

President Hayes, at the urgent solicitation of citizens of Atlanta, Ga., visited that city on the 22d of September, and was cordially received. In the presence of 10,000 citizens, Mayor Anger, on behalf of the municipality, welcomed the President, and Gov. Colquitt for the people of the State spoke words of hearty welcome. The President was introduced and received with great cheering. He spoke as follows:

MY FRIENDS OF GEORGIA: I suppose that here, as everywhere else, I am in the presence of men of both great political parties. I am speaking also in the presence of many of the bravest men who fought in the Confederate army (applause), some doubtless of the men who fought in the Union army (applause), and here we are, Republians, Democrats, colored people, white people, Confederate soldiers and Union soldiers, all of one mind and one heart to-day. [Innumerable cheering.]

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alarm of alarm along the gulf coast.

According to reports current in Constantinople, the Sultan is resolved not to accept mediation "while a single Russian soldier remains on Turkish soil," nor to entertain propositions for an armistice unless the bases of a peace of any fault of mine, or of any one of this great audience, slavery existed in this country. It was in the constitution of the country. The colored man was here not by his own voluntary actions. It was the misfortune of his fathers that he was here. I think it is safe to say, to the credit of our fathers, he was here. He was here, however, and the two sections differed about what should be done with him. As Mr. Lincoln told us in the war, there were prayers on both sides for him. Both sides gave to him who was an eye-witness of the battle fought on Sept. 21 between the Czarowitch and Mehmet Ali, telegraphs from Constantinople as follows: "Five or six different attacks were made to-day by the Turks, with from one to three battalions each, and were repulsed. The attacks failed. The loss to the Turks was very heavy. A number of killed and wounded, including 100,000 men, were given over which the combatants passed. The Russians maintain their positions, which consist of a series of formidable trenches."

The Russian official bulletin, dated Gorni-Studen, Sept. 23, says: "The Turks removed the bombardment of the Schipka pass positions Friday. In the afternoon they began an assault on the right flank, but were repulsed. The then attacked the left and center, and were likewise repulsed. Fighting lasted until

night."

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

After a six months' rest, the Clyde ship-builders have agreed to arbitrate their differences with the employers, and this important industry will be revived at once.

Reports from most of the famine districts of India are encouraging, the crop prospects having greatly improved under recent rains.

Marshal MacMahon has issued an extraordinary proclamation to the electors of France. He awaits with full confidence the manifestation of the people's sentiments," he says; but he takes care to not repeat the words that their sentiments must be manifested in accordance with his own. He is entirely sure that the people will elect him, and, provided, that he is not re-elected, he will have the necessary afford opportunity and encourage the proposed of the speedy restoration of confidence and revival of business activity.

REASSESSMENT.—"The spirit of our age," says the promise of the final and permanent pacification of the Southern section of our country under local self-government, based upon the full recognition of the equal rights of all by all, and we cordially approve the spirit and measures of the administration, wisely adapted to hasten this result, as far as possible, by the exercise of the right and duty, as far as possible, to promote the spirit of peace and reconciliation between the citizens of all sections, and to insist upon their settlement in the interest of the government, national progress and enduring union."

2. That we congratulate the country upon the right-of-access of the Republican President, whose consummate integrity, honesty of purpose, wisdom, moderation, and firmness command the confidence of the people, giving assurance of the economical and benevolent administration of public affairs, that will be nothing more than a barren form, "manifesto," has created an immense sensation in France. It is now spread through the Republic and clerical organs, while the Republican papers manifest serious alarm at the Marchal's threats.

In France the Republicans have issued an address to the people, replying point by point, to MacMahon's manifesto. The concluding statement is as follows: "Your duty will increase with the audacity of those who presume to impose themselves on France. You cannot become the instrument of clericalism. The republic must have republican functionaries, and the country expects order, peace and stability through the republic."

Mr. LeVerrier, the celebrated French astronomer, has agreed to be present at the trial of Gambetta upon his appeal.

The second trial of Gambetta took place on the 22d of September on appeal. His counsel argued that the tribunal which condemned him was incompetent. The court rejected the plea, and confirmed the sentence pronounced at the first trial.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

EARL.

A monument to fallen soldiers and sailors was dedicated at Boston on the 17th inst., in the presence of the Governor and the Legislature. Attorney General Devens was the chief orator. A stand upon which about 2,000 people were seated gave way, injuring some thirty, though quite severely.

The dedication of the new monument at Paoli, Pa., in honor of fifty-three American soldiers under Gen. Anthony Wayne, killed by British troops under Gen. Gray, 100 years ago, took place on the 20th of September. Among those present were Gov. Hartman and a grandson of Anthony Wayne.

WEST.

The Texas cattle fever has broken out in Western Missouri and Eastern Kansas, and is killing off the stock in large numbers.

Gen. Sturges had a spirited contest with the Nez Perces in the Yellowstone region, with the result of inflicting a severe drubbing upon the retreating savages. A vigorous pursuit of two days was rewarded by an opportunity to give Joseph a taste of red-hot warfare, and the capture of several hundred Indians, and a number of a large number of Indians, after a whole day's fighting in which the Crows did good service, are set down to the charges of the Union Pacific.

The east-bound passenger train of the Union Pacific, having stopped by highwayman at Big Springs, Neb., on the 18th inst., was first took possession of the train, the robbers were also robbed, of what amount is not yet ascertained. To delay the train reaching the next station, and alarm being given, the fire in the locomotive was wet down. A freight train overtaking the express, its engine was sent to Ogallala, from where the report of the robbery was made. The robbers are believed to have gone north. The railroad company offer a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of the thieves.

4. Honest and legitimate business are the true basis of a nation's prosperity. Official salaries ought never to be so high as to be sought after for mere pecuniary gain. Salaries, fees and costs of litigation have, during the past years of Republican legislation, been largely increased as to become absolutely burdensome. The time demand and expense of legal proceedings, and the reduction of all such salaries, fees and costs, should be restored as the uniform legal rate of interest in this State, without the impairing obligations of contracts.

5. The Prohibitionists of New Jersey have voted to become a patriot in his own home and place. I have heard that in the State of the Capital an where they would go to [laugh over]; but upon the great question of the Union of States and rights of all the citizens we shall agree evermore. [Great cheers.]

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Advices from the seat of war to the 18th announced that Suleiman Pasha had captured Fort St. Nicholas, in Schipka pass, and formed a junction with Mohamed Ali. It seems probable, telegraphs a correspondent, "that the Emperor may attempt something against the Greek army, who, already obliged to retire before the junction was effected, may now be forced to retreat still further, although the Imperial Guard, now arriving rapidly, may put another face on affairs. It is reported that Gen. Wood, the defader of Suleiman, has received orders to prepare plans for fortifying the winter camp at Malchin, Hizvra, Sistova, and Nikopolis. If it comes to the worst, Nikopolis, where the strong fort is to be established, will be directed to the Jantra line."

Dispatches from before Plevna of the 21st

# The Democratic Sentinel

"A Firm Adherence to Correct Principles."

\$1.50 per Annum.

JAS. W. McEWEN, Editor.

RENSSELAER, JASPER COUNTY, INDIANA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1877.

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state that "the Russians maintain a partial blockade of the place, and continue a desultory bombardment. They are waiting for the Imperial Guard, one division of which is already at or near the crossing-place on the Danube, while another is following, with as much expedition as possible. But Osman is getting reinforcements, too. Chefket Pasha, the Bulgarian butcher, has pushed his way northward from Sofia, with a convoy of provisions for Pleven, and a force of twenty or thirty thousand men, and has already opened communications with Osman. There is nothing new from Suleiman or Mohamed Ali."

It is estimated at the Russian headquarters that the Turks lost 4,000 men in the late attempt to capture Fort St. Nicholas.

A London dispatch of the 22d says "fighting is reported to have begun between the forces of Mohamed Ali and the Czarowitch near Biela. The Turkish commander, who has been advancing for several days with extreme caution, came up with the Russian outpost Thursday, and some skirmishing took place, followed by a more serious conflict Friday, resulting in the loss to the Russians of 5,000 men, and to the Turks of 6,000. Both sides claim the victory."

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This is one of the most popular dramas ever written, and is said to have netted Mr. Bouciani \$300,000 since its first production, a little over a year ago.

South.

The steamers Great Republic and Carondelet were burned at St. Louis a few nights ago. The Great Republic was the finest steamboat ever built for the Mississippi river, and was valued at \$350,000. The Carondelet was valued at \$75,000.

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WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Ohio clerks in the treasury have been given to understand that they can have a furlough of sufficient length to allow them to go to town to vote, provided they desire to do so.

E. R. Hoyt, of New York, has been appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

POLITICAL POINTS.

The Republican State Convention of Massachusetts met at Worcester last week and nominated the following ticket: Governor, Alexander H. Rice; Lieutenant Governor, Horatio G. Knight; Secretary of State, Henry B. Pierce; Attorney General, Charles R. Train; Treasurer and Receiver General, Charles Endicott; Auditor, Julius L. Clarke. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we cordially re-endorse our previous action in regard to the principles which have inspired the formation of the Republican party. We accept the responsibility of the national administration again committed to Republican hands as a trust to be exercised for the welfare of all the people, without distinction of race, color, locality, or creed. The armed struggle for union and equal rights is at an end. The armed struggle for freedom is over.

The reader is advised to accept no \$5 bill on the First National Bank of Tamauqua, Pa. A perfectly-executed counterfeit fiver is bank in circulation, and all issues of that denomination are to be called in.

SHERMAN'S SIXTY MILLIONS.

Judge Kelley Shows How it is Safely and Profitably Employed by the Banks.

To the Editor of the Philadelphia Times:

Will you permit me to respond to questions which come to me in such numbers that I am unable to reply specifically to each of the earnest men who propound them, and to withhold reply

from which is to sanction a misstatement of facts which is, in my judgment, working great evil to the suffering people of the country? Many people believe that the world-wide depression of trade with which we are now afflicted is the result of mismanagement of the finances of this country and Germany; that the enormous contraction by these two Governments of the principal yearly for this time, will amount to \$27,000,000. Deducting \$2,000,000,000 of principal, and you have

an interest of \$24,999,000, or \$25,000,000, or three times the amount of the principal.

Now, under the operation of the greenback system, the interest and principal of the debt can be honestly and honorably discharged in less than a generation (thirty-one and a quarter years), a cost of but 58¢ per cent. of the amount required to pay the interest for thirty-one years under the banks' and bankers' system.

By complying with my suggestion, we can be made up to do so, but the interest and the principal of the debt can be honestly and honorably discharged in less than a generation (thirty-one and a quarter years), a cost of but 58¢ per cent. of the amount required to pay the interest for thirty-one years under the banks' and bankers' system.

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