

Democratic Press.

DECATUR, IND.

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Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
•	•	•	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	•	•
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(L. Q. N. M. D. F. Q. E. M. 2nd 10th. 17th. 24th.)

EASTERN.

The body of Gen. Pierce M. B. Young, who died at New York, was sent to the general's late home in Cartersville, Ga.

J. N. Collins, & Co., retail dry goods dealers in New York, have assigned to Alfonso H. Aiken, with preferences for \$35,500.

Meade Deltweller, of Harrisburg, Pa., has been elected Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks. Minneapolis has been selected for the meeting next July.

The Spanish Government has been informed that the Cuban insurgents are increasing their activity in accordance with the instructions received from their agents at Paris and in New York.

The Universal Peace Union of Philadelphia, which has been quietly operating a job printing office in Independence Hall, was notified by the city authorities that it would have to vacate the rooms.

Gov. Lowndes of Maryland has offered rewards of \$4,000 for the arrest of the men who lynched Joseph Cocking and Sidney Randolph. Gov. Lowndes accuses the sheriffs of Charles and Washington Counties of gross neglect of duty.

After a deadlock of more than two months, Judge Rose and Mayor Moore have agreed upon the appointment of Ernest Kurz, Democrat, to succeed Frank McConnell on the Board of City Commissioners at Youngstown, Ohio.

The Board of Pardons at Harrisburg, Pa., again heard the application for the pardon of John Bardsley, the defaulting ex-City Treasurer of Philadelphia, who is now serving a fifteen-year sentence in the Eastern penitentiary. Several attempts have been made to secure his release, but up to this time all efforts have been fruitless. The fact that he made restitution of all sums of money misappropriated and his health failing were brought out, and, although the application is held under advisement it is stated upon good authority that the pardon will be recommended.

Chas. A. Dana's paper, the New York Sun, which has always styled itself, because of its faithfulness to its party interests, the most steadfast organ of the Democratic party in New York, in a triple-leaded editorial repudiates allegiance to the Democratic convention at Chicago and unequivocally bolts the platform adopted Thursday. It lashes the party for the successive steps it has taken to its present attitude and says that until after election paternalism and the interests of the United States of America will rest with the candidacy of William McKinley.

WESTERN.

The elevator of the Van Dusen Harrington company at Deadwood Falls, Minn., was burned, with 20,000 bushels of wheat and 3,000 of flax. Loss, \$15,000; insured. The town of Marengo, O., in Morrow County, was almost completely wiped out by fire.

The jury in the case against Romulus Cotell, charged at Akron, Ohio, with the murder of Alvin N. Stone, his wife and Ira F. Stillson, March 29 last, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. The jury was out four hours, although only one ballot was taken.

At Minneapolis, Minn., the Security Warehouse Company's warehouse "B" was burned Friday morning. It was filled with all sorts of merchandise, including farming machinery and a large quantity of household goods. The loss on the building is \$80,000 and on the contents \$20,000. This will be largely covered by insurance.

Joseph A. Jordan, general manager of the Hannibal and St. Louis Railway, has been made vice president of the Green Bay and Western, which has recently been reorganized. He will have charge of the operation of the Green Bay line and will also retain the general management of the Hannibal and St. Louis. Mr. Jordan was for many years connected with the management of the Chicago and Alton.

An awful horror in the shape of a head-on collision occurred at Logan, Iowa, on the Northwestern, Saturday night. The excursion train bearing the Union Pacific pioneers home from the picnic at Logan collided with a freight just after it left the town. Never did a day of pleasure end with more awful disaster. Twenty-eight people were killed and fifty-one injured, many of whom will die. Twenty-four of the dead are identified and the others are so badly mangled that identification is hardly possible. The freight engineer misunderstood his orders.

A sensational suit was filed at Milwaukee in the United States Court by general creditors of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, attacking the proposal of reorganization agreement, seeking the postponement of the sale ordered to take place July 25, and asking that the decree of foreclosure and sale be set aside. The Court is asked to enjoin the sale. The petition charges that the reorganization agreement was brought about by fraud and that the decree of sale was secured in the same manner; that the general creditors are to be shut out for the distribution of the assets while the stockholders are allowed to come in and participate.

Newell Clark, aged 85, was picked up unconscious and alone in his humble home at Ravenna, O., Thursday. Death relieved his sufferings. Mr. Clark was at one time a leading business man of Northeastern Ohio, and was president of the First National Bank for thirty years. He was swindled into buying a gold brick, and lost all of his fortune in buying \$50,000 worth of bonds from a banker in New York, which, it is alleged, proved to be worthless. He has been dependent upon charity for several years. He had just returned home from New York, where he began a suit for \$100,000 damages against the banker.

Commanding officers of Chicago police stations are now wondering to what extent they will be asked to assume the custody of money belonging to the business houses after banking hours. The example set by Capt. Shippy of the Woodlawn district in taking care of the day's receipts at the Coliseum Gardens is being followed by many who fear raids from robbers. Almost every police station in the city has a fireproof safe, and it has for many years been the practice of building and loan associations to keep their books, money and papers locked up there. Speaking about the matter, Captain Shippy said: "It has not been the custom among business men of my district, but I will accommodate them in any manner possible."

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A Century Rider.

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EASTERN.

of Europe, died at St. Louis Wednesday, aged 73 years. He lost the fortune he acquired by shooting in a contest in the interest of the Tichborne claimant. He then came to this country, where he was defeated by Bogardus. After which he went to St. Louis and began the manufacture of patent medicines, in which business he was successful. Several weeks ago he had a quarrel with a tenant, a fortune teller named Mme. Marie Frick, during which she struck him on the head with a shoe. She was arrested, and is serving a sentence of one year in the workhouse. Rimell has not been well since, and died of nervous prostration. He was an intimate friend of Buffalo Bill.

The St. Louis police department is mystified over a sensational murder that occurred Tuesday night. A phaeton containing three men and a woman drove up to a saloon, No. 2200 Washington Avenue. One of the men and the woman alighted and entered the saloon. Sitting down to a table they ordered refreshments, and while the waiter was gone to fill the order five shots fired in rapid succession were heard, and the strange man was seen rushing from the saloon. The woman, who was well-dressed and good-looking, was found lying beside the table, dead. Most of the bullets had taken effect and her death was almost instantaneous. Later in the evening William Jenkins, son of Benjamin Jenkins, a widely known river man, was arrested for the murder. It was at first asserted that the woman killed was his wife, but Jenkins insists that the latter is out of town.

The water at present supplied to the city of Duluth is bad. Not as bad as before the water company put in its new intake well, but still entirely too bad for use as a beverage. So says the analysis just concluded by Prof. A. J. Woodman. The Professor has discovered in the samples submitted to him bacteria to the number of 10,000 to the cubic centimeter. This a vegetable growth and is significant when present in such quantities, as indicating the presence of a large amount of organic matter in the water, from which these minute plants draw their nourishment. Normal Lake Superior water contains about forty-four to the cubic centimeter. In addition there are large numbers of animalcules found. These are present in such numbers only when there is a large amount of organic matter for them to dispose of. They are nature's scavengers.

WASHINGTON.

On July 1 the treasurer held of the silver bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, 131,841,424 ounces, costing \$118,000,458. The coining value of this bullion in silver dollars is \$170,441,402. Since Nov. 1, 1893, 11,457,491 standard dollars have been coined, and it is said at the treasury that it is probable that the coining of silver dollars will be increased to 2,500,000 or 3,000,000 per month after Aug. 1 next.

Railroad companies can no longer carry their own business letters over their roads without paying postage to Uncle Sam. Wednesday an order from Postmaster General Wilson was received by Major Stuart, postal inspector, and Postmaster Hesing at Chicago, insisting upon the enforcement of the postal laws against railroads carrying their own letters. All letters to station agents and officials are forbidden to be carried without postage. The railroads, however, can be supplied by the Government with a specially stamped envelope, which they must cancel on delivery to the train man. The new order will add several thousand dollars a year to the Government revenues from the many roads centering in Chicago.

FOREIGN.

The Spanish Chamber of Deputies defeated a Carlist amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne to the effect that Spain ought to join the Franco-Russo alliance, in conformity with the exigencies of colonial and Mediterranean interests and in order to resist the "perfidy of the United States."

Gen. Gomez has commissioned Gens. Colazas and Sayas to cross the Tropic with 400 men to carry \$9,000 rounds of ammunition to Llanos. Some time ago Gen. Gomez asked for 1,000,000 cartridges. Since June 29, there have been 1,000,000 cartridges landed in Cuba. Dr. Castillo said that they would send 2,000,000 more before Sept. 1.

The French Government has agreed to close no contracts with the Diamond Match Company for sixty days provided the Continental Match Company agrees to send complete units within that time. President Barber of the Diamond Match Company is endeavoring to discredit the Continental system. President Edwin Gould of the latter company has agreed to send his machinery to Paris at once.

Color, Columbia, dispatch: The sudden mobilization of troops on the Isthmus causes consternation and alarm. The newspapers believe that trouble is expected. A Bluefield correspondent says in the same manner; that the general creditors are to be shut out for the distribution of the assets while the stockholders are allowed to come in and participate.

An account of the settlement of the affair between Gen. Bradley T. Johnson and Senor Manuel Ampudia is given out at Havana. Gen. Johnson denied that he had defamed the Spanish army, and criticised Senor Manuel Ampudia for ignorance and haste and his irregular manner of challenging him, saying he had at first supposed the latter was one of many scurrilous publications he had received. He waived all formalities and signified his readiness to fight. Senor Ampudia's seconds said in view of the denial they withdrew all opinions expressed in the letter. All the seconds then agreed that the incident was ended absolutely.

Dr. Blumenthal, first assistant professor at Leyden, Germany, will publish a scientific report on the treatment of lockjaw by serum, which the medical fraternity look forward to with the greatest interest. Dr. Blumenthal gives the following extract from his article: "I have discovered, and show by numerous examples, why the serum has failed in the treatment of cases of lockjaw. Lockjaw poison clings to the spinal tissues with such tenacity as to defy neutralization by serum. The experiments conducted prove, however, that if, while the lockjaw poison is circulating in the blood, serum is injected the poison is destroyed."

The Italian brig Diadem, Swedish bark Sven, and Norwegian bark John Lindberg were blown ashore in Pensacola Bay, off Mobile, Ala., during a severe storm.

The wind blew from the west.

Wednesday. The wind blew from the

northeast at twenty-two miles an hour and then changed to the northwest, and blew 100 miles an hour, Pensacola being the center of the storm. The Merchants' Hotel, on Palafox street, the Methodist Church, and nearly every business house were unroofed. The streets were made impassable by the fallen trees. No street cars are running. All wires are down, the nearest telegraph station working being at Pensacola. The Pensacola and Atlantic division of the Louisville and Nashville is washed out in places. The damage is fully \$250,000.

IN GENERAL.

A royal proclamation was issued at Ottawa, Ont., proroguing Parliament. It had been called for the 16th. It will likely be prorogued until Aug. 5.

It is stated on high authority that the khedive intends leaving for Europe within ten days on his private yacht, touching first at Corfu and Philippopolis.

An extensive coal deposit has been discovered in the Algoma district, convenient to the Canadian Pacific Railway. This, it is expected, will cause a boom in the iron industry.

In the suit of the Allan line against the Ocean Transport Company, claiming indemnity for rescuing the passengers and crew of the Dominion line chartered steamer Mariposa, wrecked off Grassy Point, near Forteau, Labrador, in September last, the court at London held that under the contract of carriage ship owners are not under obligation to forward wrecked passengers to their destination. The passenger and crew of the Mariposa were taken off by the Allan liners Sardinian and Austrian respectively.

The silver service to be presented by citizens of Indiana to the battleship Indiana is on exhibition at New York. There are about forty pieces and the cost is more than \$8,000. There is about 200 pounds of solid silver in the set. Many of the larger pieces are lined with gold, 22 carats fine. The most beautiful piece in the service is a massive flower dish intended to be a centerpiece. At one end is a large medallion containing the seal of the State of Indiana, while at the other end is a similar medallion bearing in bold relief a facsimile of the sailors and soldiers' monument in Indianapolis.

At Toronto, Ont., Mrs. Alexander Cameron was married Wednesday to Capt. John Morrow of Montreal. The Lord Bishop of Niagara officiated at the ceremony. Mrs. Morrow, who was a Miss Lyons of Cleveland, has been married twice before. Her first husband was Mr. Ward, a millionaire and well-known steamboat owner of Detroit, who left an immense estate, which was for some time in litigation. Miss Clara Ward, a daughter of this marriage, some years ago became the wife of Prince Climay of Belgium. Some time after the death of Mr. Ward his widow married Alexander Cameron of Toronto, who died a few years ago.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

"The wheat market advanced a little, while other speculative markets were stagnant or slightly declined, but its small advance was mainly due to reports of foreign crop reports and need. There are many who believe that the decrease in yield this year has been underestimated, and part of the dispatches gathered by Dun's Review last week tends to support that view, though practically all the returns from what are now those chief wheat growing States were cheering. Less favorable accounts appear this week from Minnesota and Dakota. It is wise on both sides to remember that in spring wheat States, which have this year to make up for some loss elsewhere, the crop will not be out of danger for some weeks."

Rates on grain and its products from Missouri River points to Chicago took a tumble Thursday. The Chicago Great Western Rail road a few days ago put the rate on grain down to 15 cents from Missouri River to Chicago. The executive officers discovered that the Alton had issued a new rate far below those of the Chicago Great Western, and consequently nothing else could be done but to authorize all the roads to meet the Alton's rates.

The new tariffs are as follows:

From Southwestern Missouri River points to Chicago—Wheat and flour, 15 cents per 100 pounds; corn, rye, oats, barley, cornmeal, brewers' meal and bran, 11 cents; flaxseed and millet, 14 cents.

This is a reduction of 10 cents per 100 pounds on wheat and 9 cents on barley, corn, rye, oats, etc.

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