

People Wonder

WHEN they find how rapidly health is restored by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The reason is that this preparation contains only the purest and most powerful alteratives and tonics. To thousands yearly it proves a veritable elixir of life.

Mrs. Jos. Lake, Brockway Centre, Mich., writes: "Liver complaint and indigestion made my life a burden and came near ending my existence. For more than four years I suffered untold agony. I was reduced almost to a skeleton, and hardly had strength to drag myself about. All kinds of food distressed me, and only the most delicate could be digested at all. Within the time mentioned several physicians treated me without giving relief. Nothing that I took seemed to do any permanent good until I began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has produced wonderful results. Soon after commencing to take the Sarsaparilla I could see an

Improvement

In my condition, my appetite began to return and with it came the ability to digest all the food taken, my strength improved each day, and after a few months of faithful attention to your directions, I found myself a well woman, able to attend to all household duties. The medicine has given me a new lease of life, and I cannot thank you too much."

We, the undersigned, citizens of Brockway Centre, Mich., hereby certify that the above statement, made by Mrs. Lake, is true in every particular and entitled to full reliance." O. P. Chamberlain, G. W. Waring, C. A. Wells, Druggist.

"My brother, in England, was, for a long time, unable to attend to his occupation, by reason of sores on his foot. I sent him Ayer's Almanac and the testimonials it contained induced him to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using it a little while, he was cured, and is now a well man, working in a sugar mill at Brisbane, Queensland, Australia." A. Attewell, Sharbot Lake, Ontario.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$6 a bottle.

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Practice in Montgomery and adjoining counties and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Are members of the largest and most reliable law associations and make collections throughout the world. Mortgages foreclosed. Estates promptly settled. Charges reasonable. Office over 123, East Main street, Crawfordsville, Ind.

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—DENTIST,—

Crawfordsville, Indiana.

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Having secured the services of Wm. L. Webster, late of the firm of Johnson & Webster, abstractors of title, I am prepared to furnish upon short notice full and complete Abstracts of Title to property in Montgomery and adjoining counties at reasonable prices. Deeds and mortgages carefully executed. Call at Recorder's office. 059

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Albert C. Jennison,

Office over 122 E. Main St., Crawfordsville, Ind.



CONSUMP'TIVE

Parker's Glycerine Tonic. It cures the worst Consumption, Coughs, and Rheumatism. It is the best Remedy for Consumption, Coughs, and Rheumatism.

WINDFLESH. The only Remedy for Consumption.

THE REVIEW.

BY F. T. ILUSE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, in the county. \$1.25
One year, out of the county. 1.40
Inquire at Office for Advertising rates.

SATURDAY, NOV. 8, 1890.

LAST OF THE ALLIANCE.

WE'VE heard the last of the Farmers' Alliance in this State as a political power, and it will die the same quiet death that the Grange movement did fifteen years or more ago. There are two or three reasons for this: First because it is organized on selfish principles. It aims to have been for the sole future benefit of the farmer and the welfare of not another human being on earth was to be taken into consideration. Second, its organizers and leaders have exhibited little independence or self reliance in their attitude toward the old political parties. They have in Indiana permitted themselves to be made tools in the interest of the two other leading organizations in politics. In the 9th (Lafayette) district, an old professional politician was nominated for Congress by the democrats who was represented as the embodiment of the principles of the Farmers' Alliance, and those who actually did belong to the order had not the independence to throw him aside, but voted for him, although he cared not a straw for them aside from their votes. In this district the Alliance acted similarly. Instead of having candidate of their own flesh, blood and principles, to lead them they permitted James D. Mount, a professional republican trimmer to represent them as an alliance man, who although a farmer, does not understand, affiliate with the organization. The alliance seemed to follow similar incites all over the state. Instead of being a bold aggressive organization of their own, its leaders seemed to think it policy to tody the old organizations. So far as the farmers making themselves felt through the alliance in the halls of Congress, Legislature, etc., they are as far off as ever. The alliance has lacked system, organization and independence, all of which are absurdly necessary in its case. By the time the great campaign of '92 rolls around it will have been forgotten and its members attached themselves to something else.

A QUIET ELECTION.

The election in Indiana this year will go down in political annals as one of the most quiet and orderly ever held. There was less use of money, less excitement among the voters, less drunkenness and disorder, than we remember to have seen in many years. For the first time in years the people used more judgement and less of political prejudice and passion. The bolder, the vote seller, the disorderly character was less seen and felt than for a long time past. It is pleasant to record these facts. It is agreeable to know that the election in Indiana this year is nearer a correct expression of the people's will than many elections for twenty-five years have been. It is agreeable to know that there were less influences used to move the voter than formerly, and that for once many men heretofore selling their franchises were this year their own free moral agents at the polls. The people are to be congratulated on these happy omens in the elections of the future. It is to be hoped that in Indiana, at least, our elections may hereafter be quiet and unexciting. The new election law was no doubt an potent factor that brought about this result, and while having some objectionable features it is nevertheless much the best law yet devised for the conduct of elections. Of course no law could be created by any legislature that would suit everybody, yet this new law will become more popular. Of course no law could be originated but what some scoundrels for pecuniary or other reasons would aim to violate, yet the hoodlum, the ballot-box stuffer, the tally-sheet changer, have less opportunity under the new law to get in their dirty work than ever before. As an expression of the popular will at elections the new law is all right, in the thing we have needed for a long time past, and we hope to see it enforced. It will not injure honest people, and rogues' wishes are not to be consulted.

NON-PARTIZAN BOARDS.

The death of an inmate named Blount at the Richmond (Indiana) insane asylum, through the brutality, as asserted, of an attendant of the institution, named Woods, a democrat, was used by the republican party as a campaign document, though of what especial benefit to it we are not aware. The asylum is under the control of men generally belonging to the democratic party, but why they should be held accountable for the misdeeds of this man is not apparent. If Woods is guilty of murder he should be tried as such and punished accordingly, regardless of his political belief or conduct. Republican papers again take occasion, where none of their favorites are holding official state positions, to say that the benevolent institutions of the state should be free from the domain of politics and be under the management of a non-partisan board.

This is beautiful talk. It is sublime. Did you ever hear of republicans advising any such thing when their party controlled state affairs? No, nor you will not.

The thing itself is impossible. Where are you going to get your non-partizans? Even the female reformatory which is controlled solely by women, has its partizans, democratic women and republican women. To talk of appointing men at the head of our state benevolent institutions who have not party feeling running more or less through their veins is ridiculous, chimerical, impractical. Even in our supreme court, where non-partizanism should be least seen and felt than almost anywhere else, is controlled in its decisions quite frequently through party motives, and is more or less under the control of republican party leaders. Talk about non-partizans in control of our state institutions of any kind, the man advocating any such thing is an impractical fool. It cannot be done. It never will be done.

THE CENSUS of the United States as just completed is 62,480,540—a gain of over 12,000,000 in ten years. The population of Indiana is 2,189,000, and we are the eighth state in number. The census it is believed is not an accurate piece of work.

JUSTICE comes high in many instances, but the people must have it. The exact cost of the Pettit trial to the tax-payers of Tippecanoe county cannot, of course, be told until the termination of it, but the estimate has been as high as \$12,000, and some place it at higher figures.

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HOSTILITY TO LABOR ORGANIZATION.

THE hostility of combined capital to organized labor has been rendered more defiant by the monopoly of the home market given to manufacturers by the new tariff. In a morocco leather factory in Brooklyn, as reported by a protection organ, 200 workmen were locked out because "suspected of belonging to the Knights of Labor." And a member of the firm sanctioned the action, saying he "should have to forfeit \$5,000 to the Manufacturers' association if he employed a Knight of Labor." The wages "have been lowered from \$12 to \$9 per week"—in token of the high tariff prosperity! Another protection organ had a report of a big strike among the silk dyers of Paterson because the company discharged workmen who were organizing a labor union. And so it goes, with election less than two weeks off.

There is no protection to labor and the protected lords would, if they could, suppress every labor organization in the country. The tariff has been increased about 50 per cent and nearly all protected articles such as are used by the laboring classes are going up in price. Where is there a protected manufacturer who has increased the wages of the men he employs? Not only is there no increase in wages, but the protected lords are attempting to break up the labor organizations that have been formed to maintain wages. Protected corporations have no souls. The protected lords secure bonuses from the government and they do not want laboring men to ask any share of their profits.

PETTY TYRANNY.

THE government through its Postmaster-General is exhibiting considerable petty tyranny and meanness in suppressing from the mails any newspaper having any reports of the drawings of lotteries, church fairs, etc., Mr. Wanamaker holding that it is wrong. Mr. W. is no doubt, much of a damphool, and we doubt much if his decree in the matter would stand the test of law. He might as well almost, say that reports of murders, robberies, rapes, etc., should not be published, because they are injurious to the public welfare. A Leavenworth, Kansas, newspaper, which had published an account of a lottery drawing was pronounced "unmoral" by his highness Wanamaker, and the papers thrown from the mail, but the publisher has entered suit for \$10,000 against the post master of Leavenworth, to see whether Wanamaker or sound sense shall prevail in this matter.

DECREASED MEMBERS' FAMILIES.

The sum of \$58,091 was voted by congress in the recently passed deficiency appropriation bill to pay to the widows or estates of deceased members. This includes \$5,000 for the heirs-at-law of the late Senator Beck, of Kentucky; \$4,501.70 to the widow of Ex-Speaker Randall as the amount of salary and mileage for unexpired term of his service as a member of the present (51st) congress; \$6,599.17 to the widow of Representative "Sunset Cox"; \$10,561.47 to the widow of Representative Richard M. Townsend, of Illinois; and \$9,212.06 to the widow of Representative Kelley, of Pennsylvania. Nine representatives and one senator are included in the casualties represented. The consideration is in accordance with the time-honored custom in congress.

HUMAN CURIOSITY.

HUMAN curiosity is unexplainable sometimes. When it was rumored around last week that Rev. Switzer would testify in the Pettit trial to an alleged confession made to him by Mrs. Whitehead hundreds of ladies crowded into the court room to hear the smutty details, but when it was announced that the court would not allow this evidence to be heard the ladies were not near as numerous the next day. It would naturally be supposed that the female portion of the audience would not particularly care to listen to any scandalous matters connected with this trial yet they certainly do, and will be on hand whenever any of it is to be told.

Now that the elections are over the further effects of the passage of the McKinley bill will be felt stronger than ever. Democratic speakers and democratic newspapers everywhere aimed to enlighten the public on the iniquitous effects of this law, and in many localities liberal republicans were aroused and voted with the party that has from the first oppressed it. But it is the law all the same, and is one by which the wealthy will be benefited and the poor made poorer by it.

THE FUNDS sent into McKinley's district in Ohio, consisting of four counties, to carry it for their pet is said to amount to \$150,000. Is it any wonder that corruption, thievery, vote selling and crime exists to such an extent in this country where such things as the above are permitted? It may be that this is a free country, but it is a devilish corrupt one.

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