



The Railroad Man, The Clergyman, The Business Man,

and all other men who have to look neat while at work, should know about "CELLULOID" COLLARS AND CUFFS. They look exactly like linen, wear well and do not soil easily and can be cleaned off with a wet sponge or cloth. Do not confuse these in your mind with composition goods. Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this:



Ask for these and refuse anything else if you wish satisfaction. Remember that goods so marked are the only waterproof goods made by coating a linen collar with waterproof "Celluloid," thus giving strength and durability. If your dealer should not have the "Celluloid" send amount direct to us and we will mail you sample post-paid. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs, 50c. pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
427-29 Broadway, New York.

The Democratic Press

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
DEMOCRATIC PRESS PUBLISHING CO.

LEW G. ELLINGHAM, EDITOR.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Indiana
as Second-Class Mail Matter.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24.

THE Weekly Enquirer can now be purchased for fifty cents a year. We will club it with the PRESS for \$1.80. Subscribe now.

LATER opinions place Taggart on the eligible list for governor. He is the man of all men for the place, so just pin your weather eye on Taggart.

THE Winchester Democrat under the management of J. L. Smith of Dana, Ind., made its appearance last week. Besides being newsy the paper is well edited, showing many marks of editorial ability.

SCHUYLER HAUGHEY, who was on trial last week at Indianapolis, being implicated in the Haughey-Coffin bank wrecking scheme, was acquitted by a jury, after deliberating on the case for seventeen hours.

BRO. EVARTS of the Journal, will please accept our apologies for momentarily forgetting that "there are others," and we presume that the numerical million is a very small estimation of the exact number. However, our brother should not feel indisposed upon such trivial occasions.

THIS morning the Fort Wayne Journal printed an illustrated centennial edition that was simply a marvel of mechanical neatness, and will be laid away for future reference by every inhabitant of that city. It contained the fac-simile of R. C. Dick Townsend among the list of many others. The Journal simply outdid itself.

SENATOR SHERMAN is just now a severely criticised writer. His recent production reveals that Harrison's presidential nomination was a bargain sale. While all this may be true the corrupting factors who engineered the sale, don't care about having the matter exposed. It is quite evident that Sherman is evening up a few scores.

THE board of public works at Fort Wayne had given C. E. Evert, of that city, a franchise to build an electric railway over certain streets in that city. The matter was afterwards referred to the city council, who very wisely rejected it. This thing of giving corporations the earth for a song is emblematic of republican jurisdiction; it is dead wrong. Everybody knows that.

CANDIDATE CAMPBELL is making one of the most telling campaigns in Ohio that has ever been inaugurated by mortal man. He has stirred the animals until they are simply squirming on all fours. Soothing syrup isn't doing them any good, and we fear for their entire annihilation. Campbell is the greatest campaigner in the country but then he has had remarkable subjects to work on.

Where They Are At.

The clatter and talk now in vogue fixing the responsibility of the several parties' connection with the late McKinley bill is amusing. A little more than two years ago, or about the time congress was engaged in trying to repeal the Sherman bullion act, every republican politician of note, from Harrison down, was declaring that all the ills that had visited the country were due to the fact that democrats of the regular session then approaching were threatening to repeal that recent act of high taxation.

The fact that immediately after the passage of the bill wages began to decrease, and labor cease to have employment, was not alluded to by republican congressmen in debate, but a silly vaporing was indulged in to prove that low taxation was responsible for all the evils that had come upon the country. The pen with which the monstrosity in economic science was signed was held to be a sacred thing, and our Indiana president was asked if his nerves were steady as he grasped it to write his name. We said two years ago. Five years ago and from that time up until within the last six months every person connected with the administration from 1889 to 1893, save Blaine and a few of his admirers, sang songs in praise of what experience has proved to be the most calamitous piece of legislation ever placed upon a statute book.

Thoughtful people knew a change would come. Men who studied bided their time, but no one anticipated that within so short a period the persons who forced the high-water mark of protection on the people would be soon at each other's ears.

What has changed the current? Is it because that all the candidates outside of the state of Ohio have suddenly discovered that protection doesn't always protect; i. e., that making money out of people's pockets doesn't put more in? Or is it possible that Harrison, Reed and Allison, who were just as much responsible for the McKinley act as McKinley himself, have learned something, and that it will pay after all to hedge? And it is not like either of the three gentlemen named to hedge, for all of them endeavor to preserve a show of consistency. It is true Allison straddles, Reed looks wise and adopts other men's ideas, and Harrison, when necessary, preserves a discreet silence, but it is not like them to throw stones at their own records; yet they or their friends are doing it.

If Sherman was hedging nobody would be surprised. That many-sided statesman can change front oftener than a second-class department clerk in Washington and never change countenance while doing it, but the other gentlemen named—well, so far as one of them is concerned it is astonishing. The conclusion of the whole matter is republicans, save a few in Ohio, have learned that the people will not tolerate another McKinley act, but having promised it, they are now endeavoring to find some way to redeem their pledges and at the same time avoid responsibility for the evils they have fastened upon the country.

As well might they endeavor to restore the Sherman bullion act as the McKinley act of the Fifty-first congress, and they know it; hence they now throw stones at each other and make faces at the signs of reviving prosperity.

And it is not a little singular that in all the discussions now going on, both in the press and on the stump, not one republican points with pride at the once famous Sherman law? McKinley said in a public speech in Ohio that the republicans in the Fifty-first congress had given the United States the best law on silver that had ever been framed. Harrison pleaded, after he had signed the bill, to give it time to do its work before condemning it; to try the experiment. Allison contented himself with pointing to his vote and saying nothing, while Sherman said he had taken the course he had to prevent a free coinage bill at the rate of 16 to 1 from becoming a law. Query: Is the latter declaration true? Would our Indiana man have signed a free coinage bill, at the rate of 16 to 1, and let the responsibility rest with congress? That is the plain inference to be deduced from what the author of the bill has frequently declared. And, strange as it may seem, ex-President Harrison has never called him down for making such a declaration.

The twin acts of Harrison's administration, the Sherman bullion act and the McKinley bill, much to the disgust of the men who frame issues for campaign purposes, are ugly things to look at, and no wonder the laugh goes round at the men who are rushing under cover.

A change has come. In 1893 republicans were bold and aggressive, in 1894 they were defiant and rode rough shod over everything, in 1895 ready to swear they did not do it. Where will they be in 1896?—Sentinel.

ONE of the most important questions the people have now to consider is whether they can afford to adhere longer to a system which periodically augments the public debt for the purpose of securing gold to be exchanged for notes, which when redeemed are not retired and cancelled, but are re-issued and put in circulation to be over and over again presented for redemption. So far as the merits of this single question are affected, is immaterial whether our standard of value is to be gold coin or silver coin, must be provided by the government, and it can be procured only by the sale of bonds.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer.

BOBO & COFFEE.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Rooms over P. O. Decatur, Ind.

A. P. BEATTY **J. F. MANN**
MANN & BEATTY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

And Notaries Public. Pension claims prosecuted. Odd Fellows building.

J. T. FRANCIS **J. T. MEANYMAN, N. P.**
FRANCIS & MERRYMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
DECATUR, IND.

Office—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, over Adams Co. Bank. We refer, by permission, to Adams Co. Bank.

Money to Loan.

I have money to loan on the Loan Association plan. No fees to be paid by borrowers. Can furnish money on a few days notice. Buy a home and stop paying rent. Low rate of interest. Office over Donovan & Bremer camp, Central Grocery, Decatur, Ind.

PAUL HOOPER

GEORGE R. DICKERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Pensions and Collections a specialty. Office in the John C. Hale Building.

GENEVA **INDIANA**

R. S. PETERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DECATUR, INDIANA.

Rooms 1 and 2, in the Anthony Holthouse Block.

John Schurger, W. H. Reed, Dave E. Smith
SCHURGER, REED & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest. Abstracts of title, real estate and collections. Rooms 1, 2 and 3 Welley block.

J. D. HALE
DEALER IN
Grain, Seed, Wool, Salt, Oil,
Coal, Lime, Fertilizers.

Elevators on the Chicago & Erie and Clover Leaf railroads. Office and retail store southeast corner of Second and Jefferson Streets. Your patronage solicited.

Cirard

Fire Insurance Co
of Philadelphia.
E. BURT LENHART, AGT.
Decatur, Indiana.

D. E. H. LeBRUN,
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist,
Decatur, Indiana.

Office:—Corner Second and Madison street. Treats all Diseases of Domesticated Animals, making a specialty of Optical Cases. Calls day or night, promptly attended to.

Decatur National Bank
Decatur, Ind.

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$100,000
Directors—P. W. Smith, William A. Kuebler, J. D. Hale, D. G. M. Toot, J. H. Holbrock, C. A. Dugan and John B. Holthouse. This bank does a general banking business, loans money upon approved security, discounts paper, makes collections, sends money to any point, buys county and city orders. Interest given on money deposited on time certificates.

Dr. C. V. CONNELL,
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
Decatur, Ind.



OFFICE I. O. O. F. BLOCK.

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College and Toronto Veterinary Dental School. Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. Calls attended to day or night, 18



COME ON TIME AND SECURE YOUR SELECTION FROM THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER BROUGHT TO DECATUR.

DON'T FAIL TO COME IN AND SEE THEM.

BOSTON STORE
I. O. O. F. BLOCK. **KEUBLER & MOLTZ**

WHAT!
The Great Enquirer
ONLY 50 CTS. A YEAR?
YES!

And any one sending two yearly subscribers at 50 cts. each, gets a

Free Copy One Year.

An 8-page paper and 9 long columns to a page, makes it the

Largest in Size!
Cheapest in Price!

Always Most Reliable for Facts, Truth and Markets.

THE BEST
Family Newspaper in United States for News, Intelligence, Fashions, Household, General Miscellaneous Reading Matter, Stories, etc.

PAY TO AGENTS
Double that of other papers. An excellent opportunity for those out of employment to make money. Try it. Samples free. Address,

ENQUIRER COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, O.

Erie Lines.
Schedule in effect November 25, 1894.
Trains leave Decatur as follows:

WEST.
No. 5, vestibule limited, daily for Chicago..... 2:13 p. m.
No. 8, Pacific express, daily for Chicago..... 1:37 a. m.
No. 1, express, daily except Sunday for Chicago..... 10:45 a. m.
No. 31, local, daily except Sunday..... 10:45 a. m.
EAST.
No. 8, vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston..... 8:09 p. m.
No. 2, express, daily except Sunday for New York..... 1:55 p. m.
No. 12, express, daily for New York..... 1:34 a. m.
No. 30, local, daily except Sunday..... 10:45 a. m.
Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.
Trains 1 and 2 stop at all stations on the C. & E. Division.
Train No. 12 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus, Circleville, Chillicothe, Waverly, Portsmouth, Ironton, and Kenova, via Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo, and Norfolk & Western lines.
J. W. DeLong, Agent.
W. G. MacEDWARDS, T. P. A., Huntington.

A. L. DEVILBICS,
DENTIST
I. O. O. F. BLOCK.
Professional Dentist. Teeth extracted without pain. Especial attention given to bridge work like illustration above. Terms reasonable. Office—Second street, over Rosen-thall's clothing store.

BLACK CONEY CAPES

\$5.00

BLACK CLOTH JACKETS

\$3.00

BLACK FUR ASTRACHAN CAPES

\$10.00

A WONDERFUL ARRAY
OF NEW STYLE

..... **Capes and Jackets.**

Cloak Opening



Berne, Indiana,

THURSDAY
Oct. 31, 1895.

We carry as good a line of Ladies' and Misses' Wraps as can be found in any first-class house. On this date we will be assisted by the

Jeffras Cloak Co.

One of the best houses of the kind in the United States They will show the largest and finest line ever exhibited in Adams County. We will consider it a special favor if you will call and inspect these goods whether you wish to buy or not. Yours Anxious to Please,

Campbell & Ervin.

BIG STOCK

NEW FALL STYLES

BOOTS AND SHOES

These goods were bought before the great advance in the price of leather, so you see you can save money by buying them at the old price at

Holthouse's Shoe Store.

P. S.—The J. B. Lewis & Co's. "Wear Resister School Shoes" are sold at the same old price.