

## DECATUR DAILY DEMOCRAT

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## School Dropouts

Businessmen across the nation are alarmed at the rate of dropouts from high school — the rate is gradually increasing, and if it continues, 7½ million youths will quit high school before graduation in the 1960's.

Why do businessmen care? For the obvious reason — a high school dropout has little chance of permanent employment, and consequently will face an entire life of low buying power, of employment, and drain on his community.

Unemployment today among youth under age 21 in the labor force is three times as high as in the adult population, and over half of these unemployed are drop-outs!

Sure, \$1.50 or \$2.50 an hour, or even \$4 an hour sounds like "big money" to a high school student. But educated men today are bringing in \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year — every year. Not just a high hourly wage for part of each year, while you and your growing family have to live on relief the rest of the time.

Here in Decatur and Adams county every youth has a real chance to make, not just a living, but a very fine living, if he will just buckle down and finish high school, then attend a college or advanced training course in what ever he is skilled in.

There is more to life than just making a high hourly wage. You have to be able to handle what you make — invest it wisely in purchases and invest your time wisely. School, its association with other people, considering many of the problems of the community and world, is a big part of the "growing up" process.

No one avoids this process — some may quit school, but they will only have to learn the hard way. And for every one who does finally learn the hard way, as many of our older generation has, 10 will fail, or only partly succeed.

Be a little smarter than the 7½ million who will cut short their chances of success in the world — stay in school, and graduate!

Editorial Writer Today — Dick D. Heller, Jr.

## TV PROGRAMS

Central Daylight Time

**WANE-TV**  
Channel 15  
THURSDAY

Evening  
6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Adventures in Paradise  
7:30 Perry Mason  
7:45 Twilight Zone  
8:00 Sunday Movie  
8:15 Late News  
8:30 Sports  
11:30 Award Theater

Morning  
7:15 All Word  
7:25 Bob C. News  
7:30 College of the Air  
7:55 Bob Carlton — News  
8:00 Captain Kangaroo  
8:30 The Little Theater  
8:45 Coffee Cup Theater  
8:55 I Love Lucy  
9:00 The McCoys  
11:30 Pete and Gladys

Afternoon  
12:00 Love of Life  
12:25 CBS News  
12:45 NBC News  
12:55 NBC News  
12:55 Guiding Light

Evening  
6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Young People's Concert  
7:30 Young People's Concert  
8:00 The Millionaire  
8:30 Secret Storm  
8:45 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

Wednesday  
6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Rawhide  
7:30 Young People's Concert  
7:45 Alfred Hitchcock hour  
8:00 The Millionaire  
8:30 Eye Witness  
8:45 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

Friday  
6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Rawhide  
7:30 Young People's Concert  
7:45 Alfred Hitchcock hour  
8:00 The Millionaire  
8:30 Eye Witness  
8:45 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

FRIDAY

WPTA-TV  
Channel 21  
THURSDAY

Evening  
6:30 Bachelor Father  
7:00 Early Evening News  
7:15 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:30 Password  
7:45 Houseparty  
8:00 To Tell the Truth  
8:30 CBS News  
8:30 The Millionaire  
8:45 Secret Storm  
8:55 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

Wednesday  
6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Rawhide  
7:30 Young People's Concert  
7:45 Alfred Hitchcock hour  
8:00 The Millionaire  
8:30 Eye Witness  
8:45 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

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6:00 Bachelor Father  
6:30 Early Evening News  
6:45 Waite Cronkite — News  
7:00 Rawhide  
7:30 Young People's Concert  
7:45 Alfred Hitchcock hour  
8:00 The Millionaire  
8:30 Eye Witness  
8:45 Edge of Night  
9:00 Dance Date

FRIDAY

**WKJG-TV**  
Channel 33  
THURSDAY

Evening  
6:15 Gateaway to Sports  
6:25 Jack Gray — News  
6:40 Weatherman  
6:45 Waite Cronkite Report  
7:00 Trails West  
7:30 Wide Country  
8:30 Kildare  
9:00 Hairs  
10:00 Andy Williams Show  
11:00 News and Weather  
11:15 Sports Today  
11:30 Tonight Show

Morning  
6:00 American Government  
6:30 Today  
6:45 Engineer John  
7:00 Editor's Desk  
7:30 Faith to Live By  
7:45 NBC News  
8:00 Play Your Hunch  
8:30 Price Is Right  
9:00 Concentration

Afternoon  
12:00 News with John Slemmons  
12:15 Weatherman  
12:30 Waite Cronkite Show

FRIDAY

ADAMS

"Legend of Lobo" Fri. 7:00; 9:30 Sat. 1:30; 4:00; 6:30; 9:00 Sun. 11:00; 1:30; 4:00; 6:30; 9:00 Sat. 8:15 Sat. 2:40; 5:10; 7:40; 10:00

Congo Crisis Maze  
Of ContradictionsBy PHIL NEWSOM  
UPI Foreign News Analyst

Almost from the beginning, the Congo crisis has been a maze of contradictions.

And if the casual reader finds himself lost in its twists and turns, surely no apology is needed.

For example:

On Dec. 14, 1961, President Kennedy, a strong supporter of the United Nations' campaign to unify the Congo, received from Katanga's secessionist president, Moise Tshombe, a request that he intervene so that Tshombe could begin negotiations with the central government premier, Pierre Adoula.

Out of this came the agreement at Kitona in which Tshombe agreed to end Katanga's secession.

Yet, almost exactly one year later, the agreement not only had not been implemented, but Katanga students were shouting "Down with Kennedy", trampling the U.S. flag and starting a fire on U.S. consulate grounds in the Katanga capital of Elisabethville. Tshombe himself was denouncing Americans in general as "racists who think they can buy" the African with dollars."

This was an initial result of a U.S. decision to send a military team to the Congo to determine military needs of U.N. forces there.

Within the dispute between Tshombe and the central government itself there is danger of over-simplification even if one makes no attempt at a judgment.

It could be declared a simple question of self-determination — whether the people of Katanga have the right to decide their own future relationship with the Congo as a whole.

It also could be declared simply the result of the central government's desire to take over the income from Katanga's copper and cobalt wealth.

It also could be regarded as a question of Tshombe's own desire to remain in power and his refusal to surrender to central authority.

It is doubtful that the tribesman in the bush has much interest in any one of the three, so a certain amount of self-interest must be involved.

The U.S. and the U.N. take the position that Katanga has no more right to secede from the Congo than would a state to secede from the United States.

Katanga's tax income from the Union Miniere copper mines this year will amount to between \$30 and \$40 million, just about enough to cover a one-month deficit for the central government. So the money itself cannot be, at the moment, a controlling factor.

The U.N. position is that neither Katanga nor the remainder of the Congo can achieve stability without each other. Katanga needs the Congo's agricultural produce and a port through which to ship its minerals without depending on Rhodesia or the U.S.

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