

The Democrat

DECATUR, IND.

W. BLACKBURN, PUBLISHER.

1893	MARCH	1893
Su	Mo	Tu
1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9
10	11	12
13	14	15
16	17	18
19	20	21
22	23	24
25	26	27
28	29	30
31		

DEATH IN DARKNESS.

AN EARLY MORNING HORROR IN CHICAGO.

A Passenger Train Devoured by Fire—The Vice President Honored by Senators—Locomotives Collide—Burned by Vitriol—The Adventists.

HONORS TO MORTON.

The Vice President Honored by Senators. Washington special: Vice President Levi P. Morton was honored as none of his predecessors have been. The entire Senate, without distinction of party, united in rendering a complimentary dinner and in bearing testimony to the honorable manner in which he presided over the deliberations of the upper chamber of Congress for the past four years.

The banquet, which was held in the beautiful dining hall of the Arlington, was the best that skill and taste could supply, the decorations most effective and the company as distinguished as could well be, inasmuch as scarcely one senator of prominence was absent. Among the other guests who participated in the proceedings were ex-Senators Wm. M. Everts and T. W. Palmer, General Alger, Mr. Frank Hutton, Mr. P. V. DeGraff, Mr. H. L. West, and Mr. H. C. Clarke.

DEATH IN DARKNESS.

An Early Morning Horror in Chicago—Ten Lives Lost.

Chicago special: The north wall of John York's old building at No. 777 South Halsted street, was blown down early the other morning in a sudden gale of wind which arose about 1:45 o'clock. A frame house which stood next to the building was buried beneath a mass of bricks and timbers. Ten people were buried in the ruins and all were killed. Following is the list of the killed:

John Smith and wife and three children, hired girl and bartender at 761 Halsted street.

William Kunze, jeweler, wife and one son, William Kunze, Jr., at 763 Halsted street.

At No. 761 South Halsted street was the two-story brick building occupied on the first floor by John Smith as a saloon, while his wife, three children and two servants lived in the rooms above.

The next building to the north, a two-story frame building was occupied by A. Kunze and family. Mr. Kunze had a jewelry store on the first floor.

The Adventists.

The National Liberty Religious association met with the Adventists conference at Battle Creek, Mich. Resolutions were adopted making the association international and changing the sessions from annual to bi-annual. Officers were elected as follows: Allen Moon of Chicago, President; A. T. Jones, Battle Creek, Vice President; A. O. Tate, Battle Creek, Corresponding Secretary; A. F. Baldwin, Chicago, Recording Secretary. No reference was made at this meeting to Sunday law. The Fair. Encouraging reports were heard from South Africa, Australia, and Central Europe.

A Keely Graduate Dies.

Mansfield (Wis.) special: Dr. Lyman J. Hills, a young physician of Sperry, a little town near here, died from an overdose of chloral and laudanum. He had been addicted to drink and took the Keely cure which, however, proved ineffectual. He then tried the anti-toxic dipomania cure at Fond du Lac, this State, which cured him of his love for drink but resulted in the constant use of chloral.

Fire on the Rail.

A special from Paris, Ky., says: The passenger train on the Kentucky Central branch of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, caught fire when near Talbot station, three miles from this city. The smoking car was destroyed and several passengers badly burned. The fire was caused by the lighting of a can of gasoline.

Three Killed.

By a collision of two freight trains on the Boston and Maine railway near St. Johnsbury Center, Vt., Fred Clarke, engineer; Charles West, engineer, and Fred Green, fireman, were killed. William Downing, brakeman, hurt. The accident was caused by Conductor Drew, forgetting his orders.

Spain Quarantines Against France.

Madrid special: The Spanish Government has ordered the inspection and quarantining and fumigating of persons and goods coming over the frontier from France.

They Surrender.

The populists of the Kansas Legislature have finally decided to recognize the Republican house. The two houses will be amalgamated.

Burned by Vitriol.

Jack Cavanaugh, dispatcher at the Washaboo, Peru, Ind., was dangerously burned about the face and eyes by vitriol, which was thrown by Miss Sara Bachman of Delphi. The girl allured Cavanaugh at Cavanaugh's hands nine years ago, and it was her intention to blind him for it. She was arrested and is now in jail. Cavanaugh is in the hospital and he will probably recover his sight, as very little of the vitriol struck him in the eyes. He denies the charge which the young woman makes against him.

Wrecked on the Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia special: The Southern express on the Pennsylvania, beneath the broken timbers of the wrecked car attracted an excited crowd to the scene. Five persons were killed and a dozen injured. The hurt were hurried to the University hospital, two blocks away, and their injuries attended to. The killed were Mr. and Mrs. E. L.

Miner of Media; Miss Maria Road of Media; Rev. James Walker of Lenoxy.

A CRANK.

Attempts to Assassinate Millionaire John W. Mackay.

San Francisco special: The life of John W. Mackay, the millionaire mine owner, was attempted by W. C. Rippley, an old man who was undoubtedly insane, and who, after attempting Mr. Mackay's assassination, turned this weapon upon himself and inflicted a mortal wound.

Dr. August A. Drossel called at the receiving hospital and fully identified the would-be assassin as W. C. Rippley. He said: "I knew Rippley very well. He used to come to my place every day to read the papers before going down town. He did not come in this morning as usual, and he seemed very much depressed over something he had passed, about 9 o'clock. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, and leaves a wife and family there. At one time he was worth over \$1,000,000 and made about \$50,000 on the Comstock. He came to San Francisco and began gambling in stocks. His money soon began to go and then he opened a cash grocery store. That venture failed and about four years ago he was running a bar and dining room on a corner, which lies between San Francisco and Stockton."

Rippley was unquestionably crazy and as dangerous a crank as the fellow who tried to blow up Russell Sage. It is said Rippley haunted old Millionaire Flood about ten years ago and made desperate attempts to get an interview with Flood, but failed.

HARPER'S SENTENCE COMMUTED.

The President Says He May Leave the Prison May 1.

The President has granted a commutation of sentence to Edward L. Harper, President of the Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati, who was convicted of a violation of the federal banking laws and sentenced Dec. 13, 1887, to ten years imprisonment in the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus. The commutation provides for Harper's release May 1, 1893. The President has twice refused to take action in Harper's case for the reason that reports showed him to be less dangerously ill than it was claimed by those who sought to have him released. Recently, however, physicians who attended Harper have filed statements that he is very ill and is gradually losing strength and flesh. His indorsement on Harper's application is as follows: "I have felt that no reason for clemency was shown in the case except the serious health of the prisoner. Perhaps he is entitled to some relief on that ground. His term would expire in April, 1894, and he has now been in prison for six years and six months in the penitentiary. Commuted to expire May 1, 1893."

JUDGE HANCHETT.

He Succeeds Judge Jackson On the Circuit Bench.

The President has nominated Benton Hanchett of Michigan, to succeed Judge Jackson in the Sixth Judicial District. Mr. Hanchett lives in Saginaw, Mich., and has long been recognized as one of the leading attorneys of the State. He was known to the President and the Attorney-General by reputation but neither of them enjoyed his personal acquaintance. Although he has frequently been named in connection with official of various character, Mr. Hanchett has steadily declined political preferment, his only position of this sort being that of a Republican presidential elector in 1876. When Mr. Stockbridge was making a campaign for re-nomination to the Senate, Mr. Hanchett was brought forward by the opposition, but withdrew by the time Mr. Stockbridge's case began to grow doubtful. He also declined a proffered appointment to the Supreme Court of Michigan, which was tendered him by Governor Luze.

A Woman Fined.

Miss Alice Atkinson of Converse, Ind., was fined \$100 for violating the Federal Court at Indianapolis laws. It is said that she mailed copies of a pamphlet entitled "Her Flower," on which was written the words: "Who killed old Wanamaker, Hazen, Holden, and Lasche?" These words are said to reflect on the character of John Wanamaker, Postmaster General; A. D. Hazen, Third Assistant Postmaster General; George Holden, Chief Inspector, and A. L. Lasche, Postmaster at Converse.

The Cocaine Habit.

Jackson (Mich.) special: A local physician, himself a confirmed taker of cocaine, has sought many of his patients under its influence. Reputable medical men have determined that the practice must stop, and the practitioner himself be put under treatment or be debarred from practice. Some of the best classes of citizens are addicted to the habit and the local press publishes a list of hundreds of names of the victims being addicted to the habit before knowing what they were taking, it having been administered for throat troubles, hay fever and many minor ills.

Swept Overboard.

Providence (R. I.) special: The schooner Isaac T. Campbell of Boston, with crew for this port from Baltimore, has arrived here. The captain reports that while off Hogg Island, a squall struck the vessel with terrible force and it was found necessary to shorten sail and lay to. While in furling the jib, Mate Charles Olsen, aged 23, of Boston, and Seaman George Olsen, aged 22, of Bangor, Me., and two other seamen, were swept overboard, and Olsen and Lawrence were drowned, the other seamen being thrown back on the vessel by a heavy sea.

He Rose from the Dead.

Peter Johnson, an aged colored man, died a few days ago at Elkton, Tenn. One of the women who were watching the corpse, procured a towel and some cold water and began to bathe the brow of the dead man. She was startled to see signs of returning life and all the colored people were thrown into a state of terror by the negro raising his head from his coffin pillow and exclaiming: "What in the deible is you doin', honey?"

Want to Annex?

Ottawa (Ont.) special: Mr. Tarte caused a stir in parliament by declaring that two-thirds of the counties of Quebec would declare in favor of political union with the United States if the vote was taken now. This sentiment is attributed to the unsatisfactory condition of the country, and he said it is not confined to the French speaking population, but is widespread among the English population in the eastern townships. He denied that he was anxious to annex, but said his ears are not closed to the idea which the young woman makes against him.

Brave Man Lost.

New Bedford (Mass.) special: News was received of a terrible disaster off Cuttyhunk, one of the Elizabeth Islands, Sunday. A volunteer crew of six men went to the rescue of a disabled steamer and five were drowned. They were Captain Timothy Alken, Jr., I. H. B. Tilton, Hiram Jackson, William Bright, and

Fred Alken. A rope was thrown to Captain Alken, which he caught and tied around himself three times, but slipped off and he was lost. All men leave families.

Victory for the Republican House in Kansas.

The Kansas State Supreme Court has decided the Gunn habeas corpus case in favor of the Republican House. The opinion is filed by Justice Horton, Justice Johnson, Republican, assenting. Chief Justice Allen, Republican, dissenting. The effect of the decision is to legalize the Republican House of Representatives and to leave the Populist party without any standing in law whatever.

Silver in Indiana.

In sinking a well at the farm of Morris Bibler, at Windfield Station, Ind., a layer of blue clay and slate-like rock was struck at a depth of ten feet. On examination the rock was found to be full of a crystallized substance. Samples were submitted to an expert, who pronounced it chrome iron ore and silver. The ore contained 50 per cent. of pure silver. The well diggers passed through a layer of this metal about ten feet thick.

Rufus Hatch Dead.

Rufus Hatch, formerly a prominent Wall street man and closely connected with the Panama Railroad Company, died at his home in New York. Hatch failed twice, once for \$160,000 and again for \$600,000. Later he amassed a fabulous fortune. He again paid up all his debts, and at the time of his death was one of the few men who have been engaged in stock transactions who could honestly say, "I owe no man a cent."

Flag Raising Ceremonies.

New York special: The flag raising ceremony on the great cable, liner New York took place with great eclat. The York's best record is 5 days 19 hours and 57 minutes. She is 527 feet long, 63 feet in breadth, and her horse power is 18,400. Her tonnage is 10,500, and she has averaged 20.13 knots an hour. She is a twin screw steamer. President Harrison and several of his Cabinet were present.

A Terrible Crime.

At Atlanta, Ga., Miss Julia Foran, 38 years of age, shot and killed her sister, Florence, 30 years of age, and Minnie, 25 years of age. She then walked to the police station and gave herself up, saying she had committed a crime and desired protection. It is believed that the woman is insane. She has been considered irresponsible at times, and had been threatened to kill members of her family.

An Embesment.

Grayling (Mich.) special: Charles M. Jackson, ex-postmaster of Grand Haven, Mich., has been arrested on the complaint of the supervisors, charged with the embezzlement of county funds during his term of office. It is said the shortage will amount to over \$13,000. Jackson had a preliminary hearing, and was remanded until March 8.

A Fatal Blow.

At San Francisco, William Miller, the pugilist, died from concussion of the brain, caused by a blow received during the fight with D. Hawkins, at the Pacific Club, the night before. Both fought fifteen rounds, and Miller was severely punished through out the men interested in the fight are under arrest.

They Will Strike.

At a meeting of the Marble Polishers, Rubbers and Sawyers' Union No. 4, at St. Louis, it was unanimously agreed to declare March 1 a holiday for the union, and if the employers refuse to yield, to strike for nine hours' work and ten hours' pay on and after March 2. There are several hundred marble polishers in the union.

Strikers Derail Passenger Trains.

Two passenger trains were partially derailed by striking Chicago and Western Indiana switchmen at Chicago. Nobody was injured. Switchmen were thrown in front of an incoming Chicago and Erie passenger train and an outbound Washaboo train, but both were moving slowly and no damage was done.

Lake Shore Wreck.

The Lake Shore special train ran into a "light" engine at Wickliff, Ohio, killing Engineer James Gill, of the extra. He was piloted in the cab, with the lever through his body, and was otherwise horribly mangled. His fireman has not yet been found.

Small Pox in Chicago.

James Mullahey, a laborer, living at 98 Sholto street, Chicago, was taken to the pest house suffering from small pox. He was in an advanced stage of the disease. The district in which he lived is badly crowded and it is feared that the disease may spread.

Frozen Babies Found in a Box.

The frozen bodies of two infants about 3 weeks of age were found in a box at the entrance of an abandoned coal mine at Rock Springs, Wyo. The babies had been healthy up to the time they were placed out to die.

Fell on a Stove.

Miss Fannie Smith of Crawfordsville, Ind., fainted and fell over on a gas stove near which she stood. Her face and neck were badly burned.

THE MARKETS.

CATTLE—Common to Prime	3.25	4.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.00	3.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	72 1/2	73 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Soft	40	41
OATS—No. 2	30	31
RYE—No. 2	30	31
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	27 1/2	28 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	24	25
PORE—New	38	39
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping	3.25	3.50
HOGS—Choice Light	3.25	3.50
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	72 1/2	73 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	42	43 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	36	37
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE	3.00	3.50
HOGS—Best Grade	3.00	3.50
SHEEP	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	72 1/2	73 1/2
CORN—No. 2	37	38
OATS—No. 2	32	33 1/2
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE	3.00	3.50
HOGS	3.00	3.50
SHEEP	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	72 1/2	73 1/2
CORN—No. 2	37	38
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	32 1/2	34 1/2
RYE—No. 2	37	38
DETROIT.		
CATTLE	3.00	3.50
HOGS	3.00	3.50
SHEEP	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	72 1/2	73 1/2
CORN—No. 2	37	38
OATS—No. 2	32 1/2	34 1/2
TOLEDO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	3.25	3.50
HOGS—Good	3.00	3.50
SHEEP	3.00	3.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	82	83
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard	76	77
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	66	67
CORN—No. 3	42	43
OATS—No. 2 White	32	33
RYE—No. 2	37	38
PORE—New	38	39
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE	3.50	3.50
HOGS	3.50	3.50
SHEEP	3.50	3.50
WHEAT—No. 2	73	74
CORN—No. 2	43	44
OATS—Mixed Western	38	40
PORE—New	38	39

CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

SKETCHES OF MEN WHO WILL HOLD PORTFOLIOS.

Cabinet Make-Up Curiously at Variance with Precedent—The President-Elect Has Relied Solely on His Own Personal Judgment.

The President's Adviser.

Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet is now complete. In making his appointments Mr. Cleveland has evidently been governed entirely by his own personal judgment, and neither outside influences nor established precedents have had any hand in his selections.

The Secretary of State.

Judge Walter Q. Gresham has the unique distinction of having acted successively as Postmaster General and Secretary of the Treasury under a Republican administration, of having been courted by the Populists in connection with the Presidency in 1892, and, finally, of being installed at the head of a Democratic Cabinet. He was born March 17, 1829, at Farm near Corydon, Ind. His early surroundings were unpropitious to the distinguished position he afterward attained, and his education, general and legal, was acquired only by dint of indomitable persistence and rigid self-denial. He was sent to the Indiana Legislature in



WALTER Q. GRESHAM.

1850, where he framed the Indiana Legion measure and saw it pass into a law. He commanded a volunteer company at the outbreak of the war, and was disabled at the battle of Peach Tree Creek in 1865, after which he resumed the practice of law. He was appointed District Judge by Grant in 1869, in which capacity he served with ability for twelve years. Under President Arthur he acted first as Postmaster General and later as Secretary of the Treasury, graduating through the Cabinet. In the practice of law, he was appointed District Judge by Grant in 1869, in which capacity he served with ability for twelve years. Under President Arthur he acted first as Postmaster General and later as Secretary of the Treasury, graduating through the Cabinet.

The Treasury Portfolio.

John G. Carlisle, who will act as Secretary of the Treasury, has filled the public eye for many years, and before the President-elect appeared on the stage of national politics. Carlisle championed in Congress the anti-protection principles with which Cleveland's name is now so distinctly associated. Strong in debate, with the courage of his convictions and power of leadership, he will be an undoubted element of strength in the coming Cabinet. He was born in Kentucky 59 years ago, and after a brief experience as a pedagogue at Covington, Ky., he engaged in the practice of law. He served several terms in the Legislature of his native State, and from 1871 to 1875 he was Lieutenant Governor of Kentucky. In 1876 he acted as Presidential elector, and was elected to Congress the same year.

The Secretary of War.

The graduation of Col. Daniel S. Lamont from the position of Private Secretary to President Cleveland to the War portfolio is without a parallel in the history of the Cabinet. He was born in Cortlandtville, N. Y., in 1852, and entered the Cabinet at an exceptionally early age. He was early initiated into the mysteries of New York politics by Samuel J. Tilden. When but 29 years of age he was delegate at the convention at which Tweed was defeated by Tilden. He held an interest in the Albany Argus and was connected with that paper when Governor Cleveland appointed him his Private Secretary.

The Postmaster General.

The appointment of Wilson Shannon to the post of Postmaster General is one of the most curious personal ones, and one for which the great friendship existing between the appointee and the President-elect is responsible. Mr. Shannon is a native of New York, and his reputation as a high one and more than local, is based entirely on his prominence as a business ability. He was born in Oneida County, New York, in 1847, being taken when six years old to Buffalo, of which city he has been a resident ever since. In 1872 he entered into a partnership with Lyman K. Bass, and a few months later Governor Cleveland entered the firm, leaving when elected Governor of the State. Mr. Shannon is a director in many corporations, railroad and commercial.

The Secretary of the Interior.

The youngest man in the Cabinet will be Hoke Smith of Georgia, who, like Mr. Bissell, is a very large man, weighing nearly 250 pounds. Young Hoke was born in 1866 and is now nearly six years ago, he leaped to the front by his energetic and successful championing of tariff reform principles in Georgia. He finally worked the defeat of the anti-Cleveland forces in his State. He is a very successful lawyer, railroad cases being his specialty.

The Attorney General.

Richard Olney, who has been chosen for Attorney General, graduated from Brown University in 1886 and Harvard law school two years later. Twice he has been offered a Massachusetts judgeship, but declined, having the last offer from Governor Russell. Mr. Olney was born in Oxford, Mass., in 1835. His

only political venture was when he represented the Second Norfolk District in the Legislature in 1874. This was the year when there was a great overturn in State politics. William Gaston defeating Governor Talbot by nearly 8,000 votes. In Mr. Olney's district there was a close contest. On the face of the returns he was only one behind. A recount made it a tie, and on a new election he won the seat. It has been supposed by many that Mr. Olney was a mugwump, but his fealty to his party has never been questioned.

Secretary of the Navy.

Hilary A. Herbert, the representative of Alabama in Cleveland's Cabinet, will be placed in control of the Navy Department. He is now a resident of Montgomery, Ala., but was born at Laurensville, S. C. When he was a child his father removed to Alabama, settling in Greenville. He received his education at the University of Alabama and the University of Virginia, studied law and was admitted to practice. At the outbreak of the civil war he entered the Confederate service as a Captain and was promoted to Colonel of the Eighth regiment of Alabama volunteers. He was elected a member of the Forty-fifth and each succeeding Congress up to the present time. He was twice a member of the committee on naval affairs of the House and in the present Congress is chairman of that committee.

The Portfolio of Agriculture.

J. Sterling Morton was born at Adams, Jefferson County, N. Y., in 1832, going when a boy to Michigan, where he attended school at Ann Arbor, later attending classes at Union College, New York. From New York he came to Nebraska, where he acted as editor of the Nebraska City News. After being twice elected to the Territorial Legislature, he made an unsuccessful run for the Governorship. Three times thereafter he was a candidate for the same position, each time without success. Mr. Morton's orchards at Arbor Lodge are the finest in the State.

MURDER AND ARSON.

A Most Serious Charge Made Against

Adolph Niese, of Ottumwa, Iowa. Ottumwa (Iowa) special: There is now little doubt that Ottumwa was the scene, Tuesday night, of an atrocious crime, it being the murder of a woman and her babe by the unnatural husband and father who, it is alleged, committed the crime by burning the house and cremating the bodies. The alleged murderer is a German, 39 years of age, named Adolph Niese. Pending the verdict of the coroner's jury he was arrested. Niese's house was discovered on fire, and the ground around the contents. Niese and three children, aged 9, 7, and 5, got safely out, but his wife and 9-months-old baby were burned to death. Much sympathy was felt for the afflicted husband until ugly rumors got afloat, which were confirmed by evidence taken by the coroner. The rumors alleged that Niese had been untrue to his wife, that he had quarreled with her, that her life was insured for \$3,000 in his favor, and that Niese had killed his wife and child and then set fire to the house. The legend of Niese's wife's children before the coroner's jury and others is exceedingly damaging. Niese took the three children out of the house to the home of Mrs. Pease, a neighbor. The oldest little girl told Mrs. Pease that her father had told her that morning that he was going to set fire to the house. She was burned up when her mother was burned up when they would have money to build a new house, they would have nice clothes, and would have a new mamma. The sister of the dead woman, who is implicated in the dreadful affair, is unmarried and lives with her mother. She had lived in Somerset nearly forty years, and was one of the prominent citizens of the county.

A No Deal between Anderson People

and Chicago and Eastern capitalists was concerned in the former city recently. They sold 200 acres of land near the city for \$230,000 to the syndicate, which will erect factories on the site. JAMES SANNER, the well-known old gas well driller, who was reported as dying very suddenly of heart trouble a few weeks ago in Summitville, Ill., in Muncie, and says he knew the item was a lie when he read it in the papers. J. M. FENDER's team ran away at Liberty, and struck a buggy in which Albert Conklin was going to town. After the collision young Conklin was fished out from under the horses more dead than alive. He is very seriously hurt.

HENRY D. LAWRENCE of Somerset,

Wabash County, father of A. L. Lawrence, editor of the Converse Journal, died of heart failure at his home in Liberty, Ind. He had lived in Somerset nearly forty years, and was one of the prominent citizens of the county. DURING the funeral of Joseph Weaver at the Christian Church in Noblesville, the building was discovered to be on fire, and the alarm came near causing a panic. The fire department was called out and the fire was extinguished without material loss.

ROBERT KENNETT, living about three

miles east of Muncie, undertook to repair a natural-gas regulator. He entered the building with a lantern, when an explosion occurred, throwing him out of the building. He was seriously burned and the building wrecked. CITIZENS of Fortville are agitating a scheme whereby a strip of territory one mile wide would be taken out of Hancock County and annexed to Madison County, thereby straightening the north line of Hancock, which would locate the town of Fortville within Madison County.

W. E. HILDRITH, conductor on a pas-

senger train which runs between Brazil and Momence, Ill., on the Chicago and Indiana Coal Road, was killed north of Brazil. In attempting to cross one coach to another, Mr. Hildrith's foot slipped, and he fell between the coaches, and was ground to pieces. He leaves a wife and family at Chicago. PATENTS have been granted Indiana inventors as follows: John H. Beck and E. E. Kelly, Peru, milk cooler; Frank P. Breyer, Anderson, primer; Frank E. Herdman, Indianapolis, electric elevator; Asa R. Hoy, Indianapolis, lubricator; Mary E. Minor, Colfax, dust pan; Marion Powers, Lexington, garden tools; Frank M. Reed, assignor of one-half to E. Shaw, Anderson, generator; Elwood E. Stephenson, Anderson, gun; Frank E. Herdman, assignor of one-half to W. P.