

# The Review for '97

We offer this paper for the ensuing year at Club Rates the following Weekly Newspapers on the following terms:

Review and Weekly Cincinnati Enquirer	\$1.25.
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We also will send the White House Cook Book of 440 pages, containing much valuable information for any lady who desires to excel in the matter of cooking, together with THE REVIEW for one year for \$1.30.

Many farmers during the long winter, or even during the working days of the summer, desire a paper devoted to their interests. We will send the Indiana Farmer or Chicago Ruralist or almost any weekly agricultural publication desired with The Review for \$1.90.

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## RED ROCK CASH RATES!

Send in your names with the Cash and publications desired now. Begin now, or not later than January 1st.

F. T. LUSE, Pub.

## The First Monday

Of the new year is the first day of

## Annual Remnant Sale

It will also be the occasion of our opening of 1897 styles in

## Muslin Underwear

The remnants you will find in every department, half price and less. The new underwear on sale is of the famous Simon Stearns make. The best in the world.

## L. S. AYERS & CO.

Indianapolis, Indiana.

Mrs. Joel Tucker, of Alamo, has been adjudged insane and will be taken to the Central asylum, Indianapolis, for treatment.

The county commissioners paid a visit to Gov. Mount on Tuesday at his farm in Franklin township. Mr. Mount moves to Indianapolis next week.

Long, the lifter of corn from a neighbor's crib, is out of jail on his own recognizance, and will appear at the next term of court to answer the charge of larceny.

The Tippecanoe County Agricultural Association has organized for 1897, with James Murdock, president; Sylvester Taylor, vice president; William Blackstock, secretary.

Wingate, Williams and Bonnell are managing Gen. Wallace's boom for U. S. Senator. There is not much of a boom yet but they hope to see it grow and increase in size.

The new Presbyterian church in Fowler was dedicated last Sunday. The building cost \$12,000—and it is free of debt. \$5,000 was raised last Sunday to liquidate all indebtedness.

Mr. Isaac Montgomery, of London, attended the funeral of Mr. Benj. Ristine last Sunday. He and the deceased came to this county near the same time, and have ever since been personal friends.

Mr. Charles K. Mavity, formerly a newspaper man of Indianapolis, has entered on his new work on the Lafayette Courier as telegraph editor. Mr. Wilson, Governor elect Mount's private secretary, will still act as editor and direct the policy of the paper.

Mr. Frank J. Wistach, formerly of Lafayette, but at present press representative of the Broadway music hall, New York City, will next spring go with the Barnum & Bailey circus as press agent. In the fall Mr. Wistach goes to London to accept a very lucrative position.

The superintendent of the Vigo county asylum complains to the authorities that every night tramps virtually take forcible possession of the asylum sleeping in the corridors and otherwise making themselves at home, and he is afraid to deny them for fear they will burn the institution or do physical violence to himself. The county commissioners will be asked for protection.

**CASTORIA**  
The healthful  
and  
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way  
to  
keep  
the  
system  
in  
good  
condition.  
It is  
an  
every  
day  
medicine.

**AGENTS FOR THE REVIEW.**  
The following gentlemen are agents for THE REVIEW, and will receive subscriptions for it for the year 1897:  
J. S. Bennett, London.  
L. P. Lafferty, Coal Creek tp.  
Ira Booher, Darlington.  
James Walter, Yountsville.  
Jere Chadwick, Mace.  
Charles Snodgrass, Ladoga.  
Lon Stingley, Balbinch.  
Oath Long, Bowers.

**Music Hall.**  
The big Schilling Minstrel company will appear at Music Hall January 7th. See this show if you want a good laugh and forget all your troubles.

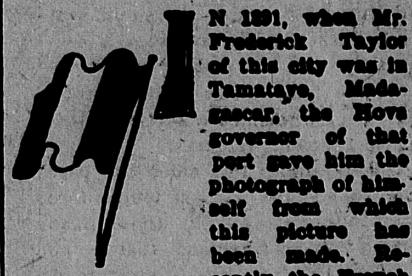
## Hood's Pills

Are much in little; always ready; efficient; reliable; never hurt; prevent a cold or fever; cure all New Year's ailments; headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## ABOUT THE Hova

HOVA MINISTER OF INTERIOR SUFFERS DEATH.

Accused by France of complicity in the present rebellion in Madagascar—the Was to have been Prime Minister—His Unhappy Fate.



IN 1891, when Mr. Frederick Taylor of this city was in Tamatave, Madagascar, the Hova governor of that port gave him the photograph of himself from which this picture has been made. Recently the French

advanced this Hova gentleman to one of the highest positions in the protectorate, and this fact makes the news all the more surprising that has just come from the big island. He has been tried by court-martial on the charge of complicity in the rebellion now in progress, sentenced to death, and executed at Antananarivo, the capital.

His name was Rainandrianampandry, and in rank he was nearly as high as he could get, for he was a Hova of fifteen honors, and there are only sixteen in the list. About the first thing the French did when they declared war on the Hova, nearly two years ago, was to take possession of the west coast port of Tamatave. The Hova governor of that port was therefore out of a job, but the queen gave him another at once. He was chosen to conduct the defense of Farafatra during the war; and when the war was over and the French were triumphantly installed in Antananarivo the ex-governor went back to Tamatave and settled down quietly in his home. Rainandrianampandry's astonishment was unbounded when the news was brought to him that the French had exposed the aged prime minister and husband of the queen and had appointed him prime minister. He did not believe the news, and he remained in Tamatave. He was at last convinced that he had really been appointed prime minister, and so he set out for the capital. But his dilatoriness cost him the place. Before he reached the capital Gen. Duchesne had grown tired of waiting for him and appointed Rainitsinany prime minister, and soon after Rainandrianampandry was appointed minister of the interior, which office he had held until arrested by the French. The circumstances of his complicity in the rebellion are not yet known here. All that is known is that Gen. Gallieni sent a telegram dated Oct. 30 saying that the minister of the interior, Rainandrianampandry, and Prince Ratsimananga had been convicted of complicity in the rebellion and executed at the capital. Prince Ratsimananga was an uncle of the queen. The rebellion is giving France a great deal of trouble, and she evidently intends to be stern in her dealings with the people and to leave no doubt as to her ascendancy. The prime minister has "resigned," and Gen. Gallieni's telegram says "there will be no successor." In September, when Gen. Gallieni arrived at the capital, he politely declined an offer to be introduced to the queen. "I consider," he said, "that my position requires the queen to call on me first. When I am a little more at leisure I will inform her when she may

come to greet the representative of France."



RAINANDRIANAMPANDRY, come to greet the representative of France.

**Owned It.**  
The Washington Star tells of a caller an attorney in that city had the other day: "He was an uncouth-looking individual and said he hailed from Montgomery county, Maryland. Judge," he said, "I reckon I'll have to buy a few words of advice." "Well, what is it?" "That's a sto'keeper up my way, an' I've had a good many deals with him, fast and last. I reckon I've seed him put his right thumb in the scales 100 times when he weighed things I bought." "Well, you ought to have stoped him. You can't collect damages for that," interrupted the attorney. "I don't want no damages." "Well, what do you want?" "To see, we got in a foot yestiddy and I bit off that thumb, an' I want ter know if, as many times as I bought it, I don't own it, so that he kain't git damages for my bitin' it off."

**Railroad Headlights.**  
Electricity is being used for the headlights of locomotives. It is said that the cost is but little if any more than for oil, and as the light is so much more intense and far-reaching, the chances of collisions are materially lessened, as it is possible to see the light at a sufficient distance to stop any train going at an average rate of speed. The only wonder is that electricity has not been applied in this way for many years past.

**DR. PRICE'S**  
**CREAM**  
**BAKING**  
**POWDER**  
MOST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Aluminum, Alum or any other adulterant.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## HINDOO DOCTORS.

And Their Peculiar Method of Treating the Sick.

The doctor in India, or the "bald," as he is called, is not like the physician of any other country, says an exchange. He is a peculiar genius who acts in a peculiar way. If a well-to-do Hindoo merchant becomes ill with fever he usually fasts three or four days, scarcely even touching water standing by his bed. His relatives become alarmed, but the merchant refuses to have the bald called, in the hope that two or three more days of fasting will cure him. A gray-haired neighbor counsels the sick man not to take any drugs at this stage. Let the fever run as high as it can be the advice given, and further fasting should be indulged in. The fasting does not seem to do the patient any good, so the doctor is finally called. The bald has a reputation as a first-class physician. The family believes that if any man can match a sick man from the grasp of death it is the bald. This man of medicine is convinced that all European doctors are but a farce. He will admit their superiority in surgery; but then, in his belief, surgery is not the function of a learned doctor. The brothers of a sick man, after a great deal of entreaty, manage to get the bald to accompany them. Arriving at the patient's house he enters the sick man's room and sits beside him with a great deal of dignity and composure. The servant offers him the "hookah" (a smoking apparatus similar to that used by the Turks). About ten minutes spent in smoking, he feels the patient's pulse and finds he has a very high fever. The bald then takes a piece of paper, writes on it a few mysterious words, orders a simple diet of lentil soup, gives the sick man two small black pills to swallow, takes another pull of about five minutes at the hookah, leaves the mysterious prescription behind him and departs without giving any further instruction. The patient may get better or possibly he may die, most likely the latter. The Indian doctor finds his profession a sorry one. The highest fee for the complete cure of a rich man is about \$10. Some of the balds, however, have been known to effect wonderful cures, where the best European doctors have completely failed. A case is recorded of a European afflicted with asthma, who derived but little benefit from the treatment of his own countrymen. When his case had been pronounced hopeless by the best English physicians a Hindoo doctor gave him a few black pills, which brought about a complete cure in a very short time. The European offered a fabulous price for the secret remedy, but the old bald refused all offers. The bald will never reveal the secret of his remedies, for it would cost him his caste, and caste in India is all in all.

**Wars During the Queen's Reign.**  
The London Chronicle gives the following list of wars during the reign of Queen Victoria: Afghan War, 1839-42; first China War, 1841; Sikh War, 1845-6; Caffre War, 1846; second war with China, 1856-60; second Afghan War, 1878-80; second Sikh War, 1848-9; Burmese War, 1850; second Caffre War, 1851-2; second Burmese War, 1852-3; Crimea, 1854; third war with China, 1856-60; Indian Mutiny, 1857; Maori War, 1860-1; more wars with China, 1860 and 1894; second Maori War, 1863-4; Ashanti War, 1864; war in Bhootan, 1864; Abyssinian War, 1867-8; war with the Basutos, 1868; third Maori war, 1868-9; war with Loosahale, 1871; second Ashanti War, 1873-4; third Caffre War, 1877; Zulu War, 1878-9; third Afghan War, 1879-80; war in Basutoland, 1879-81; Transvaal War, 1879-81; Egyptian War, 1882; Sudan, 1884-85-89; third Burmese War, 1885-86; Zanzibar, 1890; India, 1890; Matabele Wars, 1894 and 1896; Chitral Campaign, 1895; third Ashanti Campaign, 1894; second Sudan Campaign, 1894.

**Ten at \$175 Per Pound.**  
There is a brand of Chinese tea worth \$175 a pound. It is the pickings of the first tips of the blossoms. The greatest care must be taken in the picking, and nothing but the bright, golden-hued tip taken off the blossoms. All the picking of this grade is carefully done by hand. The process of drying these tips is as delicate as the picking. The annual output is estimated at 12,000 pounds, valued at \$2,100,000. But five pounds of this tea have ever been known to have reached the United States, excepting a few pounds placed on exhibition at the World's Fair.

## Hood's Pills

Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate organs in perfect condition. Try them. 2 cents. Prepared only by J. C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## Henry Sloan's

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We Buy & Sell

CASH OR TRADE.

See and See Me.

HENRY SLOAN, Manager.

## THE REVIVO

MADE A WELL MAN OF ME.

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