

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Late. U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

## The Democrat

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Office in Democrat Building, east side of Second Street—ground floor.

### The Election Law.

SECTION 34. The amendment provides that the initials of the poll clerks shall be written on the upper right hand corner, instead of the lower left-hand corner. The object is to prevent tearing off the emblem of a party as an evidence of the way a ballot is voted.

SECTION 44. The amendment permits employers and employees to agree on the four hours allowed for voting, instead of restricting them to the first four hours of the day. The object was to avoid the inconvenience which in some cases resulted from using a fixed time.

SECTION 45. The amendment restricts and specifically defines the mode of stamping the ballot. The large square surrounding the device may be stamped to vote a straight ticket, and for this purpose only. If the large square is stamped, every name under it is voted for. If the large square is stamped, a stamp elsewhere on the ballot makes it void; and to this there is but one exception: If there should be no candidate for one or more offices under a large square thus stamped, it is permissible to stamp in front of the name of a candidate on some other ticket for such office, but no other. This leaves but one method of "scratching." The voter who does not desire to vote a straight ticket must stamp the square in front of the name of a candidate for whom he desires to vote. A stamp that touches a square must be counted on that square. A stamp that touches no square makes the ballot void. Also, a voter who folds his ballot improperly, but does not disclose the face of the ballot, must be sent back to the booth to fold his ballot properly. The object of these amendments is to do away with the confusion that arose from having two methods of scratching, and to settle what were matters of dispute in the last election.

### Newspapers Endorse.

"Educators are certainly the greatest benefactors of the race, and after reading Dr. Franklin Miles' popular works, can not help regarding him to be among the most entertaining and educating authors." —New York Daily. He is not a stranger to our readers, as his advertisements appear in our columns in every issue, calling attention to the fact that his elegant work on Nervous and Heat Diseases is distributed by our enterprising druggist W. H. Nachtrieb. Trial bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine are given away, also Book of Testimonials showing that it is unequalled for nervous prostration, headache, poor memory, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, hysteria, fits, epilepsy.

### Hunter's Report.

Sunday was a grand day for us hunters, for it rained nearly all day, but now good hunting is expected.

Seven guns were fired on Monday. D. Neuschwander got a deer. Eight deer were seen on Tuesday; four guns fired and no blood. Thirteen deer were seen on Wednesday; five guns fired, no blood.

Doc and Shorty heard something squeak like a wildcat, but it turned out to be an owl. Thursday seven deer were seen two guns fired, no blood. Friday there were four deer seen; rain nearly all day. Saturday was a grand day for the hunters. Eight deer seen, six guns fired; D. Runyan and J. H. Breckw killed one a piece. We all enjoy camp life, and expect some recruits from Lima, O. next week.

### Strong Witnesses.

Among the thousands of testimonials of cures by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, is that Nathan Allison, a well-known citizen of Glen Rock, Pa., who for years has a shortness of breath, sleeplessness, pain in left side, shoulders, smothering spells, etc.; one bottle of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and one box of Nerve and Liver Pills, cured him. Peter Jaquet, Salem, N. J., is another witness, who for twenty years suffered with heart disease, was pronounced incurable by physicians, death stared him in the face, could not lie down for fear of smothering to death. Immediately after using the New Cure he felt better and could lie down and sleep all night, and is now a well man. The New Cure is sold, also free book, by W. H. Nachtrieb.

### Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules cure colic. Ripans Tabules cure hives. Ripans Tabules banish pain. Ripans Tabules prolong life. Ripans Tabules cure nausea. Ripans Tabules cure scrofula. Ripans Tabules cure jaundice. Ripans Tabules cure headache. Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia. Ripans Tabules cure biliousness. Ripans Tabules for torpid liver. Ripans Tabules; one relieves grief. Ripans Tabules purify the blood. Ripans Tabules: best liver tonic. Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach. 15¢

### Notice

Our line, radical changes in goods and prices on general line of hardware, sash, doors and blinds, Champion reapers, mowers and binders, hay rakes and ladders, linseed oil, best binder oil on earth, full line of paints and varnishes, brushes, &c. Milburn wagons, buggies, carts, road wagons, and surreys, all steel gear. New Home sewing machine, best in our land. Plows and cultivators in endless variety. Reed's original spring tooth harrows and corn cultivators, steel truck hay carriers. These goods have been tried and tested, lack for nothing. Call in and let us show them to you free of charge. Binder twine, a car load cheap. Read carefully, study closely, look carefully and see that you buy only the Champion harvesting machine. They are made of best steel and malleable iron, gards are steel. See what the cheap cast iron traps have right over their gards, see how they are out of line, see the malleable gards on them. Cheapest trap on earth. How would you like a pair of scissors, saw, ax or hatchet made of this stuff? You would condemn. Why buy such stuff on binder, mower and reaper that you know can't hold edge? I have had twenty years experience in the sale of such goods. Call in, we will impart to you good solid facts. You can believe your eyes we can convince you. If you make a difference between cast iron and steel or steel and soft wood we are your men. Everybody in need of goods in our line are cordially invited to call and see us.

10th JOHN S. BOWERS & CO.

### Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined that if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took it all, eight bottles; it cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at A. R. Pierce's drug store, regular size 50¢ and \$1.00.

### Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Decatur, Ind., for the week ending Oct. 8, 1892:

Lauri Atwood, Fred Baumgardner, F. Decker, Garnet K. Giauque, Frank Hartley, Belle King, George Shirmeyer.

Persons calling for the above will please say advertised.

B. W. QUINN, P. M.

### Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach is disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and skin diseases. Sold at A. R. Pierce's drug store, regular size 50¢ per bottle.

### Democratic Savings.

Mr. Holman's review of the appropriations made during the last session of congress is thus summarized by the New York Evening Post (Ind.):

As the New York Tribune has shown, the record made by the Democrats at this session is sufficiently encouraging, savings amounting to some \$40,000,000 having been made in those appropriations which it was possible to reduce. Mr. Holman further shows, what The Tribune had also pointed out, that this reduction was accomplished in the face of the opposition of the Republican Senate.

The eleven regular appropriation bills as passed by the house reduced the estimates of the administration by \$37,888,000, and the Senate increased their amount by \$18,725,000. The result is finally that these bills appropriated \$22,000,000 less than was demanded by the administration, nearly \$13,000,000 less than the senate desired, and nearly \$8,000,000 more than the house deemed sufficient. The principal economies effected have been first in public buildings, no new ones having been authorized at this session. The previous congress authorized the construction of sixty-eight, much of the expense of which has had to be provided for by the congress which has just adjourned.

The last congress, Judge Holman says, created 1,705 new salaried offices, costing annually over \$2,000,000. This congress has abolished more offices than it has created, except in the District of Columbia, and while it increased the wages of those employed in the life saving service, it elsewhere reduced more salaries than it raised. There has been a small increase in the amount appropriated for the judiciary, a considerable increase in that for the department of agriculture and a new charge in the subsidy granted to the world's fair.

With these exceptions the policy of economy has on the whole prevailed. If it can be shown, and The Tribune and Mr. Holman concur in holding that it can, that the Democrats have made an important reduction in these appropriations which were under their control, that is a concrete fact which is worth a great deal in a political campaign.

### Two Doses.

J. W. Spellman, a prominent merchant of Elkhart, Ind., says: "Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup completely cured my child of a severe attack of croup. I have used a great many different croup medicines but have never found any so efficient as Dr. Marshall's which makes it a very necessary article for the family."

J. W. SPELLMAN.

### Every Man His Own Protection.

There lives in New York an Irishman who sometimes goes over to his native isle, and who learns a thing or two at each visit. Upon one of these visits he found that one workingman in the region where he had studied the Italian language said to him more per week than his fellows got. "Why do they pay you more than these other men get?" he asked the laborer. "Because I'm worth more," was the answer. "I've been to America and learned how to work."

Any one who knows American working men and workingmen abroad can understand this. We are the neatest, cleverest, hardest people on earth. It is not boasting to say this; it is simple truth. Not only is this true, but it is also true that intelligent foreigners coming to America soon catch our ways and learn how to do almost the work of a day in one. A man who has studied the Italian language says that when these men first come to America they are slow and awkward, but they presently learn how to work and develop into excellent workmen. This is as true of skilled as of unskilled workmen. The Italian mechanic is accustomed to lighter tools than we use in America, and he finds himself at a disadvantage until he learns the ways of our people, but if he has the stuff in him he gets to doing an American instead of an Italian day's work."

A contractor who had built railroads all over the world said that the cost per mile was no more in Illinois at \$1.88 per day for labor than in British India at nine cents a day for labor. The talk about foreign pauper labor and the danger of its competition is a humbug. We need not fear it, because it is pauper labor. The laborer to be feared is the fellow who can do a bigger day's work than the American laborer, and he has yet to be born.

In British India a man who is not more than fairly well off will have a dozen servants in his house, each at ridiculously low wages, but they will not do the work of two wide awake women with American training, and their wages, taken altogether, amount to more than you'd pay to three such women.

Where American workmen are paid more than foreign workmen it is because they are worth more and not because of protection. If you hire ten skilled workmen of American birth or training to do a piece of work and pay them \$0.50 to \$1.00 a day, the cost of doing that work will be thirty-five dollars a day. If you hire three men at one-third the wages, you'll pay the same amount in the aggregate and get no more work done.

But there are no foreign workmen as skillful and efficient as American workmen! In a few trades there are foreigners who can do things that our people cannot do, or can do poorly, and those men are often as well paid as American workmen. In other trades there are skilled foreigners whose hours are shorter than those of workmen in America, or who use less labor saving machinery, and therefore get less work done. As a rule, however, the day's labor of an American is worth more than the day's labor of a foreigner who has not learned our ways, and for that reason the wages of the American laborer lies in the energy, skill, intelligence and persistency of the American laborer. "Every man his own protection."

### A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our paper; also the death of some dear friend, who has died with consumption, whereas if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for throat and lung diseases in time, life would have been happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the throat and lungs call at Holthouse, Blackburn & Co., sole agents, and get a trial bottle free. Large size 50¢.

John H. LENHART, Clerk

By W. P. MILLER, Deputy.

State of Indiana, Adams County, ss:

I, Mark McConnell, Sheriff of Adams County, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full and correct of the process for an election issued and delivered to me by John H. Lenhart, Clerk of the Adams circuit court of the said county and state.

Witness my hand this 6th day of October, 1892.

MARK MCCONNELL, Sheriff of Adams County.

By Daniel Erwin, Deputy.

### SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

#### Notice of Election.

I, Mark McConnell, Sheriff of Adams County, in the pursuance of the statute in such cases made and provided hereby give notice to the qualified voters of Adams County in the state of Indiana, that an election will be held at the usual places of holding elections on

Tuesday the 8th day of November 1892 for the purpose of electing fifteen electors for the President and Vice-President of the United States, for the state of Indiana, of which all inspectors and judges of elections and voters in said county will take notice.

In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name this 6th day of October 1892.

MARK MCCONNELL, Sheriff of Adams County.

By Daniel N. Erwin, Deputy.

#### Notice of Election.

State of Indiana, Adams County, ss:

State of Indiana to Mark McConnell, Sheriff of Adams County, Greeting:

I, John H. Lenhart, Clerk of the Adams circuit court, of Adams county, state of Indiana, do hereby certify to the sheriff of Adams County, that at a general election to be held in said county on the 8th day of November 1892, the following officers are to be elected:

One Governor for the State of Indiana.

One Lieutenant Governor for the State of Indiana.

One Secretary of State for the State of Indiana.

One Auditor of State for the State of Indiana.

One Treasurer of State for the State of Indiana.

One Attorney General for the State of Indiana.

One Reporter of Supreme Court for State of Indiana.

One Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State of Indiana.

One State Statistician for the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Supreme Court for the Second District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of Supreme Court for the Third District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of Supreme Court for the Fifth District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of Appellate Court for the First District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Second District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Third District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Fourth District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Fifth District of the State of Indiana.

One Congressman for the Eleventh Congressional District of the State of Indiana.

One Prosecuting Attorney for the Twenty-sixth Judicial Circuit for the State of Indiana.

One Joint Representative for the District composed of Adams, Jay and Blackford counties for the State of Indiana.

One Commissioner for the First District of Adams County, Indiana.

One Commissioner for the Third District of Adams County, Indiana.

You are therefore commanded to give to me hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said Adams circuit court at my office in Decatur, this 8th day of October, 1892.

JOHN H. LENHART, Clerk.

By W. P. MILLER, Deputy.

F. M. SCHIRMAYER, Attorney.

JOHN H. LENHART, Clerk.

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