

DR. E. HUNTSINGER, Eye, Ear and Chronic Catarrh Specialist.

Acute and Chronic Diseases of the Eyes of every Description. Cured without Pain or Danger.

My treatment of Chronic Discharges from the Eyes, Deafness, Noises in the Ears, etc., is absolutely free from all pain or danger.

I devote special attention to the longest standing and most difficult cases of Catarrh of the Eye.

For Chronic Catarrh my treatment is mild and thorough and will cure. A neglected or badly treated Catarrh is a prominent cause of Constipation, also of Deafness and Noises in the Ears.

I now have an elegant stock of Spectacles. Perfect Fitting Spectacles and Eye Glasses, made to my special order.

I treat all who apply to me with the same fairness that I should demand of them were they the physician and I the patient.

REFERENCES: Geo. D. Hunter, attorney at law; John R. Courtney, lawyer; son of my eye and ear; G. L. Mills, deafness, etc., 20 years standing; Gus Mayer, deafness, etc., nine months in dark room with violent eye disease, causing total blindness; Israel Patton, total blindness from catarrh of eye; Clara Alston, violent ulceration of eyeball; E. B. Smith, wife, eye disease; A. R. Byrness, mother, eye disease; Dr. James Thompson, deafness, all of Crawfordville; Hon. Silas Peterson, wife, bad case deafness; Potato Creek; Frank Powell, banker, Owens, Logansport, deafness; Es-Senator Kent, Frankfort, catarrh and deafness; J. W. Linn, Macon, catarrh deafness, and numerous others in this vicinity equally bad.

Will be at Dr. Gales Bros. Dental Office in Crawfordville, THURSDAY, Dec. 12th, and every two weeks thereafter on Thursday.

Under a new and greatly improved treatment that Dr. Huntsinger, the expert Eye, Ear-Catarrh and Spectacle Specialist, has been using for the past several months, his success has been so remarkable that his practice has wonderfully increased.

Office above Con Cunningham's Clothing Store.

Prompt attention given to collections and settlement of decedents estate.

W. E. HUMPHREY. W. M. REEVES.

HUMPHREY & REEVES, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office above Con Cunningham's Clothing Store.

PAUL & BRUNER, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office over Zack Mahorney's hardware store.

HON. H. BURFORD. W. F. WHITTINGTON. BURFORD & WHITTINGTON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Practice in Montgomery and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Are members of the largest and most reliable law associations and make collections throughout the world. Mortgages foreclosed. Estates promptly settled. Charges reasonable. Office over 123, East Main Street, Crawfordville, Ind.

JUDGE THOMAS F. DAVISON, Attorney-at-Law.

Office in Joel block. Crawfordville, Ind.

L. J. COPPAGE. M. D. WHITE. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Notary Public. Special Attention given to Practice in Supreme Court.

Office—Rooms 3 and 4, Binford Block.

C. N. WILLIAMS & CO.

Successors to Williams & Wilhite. S. E. Cor. Main and Washington sts. Money to loan at 6 per cent. Farmers are granted the privilege of paying the money back to us in drafts of \$100 or more at any interest payment.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

REAL ESTATE AND MONEY BROKERS. MONEY TO LOAN.

In any sum. Good notes cashed. Farms and city property bought, sold and exchanged.

Cumberland & Miller, 118 West Main Street, Crawfordville, Ind.

GEO. W. STAFFORD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

No. 105, east Main street, over Kline & Graham's jewelry store, Crawfordville, Indiana.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Abstracts of Title Furnished. From the only Complete set of Abstract books of Montgomery county land.

Houses and Lots for Sale. Dwellings for Rent. DEEDS, ETC., CAREFULLY EXECUTED BY Albert C. Jennison, Office over 122 E. Main St., Crawfordville, Ind.

THE REVIEW. BY LUSE & BERRY.

F. T. LUSE, Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. One year, in the county, \$1.25. One year, out of the county, 1.40. Inquire at Office for Advertising rates.

SATURDAY, DEC. 14, 1889.

THE LAST OF THE "ARCH" TRAITOR.

The death of Jefferson Davis at New Orleans last week removes from among the living one of the most prominent men of American history.

Davis was a Kentuckian by birth, and full of the fiery untamed nature of so many of the natives of that State.

Very early he entered political life. First a representative in Congress, next a Senator, followed by his appointment to an important cabinet position under President Pierce.

At the breaking out of the Civil War he was appointed President of the Southern Confederacy and as such remained until its final dissolution in 1865.

A better politician, a shrewder diplomat, a man more thoroughly versed in political affairs or having a better knowledge of our form of government than Jeff. Davis has not lived during the past half century.

"Traitor" as you may term him, a man without a country, a dark figure, as he may be in history, this much must be awarded him. He seemed the central figure around which concentrated all the hate and maledictions of many both in the north and south, yet there were many southerners much more malicious, much more vindictive than he, among whom were mentioned Yancey, Wigfall, Toombs, Breakinridge and many others.

His position, however, as President of the Confederacy, and the prominent part he played in the drama of the great contest was the leading cause of the intense feeling toward him over less prominent officials.

Davis from the start contended that the States had the right to secede from the Union, and from this position never yielded in spite of the result of war and the destruction of his cherished hope of an independent government.

He never expressed any wish to take the amnesty oath after the conflict was over, and doubtless would not if given an opportunity to do so.

He continued to the last to think his views were correct, regardless of what was decided contrary to them by force of arms, and had no pardon to ask for what he had done from the government.

His death is a sad blow to the republican party. A fountain from bloody shirt oratory for that party is dry.

Whenever Davis wrote one of those clear crisp letters to some friend, for which he was noted, the republican party machinery was at once set to work to prove that the entire south needed reconstructing.

The party, however, failed to "hang Jeff. Davis upon a sour apple tree," and he passed away an unexecuted and unreconstructed rebel, that is he failed to become a republican as Longstreet, Mosby and Mahone, did, and died believing the principles for which he had contended were right.

REAL PROHIBITION.

A number of leading prohibitionists of the state to the amount probably of fifty or more, met at Indianapolis recently to report progress and pass resolutions, etc.

What those gentlemen expect to accomplish permanently, the Lord only knows. Why this continual "monk-y business" from decade to decade, is unexplainable.

With the example of the old original abolitionists before them they may think, that like them, they can destroy a great evil by a continual and never ceasing contest.

The situations and the evils are entirely different. Slavery was sectional, but liquor selling is national; the capital and means invested in the former amount to nothing compared to the latter; the opposition of the people to the former, is as ten to one to the number favoring prohibition.

But aside from this the prohibitionists, if they had the power, would take from the citizen the very rights upon which the constitution of this government is formed, the right to think and act for himself, and to be his own free moral agent.

The right to say what you shall drink also carries with it the right to say what you shall eat or what clothes you may wear.

The prohibitionists would use force, and give the citizen no authority nor right in the premises. Can such a party or such principles ever become popular with the majority of the American people? Surely not.

Efforts to enforce their principles heretofore have amounted to but little. Anybody reading regarding the working of prohibition laws in Maine, Kansas and Iowa, can see this.

The people rebel against such work as the prohibitions would enforce in those states, and actual prohibition is a thing of short life if living at all.

In almost every state laws enacted opposing the liquor traffic, have, after a season, been declared unconstitutional or soon become inoperative.

Prohibition may do in a monarchal government where the edict of a King with a standing army is the law, but in this free government it can not be enforced, or only for a short season.

The most fitting illustration of the bull aiming to throw the locomotive from the track, is seen in the old school book monopoly, which is using every means it can devise to overthrow the new law, and again force its books upon the people at the old extortionate figures.

Most contractors or firms bidding or seeking for public work after they are defeated retire gracefully from the contest, leaving the field to those who have fairly won it.

Not so with the old school book monopoly. It is putting its shovel in on all occasions in aiming to destroy the active execution of the law relating to the school books furnished by the Indiana publishing company.

CREMATION.

The subject of cremating the remains of the dead is attracting attention in various parts of the country.

Cremation was first introduced some twelve or fifteen years ago, and the advocates of the theory are rapidly growing in number.

There is a crematory in Cincinnati established only a few short years ago at which the remains of over sixty persons have been incinerated.

There is also one in Pennsylvania, and another in St. Louis. It is the sensible plan of disposing of the remains of deceased persons.

There is little sentiment but much sense in it. From a sanitary point of view, it is correct.

Why not turn the remains of a dead friend into ashes instead of allowing them to be destroyed by worms? Can you give any reason why cremation should not be the rule instead of the exception?

What does the human body amount to after death? Who will know or care about you in fifty years hence? What attention do you give or what care occupies your mind over relations or friends that have died a half century ago?

So it will continue for all time. The living world has not the time to think of the dead of the past. How soon we are forgotten when we are gone.

Therefore the most sensible plan to have the remains of your friends dead saved to you, is to have them placed in the crematory and after the fires are cooled, have the ashes placed in an urn.

Is not this more sensible than to have them placed in the earth to become food for worms, insects, or animals of various kinds? The advocates of cremation are becoming more numerous, and in the years to come crematories will be established in every cemetery of the land.

The Indianapolis Journal thinks we can trust to Yankee ingenuity for getting out of a dilemma, and cites this in proof.

The Australian ballot went into force at the Massachusetts election on Tuesday, and the question has been as to how the illiterate man could save his vote.

The voter, on going to the polls, is given a ticket containing the names of candidates of both parties; and is required to make a cross opposite the name of each one for whom he wishes to vote.

Without consultation with any one. A device called the "illiterate voter's friend" was prepared to meet the emergency.

It is a sheet of card board with little square holes in it. These holes are so cut that when the card is laid over the ticket, the edges coinciding, the openings will be opposite the names of the democratic candidates or the republican candidates, as the case may be.

Then the illiterate voter has only to mark a cross in every hole and he has marked the party ticket. Ingenious, isn't it.

DAVID J. BREWER, of Kansas, has been appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Stanley Matthews.

Judge Woods, he of the two opposite opinions on the same question in law, as in the "Blocks of Fire," Dudley case, was not appointed, much to the disappointment, no doubt, of his partisans and political friends.

Whether Harrison ever seriously contemplated appointing him we know not, but it would have been a serious error if he had, and he shows his good sense in not having done so.

A man with so much political bias and prejudice as Woods has shown to have in his composition, has no right to hold any judicial position whatever, but such places should be given to judges not politicians.

THE MESSAGE. The message of President Harrison like many that have preceded it seems as a very ordinary and common place paper.

There are, of course, several good suggestions made, as to what Congress should do in various matters that will come before it, but all messages have some things in them worthy of attention, and in this Harrison is not unlike his predecessors.

This present Congress, both Senate and House, and the administration are republican. The affairs of this country, the making of new laws and their execution, is solely in the hands of that party.

THE republicans went into power promising that the whole internal revenue system should be abolished, rather than that any part of the protective system should be surrendered.

To be honest with the protected barons, who contributed so lavishly towards electing Harrison, the republicans must keep their promises.

Will they do it? Judge Baldwin says that the tariff should be reduced one-half, and that the whisky and tobacco tax should be retained.

What will the Judge do if the Republicans carry out their platform pledges? What confidence can be have in a party that will not carry out its platform pledges?

THE position of Lieut-Gov. of Ohio which the official count decided in favor of E. L. Lamson, republican, by only 22 majority, is to be contested for by his democratic opponent W. V. Marquis.

Charges of various kinds in the management of the election at many precincts in the State have been filed and by which Marquis alleges he was cheated out of the position.

There might, and doubtless was, crookedness in some localities by the partisans on both sides, and these long contests rarely have much justice in them which ever way they terminate.

HON. CALVIN S. BRICE, unless all signs fail, will be the next U. S. Senator from Ohio to succeed Payne.

While there are three or four candidates for the position, Brice seems to be the choice of a majority of the members of the legislature among the democrats for the position.

He is, no doubt, an able man, will fill the position with honor to the state and to himself, and a more fitting selection could not be made.

MR. SILCOTT, a cashier to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives in Congress, has lit out for Canada, taking away \$71,000 belonging to the members of that body.

Mr. Silcott without question, needed the money in his business or he would not have taken it. But then the members will probably get that back.

Appropriations for various purposes will now be in order.

PRESIDENT HARRISON was at Chicago this week to take part in the dedication of the new "Auditorium" building of that city.

There appears no danger of Harrison overworking himself in office, as he has been absent from Washington City about half of the time since taking his office.

It is said 158 of the Congressmen interviewed are non-committal on the question as to what city the World Fair in 1892 shall be located. Some of these probably will want to be "seen" first before fairly making up their minds.

ONE of the supposed vandals guilty of destroying school property in Wayne township, has been arrested. The trustee should see that if there is any law for the punishment of such persons it should be promptly administered.

LAFAYETTE is still without a republican post master, and there is an immense amount of figuring among the friends of the various applicants for the place.

As a cure for chapped and chafed hands nothing equals the celebrated Salvation Oil. For sale by all druggists. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

Wm. Jones, farmer near Newport, suddenly gone blind, deaf and crazy.

At once popular and efficacious it has "come to stay." We mean Laxador, the golden specific for all malarial troubles. Price 25 cents.

Mrs. Nancy Johns, aged 96, dead at Huntington. Was a pioneer.

The harsh, drastic purgative, once deemed so indispensable, have given place to milder and more skillfully prepared laxatives; hence the great and growing demand for Ayer's pills. Physicians everywhere recommend them for costiveness, indigestion and liver complaints.

Chas. J. Lisle and wife at South Bend attempted to blackmail E. J. Marshall. Both arrested, signed a retraction and given a week to get out of town.

A Few Pointers. The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with Consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's balsam for the throat and lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 50c and \$1. Trial size free. For sale by Lew Fisher. N17-ly

Liberty will have new \$100,000 court house next year.

Merit Wins. We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction.

We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Nye & Co., druggists.

John Bowman, near Valpariso, choked to death by a bone.

Safe Investment. Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's new discovery for consumption.

It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for an affection of throat, lung or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Nye & Co. drug store.

Colored people talking of organizing a state literary league.

Medical Value of Wines. As a general rule the use of wine is not necessary for young persons in good health, breathing country air and not exposed to over work.

As, however, life advances and the circulation becomes languid, natural red wine used in moderation, becomes an essential article and in many cases absolutely necessary, but it must be the pure product of the grapes.

And even in the eastern states the physician meet large numbers of town people, especially women, who cannot digest the food and drinks suited to out-door laboring people. In such cases they resort to the beverage of tea which gives rise to a distressing dyspepsia. The wines produced in New Jersey, especially the Burgundy and port grape wine from Alfred Speer's vineyard at Passaic, are the more reliable and the most sought after by physicians and those who have traveled abroad and known what wines are.

ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J. DEAR SIR:—I have used your Socialite Claret and your port wine in my practice with great satisfaction. Very truly yours, Wm. R. CHILDS.

For sale by druggists. New court house question been sprung on Connersvillians.

Another Wonderful medicine is just now attracting the attention of the people of Montgomery county, and this is none other than the old reliable Dr. Well's Family Cough Syrup, a remedy that has no equal in the cure of coughs, colds and consumption. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 cents. Sold by Nye & Co. dec 22-ly

Evry Monday Mrs Grundy Wished twas Sunday And right here you see the cause. When her basket Showed her task, it Looked too big for SANTA CLAUS. But her mutter, Changed to utter Happiness of highest grade. Buy it Try it None deny, it Is the best SOAP ever made. SANTA CLAUS SOAP. PHENOMENALLY POPULAR. MADE BY N.K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Rountree's Bazaar. An elegant line of Torchon and Midiel Laces, Table Scarfs and Lambrequins; the most complete stock of Gloves, Hosiery and Underwear in the city, while in

CLOAKS! We are showing an elegant line in the finest Plush goods at about one-half price. The finest New Markets, English Walking Jackets, Jackets of all kinds ever shown in Crawfordville. D. W. ROUNTREE.

The Fair! KNOWN AS THE 10 CENT STORE. Great reduction in Glassware, 25c dishes at 15c, 15c dishes at 10c, 10c dishes at 5c. Our 5 and 10 cent counters are fairly loaded down with the best assortment you ever saw. All kinds of Tinware at lowest prices. Large size Tub, 75c; medium size, 65c; small size 55c. Double Washboard, 30c; single Washboard, 15c; two good Brooms for 25c. We are new in the business, but cannot be undersold. Don't fail to see Great Display of Dolls; Doll Buggies; Doll Hammocks; Guitars; Violins; Banjos; Accordions and Harps. Take a look at our assortment of 25c Pocket Knives. Remember the place, be sure and make no mistake.

The Fair! FISHER & KOSTANZER. 131 S. Washington St. Joel Block, Crawfordville Ind

Important! Very Important! We want every farmer within fifty miles of Crawfordville to know that we give 36 pounds of Best Roller Flour and 1/2 bushel of Bran for a bushel of good 60 pound wheat. We also pay the very highest cash price for wheat. Come and try our New Process Flour, made on New Rollers by a new firm, at the old Brown & Watkins Mill. We guarantee satisfaction in every way. Respectfully yours, JAMES C. TODD, JOHN F. SULLIVAN, Diamond Mill Co. A. J. TODD,

FULTON MARKET Has the cream of the Fruit and Candy trade. Figs, Dates, Grapes, Raisins, Shelled Almonds, Pecans, Filberts and Hickory Nuts for Cakes, Also Fresh Oysters and Crackers the best in the market. Our Candies can't be excelled. Come to Fulton for Florida Oranges and Bananas. J. C. WAMPLER.

CARRIAGE SHOP. J. S. MILLER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF Carriages, Buggies and Spring Wagons. Agents for all eastern standard makes of buggies, etc. Repairing done on short notice. Work warranted one year. Factory north of court house.

SYMPTOMS OF PARESIS (CONSUMPTION OF THE BRAIN). THE BRAIN (from a photograph). Restlessness, a feverish feeling, sleeplessness, periodic headaches, dizziness, dimness of vision, ringing in the ears, difficulty in thinking, trouble in remembering names and the faces even of friends. The victim of Paresis is often shocked or annoyed by little noises and trifling things. The nervous system is often in such condition that very slight causes, or even no cause at all, may excite to sudden outbursts of anger. A feeling of pressure upon the brain is frequently followed by seasons of despondency, mental depression alternating with periods of wild, lusive hopes. When the brain begins to consume or decay, many of these symptoms become aggravated. The world seems strange or different from what it was in the past, thought becomes a positive effort and life an intense burden. The system needs soothing, toning, and building up. Something unusual is demanded. And here is where the great difficulty has always been—to find something pure and yet positive in its results. The late Prof. Phelps, of Dartmouth College realized this when he began his investigation which resulted in the discovery of Peine's Celery Compound. He knew men and women required something heretofore unknown to the world, and his great discovery has furnished it. This compound checks Paresis, even after it has secured a foothold in the system. Taken on the approach of the first symptoms, it will positively prevent their increase. Its high endorsements by the medical fraternity and the cures it is effecting easily account for its wonderful popularity and the unusual stir it has caused in this community. DIAMOND DYES are Strongest, Simplest, Fastest.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.