



THOMAS W. LAMONT, 77, chairman of the board of J. P. Morgan & Co. and widely-known philanthropist, dies in his sleep at Boca Grande, Fla. (International)

Francisco Niculoso, a 16th century Italian artist, invented the tile-picture, painted continuously over a group of square ceramic.

Judge Is Appointed For Kaadt's Trial

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 11 — (UP) — Federal Judge Patrick T. Stone of Madison, Wis., will preside at the trial of the three indicted operators of the Kaadt Diabetic Institute at South Whitley, Ind.

The appointment was made by Judge Evan A. Evans of the seventh circuit court of appeals in Chicago. Judge Luther M. Swygert disqualified himself because he had previously prosecuted the operators while serving as assistant U. S. attorney in northern Indiana.

The three men, Dr. Peter S. Kaadt, his brother, and Robert Benson, clinic superintendent, were indicted recently on charges of misbranding remedies for diabetic patients in violation of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act. They are free on \$2,000 bond each.

Attorneys — Administrators
BONDS
Kenneth Runyon
Agent U. S. F. & G. Co.
Assets \$100,000,000

County Board Of Education Studies School Improvement

The Adams county board of education, in regular session February 7, after completing routine business, spent a considerable amount of time discussing the problem of securing improvement in the rural schools of the county through some means of enlargement of the school districts. Here are some facts that were laid before the board for serious consideration:

1. We are maintaining seven high schools in the 12 townships in which the enrollment ranges from about 40 to 120, with a total in the seven of about 600 pupils. It is impossible for any of the seven to offer such a range of subjects as to meet the needs of the present, not to mention the immediate future, for all of the children entrusted to them without increasing the already high per capita costs to an entirely unreasonable figure. If it were possible to assemble the 600 in one school, practically all the foreseeable needs of all groups could be met without any material increase in the present per capita costs; but this does not appear to be feasible or desirable. It does seem, however, that it would be possible to make plans, if any agency were empowered to do so, to reduce the number of high schools to from two to four in the very near future.

2. None of the seven high schools have adequately equipped laboratories to meet present standards in the teaching of science. The recent war showed most impressively how poor a preparation we have been giving our boys and girls to live in a modern scientific age. If a rigorous inspection were made of our laboratories, it is very doubtful whether any of our schools would keep their present accreditments.

3. Only three of the seven schools are making any offering to the boys in the field of industrial arts, and none are fitted with either the room or the equipment for adequate instruction in agriculture. Considering the increases in industrial development in the county and in nearby cities where work is available, it seems quite certain that many of our boys will be employed in factories, yet our schools are doing all too little to provide desirable preparation for such work as might be given in a modern industrial arts shop. To give adequate equipment and room for such subjects in all seven of these schools will involve heavy expenditures of the tax-payers' money; and most of these shops would serve so few boys and for so few periods per day as to make the expenditure of doubtful value. Again, this is a very progressive farming community; surely it is desirable for at least some of these boys to be prepared to take an active part in the development of the agriculture of tomorrow. Should not these boys have a chance to benefit by the best instruction we can give them in vocational agriculture departments, equipped to work out the problems they will face? Possibly, out of the 600 high school students there may be less than 100 boys really interested in this field. If we set up a modern vocational agriculture department in each of these seven schools, and hire well trained instructors in each, the cost will be staggering. If we had all these interested boys in one or two schools, the costs would be reasonable, or at least well within our ability to pay.

4. Offering in both the grades and high schools in the fields of music and art have been very meager in most of our schools and in some have been made only at

intervals. In fact, only a very small percentage of our children are receiving approved courses in both these fields now. Facilities for physical education are available for little over half the grade children in the township schools; and there are, of course, very limited offerings in two of our high schools. Other fields could be mentioned besides these.

5. In the face of an increasing demand for hot lunches for all rural children, it is to be observed that we are able to meet these demands for perhaps less than a third of the children of our county; and it does not seem that we shall be able to do better until more room and equipment are available for all. Four out of seven schools were approved for vocational home economics last year, and we hope to have one additional approval this year; but we are constantly faced with the need of better and more expensive equipment for all these classes, and this to serve groups altogether too small.

It was noted in the discussion that a number of very laudable attempts had been made to secure larger school districts by consolidation of various groups of townships. All these depend on the voluntary cooperation of each of the units involved, and in every case, one or more of these units, largely because of differences of opinion within communities, has seen fit to stay out. Because of these difficulties, the superintendent asked the board to consider again the county school corporation proposed, but not voted on, at the open meeting last spring. It was suggested that, if the board were empowered to act as a body, an expert on rural schools such as Dr. Cooper who recently spoke to the county teachers, be called on to spend some time with the people of the county and make recommendations to the board as to what action might best be taken.

This proposal met with a certain amount of favor. However, the great obstacle was this: some, at least, of the trustees feel that they would not meet the wishes of their communities by voting for county consolidation until a definite plan for the placing of the buildings and the districting of the county has been proposed to their people. Now the difficulty is that do one is authorized to make such a plan before the county is consolidated into a legal school unit. Thus the board found itself traveling in some sort of a circle, without knowing where the starting point might be. A proposal was made for the various townships to unite in hiring an expert to make a survey, meeting with groups in various parts of the county. The person above mentioned is available for his expenses only. But most of the trustees feel that they have no authorization to spend township funds for such a purpose without appropriation in the budget; so the proposal was dropped.

It would seem, as our superintendent stated publicly some time ago, that until the people are willing to delegate enough authority to their elected representatives to take action, the chance to do something really constructive in the way of securing efficient rural schools suited to the needs of the future, is likely to be missed. In the meantime, who are the losers? Can these children who now need the very best the community can afford in the way of preparation for life have another chance at the improved schools we might furnish them?

Lyman L. Hann,
County superintendent

Taft Sees No Need Of Labor Law Change

No Immediate Need Of Revisions Seen

Gary, Ind., Feb. 11 — (UP) — Sen. Robert A. Taft, R., O., said today that he saw no need for "immediate revision" of the Taft-Hartley labor act.

But he conceded that provisions of the law prohibiting political activity by labor unions "ultimately" might require clarification. Taft made his remarks in a speech prepared for delivery before the Gary service clubs as part of his speaking tour of the midwest as a candidate for the Republican presidential nomination.

In a speech last night at Bloomington, Ill., Taft charged that President Truman has become the "greatest peacetime spender and the greatest peacetime taxer in the history of the world."

He claimed Mr. Truman was demanding "a stranglehold over all industry, agriculture and commerce" in seeking economic controls.

Taft said today that the Taft-Hartley law should receive "further trial" by labor and management before being revised. He pointed out that courts have not had time to give opinions on its provisions.

A joint congressional committee set up to study labor-management relations "undoubtedly" will recommend amendments by the end of 1948, he said, "but I know of none

of fundamental importance." The law, he said, resulted from a "sincere desire to bring about a condition in which employer and employees might sit across the table with equal power to present their views and obtain their rights."

"One principle of the act is to impose on labor unions a response commensurate with their new power," he said.

He said he was "strongly opposed to any attempt to prohibit strikes."

"If an agreement cannot be reached by collective bargaining the alternative must be compulsory arbitration or wage-fixing by the government," he said.

In the end, he said, this would lead to price fixing and control of distribution which would "see the end of a free economy."

Taft said he did not "like" to limit the right to strike even in cases affecting national safety or health. But he said a cooling off period provided by the new law "seems reasonable."

He said that if a strike affecting national health and security were called after the cooling off period, "a special act will have to be passed as in the case of a general strike."

"A strike against the existence of a people has the characteristics of revolution rather than of economic bargaining," he said.

Taft declared that President Truman's request in 1946 for power to draft railroad workers for a year to end the railroad strike "went beyond any reasonable proposal" and would have constituted a slave labor law.

Taft said that the labor relations act of 1947 — rather than being a

"slave labor law" as some union leaders claimed — contained "more provisions intended to give protection to the individual employee, both union and non-union, against arbitrary action by labor union officers, than there were to give justice to the employer."

These provisions, Taft said, constituted a "bill of rights" for union members.

"The operation of the act up to this time has created some issues but no injustices," he said.

CIO INDICTED

(Continued from Page 1)

labor organization for such a purpose."

Clark added that the justice department is preparing additional prosecutions of other reported violations of this statute.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE NO. 4303

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Orvil Gilliom, deceased, to appear in the Adams Circuit Court, held at Decatur, Indiana, on the 28th day of February, 1948, and show cause, if any, why the FINAL SETTLEMENT ACCOUNTS with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and received their distributive shares.

Louis E. Gilliom and Andrew I. Gilliom, Executors.

Decatur, Indiana, February 3, 1948

Attorneys: Decker, Gallivan & Hamilton

Feb. 4-11

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR ESTATE NO. 4408

Notice is hereby given, That the undersigned has been appointed Executor of the estate of Emma Kneiss late of Adams County, deceased. The estate is probably solvent.

Ed Stahly Executor

Feb. 3, 1948.

Henry B. Heller Attorney

Feb. 4-11-18



IN CHICAGO, Mrs. Helen McLennan, 58-year-old grandmother, gives the valedictory address at Englewood evening high school graduation ceremonies. Mrs. McLennan, who supports herself, completed her education in her spare time. (International)

Texas' altitudes vary from 70 feet above sea level on the Gulf Coast to 8,500 at Guadalupe Peak in Culberson County. There are 50 peaks in Texas over 5,000 feet high.

Continued Rummage sale above Mollenkopf Implement, Feb. 14, 9 a. m.

Marion Electric Ranges

Since 1912

You're missing plenty if you have not seen the features on Marion Electric Ranges.



Ranges for Immediate Delivery
MARION OFFERS MORE
SEE these Electric Ranges and Automatic Water Heaters at

Decatur Hatchery

Authorized Marion Dealer

Phone 497

Decatur, Ind.

PUBLIC SALE

As I am quitting farming I will sell at public auction my personal property on my farm located 6 miles south of Fort Wayne, Ind., on state road No. 27 to the Nine Mile Place, then 1 mile east and 1/2 mile south; or 1/2 mile south of the Marion Center school; or 4 miles northwest of Hoagland, on

Saturday, Feb. 14

Sale Starting at 10:30 A. M.

CATTLE

Blue Roan cow, 4 years old, calf by side; Black cow, 4 years old, calf by side.

HORSES

Bay Mare, 8 years old; Sorrel Mare, 13 years old, blind.

HOGS

Two Brood Sows, due to farrow in April.

SHEEP

Ten Extra Good Ewes, 2 to 5 years old, due to lamb in March.

HAY

400 Pales Alfalfa and Timothy Mixed Hay; 60 Bales Second Cutting Alfalfa Hay.

TRACTOR AND IMPLEMENTS

Massey-Harris Challenger Tractor, on new 11x35 Firestone rubber, this tractor is in good condition; Massey-Harris 14 in. Tractor Plow; Blount 7 ft. Tractor Disc; 3 section Spring Tooth Harrow; 2 section Spike Tooth Harrow; Osborne Side Delivery Hay Rake; International Web Hay Loader; McCormick-Deering Dump Rake; Manure Spreader; Deering 8 ft. Binder; Hoosier 12 hole Grain Drill; Hayes Corn Planter with fertilizer attachments and 80 rods wire; two row Corn Cultivator with tractor hitch; single row Cultivator; 12 in. Walking Plow; Fodder Cutter with 14 ft. elevator; Rubber-tired Farm Wagon with grain bed and hay ladder; Fairbanks Platform Scales, 800 lb.; Clipper Panning Mill; Beef Scaffold with hoist; 3 Hog Scaffolds; Butchering Kettles; 8 in. International Feed Grinder; Fence Charger; Work Bench with end and side vise; Tool Chest; Boring Machine; Crosscut Saw; Set Work Harness; 3 Collars; Oil Drums; 40 Fence Posts; No. 16 DeLaval Cream Separator; Hog Fountain; Post Auger; Line Shaft; Milk Cans; Emery Wheel; Axes; Many Miscellaneous Articles not mentioned.

JOHN A. LOEW

OWNER

Lunch Served by Henson Cassel Ladies Aid.
Ellenberger Bros., Auctioneers
Pat Boyle, Clerk

Chicago Job Printers Stop Setting Ads

Chicago, Feb. 11 — (UP) — Job printers in eight Chicago shops said today they will stop setting advertisements for use in six Chicago daily newspapers where union printers are on strike.

Both the job shop printers and the strikers are members of local 16 of the AFL International Typographical Union. The union has been on strike against Chicago's major daily newspapers since Nov. 24.

The job shop printers were reported to have agreed to continue setting advertisements for newspapers outside Chicago.

Man Sentenced On Bad Check Charge

Delphi, Ind., Feb. 11 — (UP) — John McMahon, 26, Lafayette, an army sergeant, today began a one-to-five year prison sentence following conviction of cashing five bo-

gus checks. McMahon said he was absent without leave from Wright Field, Dayton, O. Police said he had cashed bad checks in Cincinnati, Phoenix, Ariz., and several Indiana cities. The army sergeant pleaded guilty to cashing bad checks in the American Legion home here.

Trade In a Good Town — Decatur

Beware Coughs That Hang On

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis



Spring Work Will Soon Start

Have you had your Ford tractor checked over and tuned up?

Have you checked your implements for the needed repairs?

If not—let us know and we can set a date to check your tractor and implements.

"So when the robins start to sing, Have your Ford tractor singing also."

DON'T DELAY—DO IT TODAY!

Riehle Tractor & Impl. Co.

"Your Ford Tractor Dealer"

Phone 322 Decatur, Ind.

RECORDS

Some LATEST 10" POPULAR

YOUR CHOICE

3 For \$1.00

UHRICK BROS. PHONE 360

Friday, Feb. 13, 1948

at 10:30 A. M. (Eastern Standard Time)

15-HEAD CATTLE—15

Jersey Cow 7, milking 2 gal., rebred; Jersey Cow 9, bred Dec. 13; Guernsey Cow 7, milking 2 1/2 gal.; Brown Cow 4, due in May; Guernsey Cow 4, due Mar. 5; Jersey Cow 4, due Feb. 15; Spotted Cow 4, due April 1; Guernsey Cow 4, due March 1; Brown Swiss Bull, 10 mo. old; 2 Heifers 7 mo. old; Bull Calf, 7 mo. old; 2 Heifer Calves, 3 mo. old; Bull Calf 3 mo. old.

MILKER: Perfection 2 single units milker, 16 mo. old; Pipe and stall cocks for 8 cows, good.

HOGS: 2 Feeders, 200 lbs.

HAY & STRAW: 1 1/2 ton loose Clover Hay; 150 bales Wheat Straw (wire tied).

TRACTOR AND IMPLEMENTS

1937 John Deere Model B Tractor, on Good Rubber, power take-off, first class; Cultivators for Model B; Dunham Disc; Good New Idea Manure Spreader; Kentucky 10 hole Fertilizer Grain Drill; Massey-Harris Side Delivery Rake; McDeering 6 ft. Mower; Good John Deere 7 ft. Binder; Case 8 inch Hammer Mill—less than year old—60 ft. Drive Belt; 2 Section Spike Tooth Harrow; Steel Wheeled Wagon and Bed; Horse Cultivator; Implement Trailer; Double Set Work Harness.

MISCELLANEOUS: Small Wall Drill; Large Vise; Bench Saw; Set 1/2 inch Blocks; Briggs & Stratton Stove; Bookcase; 2 gal. Lard Press; Sauce Grinder; Cupboard; Dresser; Curtain Stretchers; Rubber tired Wheelbarrow; Corner Sink; Misc. articles.

CHICKENS: 80 Head Leghorn Laying Hens.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS: Day Bed; Library Table; 8 Tube Zenith Console Radio, good; 2 Tables; Globe Range Cook Stove; Bookcase; 2 gal. Lard Press; Sauce Grinder; Cupboard; Dresser; Curtain Stretchers; Rubber tired Wheelbarrow; Corner Sink; Misc. articles.

TERMS—CASH.

ELMER GARWOOD

OWNER

Roy & Ned Johnson—Auctioneers
Clyde Snyder—Clerk
Melvin Liechty—Auct. & Sale Equipment
Lunch Will Be Served.