

# Democratic Press.

DECATUR, IND.

Democratic Press Co., Publishers

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## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

### BOILED DOWN FOR OUR INTELLIGENT READERS.

**Children Held as Spies by the Spanish Government—Many Christians Butchered by Mussulmans in the Island of Crete—Iron Works to Resume.**

#### Death in the Water.

Whiting (Ind.) special: Richard Atkins, a grocer, 74 years old, was drowned while bathing in four feet of water in Lake Michigan. He was seized by an under current and carried away before those about him could help him. His body was recovered after a half hour's search.

Laporte (Ind.) special: Garland Travis and Will Way were drowned in the Kankakee River. The bodies have been recovered. Travis was standing in a boat driving a stake on which to fasten a trot line, when he fell overboard. He was powerless to help himself and Way jumped in to save him. Travis sank and Way, unable to reach the boat, was drowned. The Kankakee River here has claimed three victims within the last ten days.

#### Children Held as Spies.

Havana special: In the city of Puerto Principe the residences of several American citizens were entered and searched by Spanish troops in quest of munitions and compromising documents. A Cuban woman and two little girls, eight and ten years old have been held as spies in Puerto Principe. The former, the Spaniards allege, carried a revolver, and the children had correspondence addressed to the rebel Government in Cuba, when apprehended by the Spanish pickets in the Puerto Principe suburbs. All will be court-martialed. A petition, however, is being signed beseeching the Queen Regent to order Gen. Weyler to pardon the children if convicted.

#### Fatal Fire in New York City.

What at first was reported as a most terribly disastrous fire, broke out in the big six-story building at Nos. 465, 467 and 469 Greenwich street, New York, shortly after 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. With almost incredible rapidity the rumor flew abroad that from twenty to thirty unfortunate people had lost their lives in the flames. Later this was disputed, and it was pretty well proven that not more than five lives at the most had been lost if, indeed the number of the dead would finally reach that total. The financial loss was fixed at something over \$100,000.

#### Body Snatchers.

It has been discovered that body snatchers have opened two graves in the insane hospital burying grounds at Indianapolis, those of Joseph H. Bitzer of Vermillion County, and John Schwab. Only Bitzer's body was taken. Search is being made for the body, which is supposed to have been taken to some medical college. The bodies were buried last Saturday. Bitzer had been an inmate of the hospital for years. Superintendent Edenhartner says that if it is necessary he will establish a night guard at the burying grounds.

#### Butchered Christians.

At Anapoli Peddiadia, near Heraklion, in the island of Crete, a thousand armed Mussulmans butchered thirty unarmed Christians, in the precinct of the St. John Monastery. Several priests and women and children were among the victims. One woman was slaughtered after seeing her children and her husband butchered on her knees. Several churches were desecrated and a priest named Jeeremah had his ears and nose cut off, and was then burned alive on a pyre of sacred pictures.

#### Iron Works to Resume.

The Indiana Iron Works and the Midland Steel Works, Muncie's largest iron and steel industry, which have been idle for several weeks, will resume with nearly a full quota of hands, 600 each. The puddle furnace at the Indiana will start double turn, and the finishing mill single turn. The nut and bolt works department will not resume at this time.

#### Winona Assembly Visited by a Hurricane.

Warsaw (Ind.) special: A tornado struck Winona Park near here the other day. Trees and tents were blown down. The amphitheater is a mass of ruins. Two people were injured. The assembly grounds were desolated. The money loss will reach \$10,000.

#### The Cleveland Strike Failed.

The strike, or lockout at the Brown Hoisting Works, in Cleveland, Ohio, is practically at an end. Of the 800 men who went out on strike, 500 are now engaged in other employment. The Brown Company has 355 men at work and has refused twenty-five applications for employment.

#### More New Attractions.

Attractions at Robison Park August 16: Sonerant Bros., gymnasts; Blanche Le Clair aerialist.

#### Killed Coupling Cars.

Grafton (W. Va.) special: Hugh G. Wright of Monmouth, W. Va., a brakeman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, while coupling cars was knocked down and run over, suffering injuries from which he died.

#### Pioneer Dead.

Mrs. Sarah Hudson, aged 85, is dead at Martinsville. She was the last of one of the families that first settled in Morgan County, when the Indians were yet plenty here, and has resided in this county continually since.

## WATER FAMINE IN ARKANSAS.

Human Beings Suffering from the Pangs of Thirst.

A water famine exists in a large portion of Arkansas, and in some sections human beings are actually suffering from the pangs of thirst. There have been isolated thunder showers in various portions of the State recently, but in some counties no rain has fallen since April 13 and the suffering is almost beyond belief. A gentleman arrived in Little Rock from an overland trip through portions of Jefferson, Cleveland and Bradley Counties and says that people in some localities are hauling water for drinking purposes in barrels a distance of twenty-five miles and that for a glass of water to be unable to buy for an entire day is quenching his thirst. White river is running dry and the Mayor of Fayetteville has issued a proclamation prohibiting the sprinkling of the streets, the water being needed for drinking purposes.

## TRAMP BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Louisiana Mob Metes Out Quick Justice to an Unknown Murderer.

An unknown white tramp was burned to death by a mob in Franklin parish, La., Wednesday night. A respectable white woman employed as a domestic was sent across Tensas River on an errand, and failing to return in proper time the family became alarmed and sent parties in search of her. The dead and horribly mutilated body of the woman was found in the woods partially concealed by brush. Suspicion pointed to a white tramp who had been seen near there. Dogs were used, and in a few hours the tramp was run down. He confessed that he had killed the woman, and the infuriated crowd bound him to the nearest tree, and after burning his body and riddling it with bullets, quietly disappeared.

## Spain's Hands Full.

At last the Cuban rebels have carried the war into Spain. They do not proceed openly or violently, but seek by intrigue to prevent the embarkation of more Spanish troops for Cuba. Trouble of a serious nature is being fomented in Spain, particularly in the Province of Valencia, by agents of the Cuban insurgents. The minister of the interior, Senor Cos-Gayon, replying to a question in the chamber of deputies, admitted that a number of riots had occurred in Valencia and, when asked to explain the cause of the disturbances, said they were caused by friends of the Cuban insurgents, who hoped thereby to prevent the departure of further reinforcements of troops for Cuba. Hitherto the popular demonstrations have been attributed entirely to protest against the imposition of new taxes—a step made necessary by the financial strain the government has been subjected to through carrying on the campaign against the insurgents of Cuba. But, while the government is only willing to admit that the riots have been instigated by the agents of the Cuban revolutionists, it is generally admitted that the roots of the trouble are much deeper, and that it is being nourished by the natural feeling of alarm and dismay at the apparent utter inability of the government to cope with the situation in Cuba. That the large Spanish army in Cuba must be still further and heavily reinforced is looked upon as being a confession of weakness upon the part of the administration and as an admission of the growing strength of the Cubans. In addition, many letters have been received in different parts of Spain by the relatives of Spanish soldiers serving with the army in Cuba, and they tell such terrible tales of sickness, privation, incompetency and mismanagement, to say nothing of lack of pay, that a dangerous feeling against the government has arisen and is gaining strength day by day. Under these circumstances the agents of the Cubans do not have much difficulty in carrying out their plans of causing popular outbreaks.

## They Marry Native Women.

Complaint is made that Chinese immigration on the west coast of Mexico is introducing leprosy, and it is also stated that Chinamen are marrying the women of the lower classes. Mormon colonies are prospering, owing to frugal and energetic business management. Railway construction in various parts of the republic is actively going on, and imports of English railway material, principally steel rails, are increasing. The policy of the government is now directed to the development and completion in the most essential parts the present railway system, the greatest lack of facilities being in southern Mexico and along the west coast, which is agriculturally and mineral the richest portion of the republic. The government, in granting modification of railway concessions, allows on portions not subventioned rates which fully compensate, in the opinion of railway men, the profit to be derived from the subsidies. The most profitable railway in the country to-day is the Mexican Northern, operating in the Sierra Mojavia mining region, which has no subvention, but is allowed to charge high rates, having no competition, and is doing an excellent business. Representations are being made to the government by the chambers of commerce of the cities on the west coast, stating that the entire section from Sonora south is lacking in transportation facilities, and praying that measures be taken to supply the want and give life and impetus to the rich undeveloped country.

## Wolverine and Badger Candidates.

Hazen F. Piugree, the famous inventor of the municipal potato patch, was on the fourth ballot nominated for Governor of Michigan by the Republican State convention at Grand Rapids Thursday afternoon. In Wisconsin, the same day, at the Republican State convention at Milwaukee, Maj. Edward Scofield, of Oconto, was nominated for Governor on the sixth ballot, after the most interesting fight ever seen in Wisconsin. The present State officers below the office of Governor were then renominated by acclamation in a bunch.

## Child Killed by a Lion.

In Thomas Hurst's animal show at the Shillkeoth, Ohio, fair grounds a large lion was chained near the entrance to the tent as a catching advertisement. Eddie Hurd, 18 months old, son of the proprietor, was playing near the animal, and the ferocious beast seized the infant by the head and shook it as a terrier dog would shake a rat until it was a corpse. The affair caused a panic in the crowded grounds.

## Turkey is Hard Up.

The financial difficulties of the Turkish Government are most acute. The officials on the civil list have not received their salaries for seven months, and when some of them complained they were arrested.

## ACT LIKE LUNATICS.

### STRANGE EFFECT OF RELIGIOUS EXCITEMENT.

New Pittsburg, Ohio, Families Broken Up and the Citizens on the Verge of Riot—Life Made Almost Unendurable by Heat and Humidity.

#### Made Mad by Religion.

New Pittsburg, Ohio, is the scene of most intense religious excitement, bordering on fanaticism. The leaders claim to be in personal communication with the Lord and to act under instructions from Him. Excitement is so high that families have been broken up and numerous fights have occurred over the matter. The people have tried every way to get rid of the fanatics, but have failed. Warrants were sworn out for the arrest of the leaders—Mart Searls and his two brothers. When arraigned before the justice they were furious and denounced the court in most bitter terms, insulting the justice and even climbing upon the desk and spitting upon him. The trio were finally placed in jail and Mart was taken to the Athens asylum. Their followers number about one hundred and fifty, some of whom have given as high as \$150,000 each upon being converted.

## DEATH IN THE SUN'S RAYS.

All the Large Cities Report a Frightful Mortality From Sunstroke.

The whole of the United States has passed through its most remarkable meteorological experience for years. Excessive heat has combined with humidity to make the lot of man and beast almost unendurable. All records for eight years have been broken. In New York and Brooklyn Sunday seventy-two people were killed outright; in Chicago, 19; in St. Louis Saturday, 25; in Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburg, Detroit and other towns, lesser numbers, though the heat was intense. In addition to these, there were thousands of prostrations, many of which will terminate fatally. The suffering among the very poor of the cities has been terrible.

## ICE SAVES A HORSE'S LIFE.

It is Applied to the Heat-Stricken Animal Just in Time.

Ice saved a Chicago horse's life Friday night. Stricken in the harness, the poor beast fell when at Dearborn and Washington streets. It was nearly midnight when the toller gave up. Its driver stripped the harness from its back, watched the listless struggles for a while and then sent for ice. The horse's head was placed on the sidewalk and covered with cracked ice. In an hour and a half the cold did its work and the horse was able to stagger to its feet. Soon it was able to walk to its stable. Hundreds of persons who watched the scene and the humane man who applied the ice to his best friend's burning head was cheered to the echo when the horse revived.

## VISITS THE WRONG BANK.

W. I. Chamberlain Demands Money from Cashier Hubbard and Is Shot.

W. I. Chamberlain, a Jacksonville, Fla., crank, went into the bank of the Southern Savings and Trust Company at noon Friday and presented a paper to the paying teller, Archie Hubbard, who was alone in the bank. The paper was a demand for silence and the immediate delivery of \$5,000, with a threat to throw acid on Hubbard's face if he did not comply. Hubbard covered the crank with a revolver and the two men grappled. Seizing his opportunity Hubbard fired, hitting his opponent in the abdomen. Chamberlain will probably die.

## LEE TAKES A HAND.

Consul General Demands Better Treatment of Prisoners.

Havana advises say that Consul General Lee has renewed his efforts to have the Competitor's crew transferred to better quarters, and in a note to the captain general also insisted that the prisoners should be fed better. Several of the men are ill, and unless the Spanish prison authorities improve their diet the consul general purposes to ask that the prisoners' friends in the United States be allowed to contribute to a fund to provide them with necessities.

## CATHOLICS WHO ABSTAIN.

Annual National Convention Is Held in St. Louis.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union met in convention auditorium at St. Louis Wednesday morning, about 1,200 delegates being present. After assembling the delegates marched to St. John's Church, where Archbishop Elder of Cincinnati, in the absence of Archbishop Kain, celebrated pontifical high mass. In the afternoon the delegates paraded and were reviewed by the officers of the union.

## Kills Four Children.

At Opelika, Ala., a man named Huckabee, who is partially demented, went to the house of a negro against whom he had a grudge and, taking an ax from the woodpile, struck four negro children who were there, laying their heads open, instantly killing all four.

## Smallest Horse in the World.

At Canandaigua, N. Y., a colt was given birth by an Iceland pony mare belonging to a traveling circus. The animal weighs eight and one-half pounds. Its height is eleven inches. The colt was named Canandaigua. It was conveyed to the train in a market basket.

## Sheriffs Favor the Curfew Law.

The Interstate Sheriffs' Association held its fifth annual convention at Denver, Colo. Gov. McIntyre and Mayor McMurray delivered addresses. The convention adopted resolutions in favor of the curfew law in all cities, towns and villages.

## Hanged for Wife Murder.

Charles Thiede was hanged at Salt Lake City, Utah, Friday. It is the second hanging in the history of Utah. Thiede, a saloon-keeper, murdered his wife on the night of April 30, 1894. He asserted his innocence to the last.

## Guests Flea in Terror.

The Park Theater, Tugby's Museum, and other buildings at Niagara Falls were destroyed by fire. The International Hotel was on fire several times and the guests fled to the streets. The loss will reach \$250,000.

## MAY BAR INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Colorado Commissioner Proposes to Use Anti-Silver Circulars.

It is announced that State Auditor Parks, of Colorado, who is ex-officio insurance commissioner, is about to spring a surprise upon some of the leading insurance companies. Several companies, it is said, have recently been sending circulars to their policy holders containing the assertion that if the Democratic party is successful in the coming election their policies will be worth but half the amount on which the premiums have been paid. It is said Mr. Parks has been quietly securing a collection of these circulars, which he claims are evidence of insolvency on the part of the companies, and he now proposes to cancel the licenses of all such companies which are now doing business in that State. It is claimed that the Auditor's judgment in such cases is final, and that if he insists upon this course the companies will be barred from doing business in the State.

## GLOAT OVER \$14,000 IN GOLD.

A Nebraska County Board Demands that the Cash Be Shown.

Just to satisfy the longing of the members of the Dakota County, Nebraska, Board of Commissioners to gaze on \$14,000 in gold coin that sun had to be transported six miles across the country Wednesday from the Sioux City Bank, where it was deposited, to the board's meeting place at Dakota City. When the members of the board expressed a desire to see the county funds the Treasurer showed them a certificate of deposit. That was all very well, the Chairman replied, but they wanted the money. Much against his will the Treasurer accordingly applied to the Sheriff, who with a strong escort made the trip to Sioux City and returned with the coin in a lumber wagon. When he arrived the board simply pawed over the glittering pieces and ordered it sent back to Sioux City at once.

## Britains Defeat the Matabeles.

Details have been received at Cape Town of the decisive victory won Wednesday by the 700 British troops composing Col. Plumer's column over a native force estimated to have numbered from 5,000 to 7,000. The latter fought most desperately and bravely, charging up to within a few yards of the British rapid-fire guns. About 500 of the Matabele warriors were slain and the loss of the British included Major Kershaw, Lieut. Harvey, four sergeants and about thirty soldiers killed, and six officers, several non-commissioned officers and about fifty men wounded. The Matabele and their allies were commanded by the big chief Sokomboe and Umhulungu, each of over 1,000 men, well supplied with arms and ammunition.

## Twenty Million at Stake.

After months of skirmishing and sparing for position among the army of attorneys involved, order has been finally secured in the Fair litigation, and the trial of one of the greatest will contests in the history of the United States is near at hand in San Francisco.

## Steamer St. Paul Ashore.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer St. Paul went ashore at Point Pinos, near Monterey, Cal., early Sunday morning and will probably be a total wreck. There were about fifty passengers on board, but all were landed safely and no lives were lost.

## A Grave Crisis in Hayti.

Many large commercial houses in Hayti are closing down owing to the unstable position of the Government. A \$1,000,000 fire at Port-au-Prince has intensified the trouble. Gold has risen to 85 per cent.

## Killed in a Trolley Car.

At Columbia, Pa., three persons were instantly killed and fifteen injured, some fatally, by the derailment of a trolley car on the Columbia and Donegal electric road Sunday night.

## River Threatens a City.

The Missouri river is advancing toward Vermillion, S. D., cutting into the earth at the rate of ten feet per hour. Unless the advance is checked Vermillion will be in the river by fall.

## Tennessee Town Is Burned.

The entire business portion of Concord, Tenn., consisting of nine stores, was destroyed by fire at an early hour Wednesday morning.

## To Bar Out Our Grain.

Austria will organize an international union to protect the central European grain producers against American competition.

## THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 55c to 56c; corn, No. 2, 23c to 24c; oats, No. 2, 16c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 30c to 31c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 15c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 11c; new potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, common short to choice dwarf, \$25 to \$80 per ton.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 57c to 58c; corn, No. 1 white, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 58c to 60c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 21c to 23c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 27c to 29c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 61c to 63c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 30c to 32c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 61c to 63c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 30c to 32c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 64c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 33c; clover seed, \$4.30 to \$4.35.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 55c to 57c; corn, No. 3, 24c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; barley, No. 2, 30c to 34c; rye, No. 1, 31c to 32c; pork, mess, \$6.25 to \$6.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 63c to 64c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 2, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 24c; butter, creamery, 11c to 16c; eggs, Western, 11c to 13c.

## SUNSHINE IS DEADLY

### HUNDREDS ARE LAID LOW IN VARIOUS PLACES.

Suffering in the Cities Is the Worst Ever Experienced—In One Day Seventy-two Die in New York and a Score Perish in Chicago.

#### Slain by the Hot Sun.

The whole of the United States has passed through its most remarkable meteorological experience for years. Excessive heat has combined with humidity to make the lot of man and beast almost unendurable. All records for eight years have been broken. In New York and Brooklyn Sunday seventy-two people were killed outright; in Chicago, 19; in St. Louis Saturday, 25; in Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburg, Detroit and other towns, lesser numbers, though the heat was intense. In addition to these, there were thousands of prostrations, many of which will terminate fatally. The suffering among the very poor of the cities has been terrible. The following table shows Sunday's record:

New York and Brooklyn	72
Philadelphia	23
Baltimore	19
Chicago	18
Small Illinois towns	9
Cincinnati	8
Small towns in Indiana	3
Small towns in Ohio	3
Boston	2
St. Louis	2
Pittsburg	2
Cleveland	1
Louisville	1
Memphis	1
San Antonio	1
Sioux City	1

#### Worst Since 1892.

New York city has not had such a succession of hot days and such lists of prostrations by the heat since 1892. In July of that year the official thermometer registered on the 25th, 95; 26th, 96; 27th, 92; 28th, 94; 29th, 95, and fell on the 30th to 94. The humidity was high as well as the heat, and the published list of prostrations and fatal sunstrokes rose to thirty-one deaths and ninety-two prostrations in New York and Brooklyn on the 28th, and sixty-five deaths and 133 prostrations on the 29th. The feverish efforts of those who live in narrow and airless rooms to get sleep caused more than the usual number of persons to roll from roofs and fall from the balconies of fire escapes.

The hottest day of the present protracted spell of fierce heat, and the most unbearable of all this summer, fell upon Philadelphia beginning at midnight Saturday, and bringing death to twenty-four persons and prostrations to an unusually large number. Men and women dropped exhausted in the streets and a few died there before help could reach them. Others were found dead in their beds, and still others succumbed while under treatment in the wards of the various hospitals. Philadelphia has felt nothing like the present spell since July, 1892, when for seven days humanity sweltered and sickened under a temperature that fluctuated between 90 and 102 degrees.

Unabated heat dealt death to Chicagoans Sunday. Prostrations despite the quiet of the day, were reported in every quarter of the city. Two hours of lake breeze in the morning grappled with the rising temperature and checked it down until the afternoon, when it arose to 93, the maximum for the day. Had it not been for this the prostrations earlier in the day must have been much greater. At midnight nineteen deaths from heat had been reported to the health department. The police cured for 61 cases of prostration, 17 of them resulting fatally. Most of the cases were reported in the afternoon. The police ambulances were taxed to their utmost to respond to the unusual number of calls which were made upon them, and the attendants at the hospitals had their hands full preparing ice compresses and other remedies necessary in caring for their patients. The deaths due to sunstroke reported to the health department for four days are as follows:

Thursday	4
Friday	5
Saturday	8
Sunday	19
Total	26

For the entire corresponding week last year but one fatal case of sunstroke was reported. The high death rate last week is charged by officials of the health department directly to the terrific heat and the high degree of humidity in the atmosphere. It is much greater than last year's record and confirms the belief of the department that for years Chicago has not suffered so greatly from the heat. The records for last week and the corresponding week in 1895 are compared as follows:

Deaths.	
1896.	1895.
Sunday, Aug. 2	28
Monday, Aug. 3	106
Tuesday, Aug. 4	106
Wednesday, Aug. 5	85
Thursday, Aug. 6	103
Friday, Aug. 7	109
Saturday, Aug. 8	85
Sunday, Aug. 9	81
Total	658

#### Total

At St. Louis, for a fortnight each day has broken its record. Saturday the official thermometer recorded a continuous temperature of 99 degrees during nearly five hours. On Friday the record was nearly as high. Sunday the thermometer reached 99 degrees at 10 o'clock and attained its maximum of 98 degrees soon after 3 o'clock, remaining practically stationary until after 5 o'clock. At 7 o'clock in the evening the mercury had fallen to 93 degrees. There were forty-eight cases of prostration from heat Saturday, with eight deaths. Sunday, when no labor or manufacturing was in progress, there were eighteen prostrations and two deaths from the heat. The high temperature is leaving its mark upon the city's mortality record. The normal rate is about 200 deaths a week. Last week 273 burial certificates were signed.

Had Sunday been a day of labor in Boston there would have been a long list of fatalities to record. It was, with one exception, the hottest day of the summer so far, and the heat was made more intensely uncomfortable by the fact that

the humidity was very great. The hospitals Sunday night reported only two deaths. The number of prostrations was very large.

In Cincinnati, the heat has caused many deaths, but there have been only two fatalities directly from sunstroke. The temperature has been in the 90's for a week. The weather bureau reported the maximum temperature 94.1 at 3 p. m. at 6 p. m. and 95 at 10 p. m.

At Omaha, the heat has been almost insufferable. A few prostrations have been reported, and physicians report many cases of partial sunstroke. One fatality occurred Sunday.

Sunday in Baltimore was really the worst of the heated term. There were nineteen deaths from the heat and about thirty prostrations reported at 10 o'clock Sunday night.

## BRYAN'S TRIP EAST.

Crowds at the Stations Along the Route to See the Nebraskan.

W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential candidate, was the recipient of many demonstrations while en route from his home in Lincoln, Neb., to New York city to receive the official notification of his nomination. The trip was inaugurated under favorable conditions. It was a day of torrid temperature, but long before the time for the departure of the Bryan party the Rock Island depot platform in Lincoln was crowded, and when the carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Bryan drove up a round of cheers went up from over 1,000 throats. From that time on until the train pulled out people jostled each other as they pressed around the fellow citizen and grasped his hand and wished him God speed. As the train drew away from the station a thousand flaming handkerchiefs waved a parting adieu. On the second day of the trip the party left Des Moines at 6:50 a. m. Colfax was reached a few minutes before 8 o'clock and nearly 1,000 people were wedged into the narrow space between the tracks. Many of them were farmers with their lamps in caps. At Newton at 8:15 there were 1,200 to 1,500 enthusiasts on the platform. They were so bent on cheering that it was with difficulty that Gen. Weaver succeeded in finally restoring order while Mr. Bryan made a brief speech. At Iowa City a ten minutes' stop was made and 1,000 people voiced their enthusiasm through the