee. He couldn't even get a husk (clerkship) from the grangers, but the rads have outdone the "fatted calf" feast.

A Fact Not to be Forgotten.

Since the manner and method in and by which Mr. Hayes was inducted into the presidential chair is apt to engage a good deal of the public attention, it will not come amiss to revert to the great electoral contest of 1877. The trick by which the monster fraud of the age assumed legal form was devised by the cunning and wholly unscrupulous Vermont Yankee, Senator Edmunds, who managed in some way to incorporate a provision into the electoral commission bill making the decision of the tribunal final, "and the count proceed in conformity therewith, *unless the two houses shall separately concur in ordering otherwise.*" This cunning provision put the count of the electoral votes into the hands of the Republican Senate—although the constitution clearly contemplates that the vote of no State shall be counted against the judgment and determination of the House. As the Senate refused to join the House to "order otherwise," the decision of the commission stood intact, and Florida and Louisiana were counted for Hayes and Wheeler. But after the Senate refused to reject the unrighteous decision of the commission in those two States, the House solemnly enacted this pregnant resolution:

"Resolved by the House of Representatives of the United States of America, That it is the duty of the House to declare, and this House does hereby solemnly declare, that Samuel J. Tilden, of the State of New York, received 196 electoral votes for the office of President of the United States, all of which votes were cast and lists thereof signed, certified and transmitted to the seat of Government, directed to the President of the Senate, in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, by electors legally eligible and qualified as such electors, each of whom had been duly appointed and elected, in the manner directed by the Legislature of the State in and for which he cast his vote, as aforesaid; and that Samuel J. Tilden, having thus received the votes of a majority of the electors appointed as aforesaid, he was thereby duly elected President of the United States of America for the term of four years, commencing on the fourth day of March A. D., 1877; and this house further declares that Thomas A. Hendricks, having received the same number of the electoral votes for the office of Vice President of the United States that were cast for Samuel J. Tilden for President as aforesaid, the votes having been cast for him by the same persons who voted for the said Tilden for President as aforesaid, and at the time and in the same manner, it is the opinion of this House that said Thomas A. Hendricks, of the State of Indiana, was duly elected Vice-President of the United States for a term of four years, commencing on the fourth day of March."

The vote on this resolution was taken on the fourth day of March, 1877. One hundred and thirty-six votes were given in favor of it, 88 against it, and 66 did not vote. —*Ligonier Banner*

Bro. James represented the King of the Sandwich Islands at the masquerade at Mr. Warner's.

Sec. Seward, well known as one of the best harness makers in the State, will next week commence business in the rooms recently vacated by LaRue. We wish him success, and feel satisfied that he will deserve it.

The new board of trustees, or a majority of them, are so elevated over the little brief authority with which they suddenly find themselves invested, that they spit upon the expressed wish of the people with reference to the appointment of corporation marshal. A few short months will pass and the people will spurn from place those who had dared to treat them with contempt.

Strawberry Festival.

The young ladies of the Presbyterian Church, of Rensselaer, will give a Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival on this (Friday) evening at the church. Besides Strawberries and Ice Cream, other refreshments of the season will be supplied. A general and cordial invitation to attend is extended to the public.

Mr. Leopold was selected to succeed Mr. Fendig on the school board. He will no doubt prove an efficient, working member. We understand that the president of the city dads for two days labored under the erroneous impression that Mr. F. L. Clark was the new appointee.

—It is more than likely that Bro. James has, or will be, granted leave of absence from Turks Island until after the election this fall. He can hardly be spared just now, but of course his Consular pay will come in just the same.—Remington Times.

— An Indiana girl made $600 raising broomcorn, last year. That is better than raising broomsticks.

Young men, beware of mixed drinks! Remember that Goliah was killed with a sling.

The man who never does any harm might crawl into a cave and stay there ten years without being missed.

Albany Argus: A coquette is a rose bush from which each young beau plucks a leaf, and the thorns are left for the husband,

"The biscuit," says a newspaper writer, "is the national gastric clog, the huge sporegerm of self-propagating and self-perpetuating dyspepsia."

Edward Mink, a young man of Allentown, Pa., has eloped with Mrs. Susan Mertz, and Mr. Mertz says he shall not bother about it. Most sensible man.

A 16-year-old boy of Henrietta, Jackson county, Michigan, was married to a 15-year-old girl just 24 hours before a child was born to the partnership.

The Adventists of Battle Creek, Michigan, believe that Jesus Christ will very soon come again to earth and take them all up to heaven. Yet they are building a $25,000 church.

—D. W. Thompson, of Greenwood, Miss., has married his mother-in-law, a marriage void under the State law, so that the couple have the choice of living apart or removing to another State.

—The lecturess known as "Miss Edith O'Gorman, the escaped nun," is the wife of Professor Auffrey, of New York, and the mother of a child. This disclosure will be likely to destroy her sensational business.

National State Ticket.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
HENLY JAMES, of Grant county.

TREASURER OF STATE,
R. P. MAIN, of Floyd county.

AUDITOR OF STATE,
JACOB F. BURG, of Gibson county.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
DAVID MOSS, of Hamilton.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
JOHN YOUNG, of Marion county.

National State Platform.

The National Greenback Labor Party of Indiana, in convention assembled, do declare:

1. We declare our fealty to the American monetary system—the abolition of all bank issues, the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver, and the issuing by the government of full legal tender paper money, receivable for all dues and payable for debts, public and private, in amount sufficient to meet the wants of trade, to give employment to all labor, and to enable the people to do a cash business, and to relieve them from the debt system which has made the industrial and commercial classes the slaves and drudges of the creditmongers of the world.

2. We declare our opposition to every measure looking to the resumption of specie payments, the monarchical system of finance which puts all the interests of industry, trade and commerce in the hands of the few, and enforces a monopoly of wealth destructive of the highest material good of society.

3. We proclaim our uncompromising hostility to the perpetuation of the system of government bonded indebtedness which is intended to bind unborn generations in chains, and we declare that the government should use all the funds now hoarded for resumption purposes to pay and cancel outstanding bonds, and that it should make new and liberal issues of money to be applied to the same purposa; and that the issue of future interest-bearing bonds should be prohibited by constitutional amendment.

4. We demand that all legislation should be so enacted and so administered as to secure to each man, as nearly as practicable, the just reward of his own labor; and we denounce all lawlessness, violence and fraud that refuse submission to the will of the people honestly expressed through the ballot.

5. We denounce the red flag communism imported from Europe, which asks for an equal division of property, and we denounce the communism of the national banks, of the bond syndicates, and of the consolidated railroad corporations, which have secured and are enforcing an unequal division of property, having already divided among themselves ten thousand millions of the property of the people by corrupting the representatives and servants of the people. The one system of communism ignores the inequalities of capacity which have been planted by nature in the human family, and both systems are destructive of the rewards of toil and of the incentive to industry and exertion.

6. We declare that until the American monetary system, which will result in the practical extinction of debt and usury is established the State should by all the powers that it can exert, limit and reduce the rate of interest so that it shall in no event exceed the average increase of wealth by productive industry.

7. We favor simple, plain and economical government, as few laws as possible, and they rigidly enforced—as few officials as practicable, and they held to a close accountability. To this end we demand the abolition of all useless offices, and the overthrow of the system by which offices are made to yield almost princely fortunes. It is the first duty of the next general assembly of Indiana to secure such legislation as shall make it impossible for any local or State official to receive more than adequate pay for his services; and when practicable the compensation should be fixed by a specific salary.

8. We denounce the conspiracy of the Democratic and Republican leaders of Indiana to build a costly and magnificent state house, which, as experience has proved in all similar cases, would result in the general plundering of the people.—We denounce the action of the governor in calling a special session of the legislature for the purpose of fostering this scheme. We denounce the indecent haste with which the state house commissioners are proceeding to let a contract to bind the people of the state, and we demand that no contract shall be let until the voters of the state have had an opportunity to express their will upon the subject through the legislature to be chosen in October next.

9. We protest against the weak and ineffective election laws of Indiana, and we ask that the next legislature shall enact statutes which shall secure fair elections in the state, and which shall provide severe and adequate punishment for fraudulent voters, and for those who bribe voters or procure fraudulent votes.

10. We denounce the criminal and unfair apportionment of the legislative and congressional districts of the state in the interest of the Republican party, and the equally unjust apportionments made in the past by the Democratic party, and we pledge our members of the legislature to vote for a fair and equitable apportionment which shall secure a full and untrammeled expression of the sentiments of the people.

11. The State shall enact laws which will abrogate the abuses and protect the interests of men who work in mines, by providing for the proper ventilation of the mines; and the earnings of all employees of corporations should be a first lien upon the property of said corporations.

12. If it was wise and needful in 1867, when money was plenty and the country prosperous to enact a bankrupt law, it is certainly humane now to amend such law so to prevent frauds and to continue in force this last escape of the oppressed debtor from the extortions of the money power. And we favor the exemption of not less than $1,000 worth of property to the householder from forced sale on execution.

13. The constitution should be so amended that the President, Vice-President and Senators of the United States shall be elected by direct vote of the people.

14. We are unalterably opposed to adding to the burthens of the people by an increase of the standing army, believing with Washington that "overgrown military establishments under any form of government are inauspicious to liberty, and particularly hostile to republican liberty."

15. We indorse and reaffirm the platform of principles accepted at Toledo, February 22, 1876, and we congratulate the country upon the union of the political interests subserving the useful ranks of society, in one party which shall advance this decree to a higher and better civilization and this oldest gospel, that there shall be work for all and that all shall work.

The Rev. Jesse H. Moore, pastor of a Methodist church in Decatur, Ill., announced from his pulpit that for twenty years he had been preaching doctrines that he did not believe. Mr. Moore has been a Brigadier-General and a member of Congress.

The crime confessed by McLin and his accomplices is the greatest political crime known to the history of this country, a crime so heinous in itself and so far reaching in its effects that there is no greater of its kind. Philadelphia Times.

New Method of Preserving Fruit.

A new method of preserving fruit is practiced in England. Pears, apples and other fruits are reduced to a paste, when it is pressed into cakes and gently dried. When required for use it is only necessary to pour boiling water over them, allow them to soak for twenty minutes and then add sugar to suit the taste. The fine flavor of the fruit is said to be retained to perfection. The cost of the prepared product is scarcely greater than that of the original fruit, differing with the supply and price of the latter; the keeping qualities are excellent, so that it may be had at any time of the year, and bears long sea voyages without detriment. No peeling or coring is required, so there is no waste.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The democracy of the state of Indiana assembled in delegate convention declare:

That national bank notes shall be retired, and in lieu thereof, there shall be issued by the government an equal amount of treasury notes with full legal tender quality.

That we are in favor of making the United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except such obligations only as are by the terms of the original contracts under which they were issued, expressly payable in coin.

That the right to issue paper money as well as coin is the exclusive prerogative of the government, and such money should be issued in such amounts as the sound business interests of the country may from time to time require.

We are in favor or such legislation by congress as will authorize the taxation by the states of the United States notes in common with all other money.

That we deem it unwise and inexpedient to enact any further legislation for the funding of the national debt abroad, through the means of home syndicates, or other methods; and we believe the true policy of the government and the best interest of the people would be subserved by legislation so as to distribute said debt among our people at home—affording them the most favorable and practical opportunities for the investment of their savings in the funded debt of the United States.

That we are in favor of such legislation as shall fix the legal rate of interest at not exceeding six per centum per annum.

We demand the restoration of the silver dollar, of 412½ grains, to the coin of the country, and with full legal tender quality in the payment of all debts, both public and private; and that the coinage thereof shall be unlimited, and upon the same terms and conditions as may be provided for the coinage of gold.

That we are in favor of the immediate and unconditional repeal of the resumption act.

We are in favor of the most rigid economy in public expenditures, and we declare that the fees and salaries of all public officers should be reduced.

That we are in favor of the repeal of the bankrupt act.

That we sincerely deplore the recent violent collision between labor and capital, and to prevent the recurrence thereof and to protect the future public order and security we believe that the wages of corporations engaged in the business of mining, manufacturing and transportation should be a first lien upon the property, receipts and earnings of said corporations, and that such lien should be declared, defined and enforced by appropriate legislation,

That we favor the passage of a law for the ventilation of coal mines—one that would be just to the miner and owner.

The democratic party is the friend of the common school system, and will in every legitimate way labor for its success, and will oppose any attempt to divert any portion of the common school fund to any sectarian purpose.

That the last apportionment of the state for legislative purposes was grossly unjust and dishonorable, and we demand that the next legislature, in apportioning the state for legislative purposes, as will be their imperative duty, shall have regard alone to population and contiguity of territory.

That the jurisdiction claimed and exercised by the circuit courts of the United States over questions of corporate and individual rights arising under the laws of the states tends to oppress and burden litigants to such an extent as to amount to a practical denial of justice in many cases; and we consider the legislation which has conferred such jurisdiction as unwise and hurtful to the true interests of the people. And we demand such legislation as will restrict and limit the jurisdiction of such courts to such matters as are clearly contemplated by the constitution and expressed in the judiciary act of 1789.

We are opposed to class legislation, and protest against the grant of subsidies by the federal government, either in lands, bonds, money or by the pledge of the public credit.

That we abhor and hold up to public detestation the leaders in the republican party who secretly connived, and with barefaced effrontery, carried out the scheme, by and through venal returning boards, whereby Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, the people's choice for president and vice president, were wrongfully kept out of the positions to which a free people had called them. We hold it up as the monster crime of the age, a crime against free government a crime against the elective franchise, and a crime that can only be condoned when the malefactors who seated a fraud in the presidential chair are driven from power and consigned to everlasting infamy by the people whom they have outraged. And we denounce the act of the president of the United States in appointing to high and lucrative positions the corrupt members of the returning boards, and condemn the acts of federal officers in attempting to interfere with the rights and powers of the state courts in the prosecution of these criminals.

That our senators and representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to secure the passage of a law giving to the soldiers of the Mexican war a pension similar to that now given to the soldiers of the war of 1812.

Administrator's Notice of Appointment.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court, Administrator of the estate of Isaac R. Lewis, late of Jasper county, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

GEO. H. BROWN, Adm'r.

May 24, 1878.

Notice of Administration.

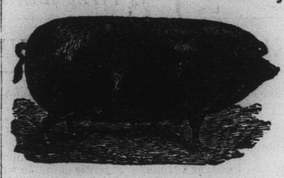
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of John Phillips, late of Jasper county, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

DAVID GRAY, Administrator.

May 17, 1878.

W. R. NOWELS. D. H. YEOMAN.

Nowels & Yeeman,



BREEDERS OF THOROUGHBRED

POLAND-CHINA HOGS,

ALSO,

Partridge-Cochin Chickens and

Bronze Turkeys!

☞ Hogs—paired and not akin—for sale at reasonable rates.

NOWELS & YEOMAN.

P. O. address, Rensselaer, Ind. May 24, '78

NOTICE

TO CONSUMERS

—OF—

LORILLARD **TOBACCO**

The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations therefore to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, AUG. 14, 1876.

The genuine LORILLARD'S TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word Lorillard stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories. Taxes paid Government in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years, $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers' rates.

The Tin Tag Smoking Tobacco is second to none in aroma, mildness, purity & quality

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a certified copy of a Decree to me directed from the Clerk of the Jasper Circuit Court, in a cause wherin Joseph Dwenger is plaintiff, and Rolla T. Newman, Arna M. Newman, Ernest Broquet, Mary E. Broquet, and Fannie M. Burnsworth, are defendants requiring me to make the sum of Six Hundred and Forty Dollars and 54 cents now due, and also Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars to become due December 29th, 1878, and also Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars to become due December 29th, 1879, and also Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars to become due December 29th, 1880, also Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars to become due December 29th, 1881 and also Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars to become due December 29th, 1882, with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at Public Sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of JUNE, A. D. 1878, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the door of the Court House, in Rensselaer, Jasper county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, the following real estate, to-wit:

The north half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section eleven (11), township twenty-nine (29) north of range seven (7) west, in Jasper county, Indiana.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs. Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisement laws.

GEO. M. ROBINSON, Sheriff of Jasper county, Indiana.

Daniel B. Miller, Att'y for plaintiff.

May 10, 1878.—10.

DITCH NOTICE.

In Keener Township, Jasper County, Indiana:

WHEREAS, on the 1st day of March, 1878, Lena Hanson, filed in the Auditor's Office of Jasper county, in the State of Indiana, a petition to the Board of Commissioners of the County of Jasper, in the State of Indiana, which petition is numbered and docketed as cause No. 2163 on the Docket of said Board, praying said Board to cause to be constructed a Ditch or Drain in Keener township, Jasper county, Indiana, as hereinafter described:

And, whereas, on the 5th day of March, 1878, the same being the second day of the regular March session, of said Board of Commissioners, said Board of Commissioners did appoint Ezra C. Nowels, David H. Yeoman, and Malachi P. Comer Viewers in said cause to view said proposed Ditch, and to perform certain duties in said order named and to do and perform all other necessary acts and services as such viewers, and to file their report with the County Auditor: And whereas said viewers have made their view of the said proposed work, and after having sworn to and subscribed the same, have filed their report with the undersigned, Auditor of said county of Jasper:

Therefore notice is hereby given of the pendency and prayer of said petition, and the filing of said viewers' report thereon. And the time set for the hearing thereof is on Saturday, the 8th day of June, 1878, the same being the 6th day of the Regular session, 1878, of said Board of Commissioners.

Said proposed Ditch is described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point eighty (80) rods south of the northeast corner of section thirty-three (33), town thisty-two (32) north of range seven (7) west, running thence west 5,800 feet; thence north 71 degrees west 1900 feet to a point where the same will intersect a ditch heretofore constructed by Keener township and there terminate.

The names of the owners of the lands that will be affected by said proposed work are as follows, to-wit:

Willard J. Sheridan, A. Gregory, Eli W. Gynne, Wilson & McDonald, James H. Willard, J. Wilkins, Sarah J. Bennett, Lewis Mosier, Jasper Conling, Charles Egerle, David Gleason, William J. Demuth.

{SEAL.} Witness my name and official seal this 6th day of May, A. D. 1878.

HENRY A. BARKLEY, Auditor of Jasper county, Indiana.

May 10, 1878—4w—15.
Frank W. Babcock, Att'y.

DITCH NOTICE.

WHEREAS, on the 1st day of March, 1878, Aleida W. Van't Wound and Harvey Stewart filed in the Auditor's Office of Jasper county, in the State Indiana, a petition to the Board of Commissioners of the County of Jasper, in the State of Indiana, praying said Board to cause to be constructed a Ditch or Drain in Keener Township, Jasper county, as hereinafter described: And whereas, on the fifth day of March, the same being the second day of the regular March session of said Board, they did, by an order duly entered of record, appoint Ezra C. Nowels, David H. Yeoman, and Malachi P. Comer Viewers in said cause to view said proposed ditch, and to perform certain duties in said order named and to do and perform all other necessary acts and services as such viewers and to file their report with the County Auditor: And whereas said viewers have made their view of the said proposed work, and after having subscribed and sworn to the same, have filed their report with the undersigned County Auditor of said Jasper County:

Therefore, notice is hereby given of the prayer and pendency of said petition, and the filing of said viewers' report thereon, and that the time set for the hearing thereof is on Saturday, the 8th day of June, 1878, the same being the 6th day of the regular June session, 1878, of said Board.

Said ditch is described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the north-west corner of the north-east quarter of section twenty-eight (28), township thirty-two (32) north of range seven (7) west; running thence north one hundred (100) feet; thence north 57 degrees west 600 feet; thence north 82 degrees west 2129 feet; thence north 59 degrees west 571 feet to a point in the south-east quarter of section twenty (20) town thirty-two (32) north of range seven (7), where the same will terminate. The entire length of the said proposed ditch is 3400 feet.

The names of the owners of the land that will be affected by said proposed work are as follows, to-wit:

Patrick Hanlon, Aleida W. Van't Wound, James H. Willard, John Buckingham and Ebenezer Buckingham.

{SEAL.} Witness my name and official seal, at Rensselaer, Jasper county, Ind., this 7th day of May, A. D., 1878.

HENRY A. BARKLEY, Auditor of Jasper county, Ind.

May 10, 1878—4w—15.
Frank. W. Babcock, Att'y.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

DITCH NOTICE.

WHEREAS, on the 28th day of February, 1878, Aleida W. Van't Wound and Harvey Stewart filed in the Auditor's Office of Jasper county, in the State of Indiana, a petition to the Board of Commissioners of the County of Jasper, in the State of Indiana, which petition is numbered and docketed as cause No. 2159 on the Docket of said Board, praying said Board to cause to be constructed a ditch or drain in Keener Township, in said County and State, as hereinafter described: And Whereas, on the 5th day of March, 1878, the same being the second day of the March term, 1878, of said Board of Commissioners, and said Board did by an order duly entered of record appoint Ezra C. Nowels, David H. Yeoman, and Malachi P. Comer Viewers in said cause to view said proposed Ditch and to perform certain duties in said order named, and to do and perform all other necessary acts and services as such viewers and to file their report with the County Auditor. And whereas said viewers have made their view of the said proposed work, and after having subscribed and sworn to the same, have filed their report with the undersigned County Auditor.

Therefore, Notice is hereby given of the pendency and prayer of said petition, and the filing of said viewers report thereon, and that the time set for the hearing thereof is on Saturday, the 8th day of June, 1878, the same being the 6th day of the regular June session, 1878, of said Board.

Said Ditch is described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing nine hundred and forty (940) feet east of the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in town thirty-two (32) north of range seven (7); thence south seventy (70) degrees west three hundred (300) feet to a point fifteen (15) feet south of the half-mile line running east and west in said section twenty-eight (28); thence west along the ditch on the north side of the old Rail Road grade thirty-seven hundred (3700) feet; thence north forty (40) degrees west forty-six hundred (4600) feet to a point where it will terminate in the southwest quarter of section twenty (20), town and range aforesaid, the whole length of said proposed ditch being eighty-three hundred (8300) feet.

The names of the owners of the lands that will be affected by said proposed work are as follows, to-wit:

James H. Willard, Aleida W. Van't Wound, Amandes Beek, Nannie E. Spitler, Evalin Bayfield, Patrick Hanlon, Harvey Stewart, Ellen Stewart, Sarah J. Granger, Thomas Williams, Richmond Hathaway, Anthony I. Drexel.

{SEAL.} Witness my name and official seal, at Rensselaer, this 7th day of May, 1878.

HENRY A. BARKLEY, Auditor of Jasper county, Ind.

May 10, 1878—4w—17 50.
Frank W. Babcock, Att'y.

DITCH NOTICE,

WHEREAS, A. H. Fairchild, Thomas Antrim, Kornelius Bowman, Anne Burring, Jacob Haan, Asa Tyler, Ira A. Williams, Herman Schwankie, Fred Schwankie, Daniel O'Donnell, Joseph Whited filed in the Auditor's Office of Jasper County, in the State of Indiana, a petition to the Board of Commissioners of the County of Jasper, State of Indiana, praying said Board to cause to be constructed a Ditch or Drain in Keener Township, County and State aforesaid, as hereinafter described: And whereas, on the 5th day of March, 1878, the same being the second day of the regular March session, 1878, of said Board of Commissioners, they did, by an order duly entered of record, appoint Ezra C. Nowels, David H. Yeoman and Malachi P. Comer Viewers in said cause to view said proposed Ditch, and to perform certain duties in said order named and to do and perform all other necessary acts and services as such viewers and to file their report with the County Auditor: And whereas said viewers have made their view of the said proposed work, and after having subscribed and sworn to the same have filed their report with the undersigned County Auditor of said county of Jasper: Therefore, Notice is hereby given of the pendency and prayer of said petition, and the filing of said viewers' report thereon, and that the time set for the hearing thereof is on Saturday the 8th day of June, 1878, the same being the 6th day of the regular June session, 1878.

Said proposed Ditch is described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirty-six (36), in town thirty-two (32) north of range seven (7) west; thence north about forty-two (42) degrees west to the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of the the north-west quarter of section thirty-five (35), in town and range aforesaid; thence north one hundred and twenty (120) rods to a point on the quarter-mile line running north and south in the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26), town and range aforesaid; thence north about thirty (30) degrees east to a point forty (40) rods north of the south line and twenty (20) rods east of the west line of the northeast quarter of said section twenty-six (26); thence north about forty (40) degrees west to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said section twenty-six (26); thence west on the section line dividing sections twenty-six (26) and twenty-three (23), and sections twenty-seven (27) and twenty-two (22), town and range aforesaid, to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-seven (27), town and range aforesaid; thence north forty (40) degrees west eighty (80) rods; thence north fifty-five (55) degrees west about two hundred (200) rods crossing the east line of section twenty-one (21), town and range aforesaid, about six (6) rods north of the south-east corner of the northeast quarter of said section twenty-one (21) and terminating at a point in the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of said section twenty-one (21) about thirty-five rods north, forty (40) degrees west of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section twenty-one.

The names of the owners of the land that will be affected by said proposed work are as follows, to-wit:

Daniel O'Donnell, Michael F. Schwankie, Edward Stebbe, Henry M. Benedict, Simon P. Thompson, John Buckingham, Ebenezer Buckingham, Alexander A. Tyler, Thomas Thompson, Elam D. Fairchild, Ira A. Williams, John C. Greenman, William J. Roach, William E. Moore, John B. Tyler, Sarah H. Ray, Albert Brook, George W. Blakemore, Anthony I. Drexell, William Jennings, Daniel E. Fairchild, Kornelius Bowman, Willard J. Sheridan, Asa Tyler, Sarah J. Tyler, Anne Burring, Rinje Honserijje, Eli R. Farmer, Jacob Ham, Peter Crocker, Nannie E. Spitler Trustee for John E. Spitler, Signor Defries, Grietz Bierma, Nicholas Bierma, Theodore Mount, Mary Mount, Celina Mount, Mahlon F. Antrim, James F. Antrim, George B. Antrim, Jasper county, Indiana, and Keener Township.

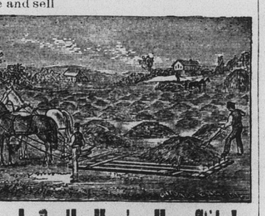
{SEAL.} In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the Board of Commissioners, at Rensselaer, this 7th day of May, A. D., 1878.

HENRY A. BARKLEY, Auditor of Jasper county, Ind.

May 10, 1878—4w—27 50.
Frank. W. Babcock, Att'y.

1,000 AGENTS WANTED!

In every section of the country to introduce and sell



A. J. Reed's Hoosier Hay Slide!

One of the Greatest Labor-Saving Machines Invented for the Hay-Field. Cheap, Practical, Durable, Efficient.

(Patented April 6, 1875.)

Two men and one span of horses can haul and stack more hay with it in one day, than five men and two span of horses in the same time with any other appliance.

It requires no capital. Only Three Dollars for an Outfit! Descriptive Circulars on application. Call on or address,

ANDREW J. REED, PASSETTEE.

Pleasant Grove Jasper County, Indiana.

2. 16. 3m.

N. WARNER,

DEALER IN

Hardware,

OF ALL KINDS
ENSSELAER. IND.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Stoves, Tinware, FURNITURE, etc.,

And respectfully invites the citizens of Jasper and adjoining counties, when wishing anything in his line, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. A careful examination of his stock will convince any one that he keeps none but

First-Class Goods,

and sells them cheaper than they can be sold by any other dealer in the country. He defies competition. Remember the place.

LIBERAL CORNER
v1n2 Rensselaer, Ind

HARDING & SON,

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they have opened a

Retail Prescription Drug Store!

one door west of the Stone Building, on Washington street, where they may be found at all hours of the day, dealing out

Pure Medicines!

to those that may want, at reasonable charges.

☞ Your patronage solicited and thankfully received. Dec. 21, 1877.

ODDING & CUMMER

STOCK OF NEW GOODS!!

ODDING & CUMMER

Just Received and being opened Out by

RALPH FENDIG,

CONSISTING OF

STAPLE ARTICLES,

most generally in demand with the people. In the selection of my new stock of

Spring & Summer Goods,

I have kept steadily in view the desires and tastes of the people with reference to Styles, Quality, Durability and price.

The Best Dress Goods, Best Ready-Made Clothing, Hats Caps, Boots, Shoes,

and STANDARD GROCERIES,

kept in quantity and at lowest rates. An inspection of Goods and prices is repectfully solicited.

RALPH FENDIG.

West corner Bedford & Jackson's brick, Rensselaer, Ind.

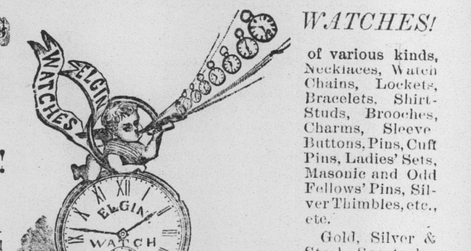
W. S. ORWIN JEWELER,

RENSSELAER, IND.,

Formerly of Logansport,

Will keep constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of

Clocks Watches AND Jewelry!



WATCHES!

of various kinds, Necklaces, Watch Chains, Lockets, Bracelets, Shirt-Studs, Brooches, Charms, Sleeve Buttons, Pins, Cuff Pins, Ladies' Sets, Masonic and Odd Fellows' Pins, Silver Thimbles, etc., etc.

CONSISTING OF

Eight-Day, Thirty-Hour, Weight and Spring

CLOCKS!

Gold, Silver & Steel Spectacles from 50 cents to $3.00, to suit all ages and sizes.

Castors, Cake-Baskets, Butter-Dishes, Call-Bells, Cups, Napkin-Rings, Fruit-Knives, Tableware, Gold Thimbles. He can procure you an Elgin, Howard, Springfield, American or Swiss Watch, as readily and cheaply as any in the trade. He has secured the agency of the Rockford Watch Movement, the best in the America for the money. He purchases direct from the manufactures. Anything not in stock procured on short notice, at rates advantageous to those who purchase through him.

CLOCKS, WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED! ☞ FINE WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY!☜

Also Agent for the Western Cottage, Estey, Mason & Hamlin, Burdett and George Wood Organs; Decker Bro., Weber, Valley Gem, Bradbury, Story & Camp Pianos. All of these first-class instruments.

All Goods warranted as represented; and all work warranted to give satisfaction. N