

# A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL.

ROSS BROS' 99 CENT STORE.

## Honest Goods at Honest Prices.

Business is conducted on the "Live and Let Live" Plan at

## CASH FRY'S THE GROCER.

See him before selling your produce. It will pay you.

SEE OUR LINE OF

## SUITINGS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

## Colman & Murphy.

## Montgomery County News.

### GREENWOOD INKLINGS.

Greenwood is situated 2½ miles west of New Ross on what is known as the air line mud pike.

Health is good in this vicinity.

We have had no cases of grip as yet.

Frank Miller has put up two of the Hinkle gates.

Robert Logan was united in marriage with the youngest daughter of S. Peck, Monday evening, Jan. 4.

Walnut township institute will meet in joint session at Ladoga, with Clark and Scott townships, Jan. 9.

Wesley Gorsuch and wife former residents in this locality, but now of Mason, Ohio, visited friends and relatives last week.

The little son of O. M. Eddingfield, that was scalded so badly on the hand and arm, some eighteen days ago, is recovering.

William H. Brown is perhaps the largest corn producer in this township if not among the largest in the county. He has about 6,000 bushels of last year's crop notwithstanding it was a light crop in this locality.

### MACE.

School began again Jan. 4, 92.

T. A. Armstrong is back from Michigan.

A. Loop has a very badly crippled horse.

J. G. Johnson was at Crawfordsville Saturday.

Mrs. France has been quite ill for the past few days.

Isaac Peterson and family have been ill with the grip.

A wedding at the Campbellite church last Monday night.

Preaching services at Union last Sunday night by Rev. Hale.

Ye, who have been growing because of no winter weather, how did last Saturday suit you.

Everet Linn and wife, Dora, of Nashville, Tenn., are now chewing hash with his father.

Goose farming is a new occupation in Michigan. It is presided over by a Michigan "gander."

W. T. Rice proposes to give up his merry-go-round and take eight shares in the new public hall.

Tis pleasant on a cold day to sit by the fire, smoke your pipe, and write items for the newspaper.

Quite a number from this place attended the convention of the K. P.s at Jamestown New Year's eve.

Gas has been turned on at Crawfordsville and the people there can toast their shins on a cold morning with it.

To the Union Hill scribe of the Star we will say that the two silly kittens made their appearance at Linn's hall Jan. 2, '72.

The coon hunters from here who were coon hunting down on the Wabash near Montezuma have returned, and have eighteen pelts as trophies.

Bill Gulliver of the Balhinch Bugle had better take his "Royal Order of Sons of Guns" to Chili and fight for Uncle Sam. Bill's a fighter, don't you know. But it is when he can use his tongue, for he would never stand a show with sword and gun.

Why don't our county papers say something about the tariff and of the acts of congress? We have read the

A committee of three was appointed to make a seal for the Republic, John Adams, of Mass., Thomas Jefferson, of Va., and Benjamin Franklin, of Penn. The design of Adams was adopted and the die cut was remade the third time in April 1885.

TATER RIVER VALLEY.—Madison Tp.

Considerable sickness.

Dr. Odell's new house in Kirkpatrick is completed.

The Odd Fellows are working hard for a location at Kirkpatrick.

Osker Stingley and Frank McBee were in Illinois on New Year's day.

Owen Irons is cleaning out the Ermentrout ditch tributary to the Lye Creek drain.

Wm. Hunt, county surveyor, was up here leveling up and allotting the main Lye Creek drain.

The Dunkard brethren are going to hold a series of meetings at the White church this week.

Our ice men are praying for cold weather so they can put up ice to keep cool with the next summer.

Fred Nickels of St. Joe, Illinois, was here on a land trade with Uncle Tammy Ward for the Waterloo farm.

Several of the democrats of this part of the county were in the city on last Saturday to attend the convention.

Mrs. Hart, a widower, living 2½ miles north of Kirkpatrick, lost her dwelling house by fire last week, with little insurance.

Stingley and Conrad are engaging in the apriary business, they having brought out genial Wm. Campbell, of Kirkpatrick, on New Year's day.

There seems to be a lack of industry in the hog business. As a general rule the farmers are not making arrangements to raise quite so many hogs this year as they usual did in former years.

There are flying reports afloat in the country as to the peace and harmony prevailing in Union township among some of our democratic brethren all on account of some boy not getting all of the spoils.

There seems to be too much of big us and little you in it for a party to do good work.

The principals of the democratic party are said to be founded on justice to all and malice to none.

The democratic party said in its platform

it was in favor of reducing our heavy

taxes and talked about economy, reform.

The party has controlling power to-day.

If she does not take some steps to lighten the burdens of a tax ridden people and show a disposition to practice what it teaches and preaches we, as a party, cannot expect any reward from the people at the ballot box next November.

The public is getting to be quite observant of our country affairs and they remember what they were promised and if they don't get it they sometimes retaliate on their own party at the ballot box.

Let's have peace and harmony and victory is ours.

### LADOGA.

Postmaster Lynn has been down with the grip.

Luther Rice, of Kansas City, was here on a visit to see his mother.

Willis Tapp, and old Ladogian, was here on a visit from Parke county this week.

Miss Hortense Tapp, a bright milliner now at Marion, was home during the holidays.

Business suffers badly by the absence of trains on the Midland in our town and stations west.

The grip has been very bad for the last two weeks in Ladoga and vicinity but it is not so bad since the weather got colder.

Mrs. Emma Johnson Henry, of Lebanon, is recovering from the typhoid fever, and her husband, M. M. Henry, is also getting well at Battle Creek, Mich., sanitary home, where he went on taking down with the same disease.

It might be a good reminder to us in estimating what progress we have made in civilization in America to recur to some of the first laws enacted by our Puritan ancestry. So we copy a few to show the kind of criminal code they thought should govern the land of the free.

The first criminal law enacted by the people of New Haven, called the "blue laws," was conspiracy against this dominion shall be punished with death. Second, "no one shall be a free man or give a vote unless he be converted and a member of one of the churches allowed in this dominion." Third, "each free man shall swear by the blessed God to bear true allegiance to this dominion and that Jesus is the only king. Fourth, "no Quaker or Dissenter from the established worship of this dominion shall be allowed to vote in any election or magistrate or an officer. No food shall be offered to the Quaker, Adamite or Heretic. If any one turns Quaker he shall be banished and not suffered to return on pain of death. Priests shall be seized by any one without warrant." Fifth, "no one shall run on the Sabbath day, or work in his garden or elsewhere, except reverently to and from meeting. No one shall travel, cook victuals, make beds, sweep house, cut hair or shave on the Sabbath day. No woman shall kiss her children on the Sabbath or first day." Sixth, "A debtor in prison swearing he has no estate, shall be let out and sold to make satisfaction." Seventh, "No one shall read "Common Prayer Book," keep Christmas or get days, eat mince pies, dance, play cards, or play on any kind of instrument, except a drum, trumpet, or Jew's harp. Adultry shall be punished with death. Married people must live together or be imprisoned. Every man must have his hair cut around according to his cap."

The first enactment on the subject of the American flag was a resolution adopted June 14, 1777. The first flag of this devise used was in June 1776, by Mrs. John Ross, of Philadelphia, as a private ensign for Gen. Washington.

The American eagle, although by adoption the emblem of the United States, yet the conception has no claims to originality. It was the standard of the Persians, carried by the Romans by Marcus in 102 B. C. and used by Charlemagne as emperor of Germany.

The great seal of the United States was ordered July 4, 1876 by Congress.

### DARLINGTON.

All we lack of having good sleighing is the snow.

Mrs. Joe Owsley is very sick with the pneumonia.

Mrs. Chris Cook is very bad with the rheumatism.

William Mullen is confined to his bed with lung fever.

Dr. Hillis of Lafayette, was here Monday on a call to see Mrs. Cook.

The Darlington Echo has several hundred subscribers.

The folks who were off on holiday trips have all returned home.

Our gas is still gushing through the main pipes two miles from us.

Stock feed and most every thing will be sold at Mr. Beckner's sale.

Little Jim Booher has a sore throat but it is not thought to be diphtheria.

The property of James Beckner, deceased, was sold last Tuesday at public sale.

Cleuser Bros. have to run two flour wagons to keep up with the demands for flour and feed.

The commissioners have erected an iron bridge across the creek at Clayton Kimler's farm south of town.

After one week of vacation our school has started off again and all are kept busy getting their lessons.

William Endicott and Mr. Rinker had a law suit here last Saturday which was decided in favor of Mr. Rinker.

Mrs. A. H. Bowers went to Thorntown to see her sister who was sick last Monday and returned home Tuesday.

It is more than likely that when our school closes there will be a normal taken up here by Mr. Galloway and Mr. Martin.

Rev. Spohn affirmed last Sunday night that the new testament did not teach universalism, to a large audience at the M. E. church.

You can buy an organ much cheaper of Ira Booher at Darlington than you can of Mace Townsley at Crawfordsville. If you don't believe it call and see.

Charley Johnson, of Crawfordsville, was here last Tuesday assisting in invoicing and appraising the stock of goods belonging to William Rhorer, deceased.

Mrs. Rhorer and brother, L. C. Thompson, will still carry on business at the same place and will be glad to have all

# 33 per ct. difference.

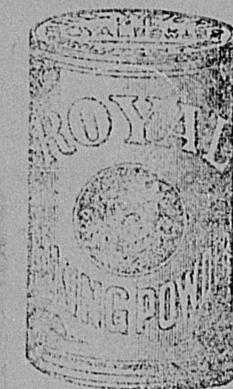
## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

### Strongest, Purest, Most Economical.

Certain baking powder makers are publishing falsified extracts from the Government reports, with pretended analyses and certificates, wherein an attempt is made to compare their baking powders with the "Royal," or making bogus tests from house to house, their obvious purpose being to counteract the recent exposures of the inferiority of their own goods arising from their impurity, low strength, and lack of keeping qualities as shown by the Government chemists and others.

As to whether any of these baking powders are equal to the "Royal," the official tests clearly determine. When samples of various baking powders were purchased from the grocers, and analyzed by the United States Government Chemists and the Chemists of State and City Boards of Health, the reports revealed the fact that the "Royal" contained from 28 per cent. to 60 per cent. more leavening strength than any other cream of tartar baking powder, and also that it was more perfectly made, of purer ingredients, and altogether wholesome.

As these powders are sold to consumers at the same price, by the use of the Royal Baking Powder there is an average saving of over one third, besides the advantage of assured purity and wholesomeness of food, and of bread, biscuit, and cake made perfectly light, sweet, and palatable—advantages not to be had in the use of the low-grade, cheaply made baking powders that contain lime, alum, and other impurities.



of their friends call on them when in need of any goods in their line.

### CARING FOR PEARLS.

#### A Simple Preservative to Give These Stones a Bright Appearance.

One of the most beautiful and costly sets of pearl jewels ever made was an heirloom in the Egmont family, of Holland, says a writer in Kate Field's Washington. During the war which led to the establishment of the Dutch republic Count Egmont, of that time, pawned the jewels to the Venetian government for a large sum of money, which was used to further the efforts of the liberal party. Afterward the pearls were redeemed, and when a later Count Egmont married the daughter of the duke of Richelieu this magnificent treasure was bestowed upon the bride, who frequently displayed its splendor at the court of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette.

Every one who knows the fragile nature of pearls was astonished at the freshness and purity of color of those exceedingly old jewels, and Count Egmont explained the mystery by imparting the family rule concerning their care, which was simply to inclose a piece of the root of the ash tree in the box which held the jewels.

There seems to be no visible connection between ash trees and pearls, and Buffon, the naturalist, who was told of the recipe, said it was all nonsense; but the fact remains that the Egmont pearls, which had been treated after that rule for centuries, had never faded or become tarnished, while much newer pearls had shown discoloration or lost their luster after a few years' possession.

This rule is like many other popular prescriptions which are considered superstitious, but which nevertheless are founded upon an unfailing though undiscovered law. The wonder is how these mysterious alliances between natural substances become known to mankind.

### SHIPS A HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

#### The Jano of Beaumaris Was One Hundred Six Years Old When Wrecked.

From the table in the last board of trade reports respecting casualties to ships, which shows the ages of vessels, it is surprising to find how very ancient many of the craft still doing service really are. Thirty-nine sailing vessels are between fifty and sixty years old, eighteen are between sixty and seventy years, thirty are between seventy and one hundred, and six are actually above a century old. While these numbers represent only a very small proportion of such ancient mariners still "sailing the wintry seas," it must not be thought they refer only to barges or craft engaged in river or inland navigation.

The Jano of Beaumaris, built one hundred and six years ago, met with her mishap while on a coasting voyage, and the Endeavor, Plymouth, a still older craft, in seeking to act up to her name came to grief while on a voyage from Dunkirk. What is more surprising still, the same casualty list contains the names of two steamships, one above eighty years and the other above ninety years old!

On consideration, however, it is obvious that these vessels must have originally been built as sailing vessels, as the periods named carry us much farther back than the date at which the Sirius made her famous voyage across the Atlantic. With regard to the ancient sailing vessels, too, they must have little or nothing of the original structure left. As long as there is one single plank, however, the vessel retains her identity.

Savages and many sources of food supply where civilized people would starve. In Utah the flowers of the cat-tail, which bloom in the spring, are regarded as a delicacy either raw or cooked. Boiled they make a very good soup. Colorado Indians make bread from the pollen of cat-tails, which they collect in large quantities by beating it off from the plants and catching it on blankets.

The F. M. B. A. held a secret meeting in the small court room last Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. S. Durham was in Muncie this week at the bedside of a sick daughter, Mrs. Moreland.

Uncle Drake Brookshire and wife expect to take a trip to Washington within a few days, to view the sights of that beautiful city and visit their son, the Hon. E. V. Brookshire. They may extend their trip to North Carolina, before they return.

He has had success of curing hundreds and hundreds of the worst cases of chronic diseases.



### Lyman P. Walter, M. D.

### President and Surgeon