

Big Stock

NEW FALL STYLES BOOTS and SHOES

THESE GOODS WERE

Bought Before Advance

in the prices of leather, so you can

Save Money

By buying your

FOOT WEAR

at the same old prices, at

Holthouse's
Shoe Store.

P. S.—The J. B. Lewis & Co's wears
Resister School Shoes, sold at the same
old price.

LOOK!

THE
BEST

Bananas,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Candies,
Pies,
Cakes
and
BREAD

Colchin's.



ERIE LINES.

Schedule in effect Nov. 10, 1915.

Trains Leave Decatur as Follows

Trains West.
No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago 12:46 P. M.
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily for Chicago 1:54 A. M.
No. 1, Express, daily except Sunday for Chicago 12:10 A. M.
No. 31, Local, daily, except Sunday 10:25 A. M.
Trains East.
No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily for New York and Boston 8:08 P. M.
No. 2, Express, daily except Sunday for New York 2:40 P. M.
No. 12, Express, daily for New York 1:35 A. M.
No. 30, Local, daily except Sunday 10:35 A. M.
Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.
Trains 1 and 2 stop at all stations on the C. & E. division.
Train No. 12 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus, Circleville, Chillicothe, Waverly, Portsmouth, Fronton, and Kenova, via Columbus, Hickory Valley, Toledo and Norfolk & Western Lines.
J. W. DeLong, Agent.
W. G. MacEdwards, T. P. A., Huntington.

Mayer & Foreman have associated themselves together for the purpose of furnishing the people of Adams county with first class brick. You will find them at the yard west of Patterson & Pillars' mill.

SMITH & BELL are paying the highest cash prices for Clear White Ash logs, cut 12 feet long, 12 inches and over at the top end, must be clear and straight 48ft

INDIANA'S PROGRESS

THE TIME FOR FITTINGLY EXHIBITING IT TO THE WORLD.

Hon. Chas. L. Jewett Says the Proposed Centennial Should Be on a Scale of Great Magnificence—Commissioner McCulloch Thinks It Should Have Permanent Features.

Hon. Chas. L. Jewett, of New Albany, one of the members of the Indiana Centennial commission, is an enthusiastic advocate of a celebration which will rank among the most memorable. He says:

"The suggestion of a fitting celebration of the 100th anniversary of Indiana territory will surely awaken the liveliest interest among our citizens. A native of Indiana, as was my mother before me, I regard it with positive enthusiasm.

"As yet the movement is of course merely an aspiration. It represents the yearning of many of our people to assert before the world the honorable history, splendid progress and real worth of our noble state.

"The matchless resources of our territory, the marvelous progress in their development, the distinguished achievements of our men and women in every field of honorable endeavor, the history, art, science and literature of the state afford ample material out of which we may erect a wonderful exposition of the whole.

"Avoiding all wasteful extravagance, the celebration should be on the scale of magnificence, befitting our proud position among the states of the Union.

"It should be purely an Indiana affair. It should be assertive and audacious. It should be conceived in a spirit of unselfishness and patriotic liberality, and carried forward with a passionate desire to truly exhibit to our countrymen the present greatness and glorious possibilities of Indiana."

THE LESSON OF EXPOSITIONS.

Hon. Chas. McCulloch of Ft. Wayne, one of the centennial commissioners, gives his views concerning the importance of a great state celebration in the year 1900, as follows:

"Expositions, or exhibitions, whether of a national, international, state or local character, are certainly the most important features in the industrial records of the world and are being recognized as the most important aids to civilization and of the diffusion of knowledge. They are hardly a century old, and were first established in France under the direction of that most wonderful of men in many other respects than a soldier, the first Napoleon. The result is that more has been accomplished in the last century by the human race in education, art, science and all that is elevating, than in the whole prior history of the world. After France had set the example England, Germany, Austria and then the United States gave similar displays, each improving on the last, until the Columbian exposition astonished the world by its magnitude and beauty, its crowning exhibit of the work of human minds and hands to the present time.

"All these great expositions, it is said to consider, have been of a transitory character, to be enjoyed only by those who were able to visit them within a brief space of time, and with a few exceptions, the places that knew them, know them no more. Millions upon millions of money has been wasted on buildings that in less than a year's time were destroyed. It seems to me that this is a wanton waste of time and material and calculated to teach waste and extravagance rather than economy and substantiality. It certainly must have occurred to the minds of thousands, as it did to me, that if those great palaces of beauty in Chicago had been built in a substantial manner and were being kept in perfect condition by even the state of Illinois, what an attraction to the state it would be and what a school of education to each generation!

"A feeling of sadness and regret is experienced by every one when they think that the great Columbian exposition was merely a dream; that within two short years it was created and destroyed. If it is decided to hold a centennial exhibition within the borders of Indiana in the year 1900, I hope that some of the important buildings and features of it may be of a permanent character, where can be kept on exhibition the work of each year of improvement, so that it can be a monument to the skill and enterprise of the present generation, as well as an example for our successors to emulate and improve upon.

INDIANA'S ADVANTAGEOUS POSITION.

"Indiana is not only one of the central states of the Union, but is in strict geographical location the central state. She is so situated between the great lakes and the Ohio river, that all the important highways of commerce must cross her domain. On each side of her, east and west, is the country that in time will support the most thickly settled population in the world. Already are the great railroad lines so permanently established, and are the great cities of this continent so located, and are the richest lands, mines and quarries so improved, that for centuries to come Indiana will be the center of the wealth and business of the continent. Her territory of 275 miles in length and 135 miles in breadth and of nearly 34,000 square miles has got to be crossed by the great bulk of those who travel from the east to the west. Fortunate and prominent as we are in location, to a greater extent are we in valuable possession in climate and soil. Our state is level, having no difficult mountain ranges to overcome, our coal measures cover an area of 7,200 square miles, our climate is healthful and our soil adapted to the cultivation of all the crops that are the most useful to civilized man. The discovery of natural gas and oil have, within a few years, so stimulated all kinds of manufacturing, that we will soon rank among the first of manufacturing states.

"One hundred years ago the Indian tribes almost reigned supreme in the forests and on the prairies of Indiana. Within the recollection of those who have lived only 30 years in the state has all this wonderful improvement been virtually made. When my father, the late Hon. Hugh McCulloch, came into the state in 1831, the life was almost a wilderness. He had to wade or swim the streams, follow trails through the woods and sleep at night in loghouses, or by campfires. For nearly 20 years, as director of the State Bank of Indiana, he rode on horseback four times a year from Fort Wayne to Indianapolis, and I frequently made the trip with him when a boy in a carriage.

"Compare this mode of travel to the palace car rushing through in a thousand different directions at a rate of 40 miles an hour. Surely, in her centennial year, not as a state, but from territorial organization, she has reason to celebrate and to do it in a manner befitting her most wonderful development. I hope state pride may partake of the enthusiasm of city pride, that was recently manifested in Fort Wayne, and that all her citizens may help to make the Indiana centennial celebration one of the most useful, the most interesting, the most beautiful that has ever been given by nation, state or city, and that a degree of durability and permanence may be associated with it, that may make it remembered and enjoyed by successive generations for ages to come."

STAMPEDE IN CHURCH.

Frightened Women and Children Are Trampled Under Foot.

SEVERAL PERSONS INJURED.

Fortville Has an Oil Well That Produces Oil in Paying Quantities—Suicide of a Young Madison County Farmer—Express Robbers Sentenced—Other Interesting News of Indiana.

FARMLAND, Ind., Nov. 18.—Saturday night at the Methodist Episcopal church, where a lecture was in progress, at which a stereopticon was being used, a panic was caused by the bursting of a rubber hose attached to the gas generator. The church was crowded, and the explosion precipitated a stampede. Everybody made a rush for the door to escape. In the crush women and children were trampled to the floor, and several were more or less injured. The injured are:

Miss Belle Jackson, visiting here from Fort Wayne, ankle wrenched.
Miss Pearl McNeese, right arm bruised.
Mrs. W. H. Watson, overcome by gas.
Frank Clevinger, left hand badly mashed.

Several others were slightly injured. No one was fatally hurt, and only a few of the injuries are at all serious.

The church furniture was torn up, and the church presents a wrecked appearance, as if a cyclone had struck it. The doors of the church opened from the inside, and this prevented the crowd from getting out. The screams of women and children were heard several squares away. People rushed to the scene from all directions. By breaking the windows those that were unconscious from escaping gas were rescued. The damage to the church is not great.

Policeman Accused of Robbery.

VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 18.—George Schatter, a wealthy saloonkeeper, was waylaid on his way home and knocked down by a man evidently bent upon robbery, as it was known that Schatter carried a large amount of money. Schatter said he recognized his assailant as James Munley, a policeman patrolling that beat, and shouted for help. His assailant fled without securing any money. Officer Munley has been arrested and committed to jail upon the instance of Mr. Schatter. It is thought Schatter will die.

Shot Himself in the Temple.

ALEXANDRIA, Ind., Nov. 18.—Fred Pickard, youngest son of John Pickard, a farmer, committed suicide Saturday night in Hall's tailor shop. He was lying on a sofa in the rear of the shop, supposed to be sleeping. He shot himself in the temple. His father is one of the richest and most influential farmers in the county. Despondency is the cause.

Oil Well That Pays.

FORTVILLE, Ind., Nov. 18.—The new oil well on the James Shultz farm, three miles southwest of here, came in Saturday. The well is owned by Decker Bros. of Anderson and is a good one, and the first in this section that is now producing oil in paying quantities. Messrs. Decker are arranging to drill several more on the same farm immediately.

Asks Bail for a Broken Heart.

DECATUR, Ind., Nov. 18.—Miss Anna Robinson, one of the most prominent leaders of Fort Wayne society, has, through her attorneys, filed suit in the circuit court at this city against John Shug, asking for \$10,000 damages for breach of promise to marry her. Mr. Shug is a very wealthy young man in business in this county.

Express Robbers Sentenced.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 18.—James R. Barnett and Don Farden, the two men who robbed the Adams Express company of \$16,000 at Terre Haute several weeks ago, pleaded guilty in the federal court Saturday and were sentenced to five years' imprisonment and \$500 fine. Barnett was an employee of the Vandallia road and Farden of the express company.

INDIANA CENTENNIAL

COMMISSIONER SHIRLEY'S IDEA OF WHAT IT OUGHT TO BE.

He Favors Making It Strictly a State Affair and Thinks That Indiana Alone Should Provide All Necessary Funds.

Hon. C. C. Shirley of Kokomo, member of the Indiana centennial commission for the Tenth congressional district, thinks that the proposed celebration should be a great state affair rather than an interstate enterprise. In expressing his views regarding the matter he says:

"After considerable reflection upon the subject of the proposed centennial celebration, I have formed in my mind an outline of what it seems to me that event ought to be. The details, however, are so indistinct and imperfectly formed that I find it difficult to express my conception of the affair. Some general conclusions I have reached though are as follows:

"I believe the event should be strictly a state affair intended to exhibit the growth, development and resources of a hundred years of progress. The

territory now out of the state, but which formerly constituted a part of the original territory of Indiana, ought perhaps to be urged to join us in the movement; the other states and the world at large we shall of course invite to participate, but rather as our guests than otherwise. I am not disposed to look favorably upon the proposition to make it either in name or in fact a mid-continent exposition. To make it such will be at once to invite comparison with the World's Fair, the National Centennial at Philadelphia, and the more recent expositions at San Francisco and Atlanta. What we want is to bring the greatest possible good to the state, and in the greatest possible degree to spread its fame. This, I think, can only be done by preserving in its name and in its scope and purpose, the central idea of a state event, and the greatest state event of its kind that ever occurred.

"I do not believe that we should be able to enlist federal aid to promote the enterprise. It is true, the general government has contributed to the Atlanta exposition, but the conditions there were exceptional. The general feeling that it would be a gracious thing to do because the event was strictly southern contributed largely to it, and after all it was regarded as a wonderful achievement to have induced congress to vote an appropriation for anything less than a strictly national affair.

"I approve the suggestion of Judge Martindale that out of the event should spring some permanent memorial, which I am inclined to think should be a building in which should be collected and treasured whatever may be found of such vast interest and value as to deserve perpetuation. This memorial should of itself be a thing that would confer lasting credit upon the state. In its construction it should suggest the history, the progress, the art, the education, the industries and the wealth of the state; and upon it, if the idea is to be successfully carried out, should be expended a sufficient sum of money to erect a structure so beautiful and permanent in its character as to invite the admiration of the whole country. This necessarily means that I do not believe the other suggestion, also of Judge Martindale, that the building, now occupied by the institution for the blind should be utilized for this purpose, is practicable. It is a shabby old structure at the best, and the permanent building in which is to be housed the best results of the century's growth must be the creation and the offspring of this culminating event. The grounds of the institution for the blind are admirably suited to our purpose; but if the state will devote it to our purpose, the first improvement I would suggest would be to raise the present structure to the ground.

"It would be impossible to enlist sufficient interest, or raise sufficient money to fittingly celebrate the event, or even to construct the memorial above suggested, unless the occasion is so far popularized as to arouse the interest of all the people of the state, particularly the common people. There will have to be a certain amount of pageantry and entertainment, which will necessarily take the form, in a general way, of some of the former expositions, upon which, if we accomplish the purpose of our commission's creation, we shall be able to improve, at least, in some degree.

"To these ends we must have a law permitting cities and counties to vote contributions for the purpose of making exhibits of their own peculiar resources, and in addition seek from the legislature the broadest possible encouragement and patronage. Then there should be placed a sufficient amount of stock in the company charged with the execution of the plan among the enterprising people of the state, and particularly the city of Indianapolis, as was done at Chicago, to raise such a fund as the liberal plan upon which this scheme must be carried out, if carried out at all, will require. To promote and effect this purpose is in my notion the duty to which the Indiana centennial commission should dedicate itself earnestly and unceasingly.

Commissioner John H. Weathers of Leavenworth, says: "The state of Indiana has never had an exhibition of her resources that did her credit. While the great states about her and the great cities near her have spent time and energy in holding celebrations and exhibitions of their resources and growth, our state has failed in that respect. We have a great state. All she needs is advertising to be brought into public notice. No more fitting way to do this could be suggested than by the centennial. Her commercial importance, could be thus shown and the public eye of the nation directed to her greatness. That such a celebration would be of incalculable advantage to the state, to all of her citizens, cannot be gainsaid. Let us have the centennial. Let there be no stint nor false economy urged against it. Let us have a celebration that will pay the debt of our past neglect to our great commonwealth."

John Swan, 60 Years Old, Wanted in Wisconsin For This Offense.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 18.—John Swan, alias John Mitchell of Columbus, Wis., aged 60 years, was arrested in this city yesterday for polygamy. The arrest was made on the strength of a telegram from Sheriff Schlubker of Beaver Dam, Wis., who is coming on with requisition papers for his prisoner. Swan was here with a young woman whom he married in this city last February. The deceived woman is Miss Sarah Alice Wilman, formerly of Beaver Dam, Wis.

Fire Started in a Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Senator Theodor, the new Portuguese minister to the United States, was suddenly seized with a hemorrhage last night. He rallied somewhat from its effects, however, and is not in any immediate danger. The minister's wife only a day or two ago received news of the death of her father in Rome, which naturally tended to increase her concern over her husband's attack.

Father Van Antwerp's Remains.

DETROIT, Nov. 18.—Rev. Father A. P. Van Antwerp, whose mutilated remains were found near Bushberg, Mo., Saturday, spent most of his life in this city until he joined the Jesuits 15 years ago. He was ordained a priest last June. His brother Francis is pastor of the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary of this city and the others of their family reside here. The remains will be brought here for burial.

FOR THE CONFERENCE.

Republican Leaders Sure to Be on Hand Tomorrow.

MANY ARE SEEKING OFFICE.

Women Wage War on the Saloons—Factor Hughes Unexpectedly Resigns His Charge—Wants Damages For False Imprisonment—Mineral Well at Gosport, Indiana Notes.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 19.—It looks as if all the Republicans in Indiana who are counting on getting something out of next year's election will be present at the state meeting of the party tomorrow. The party will be represented at the conference by all grades of candidates, from the men who wish to go to the United States senate to men who will be satisfied with positions as supervisors of roads. The leaders are suggesting that there ought to be an understanding as to what the state shall do in case there is no chance for the nomination of General Harrison. The sentiment seems to be, in favor of Allison for second choice. Representative Stutzman of Peru has suggested that if General Harrison should positively refuse to allow his name to be presented to the convention the state ought to be for Allison from the start.

"I have been led to understand that this would be agreeable to General Harrison," said he. "If Indiana should lead this movement for Allison the Republicans of the state would fare about as well with the administration as they would if Harrison should be nominated and elected. If Indiana from the start he would be nominated. Of course Indiana is for Harrison, but it is hardly possible that he will not permit the state to vote for him. We ought to know what to do in case he should issue such an order."

Wage War on the Saloons.

LAFORTE, Ind., Nov. 19.—The Woman's Christian Temperance union has inaugurated active warfare on the saloons at Argos, Marshall county. They are circulating a remonstrance protesting against the renewal of licenses and threatening to boycott all business men who refuse to sign their petition. The result of the novel campaign has been to arouse considerable bitter feeling. Four indictments have been returned by the grand jury against Peter Berlin for allowing minors to play pool in his place of business.

Asks \$5,000 Damages.

VEEDERSBURG, Ind., Nov. 19.—Frank W. Miller of this city has filed a \$5,000 damage suit against William Rider, president of the Waynetown bank, and R. H. Baker of Covington. The case dates back to the time when Benjamin Hutchinson, near Waynetown, gave a note to Miller which was claimed to be fraudulently obtained. Mr. Miller was arrested and acquitted. He claims that the defendants were instrumental in causing his arrest.

Pastor Hughes Resigns.

LAGRANGE, Ind., Nov. 19.—Rev. T. E. Hughes, for 20 years pastor of the Presbyterian church of this city, has surprised his congregation by unexpectedly tendering his resignation. He is one of the ablest and most prominent ministers in northern Indiana, and he has accepted a call from a Logansport church. The resignation of Mr. Hughes is said to be the result of a church quarrel of long standing.

Struck His Daughter.

FRANKFORT, Ind., Nov. 19.—Edward Ohi, residing near Mulberry, was brought to this city yesterday and placed under bonds, charged with striking his daughter, Mrs. Clint Harshman, knocking her down. He gave bond for trial in January. Mrs. Harshman, owing to her delicate condition, is said to be very severely injured.

Looking Up a Location.

MARION, Ind., Nov. 19.—Representatives of the Standard Oil company are in the city looking up a location for general offices and a site upon which to build a refinery. A proposition will be submitted to them by the factory committee.

New Mineral Well.

GOSPORT, Ind., Nov. 19.—A new well has just been drilled, and the finest of mineral water is flowing, stronger in quality, it is claimed, than that of neighboring towns.

INDIANA NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Leichty of Adams county celebrated their golden wedding.

Mrs. Mary M. Brown of Noblesville is insane as a result of fright caused by burglars in her house.

Rev. J. E. Newhouse of Greencastle, who was seized of paralysis one week ago, died yesterday, aged 63.

Abner Yonker of Noble county, 100 years old, claims to be champion quill pitcher of northern Indiana.

Coalminers' strike at Clinton has been formally declared off and the miners are at liberty to secure employment wherever they can.

Dr. D. M. Hammond of Grandview, a prominent physician, was thrown from his buggy in a runaway accident yesterday and killed, his skull being crushed.

Governor Matthews will deliver his speech on Cuban affairs at Philadelphia on Thursday night, in accordance with arrangements made some time ago.

Hon. Warren G. Sayre of Wabash, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor.

Ex-Congressman Bynum has returned from Washington. He says that he is not and has not been a candidate for the office of the central district judgeship of the Indiana territory, as reported. The place has been filled.

Mont Pharoos, formerly a saloonkeeper at Majenica, was arrested at Newcastle and returned to Huntington to answer the charge of having forged the name of Ed Mayne of Jefferson township to a note calling for \$150.00 which he secured the money from T. L. Lucas & Sons.