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FROM Stomach and Liver derangements—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick-Headache, and Constipation—find a safe and certain relief in **Ayer's Pills**. In all cases where a cathartic is needed, these Pills are recommended by leading physicians.



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THE REVIEW.

—BY—
F. T. LUSE.

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SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1890.

IN THE WRONG FIELD.

Judging from the evidence produced in the habeas-corpus proceedings at Lafayette relating to the Rev. Pettit, he seems to have been an interloper in the field of divinity, and should never have been allowed to have assumed the sacred calling of a minister. He appears, to a great extent, to have been a wolf in a sheep's clothing. He imagined like many other bigoted scoundrels that he had a "mission."

It may be that he had, but his credentials were probably from the Devil instead of the Almighty. His past life, to some extent, has been shown up in the proceedings at Lafayette, and is anything but creditable to any citizen, be he minister or not. The question is, why were these matters relating to Pettit not investigated years ago before he was permitted to assume the responsible, honorable and sacred character of a minister? It is probable that too often inquiry into the character and antecedents of men desiring to preach is omitted, and their loud professions taken as evidence of their sincerity. A more thorough sifting of the wheat from the chaff is certainly demanded among the clergy. The standing and profession of ministers has received in this country, a severe shaking up within the past fifteen or twenty years. The Henry Ward Beechers, the Pettits and others have very greatly lessened the respect formerly held by the public for men of divine calling. The world is scanning such men closely, and is ready to detect in an instant a weak spot in their character or comment upon the shallowness of their professions. It may be we have given them credit for too much holiness and sanctity, and expected too much from frail human nature. Pettit so soon as his trial is over should vanquish, retire, go away from the places that have heretofore known him. He might deceive some community again, but the deception would be short lived. Preaching is not his forte. He should enter some new calling where it is not necessary to wear the garb of hypocrisy in order to succeed. As a minister his career has undoubtedly closed, and although we doubt if sufficient evidence can be produced at his trial to convict him of the grave charge upon which he was indicted, he has been injured socially, morally and financially fully as much as if he had.

EIGHT HOURS A DAY.

A number of carpenters and other mechanics of this city, have, we understand, determined upon working this season but eight hours per day, and have so informed the contractors for whom they expect to labor. They probably expect the same pay for the eight hours as heretofore was paid them for ten. We do not believe this move can be a permanent success. The bosses, of course, will have to raise the prices for work which they may contract to meet this new movement, and here is where the movement will receive its first reverse. Everything in the way of labor and many of the necessities of life have a downward tendency in price at this time and have for a year or more. People will not and cannot stand the increased raise and will post up where possible the construction of what may be contemplated. It is a smooth work to resolve to only accept such and such prices, to frame laws regarding hours of labor and prices to be paid, but the law of demand and supply is more powerful than any thing and regulates the question of labor at all times. It would be a pleasant and agreeable state of affairs if no one were compelled to labor but eight hours per day. Life would be more happy, no doubt, and the world would be more agreeable to live in if such a fixed law could exist and be made operative at all times and in all occupations. But the farmer cannot complete his work in eight hours of the day; the merchant cannot in most seasons of the year; the railroad employee cannot, therefore why limit the mechanic to that time? We have a law of the kind on the statute books of Indiana limiting working hours to eight, and very likely many contracts are based upon it, but, in general, it will be found that little attention is paid to it. Mechanics cannot expect the pay of eight hours to equal that of ten. If it is done then there must be a proportionate advance made by bosses for the work they contract, and in the straightened financial situation now existing over the entire country such a thing is impossible.

NO LONGER A RETREAT.

For many years Canada has been the retreat and abiding place of many of the worst criminals of the United States. Thousands of embezzlers, thieves and other specialties of criminals reside there now who have fled from this country. They live, many of them, in splendor from their ill gotten gains, and dare not return here. In the same way has this country been the resort of many of the worst rogues of the Queen's dominion. The need of a treaty between the two countries by which these scoundrels could be captured and brought back to justice has been greatly felt for a long time. Such a treaty is about to be brought about.

The convention supplementary to the tenth article of the treaty of 1812 between Great Britain and the United States, concluded at Washington July 12, 1889, and ratification exchanged at London, March 11, 1890, was proclaimed Tuesday. By the terms of the supplementary convention the provisions of the tenth article of the original treaty are made applicable to the following additional crimes:

1. Manslaughter, when voluntary.

2. Counterfeiting or altering money, uttering or bringing into circulation counterfeit or altered money.

3. Embezzlement, larceny, receiving any money, valuable security or other property, knowing the same to have been embezzled, stolen or fraudulently obtained.

4. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee or director or member or officer of any company, made criminal by the laws of both countries.

5. Perjury or subordination of perjury.

The future bank cashiers, embezzlers and rogues in general who leave this country for the country's good will soon be compelled to hunt some new resort.

A Philadelphia merchant has put out the sign: "Excellent Repository." The establishment is a grocery store.

THE gerrymandering feature of politics would seem in almost every instance to be a sort of two-edged sword that operates as injuriously in the hands of these using it to them as to the party expected and intended to be effected by it. Morton introduced this trick in the political field in Indiana during the zenith of his power about twenty years ago. He planned to have about two-thirds of the legislature republican and three-fourths of the Indiana delegation in congress of the same political hue. Soon as the voters got an opportunity they knocked this political scheme skywards and the next legislature was democratic by a large majority. The democracy in Ohio won a brilliant victory last year, but bid fair to prevent a recurrence of it very soon by a gerrymandering scheme which the legislature is maturing at this time. The people, not the politicians, like fair play; do not like to see unjust or arbitrary actions on the part of either political organization, and so sure as the gerrymander as proposed comes a fixed fact so sure will the party applauding it witness soon its defeat.

A San Francisco dispatch to the New York Tribune says:

"The problem of finding work for the unemployed of this city has been solved by putting 800 of them to grading in Golden Gate park at \$1.50 per day, and by distributing food to the destitute families of those unable to work. Twenty-one thousand dollars have been raised by subscription, and the prospect is that this amount will be largely increased. Inquiry has settled the fact that a large portion of the unemployed drifted to San Francisco from different parts of this state and Oregon, thus glutting the labor market, which has also been injured by the closing of many factories."

Here is another picture of prosperity under Harrison and protection, for which California voted. The laboring men of the coast appear to be as deeply in the same as the Kansas and Nebraska farmers, but he has one advantage—it is free soup.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

The nominations for trustees and other township officers have all been made and a contest for supremacy in party affairs will be made at the various precincts of the county, on Monday of next week. We trust our democratic friends will make it a point to be on hand and vote; to not consider township affairs of insufficient consideration to induce them to remain away from the polls. We believe particular effort has been made this year by the democracy to place first class men on the tickets for trustee and assessor, and the party should give each and every one of them cordial and earnest support. Those positions are assuredly of enough consideration to make every tax-payer desire that they be filled by good men. Remember this and come out democrats and work for the success of the ticket.

INDICATIONS point to the fact that the old school book ring of Van Antwerp, Bragg & Co. will this year take a quiet hand in the elections in Indiana for the purpose of securing enough members favorable to them who will assist in amending or so modifying the present school-book law by which it may again be to their advantage. This should be prevented, and any candidate known to be at all favorable to the old monopoly, whatever his politics, should be defeated. The present school-book law is all right and should be sustained until a better one, if such a thing is possible, can be enacted.

THE republican organs howl that the protective tariff is for the benefit of the American workingman and against the foreign pauper laborer. Yet since Harrison has been president, 40,000 pauper laborers have been imported through Castle Garden in defiance of the contract labor law and through the connivance of inspectors appointed by the administration ostensibly to enforce that law, but actually, as it proves, to see to it that the law is successfully evaded. Pauper labor enables the monopolist to grind the American workingman, while he is secure behind the high tariff wall.

GERMANY, France and Italy have no use for American hogs or cattle, because the tariff barons make those countries pay such a high duty on their manufactured goods. Those countries are retelling against the American farmers because the tariff barons are forcing them to pay an unjust tax. If the farmers want good prices for what they have let them vote to retire the tariff barons.

FARM products now command a lower price than at any time in the past thirty years. What is the cause of the decline and why are the farmers complaining? They still have the home market. They still have a war tariff to relieve their burdens and protect their interests.

HAVING got about all the local intelligence to be obtained from the late fire at Indianapolis the papers of that city have returned to the less harrowing theme of "Brush" and how he disposed of the base ball franchise.

Next week away from the township election next week, but come out and support and work for the nominees on the democratic ticket.

Candidates of both parties nominated this year should make it an object in every locality to explain the manner of voting under the new election law.

The farmers are oppressed. No wonder. There is too much tariff tax.

THE farmers have no foreign market on account of the tariff trusts.

To Cure a Bad Cough

Use "Dr. Kilmer's Cough Cure" (Consumption Oil). It relieves quickly, stops tickling in the throat, hacking, catarrh dropping, decline, night-sweat and prevents death from consumption. Price 25c. Pamphlet Free. Binghampton, N. Y. Sold, recommended and guaranteed by Lew Fisher and Nye & Co.

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Use "Dr. Kilmer's Ocean-Weed Heart Remedy." It regulates, corrects and relieves the most distressing cases. Price 50c and \$1. Pamphlet free. Binghampton, N. Y. Sold, recommended and guaranteed by Lew Fisher and Nye & Co.

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Use "Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root kidney, liver and bladder cure." It relieves quickly and cures the most chronic and complicated cases. Pamphlet Free. Binghampton, N. Y. Sold, recommended and guaranteed by Lew Fisher and Nye & Co.

Judiciary Reforms.

Editor Review:

My attention was called a short time ago to a statement in the Indianapolis papers concerning abuses that had crept into some of the state offices and it suggested to me the propriety of calling the attention of the two political conventions shortly to be held in our city, to some matters in and about the court house here, that I believe should be improved, and first decorum in the court room.

Our own court room is the only one I know of where smoking is allowed. No matter how sickening it is to a person compelled by process of law to attend, they must submit to having their lungs filled, their system nauseated and their clothing permeated by the fetid odors of amber and bad tobacco smoke. I do not object to people using tobacco who wish, but they certainly ought to have some regard for the rights of others, and while it is doubtless a matter of small consequence to the lawyers, nearly if not all of whom use the weed, it certainly is unfair to those to whom it is offensive to be compelled to undergo the discomfort. It is useless for us to warn our boys against the evil effects of these things when those charged with the administration of justice and who ought to live exemplary lives practice and encourage such things in the courts regardless of the comfort and delicacy of others.

I next desire to call attention to the unlawful taxation of fees. A very casual examination of the fee books for the last six or eight years will develop the charging of large amounts for which there is no semblance of authority in the plain letter of the statute, and by what legal fiction the present system of taxing fees can be upheld I think it will take the fertile brain of a lawyer to tell. I can not.

We are informed that when a judge is disqualified to try a case for any of the various reasons provided for in the law, he shall call some other judge, or if not convenient, then some reputable attorney who shall try the case and receive the sum of five dollars per day for his services. We are also informed that the attorneys here are in the habit of being allowed and receiving the full amount of five dollars for each day that any step is taken in the case, no matter how short a time is occupied, and in case only an hour is consumed in discussing some legal question, he is paid for a full day upon the theory that the law knows no fraction of a day. If this be true we would like for some lawyer to tell us why the same system of computing "per diem" does not apply to other wages than those of a judicial officer. None of us would pay an ordinary laborer a full day's wages for a half day's work, and why?

There is another matter about which we wish to inquire. We find this county in the year of 1889 paid out nearly five hundred dollars for the services of special judges, a large part of which was received by a judge of another circuit which was already the liberally paid judicial servant in the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars.

We never saw the legislature or congress in session and consequently know very little of how they do business but our off hand opinion would be that the reason why the law provides that another judge should be called instead of an attorney is because the judges are already the paid servants of the state and it is entitled to their services without additional compensation. Perhaps some member of the bar or bench can enlighten the people on this question. It may be lawful, but if it is the law should be changed so as to set no temptation to our judges to swap work and thereby double their wages. I do not wish to be understood as casting any reflection upon the honesty of any of our officials. As to the gentlemen who have presided in the court I am intimately acquainted with none of them, but have some acquaintance with the last few, two democrats and two republicans, and I respect them all. I think, however, that it will generally be conceded that the reforms suggested should be made. I am very anxious that the coming conventions shall name no man not committed to the foregoing reforms. There is no dearth of ability or willingness, and we should see to it that the people's welfare is respected. If the present officials are good men convince them of their mistake or neglect, and honor them with a renewal of your confidence. If they won't be convinced, nominate men who will be.

The matters above referred to may be considered small, but

"Little drops of water,
Little grains of sand,
Make the mighty ocean
And the beautiful land."

And many small leaks will sink the ship. It is no use to cry out against high taxes and then wink at any and every encroachment on the treasury that is made by one of our own party. The way to economize is to see that no money is drawn from the treasury except for a strictly lawful purpose, and make even the lawful expenditures as low as is consistent with the welfare of society. It is not so much a question whether the word "democrat" or "republican" be written on the face of our officials as it is as to whether they are honest, competent and economical and have the good of the people at heart. Yours truly,
A REPUBLICAN.

The Champion Binders, Mowers and Reapers have been on the market about forty years, and are recognized as the standard for excellence in all that goes to make first-class harvesting machines. The Warder, Bushnell & Glessner Co., the sole manufacturers, commenced the business in 1850 in one small wooden building. Now their plant consists of twenty brick buildings, each as large as an ordinary factory, and covers forty acres. First class machines and wise and liberal methods have placed this company in the front rank of American manufacturers. They are recognized as wide-awake, shrewd advertisers also, and we are gratified at their selection of our paper as an advertising medium to reach the best farmers in this locality. We welcome them to our columns.

The best and surest dye to color the beard brown or black as may be desired, is Buckingham's Dye for whiskers. It never fails.

Forty hogs and eighty sheep have been eaten by a lynx in Stark county, Ohio.

Another

Wonderful medicine is just now attracting the attention of the people of Montgomery county, and this is none other than the old reliable Dr. Wells' Family Cough Syrup, a remedy that has no equal in the cure of coughs, colds and consumption. Every bottle warranted. Price, 2 cents. Sold by Nye & Co. dec 22-ly



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States its merits of strength and great-ness over all competitors. It has no super-iors and few equals.

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SYMPTOMS OF PARESIS

(CONSUMPTION OF THE BRAIN).

THE BRAIN (from a photograph).

In Healthy Condition. With Paresis Lesion.

Restlessness, a feverish feeling, sleeplessness, periodic headaches, dizziness, dimness of vision, ringing in the ears, difficulty in thinking, trouble in remembering names and the faces even of friends. The victim of Paresis is often shocked or annoyed by little noises and trifling things. The nervous system is often in such condition that very slight causes, or even no cause at all, may excite to sudden outbursts of anger. A feeling of pressure upon the brain is frequent, followed by seasons of despondency, mental depression alternating with periods of wild, illusive hopes. When the brain begins to consume or decay, many of these symptoms become aggravated. The world seems strange or different from what it was in the past, thought becomes a positive effort and life an intense burden.

The system needs soothing, toning, and building up. Something unusual is demanded. And here is where the great difficulty has always been—to find something pure and yet positive in its results. The late Prof. Phelps, of Dartmouth College realized this when he began his investigation which resulted in the discovery of Paine's Celery Compound. He knew men and women required something heretofore unknown to the world, and his great discovery has furnished it. This compound checks Paresis, even after it has secured a foothold in the system. Taken on the approach of the first symptoms it will positively prevent their increase. Its high endorsements by the medical fraternity and the cures it is affording clearly account for its wonderful popularity and the unusual stir it has caused in this community.

DIAMOND DYES are Strongest, Simplest, Fastest.

PARESIS

(CONSUMPTION OF THE BRAIN)

can certainly be cured by only one thing, namely: PROF. PHELPS' great discovery,

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Saved From the Insane Asylum. Dear Sirs:—I feel it my duty to tell you what Paine's Celery Compound did for me. I can't praise it enough. About a year ago my head troubled me so that it seemed as though I should be crazy. It was caused by over study. I asked the advice of two doctors, who gave me medicine to no effect, and I did not know what I would do. I did not want to see anyone, everything seemed so strange. I had a tired, languid feeling, my kidneys troubled me, and I felt badly. I read your advertisement in a paper and thought I would try the compound. Before I had taken half of a bottle I felt like a new person. Four bottles cured me and I would recommend it to that feel the way I did. Yours truly,
Mrs. J. E. Witcox, Rural P. O., Wis.

Physicians Prescribe It. Dear Sirs:—I am much pleased with the action of Paine's Celery Compound in those cases where the nervous system was broken down from over-work of mind or body. I have seen particularly good results where the patient has lost all ambition, no appetite, constipated, could not sleep nights, etc. Three or four cases of weak, emaciated, hysterical females have been cured with the Compound. I have observed that it quickens excitable nerves, gives patients better rest, increases appetite, regular bowels, and is a good remedy to build up broken-down cases generally. Yours truly,
R. C. Edgerton, M. D., Altona, Ill.

It is sold by all reliable druggists. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Props., Burlington, Vt.

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Horse shoes

the more worn—the brighter!

Busy wives who use SAPOLIO

never seem to grow old. Try a cake...

A complete wreck of domestic happiness has often resulted from badly washed dishes, from an unclean kitchen, or from trifles which seemed light as air. But by these things a man often judges of his wife's devotion to her family, and charges her with general neglect when he finds her careless in these particulars. Many a home owes a large part of its thrifty neatness and its consequent happiness to SAPOLIO.

Grocers often substitute cheaper goods for SAPOLIO, to make better profit. Send back such articles, and insist on having just what you ordered.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.