

Khrushchev Visit To Begin September 12; May Speak To U. N.

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev probably will address the United Nations General Assembly when he visits this country next month but there is little chance he will address Congress.

These and other details of the historic 13-day visit, which begins Sept. 12, were learned today.

News of Khrushchev's visit brought mixed but generally favorable reaction from American leaders. The reaction from veteran Washington security men was unanimous, however — it will be a tough job guarding the leader of world communism whose barbed verbal attacks on the United States have been legion.

No details of President Eisenhower's return visit to the Soviet Union this fall were immediately available.

Menshikov Aids Planning
Soviet Ambassador Mikhail A. Menshikov is taking a lead in working out arrangements for the visit.

Nothing definite has been decided on Khrushchev's trip and probably won't be for several weeks. But preliminary talks indicate the Soviet leader's itinerary probably will include:

—Two days in New York City, including a speech to the U. N. General Assembly which convenes Sept. 15.

—An appearance on a nationwide television broadcast, most likely a speech. This may be his last to the U. N. Assembly.

—A cross-country tour including visits to at least to Detroit and San Francisco. This would follow the pattern set by Khrushchev's Deputy Anastas I. Mikoyan and Frol R. Kozlov on their tours earlier this year. Khrushchev has expressed a particular desire to see San Francisco.

—Attendance at a college football game, or a baseball game if the football date cannot be arranged.

Nixon To Clear Picture
Much will depend on the Soviet premier's desires. A clear idea of these will be available to negotiators when Vice President Richard M. Nixon returns later this week from his trip to Russia and Poland. Nixon talked with Khrushchev about the visit while he was in Moscow.

Eisenhower, in announcing Khrushchev's visit Monday, said he would hold several informal talks with the Communist leader during his three days in Washington. Khrushchev also is expected to take some time out to see the sights of Washington.

There are indications, however,

that congressional leaders would not be anxious to invite Khrushchev to Capitol Hill, even if the lawmakers still are in session.

Congress has an excuse for avoiding an invitation to Khrushchev since he is not a head of state.

Mixed Reaction To Plans For Visit Exchange

United Press International
The announcement of an exchange of visits between President Eisenhower and Soviet Premier Khrushchev was received with generally favorable and hopeful comment from Washington to Red China.

There was some sharp criticism in the United States, however.

The Western Allies were generally pleased with the announcement, with French skepticism somewhat mitigated by the prospect of an Eisenhower visit to President Charles de Gaulle before the Khrushchev exchange.

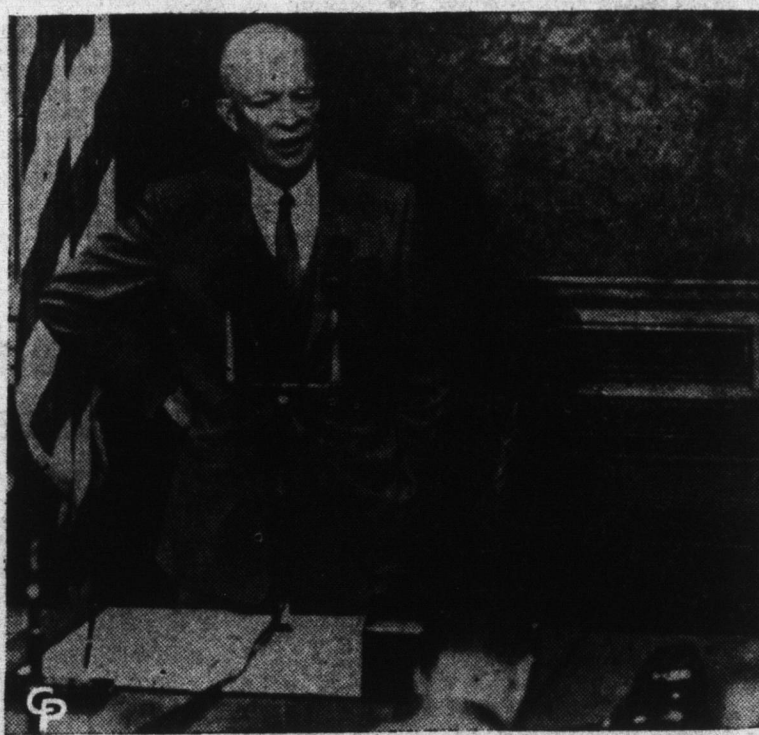
British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan was enthusiastic; West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, less optimistic, said he hoped the trip would show Khrushchev "the strength of the United States" and its determination to maintain peace.

Red China's official Hsin Hsia agency said it was hoped the visits would "contribute to better mutual understanding between the two countries and further the cause of peace."

Sen. John J. Sparkman (D-Ala.) said it would be "a fine thing" for editorial writers, commentators and other news representatives to "build up the idea of courteous treatment" for Khrushchev to minimize the possibility of any "incident."

"By all reports they have given fine treatment to Vice President Nixon," he said. "We can do no less."

In the Netherlands, the Amsterdam Telegraph sounded a note of warning, saying the American tradition of free speech may lead to "anti-Communist demonstrations" and "it is difficult to predict how the Russian leader will react to these."



NIKE AND NIKITA TO VISIT—Addressing a hastily-called news conference at the White House, President Eisenhower confirms what he said was "... one of the worst-kept secrets of a long time," that an exchange of visits had been arranged between himself and Russian Premier Nikita Khrushchev this fall. The announcement was planned to come simultaneously from Moscow and Washington, but 15 minutes of answers and comments to reporters delayed the Washington announcement.

Nixon Draws Big Crowds In Poland

WARSAW (UPI) — Vice President Richard M. Nixon paid a surprise visit today to the Warsaw cathedral of Stephan Cardinal Wyszynski, but the Polish prime minister was "on vacation."

The official explanation for failure of Nixon and the cardinal to meet was given by a vice presidential spokesman, who said that Wyszynski went on vacation Monday.

However, Nixon himself had said Monday he had no plans to meet the cardinal and that no request had been made on his behalf for such a meeting.

Western diplomatic circles here had said in advance of Nixon's arrival Sunday that they felt a visit by the vice president to the cardinal would be diplomatically unwise.

Wyszynski, spiritual leader of 25 million Polish Roman Catholics, remains the storm center of troubled church-state relations. Diplomatic sources felt a visit by Nixon to the cardinal would be impolite to his official hosts, Poland's Communist government.

Draws Big Crowds
Even more important, they felt, was that a meeting with Nixon would seriously weaken Wyszynski's precarious position here.

The cardinal has managed to keep the church strong in Poland even through the last harsh years of the Stalinist era.

Even though the cardinal was "on vacation," a huge throng gathered across the square outside the medieval brick cathedral which was destroyed by the Germans in World War II in reprisal for the Warsaw uprising, and then rebuilt.

Nixon also drew big and enthusiastic audiences on visits to the ruins of the Warsaw ghetto; to Palmiry, grave of many Polish intellectuals who were exterminated by the Nazis; and to Warsaw University.

He also paid a visit to the Huta Warszawa, a high-quality special steel plant which is eventually scheduled to produce 300,000 tons a year.

The vice president laid wreaths at the ghetto insurgents' monument and at Palmiry.

As he was leaving the Palmiry cemetery, a small boy gave Nixon a bouquet of flowers and a kiss on the cheek. Nixon gave the boy a ball point pen with the vice president's name on it.

Greeted by Veterans
As he walked out of the cemetery, he paused on the sandy pathway and looked back at the graveyard.

20 Building Permits Issued During July

City engineer Ralph Roop issued 20 building permits during the month of July for a total estimated improvement cost of \$224,155. The two largest expenditures will be made by Decatur Industries, Inc., who are in the process of building a \$75,000 plant on the newly purchased land on the west side of the city. The second largest item on the records for July is the new Elks lodge home, which is being constructed by the Yost Construction Co. for an estimated \$65,000.

Seven of the remaining total permits went for building or repair of garages, while five of the permits were for new home construction. One new tavern was granted a permit as was one used car lot. The four other permits were for additions to present homes.

The Jesse O. Sellemeyer residence at Marshall and Third streets will be built at a cost of \$26,000, while Adolph Kolter will build a \$15,000 residence at 138 Limberlost. Clark W. Smith will build \$11,000 homes at 228 Grant and 234 Grant street. Ezequiel Guerrea will build a \$3,000 residence at 721 N. 11th street.

The new tavern, at 916 N. 13th street, is being erected by Anthony J. Faure at a cost of \$9,500. The used car lot, at 239 N. 13th street, is being revamped by Quality Chevrolet-Buick Co. at a cost of \$500.

The seven garage additions and repairs are: A. J. Garard, 522 St. Mary's, \$400; William E. Rice, 916 Walnut, \$1,310; James R. Kolter, 921 Adams, \$350; Walter and Della Brodbeck, \$1,495; Andrew F. Miller, 316 Jefferson, \$400; William H. Huker, 1215 Mix Avenue, \$650, and Morris Pingry, 934 Marshall, \$500.

The additions to houses are: Mrs. Alven Egle, 115 Park View, a \$750 enclosed front porch; Clarence Drake, 636 N. Seventh, \$100 addition to house; H. C. Hart, 350 Line, \$200 addition to house; Mrs. Kenneth Strickler, 1310 High St., \$2,000 new porch.

Preble Seeking To File Abated Appeal

INDIANAPOLIS (UPI) — Attorneys for Austin housemover Marvin Preble today asked the Indiana Supreme Court for permission to file a belated appeal of his perjury conviction in the Hoosier highway scandals.

Preble was sentenced to 1 to 10 years in prison on Feb. 17, 1958, when a State Board of Accounts audit revealed that he collected money for moving a house along the Madison Ave. Expressway in Indianapolis when in fact the house had not been moved.

Preble also received a suspended sentence of 2 to 14 years for filing a false claim.

The new petition, filed for Preble by attorney John W. Agnew, also requested that the high court allow Preble to remain free on \$5,000 bond pending his decision.

In his petition, Agnew said there was "not one scintilla of evidence" in the records to prove Preble guilty. He said the conviction was based on "conjecture and suspicion."

Jack Heller Heads City School Board

John G. Heller, vice president of the Decatur Daily Democrat and a member of the Decatur school board for two years, was elected president of the board Monday night, succeeding Everett Huker, retiring member of the board.

Dr. James M. Burk, who is serving his second term on the board, was elected treasurer. Herb Banning, newly-appointed member of the board, was elected secretary. The board rotates its officers every year.

Anti-Freeze Drinking Kills Five Convicts

PUTNAMVILLE, Ind. (UPI) — Five convicts at the Indiana State Farm were dead today from a lethal anti-freeze cocktail that may have been sold to the victims concealed in a soft drink.

Two of the inmates, Raymond Morton, 22, Indianapolis, and Paul Durcho, 39, Hammond, died during the night at Robert Long Hospital.

Three others died Monday—Carlos White, 28, Hammond; Wilbur Bowen, 19, Jeffersville, and Jesse Tudder, 41, Lafayette.

Twelve others hospitalized were expected to live.

Prison officials launched an investigation to determine how the convicts obtained the poisonous drink.

Supt. Walter Hock said he had no idea how the men got the anti-freeze from the institution's garage but assumed it was concealed in a soft drink and sold to the victims.

Hock said the ailing men who able to answer questions were reluctant to discuss the affair. But he said they indicated they did not know what they were drinking.

Hock ordered all barrels of anti-freeze put under lock and key and instructed guards to search and see if other stores were hidden about the institution.

Officials said the victims apparently purchased their drinks from a fellow prisoner in exchange for cigarettes.

The incident was discovered Sunday night when guards noticed several inmates walking about in a drunken stupor. The prisoners were placed in the lockup, where they became ill and were rushed to the hospital.

Tudder, the first casualty, died in the institution's hospital. The others died at Robert Long Hospital.

Tudder was serving a term for drunk driving. Morton was penalized for larceny, Durcho for violating probation, White for drunk driving, Bowen for larceny.

Hock indicated other sick prisoners as:

Donald F. Cash, 19, Terre Haute serving a burglary term.

James Moses, 26, Gary, serving a term for assault and battery.

Harold Cockrell, 21, Kokomo, serving a term for passing bad checks.

Harlan Cockrell, 24, Kokomo, serving a term for assault and battery.

James McGill, 34, Kokomo, serving a term for assault and battery.

Jesse Stewart, 17, Indianapolis, serving a term for vehicle taking.

Glenn Bowen, 26, Jeffersville, serving a term for larceny.

Clarence Washington, 25, Indianapolis, serving a term for burglary.

Jerome Carroll, 17, Indianapolis, serving a term for robbery.

Johnny Finney, 30, Indianapolis, serving a term for assault and battery.

Leon Calloway, 20, Indianapolis, serving a term for embezzlement.

Reject Move To Override Veto

WASHINGTON (UPI) — The Senate housing subcommittee rejected by one vote today a move to override President Eisenhower's veto of the housing bill.

It decided instead to begin drafting a compromise bill that the President would accept.

The 54 vote came after seven days of hearings in which administration officials defended the veto against complaints by labor leaders, mayors and others that it was ill-advised.

Other congressional news:

—Civil Rights: A Senate judiciary subcommittee buried for at least a year a proposed constitutional amendment by Sen. Herman Talmadge (D-Ga.) guaranteeing the states complete control over their public schools. The House Judiciary Committee rejected an administration proposal which would have declared that the states are "obligated" to take steps to end school segregation.

—Labor Reforms: GOP congressional leaders urged Eisenhower at a breakfast conference to go on television to rally support for a tougher labor reform bill.

—Steel: Sen. Joseph C. O'Mahoney (D-Wyo.) said the steel strike demonstrates the need for action on his bill requiring advance notice of price increases in major industries where production is dominated by a few companies. He said such legislation is needed if the government is to obtain necessary facts for a fair settlement of the walkout.

—Alford: The House elections subcommittee inspects 3,000 to 4,000 disputed ballots in its investigation of the contested election of Rep. Dale Alford (D-Ark.). Alford, an avowed segregationist, beat veteran Rep. Brooks Hays (D-Ark.), a moderate on racial matters, by 1,256 votes last November.

—Defense: The House was expected to approve quickly a \$30,229,239,000 compromise defense money bill. The total was just about what President Eisenhower asked and was about half-way between the original Senate and House figures.

—Viet Nam: The Senate Foreign Relations Committee meets to decide whether to conduct an on-the-spot investigation of charges that the U. S. aid program to Viet

Nam is shot through with waste and corruption. Administration officials denied accusations made in a series of articles by Scripps-Howard reporter Albert M. Colegrove.

Showers, Storms Rumble Over State

United Press International
Wabash and White River valley areas received up to more than two inches of rain today as showers and thunderstorms rumbled across Indiana on the eve of what may be one of the season's hottest days.

Cagles Mill, near Greencastle, recorded 2.20 inches, Greencastle 2 inches, Ellettsville 1.30, Centerton 1.18, Bloomington 1.11, Seymour 1.10, the Chicago area 1.01 and Indianapolis .97.

The Indianapolis rainfall was the heaviest measured there in eight weeks.

Elsewhere, the precipitation was less but in some cases still rather generous. Measurements included .81 at Columbus, .50 at Portland, .86 at Terre Haute, .59 at Wabash, .63 at Crawfordsville.

The precipitation area was active over the northern portions of the state during most of the night. It spread southward, but no heavy rains or high winds were reported.

South Bend had 1.8 of an inch, Lafayette .12 and Fort Wayne .04 up to 7 a.m. The Chicago area had an inch.

The rainfall will be dissipated in a generally sunny trend Wednesday which will send the mercury soaring to the mid 90s from Lake Michigan to the Ohio River.

There was no relief in sight from the prospect of warm and humid conditions, and they may prevail the rest of the week or longer.

Bridge Contract Is Awarded By County

The Adams county commissioners let a bridge building contract to Baker and Schultz Construction Co. of Decatur on the Berger ditch at Monday's regular weekly meeting in the offices of county auditor Ed Jaber as part of many details handled.

The local firm entered a sealed bid of \$5,254.96 for the bridge over the Berger ditch, which is located in Blue Creek township, six miles east of Berne on road 27 1/2. A bid of \$5,232 was entered by Dale Jordan of Portland, but the commissioners decided in favor of Baker and Schultz because of the previous work done by the local firm. Other bids were from Ruckman and Hansen, of Fort Wayne, \$5,864.21, and Butler and Butler, of Spencerville, \$6,132.15.

A drainage problem discussed with Bob Weber and Charles F. Schwartz, both of Poble township, was referred to Lawrence Noll, county highway superintendent.

A petition for a ditch cleaning project was approved by the commissioners. The Albert Schroeder ditch in Root township, located on the Norvin Bultemeier farm, route 1, Decatur, will be cleaned and repaired. Those signing the petition were Lloyd Scherer, Herman Hulmahn, Elmer A. Welter, Hulda Schieferstein, Ida Bultemeier, Albert Schroeder, Norvin Bultemeier, and Otto F. Fuhrman, all of route 1, Decatur.

County home superintendent Frank Kitson submitted his monthly report, showing total receipts for the month at \$4,068.35 for the 28 residents, including seven females.

The county highway report, submitted by superintendent Noll, showed that from June 22 to July 22 the crews had traveled 24,306 miles with 1,646 miles being graded and 562 miles being mowed. A total of 5,865.6 tons of gravel were hauled and put on county roads, while 3.6 miles of black top roads were built. The report also covered the man-hours worked and the various installations involved.

The commissioners have all the budget requests from the various county offices and are in the process of formulating the 1960 financial status. The new budget will be released at next week's meeting.

Steel Negotiators Again In Session

NEW YORK (UPI)—Steel union and industry negotiators meet jointly with federal mediators again today following a session Monday which ended with recriminatory statements from both sides.

At the governors conference in Puerto Rico, six Democratic governors introduced a resolution calling for a speedy settlement of the 3-week-old steel strike and for the appointment of a committee of governors to meet with President Eisenhower and explore possible remedies.

Sponsors of the resolution were Govs. Foster Furcolo of Massachusetts, Orville L. Freeman of Minnesota, Albert D. Rosellini of Washington, Gaylor A. Nelson of Wisconsin, G. Mennen Williams of Michigan and Edmund Brown of California.

After Monday's meeting, federal mediation chief Joseph F. Finnegan said:

"The status quo is still quo as far as their positions are concerned." But he said better sides "thought it would be profitable to meet tomorrow for further discussions."

The union and industry statements Monday were in a sense answers to Secretary of Labor James P. Mitchell who castigated both sides on Saturday for failing in their responsibilities to bargain. But they wound up as slaps at each other, and an apparent stiff-

ening of the antagonistic positions which brought about the nationwide strike three weeks ago today.

The industry statement, issued by R. Conrad Cooper, head of the four-man team representing 12 major steel companies, said "It will take more than mere meetings and discussions to end this strike. It will take a change of union attitude... when Mr. McDonald is willing to engage in two way bargaining, and when he is ready to give up the idea of having the government make a settlement for him in response to the crisis he alone created, then a sensible, non-inflationary agreement should be possible."

United Steelworkers of America President David J. McDonald replied that the industry had issued "an ultimatum" to the union and "an ultimatum to the government of the United States." They "arguedly say the shutdown can be settled only on their terms," McDonald said.

In Washington, Sen. Stuart Symington (D-Md.) made a new appeal to President Eisenhower to sit the negotiators down in the White House and make them bargain. If this fails, Symington said, Eisenhower should name an impartial public board to study the situation and make recommendations for settlement.