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Royal Baking Powder

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The Democrat

Rates of Subscription.
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Office in Democrat Building, east side of Second Street—ground floor.

The Election Law.

SECTION 34. The amendment provides that the initials of the poll clerks shall be written on the upper right hand corner, instead of the lower left-hand corner. The object is to prevent tearing off the emblem of a party as an evidence of the way a ballot is voted.

SECTION 44. The amendment permits employers and employees to agree on the four hours allowed for voting, instead of restricting them to the first four hours of the day. The object was to avoid the inconvenience which in some cases resulted from using a fixed time.

SECTION 45. The amendment restricts and specifically defines the mode of stamping the ballot. The large square surrounding the device may be stamped to vote a straight ticket, and for this purpose only. If the large square is stamped, every name und- it is voted for. If the large square is stamped, a stamp else where on the ballot makes it void; and to this there is but one exception: If there should be no candidate for one or more offices under a large square thus stamped, it is permissible to stamp in front of the name of a candidate on some other ticket for such office, but no other. This leaves but one method of "scratching." The voter who does not desire to vote a straight ticket must stamp the square in front of the name of a candidate for whom he desires to vote. A stamp that touches a square must be counted on that square. A stamp that touches no square makes the ballot void. Also, a voter who folds his ballot improperly, but does not disclose the face of the ballot, must be sent back to the booth to fold his ballot properly. The object of these amendments is to do away with the confusion that arose from having two methods of scratching, and to settle what were matters of dispute in the last election.

Newspapers Endorse.

"Educators are certainly the greatest benefactors of the race, and after reading Dr. Franklin Miles' popular works, can not help declaring him to be among the most entertaining and educating authors."—New York Daily. He is not a stranger to our readers, as his advertisements appear in our columns in every issue, calling attention to the fact that his elegant work on Nervous and Heat Diseases is distributed by our enterprising druggist W. H. Nachtrieb. Trial bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine are given away, also book of Testimonials showing that it is unequalled for nervous prostration, headache, poor memory, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, hysteria, fits, epilepsy.

Hunter's Report.

Sunday was a grand day for us hunters, for it rained nearly all day, but now good hunting is expected.

Seven guns were fired on Monday. D. Neuschwander got a deer. Eight deer were seen on Tuesday; four guns fired and no blood. Thirteen deer were seen on Wednesday; five guns fired, no blood. Doc and Shorty heard something squeal like a wildcat, but it turned out to be an owl. Thursday seven deer were seen two guns fired, no blood. Friday there were four deer seen; rain nearly all day. Saturday was a grand day for the hunters. Eight deer seen, six guns fired. D. Runyan and J. H. Brinkaw killed one a piece. We all enjoy camp life, and expect some recruits from Lima. O. next week.

Strong Witnesses.

Among the thousands of testimonials of cures by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, is that of Nathan Allison, a well-known citizen of Glen Rock, Pa., who for years has shortness of breath, sleeplessness, pain in left side, shoulders, smothering spells, etc.; one bottle of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and one box of Nerve and Liver Pills, cured him. Peter Jaquet, Salem N. J., is another witness, who for twenty years suffered with heart disease, was pronounced incurable by physicians, death stared him in the face, could not lie down for fear of smothering to death. Immediately after using the New Cure he felt better and could lie down and sleep all night, and is now a well man. The New Cure is sold, also free book, by W. H. Nachtrieb.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure colic.
Ripans Tabules cure hives.
Ripans Tabules banish pain.
Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.
Ripans Tabules cure jaundice.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules for torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules; onefiver relief.
Ripans Tabules purify the blood.
Ripans Tabules; best liver tonic.
Ripans Tabules; for sour stomach.

Notice

Our line, radical changes in goods and prices on general line of hardware, sash, doors and blinds, Champion reapers, mowers and binders, hay rakes and ladders, linseed oil, best blinder oil on earth, full line of paints and varnishes, brushes, &c., Milburn wagons, buggies, carts, road wagons, and surreys, all steel gear. New Home sewing machine, best in our land. Plows and cultivators in endless variety. Reed's original spring tooth harrows and corn cultivators, steel truck hay carriers. These goods have been time tried and tested, lack for nothing. Call in and let us show them to you free of charge. Binder twine, a car load cheap. Read carefully, study closely, look carefully and see that you buy only the Champion harvesting machine. They are made of best steel and malleable iron, gards are steel. See what the cheap cast iron traps have right over their heads, see how they are out of line, see the malleable gards on them. Cheapest trap on earth. How would you like a pair of scissors, saw, ax or hatchet made of this stuff? You would condemn. Why buy such stuff on binder, mower and reaper that you know can't hold edge? I have had twenty years experience in the sale of such goods. Call in, we will impart to you good solid facts. If you can believe your eyes we can convince you. If you make a difference between cast iron and steel or steel and soft wood we are your men. Everybody in need of goods in our line is cordially invited to call and see us.

JOHN S. BOWERS & CO.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined that if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took in all, eight bottles; it cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at A. R. Pierce's drug store, regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Decatur, Ind., for the week ending Oct. 8, 1892:
Laury Atwood, Fred Baumgardner, F. Decker, Garnet K. Giauque, Frank Hartley, Belle King, George Shirmeyer.
Persons calling for the above will please say advertised.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach is disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys are affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at A. R. Pierce's drug store, 50c per bottle.

Democratic Savings.

Mr. Holman's review of the appropriations made during the last session of congress is thus summarized by the New York Evening Post (Ind.):
As the New York Tribune has shown, the record made by the Democrats at this session is sufficiently encouraging, savings amounting to some \$40,000,000 having been made in those appropriations which it was possible to reduce. Mr. Holman further shows, what The Tribune had also pointed out, that this reduction was accomplished in the face of the opposition of the Republican senate.

The eleven regular appropriation bills as passed by the house reduced the estimates of the administration by \$27,833,000, and the senate increased their amount by \$13,725,000. The result was finally that these bills appropriated \$22,000,000 less than was demanded by the administration, nearly \$18,000,000 less than the senate desired, and nearly \$3,000,000 more than the house deemed sufficient. The principal economies effected have been first in public buildings, no new ones having been authorized at this session. The previous congress authorized the construction of sixty-eight, much of the expense of which has only had to be provided for by the congress which has just adjourned.

The last congress, Judge Holman says, created 1,705 new salaried offices, costing annually over \$2,000,000. This congress has abolished more offices than it has created, except in the District of Columbia, and while it increased the wages of those employed in the life saving service, it also reduced the salaries of those in the amount appropriated for the judiciary, a considerable increase in that for the department of agriculture and a new charge in the subsidy granted to the World's fair. With these exceptions the policy of economy has on the whole prevailed. If it can be shown, and The Tribune and Mr. Holman concur in holding that it can, that the Democrats have made an important reduction in those appropriations which were under their control, that is a concrete fact which is worth a great deal in a political campaign.

Two Doses.

I. W. Spellman, a prominent merchant of Elkhart, Ind., says: "Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup completely cured my child of a severe attack of croup. I have used a great many different croup medicines but have never found any so efficient as Dr. Marshall's which makes it a very necessary article for the family."

Every Man His Own Protection.

There lives in New York an Irishman who sometimes goes over to his native Isle, and who learns a thing or two at each visit. Upon one of these visits he found that one workingman in the region where the visitor found himself was paid considerably more per week than his fellows got. "Why do they pay you more than these other men get?" he asked the laborer. "Because I'm worth more," was the answer. "I've been to America and learned how to work."

Any one who knows American working men and workmen abroad can understand this. We are the nervous, cleverest, hardest people on earth. It is not boasting to say this; it is simple truth. Not only is this true, but it is also true that intelligent foreigners coming to America soon catch our ways and learn how to do almost the work of two days in one. A man who has studied the Italians says that when these men first come to America they are slow and awkward, but they presently learn how to work and develop into excellent workmen. This is as true of skilled as of unskilled workmen. The Italian mechanic is accustomed to lighter tools than we use in America, and he finds himself at a disadvantage until he learns the ways of our people, but if he has the stuff in him he gets to doing an American instead of an Italian day's work.

A contractor who had built railroads all over the world said that the cost per mile was no more in Illinois at \$1.35 per day for labor than in British India at nine cents a day for labor. The talk about foreign pauper labor and the danger of its competition is a humbug. We need not fear it, because it is pauper labor. The laborer to be feared is the fellow who can do a bigger day's work than the American laborer, and he has yet to be born.

In British India a man who is not more than fairly well off will have a dozen servants in his house, each at ridiculously low wages, but they will not do the work of two wide awake women with American training, and their wages, taken altogether, amount to more than you'd pay to three such women.

Where American workmen are paid more than foreign workmen it is because they are worth more and not because of protection. If you hire ten skilled workmen of American birth or training to do a piece of work and pay them \$3.50 per day, the cost of doing that work will be thirty-five dollars a day. If you hire ten times as many unskilled, untrained, inefficient men at one-third the wages, you'll pay the same amount in the aggregate and get no more work done.

But are there no foreign workmen as skillful and efficient as American workmen? In a few trades, yes, and foreigners who can do things that our people cannot do, or can do but poorly, and those men are often as well paid as American workmen. In other trades there are skilled foreigners whose hours are shorter than those of workmen in America, or who use less labor saving machinery, and therefore get less work done. As a rule, however, the day's labor of an American is worth more than the day's labor of a foreigner who has not learned our ways, and for that reason the wages of the American are higher. The best protection of American labor lies in the honesty, skill, intelligence and persistency of the American laborer. "Every man his own protection" is a good cry.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who has died with consumption, whereas if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for throat and lung diseases in time, life would have been happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the throat and lungs call at Holthouse, Blackburn & Co., sole agents, and get a trial bottle free. Large size 50c.

Cheapness Under McKinleyism.

The fact that many articles are now cheaper than they were two years ago has been seized upon by Republican editors and stump orators as a proof that the McKinley law has reduced prices. But people who keep themselves informed as to the changing conditions of trade will not be deceived by this transparent humbug. Many raw materials—notably cotton and wool—are now higher than they were in 1890, and this fall in prices was brought about in the main by far other causes than the McKinley law.

But there is another reason why some prices have not advanced, a reason that is never heard from protectionist speakers and newspaper organs. Home-made papers, however, are telling some hard truths about the kind of cheapness which we are having under McKinleyism. Such a paper is The American Wool and Cotton Reporter, of Boston, a journal of the very highest character and edited by a Republican and protectionist. Here is what The Reporter says about McKinley cheapness:

"There is some complaint made by clothiers that the quality of the goods now being made by the domestic mills is not up to the old standard. The complaint is not alone with the manufacturing clothier, but is made also by the retail dealer, even some of the well known standard makes are put down as falling short of their old standard. No doubt some of the trade will remember that one of the leading clothiers in this city came out with a letter some two years ago, in which it was stated that as a result of the McKinley bill prices would either be higher or else the product of the mills protected would deteriorate. Almost immediately following the passage of the bill prices were advanced, but in many cases they did not hold, as public sentiment was strongly against a wholesale advance.

"When many of the prices returned to their old figures and business became more settled manufacturers commenced to make a poorer fabric, yet claim it was the same thing, and held to the old price. The practice must have proved profitable, at least for the time being, as it was continued and carried further, so that today the trade complains. To the eye many of the cloths appear fully up to the standard, and it is only after they are done service for the consumer that the deception is discovered."

It is evident that under McKinleyism "cheap and nasty go together," and we are now buying the particular kind of coats made famous by President Harrison in his noted remark, "cannot find my way in sympathy with this demand for cheaper coats, which seems to me nearly to involve a cheaper man and woman under the coats."

The Trouble Over.

A prominent man in town exclaimed the other day: "My wife has been warring out her life from the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint and indigestion. Her case baffled the skill of our best physicians. After using three packages of Aunt Fanny's Health Restorer she is almost entirely well." Keep your blood in a healthy condition by the use of this great vegetable compound. Call on Holthouse, Blackburn & Co., sole agents, and get a trial package free. Large size 50c.

For Sale—Farm of about 130 acres, known as the Numbers farm, one mile from Decatur. Two-story brick house, barn, well, orchard and other improvements, will be sold at a bargain, easy payments. Call on or address: CHRISTEN & SCHIRMAYER, 301 Decatur, Ind.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

Notice of Election.

I, Mark McConnell, Sheriff of Adams county, Indiana, in the pursuance of the statute in such cases made and provided hereby give notice to the qualified voters of Adams county in the state of Indiana, that an election will be held at the usual places of holding elections on

Tuesday the 8 day of November 1892 for the purpose of electing fifteen electors for the President and Vice-President of the United States, for the state of Indiana, of which all inspectors and judges of elections and voters in said county will take notice.

In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name this 6th day of October 1892.

MARK MCCONNELL,
Sheriff of Adams County.
By Daniel N. Erwin, Deputy.

Notice of Election.

State of Indiana, Adams county, ss: State of Adams county, Indiana, Sheriff of Adams county, Greeting.

I, John H. Lenhart, Clerk of the Adams circuit court, of Adams county, state of Indiana, do hereby certify to the sheriff of Adams county, that at a general election to be held in said county and state on Tuesday November 8th 1892, the following officers are to be elected:

One Governor for the State of Indiana.
One Lieutenant Governor for the State of Indiana.
One Secretary of State for the State of Indiana.

One Auditor of State for the State of Indiana.
One Treasurer for the State of Indiana.

One Attorney General for the State of Indiana.
One Reporter of Supreme Court for State of Indiana.

One Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State of Indiana.
One State Statistician for the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Supreme Court for the Second District of the State of Indiana.
One Judge of the Supreme Court for the Third District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Supreme Court for the Fifth District of the State of Indiana.
One Judge of the Appellate Court for the First District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Second District of the State of Indiana.
One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Third District of the State of Indiana.

One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Fourth District of the State of Indiana.
One Judge of the Appellate Court for the Fifth District of the State of Indiana.

One Congressman for the Eleventh Congressional District of the State of Indiana.
One Prosecuting Attorney for the Twenty-sixth Judicial Circuit for the State of Indiana.

One Joint Representative for the District composed of Adams, Jay and Blackford counties for the State of Indiana.
One Joint Representative for the District composed of Adams and Jay counties of the State of Indiana.

One Treasurer for Adams county Indiana.
One Sheriff for Adams county, Indiana.

One Surveyor for Adams county, Indiana.
One Coroner for Adams county, Indiana.

One County Assessor for Adams county, Indiana.
One Commissioner for the First District of Adams county, Indiana.

One Commissioner for the Third District of Adams county, Indiana.
You are therefore commanded to give no notice hereof as required by law to the electors of said Adams county, Indiana.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Adams circuit court at my office in Decatur, this 6th day of October, 1892.

JOHN H. LENHART, Clerk
By W. P. Miller, Deputy.
State of Indiana, Adams county, ss:

I, Mark McConnell, Sheriff of Adams county, in the State of Indiana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full and correct record of the proceeding on an election issued and delivered to me by John H. Lenhart, Clerk of the Adams circuit court of the said county and state.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Adams circuit court at my office in Decatur, this 6th day of October, 1892.

MARK MCCONNELL,
Sheriff of Adams County.
By Daniel Erwin, Deputy.

Notice to Non-Residents.

State of Indiana, Adams county, ss. In the Adams circuit Court, of Adams county, November term, 1892.

Elizabeth Hart, et al., } Partition No. 4235.
Mary Johns, et al. }
It appearing from affidavit filed in the above entitled cause, that John W. Hart, of the above named defendants is a non-resident of the state of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given the said John W. Hart, that he be and appear before the Hon. Judge of the Adams circuit court of the said county, on the 20th day of November, 1892, the same being the 20th judicial day of the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house in the city of Decatur, commencing on Monday the 7th day of November, A. D. 1892, and plead in answer or demur to said complaint, or the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

In witness, my name, and the seal of said court hereto affixed, this 6th day of October, A. D. 1892.

JOHN H. LENHART, Clerk.
By W. P. Miller, Deputy.
F. M. Schirmeyer, France & Merryman, Attys.

WANTED.—SALESMEN.

LOCAL AND TRAVELLING. To represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first class and true to name. Work all the year round to the right man. Apply quick stating age. L. L. MAY & CO., Nurserymen, Elkhart and Decatur, Ind. Tel. 1777. [This house is responsible.] 36-37

Daniel McCaffrey,
GRAIN, HAY and COMMISSION,

I receive and sell Hay on Commission, or outright from responsible parties. Sight Draft honored. B. of L. attached, for 2% value, less freight to Pittsburgh.

Established 1867. Reference: Duquesne Nat. Bank.
238 and 240 Fifth Avenue;
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Largest Storage Capacity in the City.
30-4

None Such
CONDENSED
Mince
Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of $\frac{1}{2}$ Horse Blanket is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it hasn't the warp threads, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that $\frac{1}{2}$ Horse Blankets are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the $\frac{1}{2}$ trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Five Mile Boss Electric Extra Test Baker
5/A
HORSE BLANKETS
ARE THE STRONGEST.

100 5/A STYLES at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge. WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

Notice to Those who are Afflicted.

Those afflicted with Chronic or lingering disease. Dr. D. B. Snodgrass, for 23 years a constant practitioner of medicine in Grant county, Ind.; founder of the Curtis Physio-medical Institute and Sanitarium, of Marion, Ind.; having filled the chair of chronic diseases in three medical colleges; author of a new and unprecedented system of treating chronic diseases, assisted by Dr. Joseph Dunfee, have permanently established a branch office over Stone's hardware store, Decatur, Ind., for the treatment of all forms of chronic disease.

Dr. Dunfee will be in the office every Friday and Dr. Snodgrass each second Friday. Dr. Snodgrass' next visit will be on Sept. 16. Remember the dates and call early. Examination free and terms reasonable.

D. B. SNOUGRASS, M. D.
JOSEPH DUNFEE, M. D.

NEW

MEAT MARKET,

Madison St., Opposite Court House.

Schneider & Nichols.

Fresh, Smoked and Salt Meats of all kinds. Bologna and Sausages

BUTTS WANTED!

The Briant & Berne Manufacturing Company will pay the highest cash price for the following class of timber delivered at their factories at Briant and Berne:

Black ash " "
Sycamore " "
Maple " "
Lion " "
Cottonwood " "
Hackberry " "
Elm " "
Red Oak Stave Bolts
White ash " "
Elm " "

Also elm, sycamore, cottonwood, red oak and maple logs from 8 1/2 to 19 1/2 feet. All the above timber must be free from knots and other imperfections. Call at the factories for full particulars.

Briant & Berne Mfg Co.

Western Ohio Normal School,

Middlepoint, Van Wert County, Ohio.

Literary, Commercial, Pen Art and Musical. Write for Catalogue.

First Fall term begins Aug. 9, Second fall term, 10 weeks, begins Oct. 13, Winter term, 10 weeks, begins Jan. 3, 1893, Spring term, 10 weeks, begins March 16, Summer term, 10 weeks, begins May 23.

Address Rev. L. M. McCreery, President, or A. A. Kuhl, Principal, Middlepoint, Ohio.

H. F. COSTELLO,

Physician & Surgeon.
Office over Torrey's hardware store. Residence west side of Fourth street, three doors north of Monroe street. All calls promptly attended to in city or country, day or night.

WILLIAM TELL



Your Mother TO USE NO OTHER SOAP FOR LAUNDRY AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES, THAN SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

IT IS FAR SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER IN THE MARKET AND IS MADE ONLY BY N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO.

Always Wait and Be Sued.

Grand Cloak Opening.

Friday and Saturday, October 28 and 29.



Jesse Niblick & Son,
The Leading Cloak House.

advertise your farm and town property.

sell your property

loan money at 6 per cent.

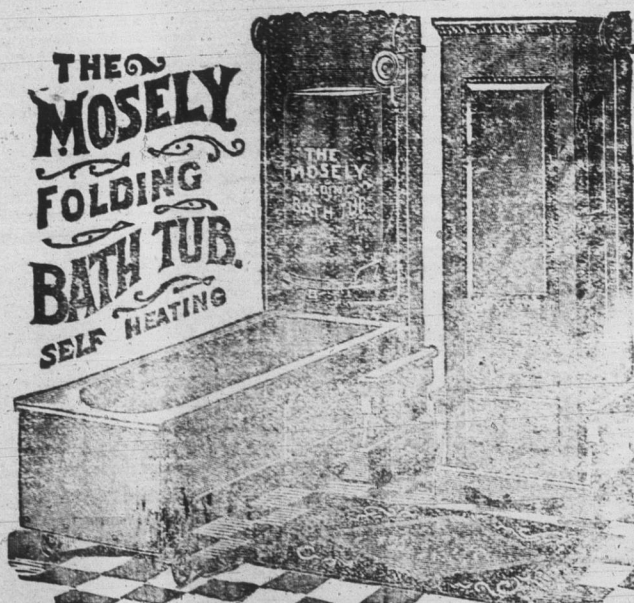
write life and accident insurance.

Several Pieces of Property to Exchange.

SHERMAN MOTT,

Real Estate, Loan and Collection Agent.

Office Across hall from Drs. Coverdale & Thomas, Decatur, Ind.



You can see one at Yager's Furniture store. They are sole agents for this county.

BobCase

At Magley, keeps a large stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Boots, Shoes and in fact everything kept in a general store. Buys all kinds of Country Produce or which the highest market price is paid.

HOFFMAN & GOTTSCHALK

Keep a full line of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Groceries, Lamps, Tobaccos, Cigars, and a general stock of Merchandise. Prescriptions carefully compounded.

LINN GROVE, IND.

THE DEMOCRAT

FOR FINE JOB PRINTING