

LEGAL ADVERTISING.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Mathias Schafer, deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 23rd day of Dec., 1907, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

E. X. EHINGER,
Adm'r. with will annexed.
Decatur, Indiana, Dec. 5, 1907.
David C. Smith, Atty.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.

Notice is hereby given that on

Thursday, December 26, 1907,

at the commissioner's room at the auditor's office, at ten o'clock a. m., bids will be opened for the furnishing of supplies at the county infirmary. Bids will be received for Hardware, Groceries Dry Goods, Clothing, Mill Feed, Salt and Fuel. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

MARTIN LAUGHLIN,
DAVID WERLING,
WILLIAM MILLER,
Board of Commissioners.
C. D. Lewton, Auditor. 41-21

APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed Administratrix of the estate of Clem Boze late of Adams county, deceased. The estate is probably solvent.

November 29, 1907.
SARAH GLEASON, Adm'r.
L. C. DeVoss, Atty.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Paul Grandinard, deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, to be held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 10th day of January, 1908, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

GEORGE S. GOTTSCHALK,
Administrator.
Decatur, Indiana, Dec. 18, 1907.
Peterson & Moran, Atty's.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, superintendent of the construction of the Henry I. Teeple ditch in St. Marys and Blue Creek townships Adams county, Indiana, on

Saturday, January 4, 1908,

at 10:30 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county surveyor, in the City of Decatur, in said county, receive sealed bids for the construction of said ditch in accordance with reports, plans and specifications therefore, now on file in said cause. Bids will be received and contracts let as follows:

Sec. 1 from station 104 to 157 plus 15.
Sec. 2 from station 53 to 104.
Sec. 3 from station 0 to 53.

Or as a whole.

and to the lowest and best bidder or bidders.

Bidders will be required to file with their bids affidavits as required by law, upon forms furnished by such superintendent and each bid shall be accompanied with a good and sufficient bond in a sum equal to the amount of such bid, conditional for the faithful performance of said contract, and that such bidder will enter into contract if the same be awarded to him, such bond to be approved by said superintendent.

The said superintendent reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

No bids will be accepted in excess of the estimated cost of such work, or in excess of the benefits found.

L. L. BAUMGARTNER,
42-21 Superintendent of Construction.

NOTICE OF RECEIVING BIDS FOR STATIONERY AND SUPPLIES FOR THE USE OF ADAMS COUNTY INDIANA FOR THE YEAR 1908.

Notice is hereby given that on

Tuesday, December 31, 1907,

up and until 10 o'clock a. m., on said day sealed bids will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Adams county, Indiana, for the furnishing of supplies and materials for said county in conformity with specifications now on file in the auditor's office of said county, as follows:

One line or class shall consist of blank books, records and special ruled blanks and similar materials.

Another class shall consist of blanks requiring two or more impressions on press work and similar materials.

Another of legal cap, stationery, tablets, pens, inks, pencils, and similar materials.

Another of letter heads, envelopes, printed stationery and such blanks as can be printed and ruled at a single impression and similar materials.

Bids shall be submitted separately and contracts will be let separately upon each class or line of materials or supplies. Each bid shall state the exact price for which each article will be furnished as mentioned in said specifications.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids and contracts and bids must be at stated prices to meet the needs of the county, leaving the amounts to be furnished to vary with the needs of the county.

Said bids will be received and contracts awarded in all things in conformity with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, ap-

proved March 9, 1908, amending section 36 of an act concerning county business, approved March 3, 1899, and all laws now in force and concerning the same. No bid will be received unless accompanied by affidavit and bond as required by law.

MARTIN LAUGHLIN,
DAVID WERLING,
WILLIAM MILLER,
Board of Commissioners of Adams County.
Attest—C. D. Lewton, Auditor. 42-1

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of William H. Niblick, deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 4th day of January, 1908, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

CHRISTINA R. NIBLICK,
Decatur, Ind., Dec. 7, 1907. A. D. D. Heller & Son, C. J. Sutton, Erwin, Atty's for Adm'r. 42-21

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of William Elizey, Sr., deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 4th day of January, 1908, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

JOHN ELZEY, Executor.
Decatur, Indiana, Dec. 11, 1907.
J. C. Sutton, Attorney.

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed Executor of the estate of Henry Luttmann, late of Adams county, deceased. The estate is probably solvent.

HENRY LUTTMAN.
Dec. 23, 1907. Executor.

SPECIAL COUNTY COUNCIL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the County Council of Adams county, Indiana, are called to meet at the Auditor's office in the city of Decatur, on Monday, January 6, 1908, to make such appropriations that may come before them.

C. D. LEWTON, Auditor.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of David Studabaker, deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 3rd day of February, 1907, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

JOHN NIBLICK and WILLIAM J. VESEY, Executors.
Decatur, Indiana, Dec. 27, 1907.
J. C. Sutton, Atty.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

State of Indiana County of Adams, ss:

In the Adams Circuit Court, November Term, 1908. Dore Hower vs. Charles J. H. Hower. No. 7510.

It appearing from affidavit filed in the above entitled cause, that Charles J. H. Hower the above named defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana. Notice is therefore hereby given the said Charles J. H. Hower, that he be and appear before the Hon. Judge of the Adams Circuit Court on the 27th day of February, 1908, the same being the 22nd Judicial Day of the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House in the City of Decatur, commencing on Monday, the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1908, and plead by answer or demur to said complaint, or the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

WITNESS my name, and Seal of said Court hereto affixed, this 1st day of January, 1908.

JAMES P. HAEFLING, Clerk.

By D. O. ROOP, Deputy.

L. C. DeVoss, Atty's for Plaintiff.

OBITUARY.

Catharine Archer-Winans was born

Oct. 20, 1850, and died Dec. 28, 1907.

She was the daughter of Aaron and Susannah Archer. She was united in marriage to Benjamin B. Winans

March 20, 1869. To them were born

the following sons and daughters:

Oskaloosa, Winans-Steele, deceased;

Benj. A. Winans, of Stockland, Ill.;

Colin Winans, deceased; Herbert

Winans, of Springfield, Ohio; Charley

Winans, of Piqua, Ohio; and Mabel

Winans. Besides husband and chil-

dren she leaves a mother, five bro-

thers, two sisters and twelve grand-

children to mourn their loss. She

was a member of the Pleasant Mills

M. E. church.

—

A new show will be introduced this

evening at the Pictorium which is

bound to please all. Mr. Stoneburner

is putting on a class of shows that

cannot be excelled and is entitled

to your patronage. The gold watch

contest is waxing warm and the vote

as it stood this morning can be seen

in another column of this paper. Miss

Perle Burdge leads at this time.

PRIZED PAPER MONEY

Rare Issues That Even Trained Experts Seldom See.

OLD RED GOLD CERTIFICATES.

They Were the First Ones Issued and Seldom Got into Circulation—National Bank Notes of 1865 That Praised Financial Institutions.

"It is a curious fact that not one man out of ten can tell you the design on any one of the current United States bank notes," said a collector of paper money. "Of course I don't refer to the notes of high denomination. I mean everyday, common bank notes of low denomination, and I do not bar in this statement many employees in banks.

"They handle money in a mechanical way, and I'll venture that many of them would be stumped if you were to ask them to give you a detailed description of a dollar bill. They would instantly recognize it when it came to hand, but each man trusts more to a general impression of what constitutes the outlines of a certain note than he realizes. There was a very clear illustration of the truth of my statement the other day in Indiana.

"In the vaults of a bank at Rochester, Ind., there had lain for a number of years a package of five dollar national bank notes just as it had come from the treasury department. These bills all bore the name of the bank and were of the first issue of national bank notes. It will be remembered that the issue of 1865 showed a fine engraving of a historical character on the reverse of each denomination, the five dollar bills bearing on the back a representation of the landing of Columbus, on the obverse being an Englishman presenting an Indian maiden to three women, emblematic of Europe, Asia and Africa.

"A good many of these new bills were paid out, and not long afterward telegrams, letters and even personal calls began to pour into the bank warning the officials to be on their guard—that a most clever and absolutely undetectable counterfeit of their notes was out, and the only way the fact had been discovered was owing to the difference between this and the present designs of national bank notes. The incident went to show how little the average business man is acquainted with paper money, for if there was one note that a counterfeiter could not duplicate with success it was the fresh, flat national bank note of the series mentioned.

"The cashier of the bank, however, curious to see for himself whether bank employees really were suspicious of the notes, took a trip to Chicago and made several attempts to pass the unfamiliar bills across the counters of some of the banks, but without success, the notes being refused in every case.

"The same thing happened in St. Louis when some one brought into a downtown bank a hundred dollar note with a red back. Now, the bank employees knew of the old fractional currency notes of small denominations with red backs, such as the five, ten, twenty-five and fifty cent pieces of paper, but this bill of large denomination with the glaring red reverse puzzled them.

"In fact, many people who pride themselves on their familiarity with De-brett know scarcely anything of baronets' badges and beyond a misty notion of the meaning of the Ulster Hand are unaware of their history and significance.

There is one instance of the honor being granted to a woman. Dame Mary Bolles of Osberton, Nottinghamshire, was created a baronet in 1655 for "maintaining thirty foot soldiers at eighteen pence a day for three years in his majesty's service," no slight help in those troublous times.

"Dame," the old English word for lady, is the almost obsolete style to be used by a baronet's wife. Nowadays she is styled "lady" without the use of her Christian name. Should she prefer the old word "dame," that is always followed by the Christian name and sounds distinctly quaint and distinctive.—Modern Society.

bie only at maturity, but the notes were always increasing in value. These are also regarded as rare by collectors.

"I have one ten dollar bill bearing 4 per cent interest from Feb. 26, 1879. I suppose I would have a lot of trouble in passing that bill if I should need to, and maybe would not get more than \$10 for it, and yet it is worth just exactly \$21, not to say anything of its value to me as a collector.

"Of the bills made payable to order there were originally issued \$58,500 worth, and the total amount converted was \$58,430, leaving \$70 outstanding, and this ten dollar bill of mine represents one-seventh of this remainder. Of the notes made payable to bearer out of a total of \$39,951,250 originally issued there is now left to be redeemed only \$26,210, and the probability is that many of these notes have been destroyed.

"The bills were intended to interest poor persons in the purchase of government bonds, which accounts for the low denomination, but very few of them fell into such hands. They are now of extreme rarity and are held at a high premium."—St. Louis Republic.

BRITISH BARONETS.

Those of England and Ireland Wear the "Bloody Hand of Ulster."

The rank of baronet was given first to King James I as a means of raising money. The recipients of the dignity were to be gentlemen of good birth possessing not less than £1,000 a year and in time of war—like the old knights banneret—were to occupy posts of honor near the royal standard.

The money payment has wholly ceased, but when a baronet is created the ancient form of warrant is still retained, and a "tally" is struck at the exchequer and handed to the new baronet by way of receipt. Baronets have no coronet or robes, but in the English and Irish divisions they possess as a distinctive badge the "Bloody Hand of Ulster."

The baronets "of Nova Scotia," who before the union of England and Scotland, show the arms of Nova Scotia upon their shields. The baronets of Scotland have a distinctive badge consisting of an enameled decoration, "worn from the neck by an orange tawny ribbon," showing St. Andrew's cross upon a small shield, surmounted by a crown and surrounded by the enameled motto, "Fax mentis honestae gloria" ("Glory, the beacon light of the noble mind").

With this King Charles conferred a crest—a branch of laurel held by a naked hand and a thistle held by an armed one—with the added motto, "Munit haec, altera vincit" ("One defends, the other conquers"). All later baronets are of the "United Kingdom" or of "Great Britain" and possess no such pretty toys.

In fact, many people who pride themselves on their familiarity with De-brett know scarcely anything of baronets' badges and beyond a misty notion of the meaning of the Ulster Hand are unaware of their history and significance.

It is said that the appearance of Mr. Ernst's face is too horrible and repulsive for words, the cheek, eye and nose being almost entirely eaten away and in some places even the bone has been consumed by the creeping, insidious growth. Every known cure has been applied without relief and the unfortunate man cannot live more than a few weeks at the very most.—Bluffton Banner.

It is said that the appearance of Mr. Ernst's face is too horrible and repulsive for words, the cheek, eye and nose being almost entirely eaten away and in