

MANY A LIFE

HAS been saved by the prompt use of Ayer's Pills. Travellers by land or sea are liable to constipation or other derangements of the stomach and bowels which, if neglected, lead to serious and often fatal consequences. The most sure means of correcting these evils is the use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills. The prudent sailing-master would as soon go to sea without his chronometer as without a supply of these Pills. Though prompt and energetic in operation, Ayer's Pills leave no ill effects; they are surely vegetable and sugar-coated; they are surely medicine for old and young, at home or abroad.

"For eight years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so bad that the doctors could do no more for me. Then I began to take Ayer's Pills, and soon the bowels recovered their natural and regular action, so that now I am in

Excellent

health."—Mrs. C. E. Clark, Tewksbury, Massachusetts.

"I regard Ayer's Pills as one of the most reliable general remedies of our times. They have been in use in my family for afflictions requiring a purgative, and have given unvarying satisfaction. We have found them an excellent remedy for colds and light fevers."—W. R. Woodson, Fort Worth, Texas.

"For several years I have relied more upon Ayer's Pills than upon anything else in the medicine chest, to regulate my bowels and those of the ship's crew. These Pills are not severe in their action, but do their work thoroughly. I have used them with good effect for the cure of rheumatism, kidney troubles, and dyspepsia."—Capt. Mueller, Steamship *Effie*, New York City.

"I have found Ayer's Cathartic Pills to be a better family medicine for common use than any other pills within my knowledge. They are not only very effective, but safe and pleasant to take—qualities which must make them valued by the public."—Jules Haue, Perfumer, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

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Prompt attention given to collections and settlement of decedents estates.

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Successors to Williams & White, S. E. Cor. Main and Washington sts. Money to loan at 6 per cent. Farmers are granted the privilege of paying the money back to us in dribs or doabs at any interest payment. Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

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DENTIST,

Crawfordsville, Indiana.

THOMAS NEW BLOCK,

2614 East Main St. Rooms Nos. 1 and 2.

Abstracts of Title.

Having secured the services of Wm. H. Webster, late of the firm of Johnson & Webster, abstractors of title, I am prepared to furnish upon short notice full and complete Abstracts of Title to any property in Montgomery County, Indiana, at reasonable prices. Deeds and mortgages carefully executed. Call at recorder's office. Osby THOS. T. MUNHALL.

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Albert C. Jennison,

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CONSUMPTIVE. Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Lung, Debility, Indigestion, Pals, Ticks, 50 cts.

UNDERCORN. The only cure for Corns, 50c.

THE REVIEW.

BY
F. T. LUKE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, in the county, \$1.25
One year, out of the county, \$1.40
Inquire at Office for Advertising rates.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress—E. V. BROOKSHIRE.
For Judge—JAMES E. HARNEY.
For Prosecutor—S. M. OFFICER.
For Representative—J. N. HIGGINS.
For Senator—J. L. DUNN.
For Treasurer—JOHN C. HUTTON.
For Sheriff—JOHN P. RIBBLE.
For Coroner—C. T. BRONNAUGH.
For Commissioners—
2d District—JOHN W. FULLER.
3d District—ALLEN BYERS.
For Surveyor—W. F. HUNTER.
For Joint Representative for the counties of
Montgomery, Putnam and Clay,
MICHAEL J. CARROLL.

OFFICIAL SYMPATHY.

Public sympathy for ex-trustee Henry in his defalcation of \$3,800 to the township, will rapidly pass away after some reflection in the matter. The question is why should he be short had he attended to the strict duties of his office? What right has he or any other trustee in the county to loan the tax-payer's money to this or that friend? He loaned \$2,800 or nearly half the amount of his shortage to one Joe Grubb, ex-county commissioner and at present holding a position in the revenue department at Terre Haute. If Grubb is worth anything at all, or good for the amount Henry should have known it before loaning him a dollar. But Grubb is no good financially. He furnished the township in wood under Henry's administration, and no other wood dealers had any business with the trustee. Grubb seemed to have great influence with the trustee, in fact, as many assert, did about as he pleased with Henry, and from later developments it seems true. It is hard that the bondsmen of Henry should be compelled to make good the amount of his shortage, and here is where the sympathy should be extended. They must go down in their pockets and pay for the incompetency of a man whom they trusted was competent and careful enough not to involve them in any financial trouble. Of the shortage there is \$1.00 which Mr. Henry says he cannot account for. This is certainly a frank and shameful admission to make. Why shouldn't he account for it? What style of a trustee is it, handling no more funds than he did, that could allow \$1,000 to go unaccounted for? Is there a bank cashier in Crawfordsville who handles fifty times more money and deals with ten times the number of people in the course of a year, that the trustee does, who has ever been known to be unable to account for the shortage of like amount? We believe not. It is not a question of sentiment, but a matter of dollars and cents that the people will think most about. The people have heard and known, both here and elsewhere, too often of the defalcation in office. If a man is not a cautious, careful business man, and able to account at any time for the public funs in his hands, he should not seek to force himself upon the people for position.

SOME REASONS.

The defalcation of the last republican trustee of this township is only one of the natural outcroppings to be expected from the corrupt gang that seemed to make that office its headquarters. It was there that many nice schemes were hatched out for carrying this or that point for the republican ticket; it was there where many of the scum of the party were drilled just how to vote and had their tickets properly marked during election contests; it was there where Joe Grubb, ex-trustee, ex-county commissioner, and a perpetual hanger on office of some kind made it his stopping place; was there or near there where numerous "blocks-of-five" men could be found just before elections. Grubb seemed to be recognized as general boss. He was a bony boy with a glib eye. The crowd sowed the wind and many of it are reaping the whirlwind. A day of reckoning was to come. It has come. It is here now. The demand for money belonging to the township is made, and it must be forthcoming. The bondsmen must pay for the direction of him whom they had supposed to manage the office properly and at the end of his term settle promptly. But where is Grubb? Why Grubb is in Terre Haute, and when the demand for the \$2,800 that he borrowed is made, a man from under will let the other begin to bear the weight of the shortage which must be met, and which he was one of the prime factors in producing. It is not very probable that republican majorities in this township will soon again be as large as heretofore. The people now understand some matters more correctly. The days of the Grubb style of politicians are drawing rapidly to a close. The tax-payers want no more of them. They are sick of the methods used to bring about republican triumph in this locality.

THE CUNNING MONOPOLISTS are at their old schemes to fool the laborer. In 1880 they raised the cry that the democrats were free traders. They said that the democrats would cut down the tariff and if elected would close up the manufacturers. That if the laborer wanted good wages he must vote the republican ticket. Many voters were deluded by the cry, the republicans won, wages came gradually down, the price of farms came down and monopolists grew stronger. In 1888, they raised the same cry. Republicans by the same cry won again, coupled with the corruption from the use of the money which monopoly furnished the republican politicians to put into the campaign.

The farmer is reading, he is thinking and knows that he has been humbugged long enough. His platform from the Rockies to the Alleghenies is solidly democratic. Let him press on, let him be firm, and he will win the dear farmer. But the farmer when aroused will teach them a lesson they had not dreamed of.

The farmer is reading, he is thinking and knows that he has been humbugged long enough. His platform from the Rockies to the Alleghenies is solidly democratic. Let him press on, let him be firm, and he will win.

The Anderson Democrat has been very anxious for Prosecutor Woods to sue it for libel. He has just filed suit for \$20,000 damages.

GEN. J. T. WILDER, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who is now in Chicago on business, in an interview published in the Chicago Post, takes strong grounds against the Force bill. "I want you to understand," he said, "that I am a republican, and that I have the interests of the party of protection at heart. Moreover, the eastern part of Tennessee, where I live, has a large republican majority. But I say the Force bill is a great mistake. We in the south are getting along all right. The negro question is settling itself. The only thing wanted to complete the settlement is to let us alone. If it is the desire of the party leaders in Washington to promote irritation in the south, the passage of the Force bill will do it; but that is all it will do—especially in the black belt. The whites down there suffered severely from excessive taxation after the war. The reconstruction bill, all right in theory, proved miserable in practice and more harm than good came of it. One thing you may depend upon—the whites of the south will never permit the blacks to rule them, and Congress may pass all the force bills it wants and back them with the United States army and yet the blacks won't rule. It is simply a matter of business. The blacks, it is true, are in the majority, but they are poor and ignorant, and the whites down there would no more intrust their property to such people than you in Chicago would do. It's all well enough to say that the black man should be allowed to vote, I say so, too, and he may vote, but you can depend on one thing—he will not rule.

NO SECRETARY OF STATE IN HIS

That was a decidedly shabby trick of Jewett, McCormick and two or three other prominent democratic leaders of this state to seek to endorse Capt. Myers for secretary of state this year in order to shelf him for '92 for governor. Myers, however, was on to their schemes, and declined to run at all. The truth is Myers is popular through the state, is a superior campaign speaker and will make a formidable race for governor in 1892 if nominated. This nomination he should have honorably accepted and with good grace his defeat for the place in 1888, and worked long and earnestly for the success of the ticket that year, although not of it. He did not hang around hotels at Indianapolis smoking cigars, making ridiculous prophecies of success, as many alleged democratic leaders did, but went out into the field of labor, and worked early and late for the party. We believe the democracy of Indiana recognizes his fitness for the position of nominee for governor in 1892, and regardless of the chicanery and double-dealing of the supposed-to-be leaders, will give him the nomination.

THE STUDENTS' VOTE.

Under the new election law the question of the legality of students voting, not living here, except during term time, has caused some discussion. The new law requires that all persons not regular residents be to must register three months before the election. There were over 100 students who voted here at the November election in 1888, very few of whom resided here except during the nine months of the sessions of school. Their homes were elsewhere. Can they vote here now in November without having registered? is the question. The old law did not require that they register their names previous to the election. Some attorneys to whom the question has been presented are of the opinion that students unregistered, who are not constant residents, are not, under the new law, entitled to vote at all and the act so doing would be illegal.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL STRIKE.

The public will watch with interest the final result of the strike on the New York Central railway which has been in progress for near three weeks. All hope of a settlement between the managers of the road and its thousands of employees have been abandoned, and while the company may eventually win, as it has been in vain. On the contrary the company have seemed to act on the principle that its employees had little or no rights that it was bound to respect, that while capital should be organized labor should not. The popular sympathy and aid will be with the striking men so long as they acquit themselves honorably.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S SALARY AS A RETIRED OFFICER

is \$15,000 per year.

"Some years ago Ayer's cherry pectoral cured me of asthma after the best medical skill had failed to give me relief. A few weeks since being again troubled with the disease, I was promptly relieved by the same remedy."—F. S. Haasler, Editor, Table Rock, Nebraska.

Benjamin F. Shillaber, "Mrs. Partington" is seventy-five years old.

Dr. Talmage's income is \$34,000 a year, not counting what he makes by lecturing.

Premature gray whiskers should be colored to prevent the appearance of age, and Buckingham's dye is by far the best preparation to do it.

While fishing at Ormond, Fla., a man caught a shrimp about five inches long with claws resembling both a lobster and a crawfish.

THE ST. LOUIS FAIR.

The grand Autumnal festival at St. Louis, Mo., commence Sept. 3 and close Oct. 18, 1890. Seven weeks of continuous attraction! In conformity with its customs, the Vandalia Line will make the usual low rates for round trip St. Louis tickets during the entire seven weeks.

The merchants, manufacturers, citizens generally, and the Vandalia Line extend to all a cordial invitation to visit St. Louis during the grand autumnal festivities. Ample preparation are made to accommodate visitors, and all will be welcome. Apply to any ticket agent of the Vandalia Line, or to either of the undersigned, for full particulars.

E. A. FORD,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

J. M. CHESBROUGH,
Asst Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Walter Eroth, of Temecula, Cal., have taken from a single hive this season 150 pounds of honey, and they expect to take eighty pounds more from it before the season is over making 230 in all.

SUNDAY SPECIAL.

Commencing June 15 and continuing 10 weeks, the Vandalia will run a special train to Lake Maxinkuckee, passing Crawfordsville at 6:34 a. m., returning at 8:46 p. m. Fare round trip \$2. If you wish a quiet, restful, refreshful day, try one day at the lake.

J. C. HURCHINSON,
Agent.

Kokomo experts say gas can't be piped to Chicago, as the distance is too long. That settles it if a Kokomo man says so.

TO CURE HEART DISEASE

Use "Dr. Kilmer's Ocean-Weed Heart-Remedies." It regulates, corrects and relieves the most distressing cases. Price 50c and \$1. Pamphlet free. Binghamton, N. Y. Sold recommended and guaranteed by Lew Fisher and Nye & Co.

if

The natural gas supply at Vernon is growing less. 'Tis thought it is about exhausted.

DEMOCRATIC editors in this district are wasting a good deal of ammunition on Senator Mount for being a member of the farmers' alliance. We understand from good authority that he is not a member of the organization at all.—*Atica Ledger*.

No, but he is making desperate efforts to make those farmers who belong to the organization in other counties of the district believe that he is with them body and soul in their platform declaring in favor of tariff reform, while at the same time he accepts the nomination from the party that favors a high protective tariff. Jimmy is real cute in this, but the honest grangers are fast learning his trickery.

THE democratic state convention in session a few days since in Texas passed a resolution opposing the Australian system of elections. In Texas they have never been cussed with republican tricks and "blocks-of-five" schemes, as we here in Indiana have, and, consequently the plan of election under the new system does not seem proper to them. A Dudie man down there, backed by the whole republican party, would soon be the means of altering their minds regarding the manner of holding elections.

THE talk of removing the remains of Gen. Grant from New York state to Washington City, has aroused the New Yorkers, who oppose it, and who say that \$150,000 has already been subscribed for a monument to him, and much more will be added to it. If there were any political advantages to be gained by the removal of the remains, to the republican party, the work would proceed soon, but as there are not likely to be, they will probably remain where they were first interred.

MR. JAMES A. MOUNT contributes a column article to the Rockville Tribune regarding the apportionment of the school fund. Now that may be all right and proper, but the majority of the voters of this district would be more interested in a thorough explanation by him how he can favor the high tariff plank of the republican party and a low tariff plank of the farmers' alliance. They would like to know just how this matter is with him.</